VIEW SYSTEMS INC Form 10QSB November 14, 2001

Yes No

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-QSB
X Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001
_ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number 0-30178
VIEW SYSTEMS, INC.
(Exact Name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in Its Charter)
Florida 59-2928366
(State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) Incorporation or Organization)
925 West Kenyon Avenue, Englewood, Colorado 80110
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
(303) 783-9153
(Issuer's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)
(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)
Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes X No
APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS
Check whether the registrant filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court.

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APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date: 14,305,000 shares of common stock as of September 30, 2001.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes $$\operatorname{No}$$ x $$\operatorname{---}$$

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PART 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VIEW SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

ASSETS

	September 30, 2001	Decemb 20
CURRENT ASSETS:	(Unaudited)	

Cash \$ 366,207 \$ 265,

Accounts receivable (net) Inventory	562,488 173,442	155, 95,
Total current assets	1,102,137	515 ,
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:		
Equipment	416,864	382,
Leasehold improvements	20,261	20,
	437,125	402,
Less accumulated depreciation	113 , 387	79 ,
Net value of property and equipment	323,738	323,
OTHER ASSETS:		
Goodwill	809,531	894,
Investments	28,000	28,
Due from affiliated entity	105,552	105,
Due from stockholders	79,099	20,
Deposits	3,332	
Total other assets	1,025,514	1,048,
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,451,389 ======	\$1,887, ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 393,170	\$ 401,
Note payable bank	6,720	42,
Notes payable	110,000	110,
Accrued interest payable	30,250	22,
Other accrued liabilities	1,490	31,
Due to stockholder	-	2,
Total current liabilities	541,630	609,

STOCKHOLDERS? EQUITY:

Common stock par value \$0.001 50,000,000 shares authorized,

=========	=======
\$2,451,389	\$1,,887,
1,909,759	1,278,
(0,900,224)	
16 000 2211	(6,097,
8,875,678	7,364,
_	11,
14,305	
	8,875,678 (6,980,224) 1,909,759

See accompanying notes.

VIEW SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		
		September 30, 2000	
REVENUE:			
Sales of security systems Sales of assembled electronic components	\$ 312,353 - 	\$ 31,719 34,848	
Total sales	312,353	66,567	
Cost of goods sold	161 , 675	20,412	
GROSS PROFIT ON SALES	150 , 678	46 , 155	
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Advertising and promotion	31,168	1,283	
Amortization	28,284	27,281	
Depreciation	11,191	11,293	
Dues and subscriptions	885	495	
Insurance	11,443	5,694	
Interest	3,202	4,022	

Investor relations	22,525	15,488	
Miscellaneous expense	249	11,338	
Office expenses	18,751	26,102	
Professional fees	75 , 362	110,757	
Rent	7,779	26,746	
Repairs and maintenance	820	1,158	
Research and development	_	34,538	
Salaries and benefits	116,961	137,103	
Sales promotions	11,618	25 , 796	
Taxes - other	_	362	
Travel	11,618	4,882	
Utilities	2,348	4 , 875	
Total operating expenses	354 , 204	449,213	1
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIODS	\$(203,526) 	\$(403,058) =======	\$ ==
LOSS PER SHARE:			
Basic	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05) ======	\$ ==
Diluted	\$ (0.02)	* * *	\$
	=========	========	==

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See accompanying notes.

VIEW SYSTEMS, INC

See Accompanying Notes CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS? EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2000 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2001

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit
Balances at January 1, 2000	\$ 7,167	\$ 5,334,342	\$(3,893,648)
Sale of common stock	1,285	863,991	-
Stock options exercised	100	978	-
Net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2000	-	-	(1,179,373)

8,552	6,199,311	(5,073,021)
1,446	583,044	-
100	978	-
1,383	581,169	-
000	-	(1,024,909)
11,481	7,364,502	(6,097,930)
2,764	1,486,236	-
60	24,940	-
-		(882,294)
\$ 14,305 ======	\$ 8,875,678 =======	\$(6,980,224) ========
	1,446 100 1,383 000 	1,446 583,044 100 978 1,383 581,169 000 11,481 7,364,502 2,764 1,486,236 60 24,940 \$ 14,305 \$ 8,875,678

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VIEW SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED

	September 30, 2001	Ser
	(Unaudited)	J)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$(882,294)	\$ (2
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	118,425	
Stock issued for services	25,000	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(407,471)	
Inventory	(78,103)	(
Deposit	(2,500)	(
Accounts payable	(8,077)	
Accrued interest	8,250	
Other accrued liabilities	(30,461)	

Net cash used in operating activities	(1,257,231)	(
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of property and equipment Funds advanced to affiliated entities	(34,255) 	((
Net cash used in investing activities	(34,255)	(
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Funds advanced (to) from shareholders Repayment of note payable - bank Proceeds from sales of stock	(61,189) (35,363) 1, 489,000	(2
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,392,448	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	100,962	(
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	265 , 245	
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 366,207	\$

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VIEW SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2001 AND 2000

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

View Systems, Inc. (the "Company") designs and develops computer software and hardware used in conjunction with surveillance capabilities. The technology utilizes the compression and decompression of digital inputs. Operations, from formation to September 30, 1999, have been devoted primarily to raising capital, developing the technology, promotion, and administrative function.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Real View Systems, Inc. ("Real View"), Xyros Systems, Inc. ("Xyros") and Eastern Tech Manufacturing, Inc. (?ETMC?). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from the estimates that were used.

