NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LTD Form 6-K February 24, 2005

**FILE NO 1-9945** 

# **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON DC 20549

### FORM 6-K

#### REPORT OF FOREIGN ISSUER

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of February 2005

# **National Australia Bank Limited**

ACN 004 044 937

(Registrant s Name)

Level 24

500 Bourke Street

**MELBOURNE VICTORIA 3000** 

**AUSTRALIA** 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant	files or will file annual reports	s under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.	
	Form 20-F ý	Form 40-F O	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) ur			nishing the information to
	Yes O	No ý	
If Yes is marked, indicate below the file nur	mber assigned to the registran	t in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82	

Group Corporate Affairs			
National Australia Bank Limited ABN 12004044937 500 Bourke Street Melbourne Victoria 3000			
Australia			
The National reviewing APRA's discussion paper on International Financial Reporting Standards  Today, the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) released a discussion paper outlining their proposed approach to fair value and other issues arising from the adoption of Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards.			
APRA s proposals have potential impacts for the regulatory capital positions of all Australian Financial institutions. The National will be progressively adopting the new financial reporting standards from 1 October 2005. Once finalised APRA s intention is that any new regulatory capital treatments will take effect from 1 January 2006, subject to any transitional arrangements.			
The proposals outlined in the APRA discussion paper are subject to a consultation process.			
The National is currently assessing the potential impacts as a result of APRA s proposed treatment of these standards. It intends to provide further information on the impact of the proposed changes when it has had an opportunity to review the proposals in detail, discuss the framework further with APRA and quantify potential impacts.			
N B A 5 N V A			

#### For further information:

Brandon Phillips Hany Messieh

Group Manager Manager, Investor Relations

Group Corporate Relations 03 8641 2312 work

03 8641 3857 work 0414 446 876 mobile

0419 369 058 mobile

Callum Davidson

Head of Group Investor Relations

03 8641 4964 work

0411 117 984 mobile

Or visit www.nabgroup.com

	Group Corporate Affairs		
	National Australia		
	Bank Limited		
	ABN 12004044937		
ASX Announcement	500 Bourke Street		
	Melbourne		
	Victoria 3000		
	Australia		
Melbourne, Monday 7 <sup>th</sup> February 2005			
National to revitalise its UK banks			
Group Chief Executive, John Stewart, has confirmed the National s commitment to growing its bankin following the sale of its Irish banks.	g businesses in the United Kingdom		
Mr Stewart told an analyst briefing in Sydney that the National proposes to revitalise its two UK banking franchises, Clydesdale Bank and Yorkshire Bank, and expand its operations throughout the south-east of England.			
Following an extensive review, we have decided to stay and build our banking franchises, Clydesdale attractive market with a positive outlook, he said.	and Yorkshire, because the UK is an		
The UK is big enough for smaller banks to compete profitably in niche markets. It is three times the soffers growth opportunities not available to our Australian competitors.	ize of the Australian banking market and		
The National s European Chief Executive, Mrs Lynne Peacock, told analysts that Clydesdale and York strategy from the major British High Street banks, with multiple legal entities and complex operating st duplication, distribution limitations, product pricing out of step with the market and frequent management	ructures, significant inefficiencies and		

In the past, our service delivery has not kept pace with customer trends, our distribution network did not extend into the south-east of England, we had no third party channels and limited direct channel capability, she said. In addition, we lacked common products, processes and systems and had separate banking and wealth management platforms.

Mrs Peacock said that Clydesdale and Yorkshire are becoming more nimble and customer focussed so that they can develop a sustainable presence in the UK banking market and provide adequate returns to National shareholders.

The change strategy we are implementing is building on the strong foundations of Clydesdale and Yorkshire which include quality brands that have secured a strong customer base in their natural market area, she said.

We also have good people with business and retail banking skills that are being leveraged across our current franchises and extended into our new banking business in the south-east of England.

3

The new Clydesdale and Yorkshire banking presence in the UK is based on:

a re-aligned High Street presence in the UK with a simplified and refreshed product set and small business banker support in flagship branches;

a new light infrastructure distribution network of integrated financial solutions centres based around our business and private customers;

simplifying our product range, more product support and actively managing our margins down to market levels;

third party distribution of mortgage products; and

a broad cost reduction program involving process simplification, centralising workloads, rationalising management structures and consolidating technology platforms.

Mrs Peacock said the National had recently completed the legal entity merger of Clydesdale and Yorkshire banks which will reduce duplication and improve efficiency, and opened 12 new integrated financial solutions centres in the south-east of England.

We will have over 30 integrated financial service centres across the south-east and converted 39 Clydesdale and Yorkshire locations in the midlands and northern UK into IFS centres by the end of the year, she said. We will also shortly commence the conversion of 50 existing Clydesdale and Yorkshire branches into flagship High Street centres, strengthen our e-business capability and improve processing of customer transactions.

#### Outlook

Mrs Peacock said UK earnings will be lower in 2005 because of the headwind created by margin decline, built-in cost growth and ongoing investment.

As part of our change strategy, we are aiming for a significant reduction in our cost base, improved productivity, higher volumes of new business and improved customer and staff satisfaction, she said.

We are already seeing some positive early results from implementation of the new strategy. Clydesdale and Yorkshire are recording a decrease in customer attrition and an increase in new customers. This gives us confidence that a two to three year turnaround is achievable.

#### For further information:

Brandon Phillips External Relations Manager Group Corporate Affairs 03 8641 3857 work 0419 369 058 mobile

Samantha Evans Corporate Relations Manager Group Corporate Affairs 03 8641 4982 work 0404 883 509 mobile Callum Davidson Head of Investor Relations Group Investor Relations 03 8641 4964 work 0411 117 984 mobile

Hany Messieh Investor Relations Manager Group Investor Relations 03 8641 2312 work 0414 446 876 mobile

Or visit www.nabgroup.com

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# Searchable text section of graphics shown above

# **European Investor Conference**

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**Portfolio Review** 

John Stewart, MD & CEO National Australia Bank

7 February 2005

[GRAPHIC]

[LOGO]

#### Strategy Refreshed

Late 1980s to Early 1990s

**Build collection of regional** 

Franchises Managed for short term profit

... but increasingly challenged by lack of scale and leverage in UK - run as relatively

autonomous banks

Full service bank

Mid 1990s to Early 2000s

Transformational Deal Awaiting potential transformational deal

2002 to 2004

Doing the sensible fixes, but this was not enough

Organic Strategy + Portfolio Review

Hence, we developed a differentiated strategy and compared this value

outcome to a range of portfolio options

#### Portfolio Review

Europe B Portfolio			Pros	Cons
1. Reta	nin All			
	GB: +CB	+YB	Regional coverage	Complexity and delivery risk
	Ireland: +NB	+NIB	Cost synergies from integration	Significant costs to implement compliance and infrastructure programs
+	= Retain *	= Sell		
			2	

Europe Banks Portfolio Options	Pros	Cons
2. Sell All		
	Refocus on core Australian operations	Not the highest value option
	•	Removes exposure to larger and more stable growth of UK market
GB: *CB *YB Ireland: *NB *NIB		Makes any further international investment difficult
+ = Retain * = Sell		
	3	

**Europe Banks Portfolio Options**  Pros Cons

Shrink to Grow on a Single Franchise 3.

