XPO Logistics, Inc. Form 10-Q May 02, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

" TRANSITION REPORTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to_____

Commission file number: 001-32172

XPO Logistics, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

03-0450326 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Five Greenwich Office Park

Greenwich, CT (Address of principal executive offices) 06831 (Zip code)

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

(855) 976-4636

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No $\ddot{}$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer , accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

 Large accelerated filer
 ...
 Accelerated filer
 x

 Non-accelerated filer
 ...
 (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
 Smaller reporting company
 ...

 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange
 ...
 ...

 Act).
 Yes ...
 No x
 ...
 ...

As of April 30, 2014, there were 52,521,134 shares of the registrant s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding.

XPO Logistics, Inc.

Form 10-Q

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Part I Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements.

XPO Logistics, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share data)

	March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)		Decen	nber 31, 2013
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	143,886	\$	21,524
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$5,066 and \$3,539,				
respectively		342,752		134,227
Prepaid expenses		8,515		3,935
Deferred tax asset, current		6,182		3,041
Other current assets		10,869		7,304
Total current assets		512,204		170,031
Property and equipment, net of \$15,658 and \$11,803 in accumulated				
depreciation, respectively		98,819		56,571
Goodwill		539,168		363,448
Identifiable intangible assets, net of \$22,722 and \$15,411 in accumulated				
amortization, respectively		250,203		185,179
Deferred tax asset, long-term		511		72
Restricted cash		13,332		2,141
Other long-term assets		9,518		2,799
Total long-term assets		911,551		610,210
Total assets	\$	1,423,755	\$	780,241
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	227,738	\$	71,391
Accrued salaries and wages		19,257		11,741
Accrued expenses, other		45,947		9,489
Current maturities of long-term debt		1,777		2,028
Other current liabilities		6,486		4,684
Total current liabilities		301,205		99,333
Convertible senior notes		99,844		106,268
		470		75,373

Revolving credit facility and other long-term debt, net of current maturities		
Deferred tax liability, long-term	24,793	15,200
Other long-term liabilities	32,663	28,224
Total long-term liabilities	157,770	225,065
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares; 73,335 and 74,175		
shares issued and outstanding, respectively	42,258	42,737
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized;		
52,570,800 and 30,583,073 shares issued, respectively; and 52,525,800		
and 30,538,073 shares outstanding, respectively	53	30
Additional paid-in capital	1,063,242	524,972
Treasury stock, at cost, 45,000 shares held	(107)	(107)
Accumulated deficit	(140,666)	(111,789)
Total stockholders equity	964,780	455,843
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 1,423,755	\$ 780,241

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

XPO Logistics, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 2014 2013			March 31, 2013
Revenue	\$	282,403	\$	113,999
Operating expenses				
Cost of purchased transportation and services		224,006		97,739
Direct operating expense		3,880		
Sales, general and administrative expense		75,878		27,627
Total operating expenses		303,764		125,366
Operating loss		(21,361)		(11,367)
Other expense (income)		15		(109)
Interest expense		10,058		3,064
increst expense		10,050		5,004
Loss before income tax provision		(31,434)		(14,322)
Income tax (benefit) provision		(3,299)		222
Net loss		(28,135)		(14,544)
Cumulative preferred dividends		(742)		(743)
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$	(28,877)	\$	(15,287)
Basic loss per share				
Net loss	\$	(0.70)	\$	(0.85)
Diluted loss per share				
Net loss	\$	(0.70)	\$	(0.85)
Weighted average common shares outstanding				
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding		41,313		18,032
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding		41,313		18,032
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated finance	ial stat	ements.		