Revenue Recognition

The Company and its subsidiaries recognize revenue and the related cost of goods sold upon shipment of the product.

In December 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 ("SAB 101"), "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements". SAB 101 summarizes certain of the SEC's views in applying accounting principles generally accepted in the United States to revenue recognition in financial statements. The Company adopted SAB 101 in the fourth quarter of 2000. The adoption of SAB 101 had no impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by the last-in-first-out method (LIFO).

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line and accelerated depreciation methods. Upon sale or retirement, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations. The useful lives of property and equipment for purposes of computing depreciation are as follows:

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Equipment
Software tools

5-7 years 3 years

VIEW SYSTEMS, INC.

Repairs and maintenance charges which do not increase the useful lives of assets are charged to operations as incurred. Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 amounted to \$33,573 and \$33,404 respectively.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets and identifiable intangibles (including goodwill) to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount should be addressed. Impairment is measured by comparing the carrying value to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from use of the assets and their eventual

disposition.

Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are recorded under the asset and liability method whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences, measured by enacted tax rates, attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss carryforwards. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period the rate change becomes effective. Valuation allowances are recorded for deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that such deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Research and Development

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Equipment and facilities acquired for research and development activities that have alternative future uses are capitalized and charged to expense over the estimated useful lives.

Advertising

Advertising costs are charged to operations as incurred. Advertising costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 were \$32,294 and \$12,668, respectively.

Nonmonetary Transactions

Nonmonetary transactions are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 29 Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions which requires the transfer or distribution of a nonmonetary asset or liability to be based, generally, on the fair value of the asset or liability that is received or surrendered, whichever is more clearly evident.

Financial Instruments

For most financial instruments, including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accruals, management believes that the carrying amount approximates fair value, as the majority of these instruments are short-term in nature.

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VIEW SYSTEMS, INC.

Net Loss Per Common Share

Basic net loss per common share ("Basic EPS") is computed by dividing net loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net loss per common share ("Diluted EPS") is computed by dividing net loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive potential common share equivalents

then outstanding. Potential common shares consist of shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and warrants. The calculation of the net loss per share available to common stockholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 does not include potential shares of common stock equivalents, as their impact would be antidilutive.

Segment Reporting

The company has determined that it does not have any separately reportable operating segments as of September 30, 2001.

2. FINANCIAL CONDITION

Since its inception, the Company has incurred significant losses and as of September 30, 2001 had an accumulated deficit of \$7.0 million. The tragic events of September 11, 2001 have, however, generated an increased interest in the Company's products and services. While the Company believes that it will incur operating losses in the near term, it is anticipated that increased sales resulting from the heightened interest in security products will have a significantly positive effect on the Company's earnings. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to generate sufficient revenues to achieve or sustain profitability in the future. The Company believes that its current cash and cash equivalents, along with sales revenue and anticipated equity infusions, will be sufficient to sustain operations through September 30, 2002.

3. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 141, Business Combinations, and SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. SFAS No. 141 requires that the purchase method of accounting be used for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. SFAS No. 141 also specifies the criteria for intangible assets acquired in a purchase method business combination to be recognized and reported apart from goodwill. SFAS No. 142 will require goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives to no longer be amortized, but instead tested for impairment at least annually in accordance with the provisions of the statement. SFAS No. 142 will also require intangible assets with definite useful lives to be amortized over their respective estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values, and reviewed for impairment in accordance with SFAS No. 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of.

The Company is required to adopt the provision of SFAS No. 141 immediately and SFAS No. 142 effective January 1, 2002. Further more, any goodwill and any intangible assets determined to have an indefinite useful life that are acquired in a purchase business combination completed after June 30, 2001, will not be amortized, but will continue to be evaluated for impairment in accordance with the appropriate pre-SFAS No. 142 accounting literature. Goodwill and intangible assets acquired in business combinations completed before July 1, 2001, will continue to be amortized prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 142.