> Reduces investment requirement and complexity the existing CB/YB integration

Significant complexity to undo

GB: +CB OR +YB Ireland: \*NB \*NIB

Reduced delivery risk

profile

= Retain = Sell

Pros Cons **Europe Banks Portfolio Options** Retain GB, Sell Irish Separation and transitional Greater management arrangements add complexity in focus short term Ireland not central to new strategy GB: +CB +YB Ireland: \*NB \*NIB GB market is attractive Highest value option = Retain \* = Sell 5

Portfolio	o Outcome: Irish Banks Sold to Danske Bank
	Sale announced December 2004 with sale proceeds of A\$2.5 billion (£967 million) in cash
2005	Profit on sale expected to be c.A\$1.1 billion expected to complete during the first quarter of calendar year
	In relation to our remaining businesses in Great Britain
	Transition arrangement at cost for up to 18 months, with annualised costs of c.£25 million p.a.
	c. £15 million of costs currently recharged to the Irish banks will be absorbed by our remaining GB business
	c.£50 million for the separation of the Irish businesses
	The end result is a simplified business model with a focus on our Great Britain operations

# Strategy for Differentiation

Do what we do, but do it better

Do what we do, but do it better

Differentiated GB business

One efficient GB business

2002

Playing a different game

CB YB NIB

# European Investor Conference Strategy Overview Lynne Peacock, CEO Europe 7 February 2005 [GRAPHIC] [LOGO]

Today	ay s Programme	
	Why Stay in the UK	
	Issues	
	Progress to Date	
	Work Still to Do	
	Size of Prize	
	9	

# Agenda

Activity	Presenter
UK Strategy Overview	Lynne Peacock
Doing What We Currently Do Better Retail and Small	Steve Reid
Business Banking	
Integrated Financial Solutions Playing a Different Game	Mike Williams
Third Party Distribution A Channel for Selective Growth	Dean Cutbill
Coffee	
Moving to Sustainable Product Profitability	Garry Mulcahy
Understanding Customers and Brand	Glenn King
Cutting the Cost of Production	Tom Burns
Wrap-Up	Lynne Peacock
Q & A	Panel
End	

Key Features of the UK market Size of Market

#### Household Balance Sheet (2003)

	£bn	£bn
<u>Assets</u>		
Non-Financial Assets (property)		3,424
Financial Assets		3,077
Liquid Assets	777	
Shares	471	
Life Assurance & Pensions	1,620	
Other(1)	209	
Total Assets		6,501
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Mortgages	774	
Consumer credit	171	
Other(2)	108	
Total Liabilities		1,053
Net Worth		5,448

<sup>(1).</sup> Includes government bonds etc

Source: National Statistics

#### **Key Product Data (2003)**

	Outstanding Balances (£bn)	Gross Lending (£bn) (1)	Net Lending (£bn) (1)
Mortgages (11.4m customers)	774	277	101
Credit Cards (70.1m credit & charge cards)	54	133	8
Personal Loans	80	56	7

<sup>(1).</sup> Gross Lending is the total lending written in the market during the 12 month period. Net lending is Gross Lending less repayments

Source: National Statistics, Bank of England, Datamonitor, PH Group, NOP/FRS

<sup>(2).</sup> Includes loans on foreign property etc

#### **SME Market in UK**

391,000 businesses with a turnover of > 500k

	ket

#### Rationale for Remaining in UK

Issues are company specific, not market related

UK market supports multiple business model

Key differentiation for Group

Our customer base in the UK compares favourably with our Australian business

Selling not highest value option

#### **Attractiveness of UK Market**

[CHART]

(1). PBT numbers are 2004E from Global Estimates

(2). Total Europe 2004 Actual, Northern Rock 2004 Actual

Note: 1999 figures adjusted for major acquisitions

Source: Individual Annual Reports, National Finance, Global Estimates for 2004 competitors

UK Team	
	Experience of existing business
	Key new hires
	Intra Group experience
	13

Backgro	und
Key Eur	opean Issues Early 2003
	Strategy, Leadership and Structure
	Distribution
	Products and Pricing
	Infrastructure and Process
	Cost Base
	14

#### 1. Strategy, Leadership & Structure

# Business Model (Early 2003)

[LOGO]	[LOGO]	[LOGO]	[LOGO]	Wealth Management	Corporate
Distribution PFS BFS	Distribution PFS BFS	Distribution PFS BFS	Distribution PFS BFS	Distribution Tied IFA	Distribution
Support C	Channels	Support Channels		Support Channels	
Customer Strategy	Customer Strategy	Customer Strategy	Customer Strategy	Customer Strategy	Customer Strategy
Products	Products	Products	Products	Products	Products
Manufacturing Operations - Servicing	Manufacturing Operations - Servicing	Manufacturing Operations - Servicing	Manufacturing Operations - Servicing	Manufacturing Operations - Servicing	Manufacturing Operations - Servicing
Technology		Technology		Technology	Technology
Corporate Support Functions		Corporate Support Functions		Corporate Support Functions	Corporate Support Functions
Undifferentiated strategy					
Significant duplication					
Multiple legal entities					
Insufficient management expertise in local market					

#### 2. Distribution

#### [GRAPHIC]

#### **Scotland**

9% of Population 8% of Gross Income 224 retail branches

#### North & Midlands

41% of Population 36% of Gross Income 221 retail branches

#### **Rest of Great Britain**

50% of Population 56% of Gross Income 15 retail branches

#### **UK Business**

Very limited presence in the wealthy South East

Unbalanced distribution network

No Third Party channel

Limited direct channel capability

Source: National Statistics, Inland Revenue, Bank of England

#### 3. Products and Pricing

Net Interest Margin 2002

**Product Profile 2002** 

[CHART]