XPO Logistics, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 3 2014 2013		
Operating activities			
Net loss	\$ (28,135)	\$ (14,544)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities			
Provisions for allowance for doubtful accounts	2,196	231	
Depreciation and amortization	11,273	1,554	
Stock compensation expense	2,206	1,097	
Accretion of debt	1,430	1,438	
Other	2,062	(211)	
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:			
Accounts receivable	(56,414)	(9,771)	
Deferred tax expense	(4,529)	135	
Income tax payable	2,298	(814)	
Prepaid expense and other current assets	114	(62)	
Other long-term assets	(96)	(2)	
Accounts payable	48,676	(3,417)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	10,177	(3,659)	
Cash flows used by operating activities	(8,742)	(28,025)	
Investing activities			
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(190,962)	(16,560)	
Payment for purchases of property and equipment	(3,935)	(1,081)	
Other	246	125	
Cash flows used by investing activities	(194,651)	(17,516)	
Financing activities			
Repayment of borrowings on revolving debt facility	(75,000)		
Proceeds from stock offering, net	413,183		
Payment for cash held as collateral in lending arrangement	(11,269)		
Dividends paid to preferred stockholders	(742)	(743)	
Other	(417)	173	
Cash flows provided (used) by financing activities	325,755	(570)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	122,362	(46,111)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	21,524	252,293	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	21,324	252,295	

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	143,886	\$ 206,182
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest	\$	4,287	\$ 3,328
Cash (received) paid for income taxes	\$	(1,507)	\$ 732
Equity portion of acquisition purchase price	\$	108,815	\$ 2,573
See accommonying notes to condensed consolidated financia	1 atota	manta	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

XPO Logistics, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders Equity

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	5	eferred Stock 5 Amount	Com Sto Shares	ck	Treasury Stock Shares Amount	Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balance,	onur es	, 1 1110 uni				•	Denen	1000
December 31, 2013	74	\$ 42,737	30,583	\$ 30	(45) \$ (107)	\$ 524,972	\$ (111,789)	\$455,843
Net loss							(28,135)	\$ (28,135)
Exercise of warrants							(-) /	1 (-))
and stock options and								
other			170	1		922		\$ 923
Conversion of								
preferred stock to	(1)	(470)	120			479		¢
common stock Proceeds from	(1)	(479)	120			479		\$
common stock								
offering, net of								
issuance costs			17,250	17		413,166		\$413,183
Issuance of common			,			, i		
stock for acquisitions			3,663	4		108,811		\$108,815
Issuance of common								
stock upon conversion								
of senior notes, net of								
tax			796	1		12,686	(= 1 =)	\$ 12,687
Dividend paid							(742)	\$ (742)
Stock compensation expense						2,206		\$ 2,206
expense						2,200		φ 2,200
Balance, March 31, 2014	73	\$ 42,258	52,582	\$ 53	(45) \$ (107)	\$ 1,063,242	\$ (140,666)	\$ 964,780

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

XPO Logistics, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

(Unaudited)

1. Organization

Nature of Business

XPO Logistics, Inc. (XPO, the Company, we, us or our) provides premium transportation and logistics service thousands of customers through our three business units:

Freight Brokerage provides services primarily to customers in North America under the brands XPO Logistics, 3PD, and, following the acquisition of Pacer International, Inc. (Pacer) on March 31, 2014, Pacer. These services include truckload, less-than truckload and intermodal brokerage, and last-mile delivery logistics services for the delivery of heavy goods. Freight brokerage services are arranged using relationships with subcontracted motor and rail carriers, as well as vehicles that are owned and operated by independent contract drivers.

Expedited Transportation provides services under the brands Express-1, XPO NLM and XPO Air Charter to customers in North America. These services include the management of time-critical, urgent shipments, transacted through direct selling and through our web-based technology. Expedited ground services are provided through a fleet of exclusive-use vehicles that are owned and operated by independent contract drivers, referred to as owner operators, and through contracted third-party motor carriers. For shipments requiring air charter, service is arranged using our relationships with third-party air carriers.

Freight Forwarding provides services under the brand XPO Global Logistics (formerly Concert Group Logistics) to North America-based customers with domestic and global interests. These services are sold and arranged under the authority of XPO Global Logistics through a network of Company-owned and independently-owned offices in the United States and Canada and, following the acquisition of Pacer, Europe and Asia.