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SFAS No. 141 will require, upon adoption of SFAS No. 142, that the Company evaluate its existing intangible assets and goodwill that were acquired in prior purchase business combinations, and make any necessary

reclassifications in order to conform with the new criteria in SFAS No. 141 for recognition apart from goodwill. Upon adoption of SFAS No. 142, the Company will be required to reassess the useful lives and residual values for all intangible assets acquired in purchase business combinations, and make any necessary changes to the amortization period by the end of the first interim period after adoption. In addition, to the extent an intangible asset is identified as having an indefinite useful life, the Company will be required to test the intangible asset for impairment in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 142 within the first interim period. Any impairment loss will be measured as of the date of adoption and recognized as the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in the first interim period. The Company is assessing the effects of the adoption of these standards and these potential effects cannot be determined at this time.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion should be read and reviewed in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000. In addition to historical information, this Form 10-KSB contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, such as statements of the Company's plans and expectations. The Company's actual results could differ materially from management's expectations.

In the first several years of operation since September 1998, we have devoted most of our resources to the research and development of digital video surveillance and security products. We have generated limited revenues from our security products to date, but are rapidly expanding our sales and distribution network. During the last year we have working on delivering new products to market and enhancing and upgrading our product line. Until we more fully develop our sales and distribution network, we expect our operating losses to continue. Although our revenue from contract manufacturing services has decreased significantly, we still provide contract manufacturing services, and remain ready to take advantage of potential increases in this market. ETMC had provided such services for more than 15 years and had an established customer base. While we have continued the contract manufacturing business line, we have increased ETMC's manufacturing capacity to permit production of our products.

The tragic events of September 11, 2001 generated a larger than normal interest in our products and services. This trend has continued and inquiries have increased proportionately. On-line and web site inquires more than quadrupled and phone inquires more than tripled since September 11, 2001. We have added two more inbound telephone lines and are staffing to meet the increased demand. We have \$2,800,000 of purchase orders, some which are backed by letters of credit.

Nine months $\,$ Ended $\,$ September $\,$ 30, $\,$ 2001 $\,$ Compared $\,$ With the Nine $\,$ months $\,$ Ended $\,$ September 30, 2000

Revenue

For the nine months ended September 30, 2001, revenues from sales of our products increased \$597,863 or 407% to \$744,842 from \$146,979 in the same period last year, and revenues from sales of our services decreased \$251,568 or 96% to \$9,512 from \$261,080 in the same period last year. Of the \$754,354 in

total revenue during the nine month period ended September 30, 2001, \$744,842 or 99% was derived from sales of systems and \$9,512 or 1% from sales of contract manufacturing services. While the percentage of revenues generated from sales of our contract manufacturing services has decreased significantly, we will continue to provide contract manufacturing services, and remain ready to take advantage of potential increases in this market.

Gross Profit

Gross profit on sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, increased \$196,888 or 100%, to \$393,779 compared with \$196,891 in the same period last year. Gross profit margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, was 52% compared with 48% in the same period last year. Because of low net sales we achieved in the period last year ended September 30, 2000, we do not believe gross profit margin comparisons are meaningful at this state of our operations.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, decreased to \$1,276,073 from \$1,376,264 for the comparable period in 2000. The decrease is principally due to decreased expenditures in sales promotions.

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As a result of the foregoing, net loss was \$(882,294) for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, compared to a net loss of \$(1,179,373) for the nine months ended September 30, 2000. The basic and fully diluted loss per share is \$.02 for the 3rd quarter 2001, compared to \$.05 for the same period last year. The basic and fully diluted loss per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 is \$.07 compared to \$.15 for the same period last year.

Costs and Expenses

Costs of Products and Services Sold. The cost of products and services sold was \$360,575 for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and represents 48% of revenue for the period, compared to \$211,168 for the nine months ended September 30, 2000 which represents 52% of revenues for that period. Because of our low sales volume in the same period last year, we do not consider the costs of goods sold in the same period last year to be a good measure of our true cost of goods sold. We anticipate that our profit margins on sales of security systems will exceed our profit margins on sales of services.

We are continually working on engineering changes in our security products that we expect will lower component costs for these products. We do not determine our inventory on a quarterly basis, instead we do it on an annual basis. Therefore, our cost of goods sold is based on estimates of inventory used in products sold.

Research and Development Expense. No expenditures were made on research and development for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, as compared with \$143,840\$ in the same period last year.

Salaries and Benefits. We spent \$422,178 on salaries and benefits for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, as compared with \$420,032 for the same period last year. Going forward, we plan to significantly increase our expenditures in salaries and benefits to address the additional staffing needed in the aftermath of the events of September 11.