Source: Company publications, internal data

4. Infrastructure & Processes
Back Office
[GRAPHIC]
24 centralised operating centres
Lack of common products, processes and systems duplication of brands and locations
Operations predominantly in-house
Separate banking and wealth management platforms
18

#### 5. Cost Base

FY 2002

		Cost / Average Assets (%)	Ranking	PBT / FTE (£ 000)	Ranking	Average Assets / FTE (£m)	Ranking
Best							
	Northern Rock	0.64	1	85.6	1	7.7	1
	HBOS	1.13	2	45.5	3	5.2	3
	Abbey National	1.64	3	-33.6	n/a	7.4	2
	Barclays	1.74	4	41.5	5	4.9	4
	Bradford & Bingley	1.96	5	31.0	8	3.2	7
	Alliance & Leicester	1.99	6	50.3	2	4.3	5
	Lloyds TSB	2.01	7	31.7	7	3.0	8
	Royal Bank of Scotland	2.40	8	42.0	4	3.4	6
Worst							
	National Australia Group						
	Europe	2.41	9	40.8	6	2.4	9

Note: Costs are inclusive of goodwill and exclusive of provisions

Source: Company publications, internal data

Positives
Brands
Asset quality
Customer base in natural marketing area
People
Business and retail banking skills leveraged between franchises
20

### Financial Consequences

#### **Total National Australia Group Europe (AUS GAAP)**

	FY01 £M	FY02 £M	FY03 £M	FY04 £M
PROFIT & LOSS				
Net interest income	876	966	966	915
Other operating income	503	511	555	519
Total income	1,379	1,477	1,520	1,433
Expenses (excl. pension)	(670)	(740)	(806)	(848)
Pension expense	(12)	(16)	(42)	(82)
PBT	524	552	537	365
PAT	345	384	385	258
RATIOS				
Cost/Income (incl. pension)	49.5%	51.2%	55.8%	64.9%
Net interest margin (Total Europe)	3.1%	2.9%	2.6%	2.5%
Net interest margin (FSE)	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%	4.0%
FTEs (spot)	13,707	13,542	13,104	13,122

Note: Above analysis has been rounded to the correct line total

2002 Strategy Themes

200	02	One efficient business	_		
СВ	YB				
NB	NIB				
				22	

Portfolio Outcome: New Shape of Business

	Total Europe FY04 £M	Proforma Ireland FY04 £M	Total Europe (ex Ireland, after flow back) FY04 £M
PROFIT & LOSS			
Net interest income	915	205	710
Other operating income	519	88	430
Total income	1,433	292	1,140
Expenses (excl. pension)	(848)	(174)	(673)
Pension expense	(82)	(13)	(69)
Goodwill	(29)		(29)
Bⅅ	(109)	(7)	(102)
PBT	365	98	266
Tax	(107)	(29)	(78)
PAT	258	69	188
RATIOS			
Cost/Income (incl. pension)	64.9%	64.0%	65.1%
FTEs (spot)	13,122	3,100	10,022
Net interest margin (Total Europe)	2.53%	3.28%	2.41%
Net interest margin (FSE)	4.03%	3.38%	4.30%

Pro forma figures based on business sold

Cost flow back and declining recharges

Remaining business delivered approx £190m PAT in FY04

	Total Europe	Ireland	Europe (excl. Ireland)
Branches	614	154	460
Business Banking Centres	76	26	50
Retail / Business Customers (000)	3302	579	2723

Note: Information provided above is indicative. Full proforma numbers to be provided prior to half year results.

Strategy Overview	
Management team has significant UK marke	t experience
Ability to leverage market knowledge	

Small size can be used to our advantage

### Strategy for Differentiation

Do what we do, but do it better

Do what we do, but do it better

Differentiated **GB** business

One efficient

**GB** business

Playing a

2002

different game

 $\mathbf{CB}$ YB

NIB NB

#### Summary of Our Approach

Do What '	We Do	But Do	It Better
-----------	-------	--------	-----------

Realignment of distribution footprint including small business

Increase capability of staff

Simplified and reinvigorated product set

Refreshed brands and improved customer understanding

Efficient back office

**Impact** 

Volume growth above systems for most products in Retail

Other Operating Income growth cross sale and fee collection

Margins in line with market

Costs reduce

#### Playing a Different Game

Focus on relationship managed integrated financial solutions for Business / Premium customers

National IFS programme

Third Party Distribution

#### Impact IFS / Third Party

Significant customer acquisition, asset and revenue growth, with Third Party supporting IFS

Growth into new areas

Revised European Model - Based on New Customer Value Segmentation

**Previous Segmentation and Model** 

Customers managed within business /

personal silos

**Revised Business Model** 

Integrated CVP delivered within each

business unit

**Retail Banking** 

**Integrated High Street** 

**BFS PFS** 

Corporate Premium / Private Mid-size Transactors

Small business

Small business High end retail Transactors

**Customer value** segmentation

**Customer type segmentation** 

**IFS** Corporate Mid-size Private

3<sup>rd</sup> Party Distribution

<b>European Investor Conference</b>		
Doing What We Currently Do Better	Retail and Small Business	
Steve Reid, GM Retail Banking		7 February 2005
[GRAPHIC]		
[OKAI IIIC]		
[LOGO]		
[LOGO]		

Agenda	a e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
	Background to Retail	
	The Opportunity	
	Customer Profitability	
	Sales Performance	
	Cost Base	
	30	

The Retail Bank as at FY04

#### Clydesdale & Yorkshire Bank Metrics

#### Clydesdale & Yorkshire Banks Market Share in UK

58% of FSE revenue 4,217 staff 460 branches 2.7m customers 92% of total UK customer base Core lending of £5.1bn(1) Deposits of £5.3bn(1) [CHART]

NB Current Account market share based on number of customers. Other product market shares are % of £ value

(1). Core lending and deposit figures are for Sep 04 spot values for the CYB Retail segments

Source: Market share figures from NOP Sep 04

The Opportunity: Improving the Game

#### CYB Banking Product Cross Holdings Opportunity

[CHART]

The average product holding for CYB is 1.5. The average product holding for competitors is 2.4

Only a third of our customers hold more than one CYB bank product

#### **Customers With 1 Bank Product**

[CHART]

Source: NAGE Customer Knowledge, Nov 2004, NOP

**OPPORTUNITY** POTENTIAL IMPACT **PRODUCT** 

> 532,000 customers within 10% conversion = £26m NII

> > Sales

CYB who

have a mortgage with a competitor

**MORTGAGES** 

LIFE INSURANCE

HOME INSURANCE

18% of CYB current account customers have mortgage with us market average 35%

In Oct-Dec 04 CYB Retail

achieved

an average penetration rate of 39%

- Best in Class is 75%

force effectiveness

Our home insurance penetration rate

on mortgage sales for FY03/04 was

28% - Best in Class is 75%

10% increase in penetration =

£3m OOI

10% increase in penetration =

£1m OOI

#### Customers

Issue

Vicious circle of high margins, low volumes Customer

Customer Attrition

Lack of investment in people, products and processes

One size fits all approach

Actions Taken to Grow Customer Numbers and Improve Profitability
Two significant new products have been launched
Offset Mortgage (March 2004 in Yorkshire, January 2005 in Clydesdale)
Current Account Plus (January 2004)
Improved customer insight
Better understanding of customer value / potential
Electronic delivery of sales leads
Channel development
Post office alliance
Contact centre
Improved customer service initiatives
35

Trends Now Moving in Right Direction
Customer Acquisition CYB
[CHART]
Customer Attrition CYB
[CHART]
12% increase in premium / private customer numbers
11% reduction in customer complaints
Source: NAGE Customer Knowledge Database, Consumer Finance
36

Aligning Segmentation with Customer	Va	lue

o Key Focus is on reducing cost to serve

ý Key Focus is on increasing product holdings

[CHART]

Source: NAGE Customer Knowledge Database

#### Sales Performance

Issue

Sales Over-reliance on branch vs direct **Performance** 

**Stagnant and Declining Sales** 

No common sales management processes and reward schemes

Little integration between Bank and Wealth Management sales forces

Actions Taken to Improve Sales Performance	
Simplified sale process and improves sales training	
Driven Wealth and Retail integration	
Improved variable remuneration for all Retail staff wi	th incentives clearly linked to performance
39	

Improvements in Wealth Management Sales

Wealth Management Advice Sales - CYB

**Life and Critical Illness Penetration** 

% of Mortgages

[CHART]

Source: WME Finance

Actions Currently Underway to Improve Sales Performance

Key Levers Impact

**External Recruitment** Improved product cross sales

Targeting competitor s top performers

Increased Investment in Training Quality Staff

Cross sales training

Coaching skills for Sales Managers

Performance Management Improved profit per FTE

Reward for performance Managing underperformance

Flagship Branches Improved staff satisfaction

Business Banking back on high street Meeting personal & business needs

Cost Base

Issue

Cost Base Low customer to branch ratio

High cost / income ratio

Inefficient processes too much administration

No common structures

## Move to Common Operating Model

	FROM			ТО
Clydesdale		Yorkshire	(	Common Structure
[CHART]		[CHART]		[CHART]
			43	

#### Ongoing Actions to Reduce Costs

Process Migration Further centralisation of processes

Call Sweeping Full implementation of call sweeping

for all branches by April 05

Transaction Migration Reductions in over the counter

transactions

Structures and Standardised branch manager

Supervisory Workload and below structure

	Oct 02	Oct 03	Oct 04
FTE Reduction:			
	4,702	4,431	4,217
	•	,	•
		44	
		77	

Managing Our Cost Base Better - Distribution Footprint

Flagship program investing in high potential

**Flagship Branch Locations** 

high

street locations

Third party distribution

[GRAPHIC]

Developing non branch channels

IFS Expansion in South

Branch network review Blueprint for branch network Full details/impacts in May

#### Summary

Cost base reduction We will continue taking costs out

Improved customer profitability and numbers Increase product

penetration

Sales performance Improve capability

The opportunity Significant!

### **European Investor Conference**

Integrated Financial Solutions Playing a Different Game

Mike Williams, GM Integrated Financial Solutions

7 February 2005

[GRAPHIC]

[LOGO]

Agenda	
	Overview of Business Banking
	The Opportunity
	Playing a Different Game
	Progress to Date
	48

#### Recent History Business Banking

#### Clydesdale Bank

#3 market share in business banking in Scotland

#3 ranked business bank by Forum of Private Business

Business Customers: 46,000

**Business Centres: 27** 

[GRAPHIC]

#### Yorkshire Bank

#6 market share in business banking in natural marketing area

#2 ranked business bank by Forum of Private Business

Business Customers: 55,000

**Business Centres: 23** 

Solid businesses contributing significant profit

The Opportunity Size of T	arget Segments
SME Market in U	K
391,000 businesses	with a turnover of $> £500$ K
We currently only h	nave 3% share
Private Banking M	larket in UK
700,000 individuals	earning > £60K per annum
We currently have l	ess than 2% share of these customers
Others qualify on the	ne basis of assets
	Profitable target segments
	50

The Opportunity	South of England
Profitable	e target segments
No presei	nce in the South
[GRAPHIC]	
	60% of wealth in the UK & 20 million people
	51

The Opportur	nity
Profita	able target segments
No pre	esence in the South of England
Need 1	to protect market share in Scotland
Oppor	tunities to grow market share in Yorkshire
Oppor	tunities to grow Agribusiness
Oppor	tunity to provide differentiated proposition in order to compete against large, established competitors
	Unique opportunity for a differentiated offering
	52

Playing a Different Game Integrated Financial Solutions
Relationship-based service out of Financial Solutions Centres
SME and Private Banking segment
Tailored products and pricing
Local decision-making
Professional partnership model
Creating value
Integrated
For the right customer the answer is Yes now what s the question?
Back to the Future
53

Playing a Different Game: Our Model

The Customer Experience Tailored Centres

Member

Named
Partner (RM) [GRAPHIC]

Partners (Specialists)

Credit / Admin / Sanction

Tailored and Integrated

Playing a Different Game: Our Incentive Scheme

Unlimited earnings linked to retaining our best	t
people	

**Managing Partners Senior Partners** 

I ve given you a warm lead that

you ve converted

Partners

Income/Profit V Plan Quality Gates Reward

25%

Credit Partners Associates [CHART]

Level of involvement	My share	Your Share
I ve done all the work but need your help to complete the transaction	75%	25%
We ve both worked equally to build the solution	50%	50%

	YEAR 1		YEAR 3	
[CHART]	Partner	S	Senior Partner	
		Partner (Business) Partner (Business)	Partner (Asset Finance)	Partner (Private)

Business Model & Incentive Scheme Support Retention of Talent

75%

Progress to Date: Principles / Operating			
Achieved Since 1 March 04 (10 months)			
Control/Compliance and Supervision Structure			
Expansion 10 step, 278 day process			
People 200 top Q talent in 10 months; 300 more to go			
Credit 90% of decisions locally			
Products, Pricing & Local Marketing			
Alignment with Third Party Distribution			
M.I. and Remuneration			
Driving change for the benefit of the organisation			
56			