Net Operating Loss. We incurred \$(882,294) of net operating losses for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2001, which may be used to offset

taxable income in future years.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Since the start-up of our operations in 1998, we have funded our cash requirements primarily through equity transactions. We received \$8,276,259 since inception through the issuance of our common stock. We used the proceeds from these sales of equity to fund operating activities, including, product development, sales and marketing, and to invest in the acquisition of technology, assets and business. We are not currently generating cash from our operations in sufficient amounts to finance our business and will continue to need to raise capital from other sources. As of September 30, 2001, we had total assets of \$2,451,389 an increase of \$563,965 over the December 31, 2000 balance of \$1,887,424. Total liabilities were \$541,630, at September 30, 2001, resulting in stockholders' equity of \$1,909,759, an increase of \$631,706 from the December 31, 2000 balance of \$1,278,053.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, our cash increased from \$265,245 at December 31, 2000, to \$366,207 at September 30, 2001. Net cash used in operating activities was \$1,257,231 for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, including increases in accounts receivable of \$407,471, increases in inventory of \$78,103, and decreases in accounts payable of \$8,077.

Net cash generated from financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2001 was \$1,392,448, consisting of proceeds received from sales of stock of \$1,489,000, less \$61,189 advanced to stockholders, less payments of \$35,363 made on a promissory note to Columbia Bank with an outstanding principal balance of \$6,720 at September 30, 2001.

As a result of the foregoing, at September 30, 2001 we had working

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capital of \$560,507, \$562,488 of net trade accounts receivable, and \$173,442 in inventory. We have provided and may continue to provide payment term extensions to certain of our customers from time to time. As of September 30, 2001 there were not material payment term extensions in effect.

Our inventory balance at September 30, 2001, was estimated to be \$173,442. We do not take inventory on a quarterly basis, and we made inventory estimates based on annual inventory determinations. With expected increased product sales, we will need to make increased inventory expenditures. However, the terms of our product sales frequently require a twenty five percent (25%) deposit on order. In addition, we endeavor to keep inventory levels low. Therefore, we do not believe that increased product sales, and the resulting materials purchases and inventory increases, will adversely affect liquidity in any material respect.

Under our outstanding employment and consulting agreements, we are obligated to pay Gunther Than, President and CEO, \$96,000 per year. If we terminate the employment of Mr. Than without cause or because of merger, acquisition or change in control, we will be obligated to pay him approximately \$350,000 in severance payments over a three year period.

We believe that cash from operations and funds available will not be sufficient to meet anticipated operating capital expenditure and debt service

requirements for the next twelve months and that we will be dependent on raising additional capital through equity sales or debt financing.

Plan Of Operation

The amount of capital that we need to raise will depend upon many factors primarily including:

- the rate of sales growth and market acceptance of our product lines;
- the amount and time of expenditures to sufficiently market and promote our products; and
- the amount and timing of any accessory product introductions.

We intend to use the cash raised from the private sale of shares and the exercise of warrants held by stockholders to the following:

- bring our FaceView, PlateView and Access Control products to market;
- continue our product development efforts;
- expand our sales, marketing and promotional activities for the SecureView line of products; and
- increase our sales and marketing and customer support staff.

We operate in a very competitive industry that requires continued large amounts of capital to develop and promote our products. We believe that it will be essential to continue to raise additional capital, both internally and externally, to compete in this industry.

In addition to accessing the public and private equity markets, we will pursue bank credit lines and equipment lease lines for certain capital expenditures. We currently estimate we will need between \$2 million and \$3 million to launch our expanded business operations in accordance with our current business plan.

RISK FACTORS AND CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Statements within this Form 10-QSB which are not historical facts, including statements about strategies and expectations for new and existing products, technologies, and opportunities, are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ substantially from such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the statement, including, but not limited to, risks detailed in our other securities filings, including our Annual Report on form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000, and a registration statement, as amended, filed on Form SB-2

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{We}}$ are not aware of any material pending legal proceeding against us or our property.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

There are no changes in securities other than such changes reported in our SB-2 filed on August 1, 2001, registration number 333-66482.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORT ON FORM 8-K

(A) EXHIBITS:

- 3.1 (1) Articles of Incorporation and all articles of amendment3.2 (1) By-laws
- 11. (attached to report) Statement re: Computation of Per Share Earnings
- (1) Incorporated By Reference From Issuer's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 Filed With The Securities & Exchange Commission On January 11, 2000
- REPORTS ON FORM 8-K (B)

On July 16, 2001, the Company filed a Report on Form 8-K, under Item 5 of Form 8-K, announcing that the Company disputes the claim of beneficial ownership by Rubin Investment Group ("Rubin") set forth in its Schedule 13D filing on July 12, 2001, in which Rubin claimed a beneficial ownership of 2,235,000 shares that it may acquire upon the exercise of certain warrants.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

> View Systems, Inc. Registrant

Date: November 14, 2001 /s/ GUNTHER THAN

GUNTHER THAN
PRESIDENT & CEO

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