Progress to Date: Our Presence in 2003	
[GRAPHIC]	
	60% of wealth in the UK
	57

Progress to Date: Southern Expansion in 2004	
[GRAPHIC]	
	12 sites in key locations
	58

Progress to Date: Planned Expansion		
[GRAPHIC]		
S	South of England network of 30+ sites by end 2005	
	59	

Progress	to Date: National IFS / Leveraging
	National IFS structure launched
	Heads of IFS appointed in 8 regions
	Managing Partners appointed
Centres	39 existing Clydesdale and Yorkshire business centres being turned into full/satellite Financial Solution
	Aiming for 80+ Financial Solutions Centres by 06/07
	Leveraging the capabilities we have built
	60

Progress to Date: National IFS

[GRAPHIC]

End of 05: 70+ sites

06/07: 80+ sites

7 FSCs (outside London) cover populations greater than Brisbane

The 8 FSCs in Yorkshire cover a population greater than Melbourne

The 9 London FSCs will cover population greater than Melbourne & Sydney combined

The 3 FSCs in Manchester/Merseyside cover a population greater than Sydney

The FSC in Glasgow covers a population greater than Perth

Light infrastructure model with national coverage

Progress to Date: Performance Management Culture
Pace and total personal accountability
P&Ls
Accurate MI
Trend Monitoring and ratios
Regular recognition and challenge and support
Cost to income ratio driven
Building a high performance culture 53% engagement
Building a high performance culture
62

Progress to Date: IFS Opportunity Pipeline Performance Metrics

Stock Value of Opportunity Pipeline Opportunity Approvals

[CHART] [CHART]

**Monthly Drawdown Values** 

[CHART]

Strong performance delivering results

Financial Expectations
New Sites
A typical new IFS centre is expected to have a cash flow payback of circa 23 months
Opportunity per new site represents circa £4m PBT in steady state
Targeting 40% cost / income ratio
Converted Sites
Some costs when retro-fitting to traditional centres
Opportunity per converted site represents circa £400k PBT
64

	lusion

We are confident that with IFS we will successfully develop a differentiated proposition to support sustainable growth

Our results to date are very encouraging and we are moving with pace to implement the organisational and cultural change required to drive our business forward

Competitors can t follow us easily

Opportunity to generate a business and a model with no baggage

Upside due to better geographical coverage, good staff, and the generation and leverage of best practice across the Group

<b>European Investor Conference Third Party Distribution - A Channel for Selective Growth</b>	
Dean Cutbill, GM Third Party Distribution	7th February 2005
[GRAPHIC]	
	[LOGO

Agenda	
	Why Third Party Distribution?
	Our Strategy
	Execution
	67

Why Third Party Distribution and Size of the Opportunity

The Shift in Mortgage Origination in the UK

UK Mortgage Market , Gross Lending 2003 - £277bn

[CHART]

Mortgage is the Heart of the Consumer s Financial World			
[CHART]			
Source: John Malone - Head of Prudential Mortgage Club			
69			

NA	NAB s History in the UK Intermediary Mortgage Market				
Key	Key reasons for not having succeeded previously:				
1.	Lack of market expertise				
2.	Local not national				
3.	Imported thinking				
No	No credibility as a result				
	70				

### Intermediary Market Myths

Statement	Reality
Poor quality customers go to intermediaries	Financially aware customers seek professional advice
Quality of business is poor	Comparable risk profile to Retail business
Brokers are constantly churning bas	Less than 20% brokers actively manage customer e
High cost of customer acquisition	2002 KPMG study intermediary business cheaper
Shorter product life	Product life is not shorter it is the norm
71	

Our Opportunity in the Intermediary Mortgage Market
The UK mortgage market is 3.5 times the size of Australian market
Ready to play in 65% of the market previously untapped
Mortgage has become the heart of the customer s financial world
The UK is a very professional regulated market
Acquisition of right type of customers
Low cost infrastructure
72

Key Elements of Third Party Strategy				
Focused distribution				
Create mortgage growth				
Adapt a selective approach				
Acquisition channel for IFS customers				
73				

Third Party Distribution Achievements so Far

FYQ3 04 FYQ4 04 FYQ1 05 FYQ2 05

1. Market entry and build Initial capability

Right Management Team in place Identified issues Launch with Charcol April 2004

FYQ3 04 FYQ1 05 FYQ2 05 FYQ4 04 2. Upgrade and refine capability 1. Market entry and build Initial **FSA** compliant capability Right Management Team New Relationship Managers in in place place Identified issues **Premier Broker selection** Launch with Charcol Market entry results April 2004 £125m completions [CHART] £185,000 average loan Loan to Value 55%

FYQ3 04	FYQ4 04	FYQ1 05	FYQ2 05
		3. Strengthen capability	
	2. Upgrade and refine capability	New product range	
	FSA compliant	Sophisticated website	
1. Market entry and build	New Relationship Managers in	Ability to E-trade	
	place		
Initial capability	Premier Broker selection	Best practice	
		processing	
Right Management	Market entry results	Quick and cost	
		effective	
Team in place	£125m completions		
Identified issues	£185,000 average loan		
Launch with Charcol	Loan to Value 55%		
April 2004			
	76		
	76		

FYQ3 04	FYQ4 04	FYQ1 05	FYQ2 05
1. Market entry and build	2. Upgrade and refine capability FSA compliant New Relationship Managers in place	3. Strengthen capability New product range Sophisticated website Ability to E-trade Best practice processing Quick and cost effective	4. Increase volumes Outsourcing preferred supplier 135 Broker firms
Initial capability Right Management Team in place Identified issues Launch with Charcol April 2004	Premier Broker selection Market entry results £125m completions £185,000 average loan Loan to Value 55%		
	77		

FYQ3 04	FYQ4 04	FYQ1 05	FYQ2 05
		3. Strengthen capability	4. Increase volumes Outsourcing preferred supplier
	2. Upgrade and refine capability	New product range	135 Broker firms
	FSA compliant	Sophisticated website	YTD
1. Market entry and build	New Relationship Managers in	Ability to E-trade	<b>Applications</b>
	place		£217m
Initial capability	Premier Broker selection	Best practice processing	Completions
			£107m
Right Management	Market entry results	Quick and cost effective	Pipeline £153m
Team in place	£125m completions		Average loan
			£197,000
Identified issues	£185,000 average loan		Loan to Value
			61%
Launch with Charcol	Loan to Value 55%		Broker fees 40bp,
April 2004			no trail

A Hunter for IFS	
New customer acquisition	
Telephone sales team	
Relationship management model	
Other Opportunities	
Commercial loan market	
Asset finance market	
79	

Conclusi	Conclusions				
	Competitors have				
	large branch infrastructures				
	mass market processing				
	silo thinking				
	defender				
	The new team has delivered				
	a market strategy				
	market entry				
	capability built				
	Now it s about driving volumes				
	80				

#### **European Investor Conference Introduction to Second Session**

Lynne Peacock, CEO Europe 7 February 2005

[GRAPHIC]

[LOGO]

Second Session Back Office Activities

#### Do What We Do But Do It Better

Products - Simplified and refreshed product range

Brands & Marketing - Refreshing brands and improved customer understanding

Back Office - Creating an efficient back office

#### **Impact**

#### Single efficient products delivery

Products rationalised

Products fit for purpose for each distribution business Margins in line with market given our mix of business

Appropriate fees and charges

#### Creating value from our brands

High brand recognition Good customer understanding

#### Consolidated efficient back office

Cost base in line with competitors
Integration complete, with systems convergence
Delivery in-house where efficient, otherwise
successfully outsourced processes

# **European Investor Conference Moving to Sustainable Product Profitability**

Garry Mulcahy, GM Product Solutions

7 February 2005

[GRAPHIC]

[LOGO]

Agenda			
	Situation analysis		
	<b>Product Strategy and Progress</b>		
	Future mix of business and margin impact		
		94	

Situation analysis	
Business Mix and Share of Wallet	
Unit cost	
Pricing	
Product Strategy and progress	
Future mix of business and margin impact	
	85

#### **Business Mix**

FY02

**Lending** Deposits

**Consumer Finance (£3.0bn)** 

Mortgages(£5.8bn)

Personal

Current Accounts (£3.8bn)

Savings (£4.7bn)

 $Business\ Lending\ (\textbf{£8.5bn})$   $Business\$ 

Corporate Lending (£4.9bn)

**Business Deposits (£4.1bn)** 

Corporate Deposits (£1.5bn)

Net retail funding gap (£8.0bn)

Lending (£22.2bn) Retail deposits (£14.2bn)

NIM Total Europe: 2.94% NIM FSE: 4.28%

Notes:

Including Ireland

Income includes both NII and OOI

FSE margin and BFS/Corporate lending balances are post Mosaic adjustment

Net Interest Margin(1) Lending Mix(2)
2002 2002

[CHART] [CHART]

- (1.) Net interest income as a percentage of average interest earning assets
- (2.) Loans & Advances to Customers (excludes businesses). Corporate Advances also incorporates repo-agreements where specified separately by lender. Other Advances incorporates secured advances also where specified separately by lender
- (3.) Lending mix is calculated on global book as RBS do not report separate domestic and overseas splits

Note: Total Europe & FSE includes Ireland

Margins: 2002 Competitor Comparison

Source: Annual reports

**Net Interest Margin(1)** Lending Mix(2) 2003 2003 [CHART] [CHART] Net interest income as a percentage of average interest earning assets (1.)Loans & Advances to Customers (excludes businesses). Corporate Advances also incorporates (2.)repo-agreements where specified separately by lender. Other Advances incorporates secured advances also where specified separately by lender Lending mix is calculated on global book as RBS do not report separate domestic and overseas splits (3.)Note: Total Europe & FSE includes Ireland Source: Annual reports

88

Margins: 2003 Competitor Comparison

	Net	Interest	Income	FSE
--	-----	----------	--------	-----

#### FSE NII Developments 2002-2004

[CHART]

Historical high net interest margins have been reduced through re-pricing and change in business mix

Margin reductions resulted in circa £115m reduction in overall Total Europe net interest income between 2002 and 2004, the majority of which in FY04, while the changing mix contributed c.£40m

Notes:

Includes Ireland

IMS and Other indicate movement in NII between years

Other includes impact from hedging, funding and income from share capital

Summary Observations: Business Mix / Share of Wallet

The historic mix of business

Skew to consumer finance

Attractive but Small mortgage book

unsustainable Business lending mix SME and Corporate

margins Low retail deposit book

Pricing strategy focused on revenue, not growth

Attractive but unsustainable margins

Have not capitalised on product innovations

Revenue opportunities exist from cross sell Gaps in competitive product range Non-integrated sales approach

Slow pricing dynamics

Excluded ourselves from attractive parts of market

### CYB Customer Base by Banking Product Holdings

#### **Customers With 1 Bank Product**

[CHART]

[CHART]

### **Opportunity**

Existing customers hold on average fewer products with the bank

### **Key Observation**

Only a third of our customers hold more than one CYB bank product

Source: NAGE Customer Knowledge, Nov 2004

Summary Observations: Business Mix / Share of Wallet

Attractive but Unsustainable Margins

Revenue opportunities exist from cross sell

Lack of presence in South of England

Excluded ourselves Limited development of products/systems to support non-Branch

distribution:

from attractive Direct channel offers

parts of market Off-shore deposit gathering

Third Party Distribution presence

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А	261	ιu	а

# Situation analysis

Business Mix and Share of Wallet

Unit cost

Pricing

Product Strategy

Future mix of business and margin impact

Product Proliferation has Complicated the Business

2002 Product Set

[CHART]

Summary Observations: Proliferation of Products has Impacted Unit Cost

Proliferation of products

Multiple products

Confusion for customers
Confusion for sales force

Lack of differentiation

Higher costs to support on-sale and off-sale products

Multiple systems to maintain products

multiple sales & illustration tools impact sales productivity

complicates servicing and security no single view of customer holdings difficult to get customer profitability

Stunted CRM and lead generation capability slow and expensive product development cycle

96

**Group Corporate Affairs** 

Inefficiencies

Age	nċ	la
Age	ш	ıa

### Situation analysis

Business Mix and Share of Wallet

Unit cost

Pricing

Product Strategy

Future mix of business and margin impact

Summary Observations: Pricing

Pricing out of line with market

Relative pricing

Deliberate high pricing to maximise short term profit Slow response to pricing moves in the market High back book pricing Absence from best buy tables

Relative Pricing: Basic Savings Accounts

Online Savings Accounts (May 2003)

Branch Savings Account (May 2003)

[CHART]

[CHART]

Rate - %

Rate - %

Historically poor position and no presence in remote channels

Source: Moneysupermarket.com

Summary Observations: Pricing

Relative pricing

**Pricing Impacts on** 

Some of our historical actions had reverse outcomes

**Customer Behaviour** 

Putting up fees led to customers changing their behaviour Ultimate change of behaviour was to leave bank - customer attrition

impact

Pricing Impact on Customer Behaviour - Bad Fees

2002 Attrition Analysis

Reasons for Leaving ... in particular ... and specifically the unauthorised overdraft fees ... monthly overdraft fee

[CHART] [CHART]

Unauthorised overdraft fees and charges was the most important driver of attrition in 2002

Agenda	
	Situation analysis
	Business Mix and Share of Wallet
	Unit cost
	Pricing
	Product Strategy and Progress
	Future mix of business and margin impact
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# Product Strategy

Tactical Fixes	Narrow the Focus	Rebalance and Rationalise
	103	

Progress		
2003		
Tactical Fixes	Narrow the Focus	Rebalance and Rationalise
Price movements for volume (fix front book first)		
Quick Product changes		
Integrated sales processes (increased cross sell)		
	104	

### Pricing

book

### **Re-pricing Strategy**

Phase 1: Phase 2: Phase 3: Reduce attrition Stabilise income Grow NII [GRAPHIC] Bringing prices in Segment Target Prices in line with line with market specific competitors pricing Volume impact New customers Less customer defections outnumber attrition outweigh margin squeeze No growth in

Time

		Re-pricing Strategy		<b>Current Front Book Pricing</b>
NII	Phase 1: Reduce attrition	Phase 2: Stabilise income	Phase 3: Grow	[CHART]
		[GRAPHIC]		
	Bringing prices in line with market	Prices in line with specific competitors	Segment Target pricing	
	Less customer defections	New customers outnumber attrition	Volume impact outweigh margin squeeze	
	No growth in book		Time	
		106	5	

2002 - 2004: Margin and Business Mix

FY02 FY04

Lending Deposits Lending Deposits

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Consumer \ Finance \ (\pounds 3.0bn) & Consumer \ Finance \ (\pounds 2.8bn) \\ Personal & Mortgages (\pounds 5.8bn) & Mortgages \ (\pounds 7.2bn) \end{array}$ 

Current Accounts (£3.8bn)

Current Accounts (£4.1bn)

Savings (£4.7bn) Savings (£4.8bn)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & Business \ Lending \ (\pounds 8.5bn) & Business \ Lending \ (\pounds 9.4bn) \\ Business & Corporate \ Lending \ (\pounds 4.9bn) & Corporate \ Lending \ (\pounds 5.4bn) \end{array}$ 

Business Deposits (£4.1bn)

Corporate Deposits

Business Deposits (£6.3bn)

Corporate Deposits (£0.7bn)

(£1.5bn)

Net retail funding gap

Net retail funding gap

 $(£9.0bn) \tag{£9.0bn}$ 

Lending (£22.2bn) Retail deposits (£14.2bn) Lending (£23.9bn) Retail deposits (£15.8bn)

NIM Total Europe: 2.94% NIM FSE: NIM Total Europe: NIM FSE:

4.28% 2.53% 4.03%

Notes:

Including Ireland

Income includes both NII and OOI

FSE margin and BFS/Corporate lending balances are post Mosaic adjustment

# Progress

2003	<b>Tactical Fixes</b>	2004	Narrow the Focus	Rebalance and Rationalise
			One Bank mindset	
			Define On Sale Product	
		Suite		
			Fill Strategic Product	
		Gaps	-	
			Offset mortgage	
			Current Account Plus	
			Savings Account Plus	
			Third Party Distribution	
			Life Insurance (L&G)	
			Commercial Insurance	
		(AXA)		
			Tailor pricing	
			Exit lines of business that	
		are nor	n-core:	
			Life Insurance	
			Custodial Services	
			Commercial Insurance	
			100	
			108	

2003	2004	2005
<b>Tactical Fixes</b>	Narrow the Focus	Rebalance and Rationalise
		Reduce Complexity: Exit Ireland
		Off Sale Product
		Rationalisation
		Continue portfolio reviews
		Future business mix
		Back Book Margin
		Management, offset by:
		reduce unit cost
		increase volume
	109	9

Rationalise and Align: CYB Product Portfolio

2002 Product Set Rationalised Product Set

[CHART] [CHART]

Agenda	
	Situation analysis
	Product Strategy and Progress
	Future mix of business and margin impact
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### Future Mix of Business

	FY	704	Fut	ture
	Lending	Deposits	Lending	Deposits
Personal	Consumer Finance Mortgages	Current Accounts Savings	Consumer Finance Mortgages	Current Accounts Savings
	<b>Business Lending</b>			
Business	Corporate Lending	Business Deposits Corporate Deposits Net retail funding gap	Business Lending Corporate Lending	Business Deposits Corporate Deposits Net retail funding gap
		112		

Current Competitive Positioning	
[GRAPHIC]	
Quartile comparison against direct competitors (not total market)  Positioning shows average position for book—there are variances within production books, with better positioning for attractive customer segments	icts, in particular in the mortgage

Agenda	
	Situation analysis
	Product Strategy and Progress
	Future mix of business and margin impact
	Conclusion
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In Conclusion		
Reasonable progress on product strategy		
Foundations of a range of competitive product offers in place		
Significant pricing decisions taken		
Residual margin issues more manageable		
Still significant product rationalisation but simplified following Irish sale		
115		

### **European Investor Conference**

**Understanding Customers & Brand** 

Glenn King, GM Customer Strategy and Delivery

7 February 2005

[GRAPHIC]

[LOGO]

# Key Customer Issues Driven from Non investment

1.	Customer insight	Not differentiating products / services to customer needs Poor systems and techniques for analysing customer behaviours
2.	Brand	Brand metrics showed a deterioration in brand performance Lack of common and consistent brand values
3.	Direct Channels	Lacking in key channels and regional coverage
Result		Many years of customer attrition Insufficient customer acquisition Higher cost to serve
		117

#### 1. Customer Insight

#### **Business Issue**

Limited systematic use of customer information

### **Customer Impact**

Poor segmentation, focus on wrong customers

Low product penetration of existing customers and high customer attrition

#### **Solution**

Commenced investment in single customer data warehouse and good analytical marketing capability

Built propensity, behavioural and profitability models and triggers

#### Results

Led to revised customer segmentation based on sustainable points of differentiation

Automatic customer lead generation leading to sustained income growth over 5 years First six months shown promising signs with £5m income

Addresses negative customer attrition and acquisition trends

118

Progress made

#### 2. Brand

#### **Business Issue**

Brands not supported and strengths dissipated

Mixed internal and external understanding of brand identity and promise

### **Customer Impact to 2003**

Decline in brand loyalty, preference and awareness

Last and second last in key customer satisfaction surveys for Clydesdale and Yorkshire

Brand values not understood by staff

# **Solution - Four Phase Integrated Brand Strategy**

Phase 1	Detailed customer and competitor research
Phase 2	Developed brand strategy and positioning programme
Phase 3	Internal brand staff immersion and education initiative
Phase 4	External brand positioning and sustained campaign delivery
	120

2. Brand - Results of Brand Strategy on Lead Indicators			
Key Metrics (Calendar 2004)			
[CHART]			
Increase in brand loyalty, advocacy and satisfaction metrics			
Brand awareness increased from 12% to 18%			
Customer satisfaction scores improved from last to second and third			
80% of staff can nominate and deliver on brand values			
Customer acquisition and attrition trends reversed			
Source : PWC Brand Tracking Survey			
121			

#### 3. Direct Channels

### **Business Issue**

No sustained investment in direct channels resulting in sub optimal service

Separate ATM, Internet, Call Centre

### **Impact**

Multiple call centres with duplication of costs and infrastructure

Less than 50% of branch network and customer base using centralised call centres

Less than 10% of our customers on Internet Banking service

Over 90% of consumer finance sales through branch network

Over 60% of transactions through branch network

Gaps in UK wide channel offer

#### Solution - commenced from mid 2004

Focussed and priority rebuild of direct distribution as part of customer strategy

3. Direct Channels - Progress and Early Results to Date

#### **Call Centre**

5 call centres rationalised to 2 integrated call centres

100% branch network and customer base migrated to call centre

Direct call centre operations accounting for 30% of consumer finance sales

#### **Internet**

June 2005 launch of new Internet Banking platform. Over 50% of customers on service by end of 2006

Launched new Internet product purchase and information services

#### **UK** wide outlet service

Launched UK wide Post Office banking service for Clydesdale personal and business customers

Summary - Sustained Profitable Customer Growth

Improved + Brand + Direct channel customer insight + revitalisation + development

=

**Sustained Profitable Customer Growth** 

# **European Investor Conference Cutting the Cost of Production**

Tom Burns, GM Operations 7 February 2005

[GRAPHIC]

[LOGO]

Objective	Cut the Cost of Production
5	Point Plan
Ce	entralisation of workload
St	reamlining of processes
Ra	ationalisation of management structure
Re	eduction in property usage
Co	onvergence of technology platform
	126

### The Problem - Cost Base Too High

#### FY 2002

	Cost / Average Assets (%)	Ranking	PBT / FTE (£ 000)	Ranking	Average Assets / FTE (£m)	Ranking
Best						
Northern Rock	0.64	1	85.6	1	7.7	1
HBOS	1.13	2	45.5	3	5.2	3
Abbey National	1.64	3	-33.6	n/a	7.4	2
Barclays	1.74	4	41.5	5	4.9	4
Bradford & Bingley	1.96	5	31.0	8	3.2	7
Alliance & Leicester	1.99	6	50.3	2	4.3	5
Lloyds TSB	2.01	7	31.7	7	3.0	8
Royal Bank of Scotland	2.40	8	42.0	4	3.4	6
Worst						
National Australia Group Europe	2.41	9	40.8	6	2.4	9

Uncompetitive

Cost base too high and too fixed

Lack of common systems, processes and automation

Cost overlap ...

... Hence massive opportunity

Note: Costs are inclusive of goodwill and exclusive of provisions

Source: Company publications, internal data

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### Centralisation of Workload

[GRAPHIC]	Centralised Processing  +  Selective Outsourcing	Consolidation of processing centres  Selective outsourcing  Simplified management structure  Geographic concentration
2002	2004 / 05	Rationalised common product set 2006/ 07
		128

### Streamline of Process

[GRAPHIC]	[GRAPHIC]	[GRAPHIC]
2002	2004 / 05	2006/ 07
	129	

### Rationalisation of Management Structure

**FSE Operations** 

Rationalise middle & senior management

Streamlined leadership teams for Operations and

Technology

Geographic concentration of management and

activities

WME Operations Consumer Finance Clearer and simpler lines of control Operations

Senior manager on the ground in each geographic

region

Reduced travel and communication costs

130

### Reduction in Property Usage

[CHART]

#### **Number of Network & Non-Network Sites**

Target of nine non-network sites (c100,000 sq ft) for exit

Glasgow project will result in 45,000 sq.ft reduction in

FY05

Opportunity to align branch footprint

Target savings of £11m per annum by FY07

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Current Technology	y Architecture		
Channel			
Internet			
Browser			
TeleBank			
Teleledger			
IVR			
Periphonics			
CTI			
Outlet			
3270	Browser Supergen	BAP	
Euroquote	BAP BC	Teller/ Maint. Olivetti Teller/ Maint.	
FRED	ECCC Sales	3270	
Call Centre			
Browser			
ECCC Sales			
Broker			
Sourcing			
N/A			

Mobile	
Siebel	
Client	
ATM	
Phoenix	
Mail	
Physical	
Mail	
Secure	
Email	
N/A	
Techinical Services	
B2B	
Gateway	
N/A	
Document	
Store	
FE Doc Store	
Commissions	
Engine	

N/A				
Payments				
Warehouse				
IB				
ETB				
TeleBank				
Imaging/				
Workflow				
Lending Serv	ices			
SAM				
Security				
Security				
IM accounts				
ETB Dbase				
FE IM				
BAP				
Olivetti				
Integration				
GCS				
SDM- Lite				
Application				
Server				
Websphere				

Siebel	
Portal	
N/A	
Content	
Management	
<b>Business Services</b>	
Sales S&I	
3270 Su	pergen AP BC
	CC Sales
Cards	
Certegy	
Certegy	
Certegy	
Servicing MEO BAP	
Servicing MEO BAP Teller/ Maint	
Servicing MEO BAP	
Servicing MEO BAP Teller/ Maint Olivetti	
Servicing MEO BAP Teller/ Maint Olivetti Teller/ Maint	
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BAP

Corporate	
Kapiti	
Payments Store	
IB	
ETB	
TeleBank	
Collateral Management	
SAM	
Relationship Management	
Sieble	
Commissions	
N/A	
Data Warehouse	
EDW	
Workflow	
Collections	
London Bridge	
DA Processes	

Credit Score	
Experian	
Single Cust View	
ATM	
Base 24	
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Technology Target	
Channel	
Internet	