For specific financial information relating to the above segments, refer to Note 13 Segment Reporting.

2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. However, management believes that the disclosures contained herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of the Company, all material adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to fairly present the Company s financial position as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and results of operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of

contingencies at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. Estimates have been prepared on the basis of the most current and best available information and actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 that are set forth in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K, a copy of which is available on the SEC s website (www.sec.gov). Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for a full year.

Use of Estimates

The Company prepares its unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that impact the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. The Company reviews its estimates on a regular basis and makes adjustments based on historical experience and existing and expected future conditions. Estimates are made with respect to, among other matters, accrued revenue, purchased transportation, recoverability of long-lived assets, estimated legal accruals, estimated restructuring accruals, valuation allowances for deferred taxes, reserve for uncertain tax positions, and allowance for doubtful accounts. These evaluations are performed and adjustments are made as information is available. Management believes that these estimates, which have been discussed with the audit committee of the Company s board of directors, are reasonable; however, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Statement of Operations, Balance Sheet, and Statement of Cash Flows Presentation

Certain line items from the December 31, 2013 consolidated balance sheet and condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the three-months ended March 31, 2013 have been conformed to the 2014 presentation. The carrier costs related to unbilled revenue are now included in accounts payable rather than accrued expenses, other. The conformed line items had no impact on previously reported results.

Certain line items from the March 31, 2013 condensed consolidated statement of operations have been conformed to the 2014 presentation, including the retitling of direct expense to cost of purchased transportation and services and the addition of the direct operating expense category. The conformed line items had no impact on previously reported results.

Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue at the point in time when delivery is completed, with related costs of delivery being accrued as incurred and expensed within the same period in which the associated revenue is recognized. The Company uses the following supporting criteria to determine that revenue has been earned and should be recognized:

Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists;

Services have been rendered;

The sales price is fixed and determinable; and

Collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company reports revenue on a gross basis in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board s (FASB) Accounting Standard Codification (ASC) Topic 605, *Reporting Revenue Gross as Principal Versus Net as an Agent*. The Company believes presentation on a gross basis is appropriate under ASC Topic 605 in light of the following factors:

The Company is the primary obligor and is responsible for providing the service desired by the customer.

The customer holds the Company responsible for fulfillment, including the acceptability of the service (requirements may include, for example, on-time delivery, handling freight loss and damage claims, establishing pick-up and delivery times, and tracing shipments in transit).

For Expedited Transportation and Freight Brokerage, the Company has complete discretion to select its drivers, contractors or other transportation providers (collectively, service providers). For Freight Forwarding, the Company enters into agreements with significant service providers that specify the cost of

services, among other things, and has ultimate authority in providing approval for all service providers that can be used by Freight Forwarding s independently-owned stations. Independently-owned stations may further negotiate the cost of services with Freight Forwarding-approved service providers for individual customer shipments.

Expedited Transportation and Freight Brokerage have complete discretion to establish sales prices. Independently-owned stations within Freight Forwarding have the discretion to establish sales prices.

The Company bears credit risk for all receivables. In the case of Freight Forwarding, the independently-owned stations reimburse Freight Forwarding for a portion (typically 70-80%) of credit losses. Freight Forwarding retains the risk that the independent station owners will not meet this obligation.

For the Company s subsidiary XPO NLM, revenue is recognized on a net basis in accordance with ASC Topic 605. The Company does not serve as the primary obligor, receives a fixed management fee for its services and does not assume credit risk for these transactions. In certain instances, the Company also does not have discretion to select its service providers.

The Company s Freight Forwarding segment collects certain taxes and duties on behalf of their customers as part of the services offered and arranged for international shipments. The Company s accounting policy is to present these collections on a gross basis with revenue recognized of \$1.0 million and \$0.8 million for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less as of the date of purchase to be cash equivalents unless the investments are legally or contractually restricted for more than three months.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company records its allowance for doubtful accounts based upon its assessment of various factors. The Company considers historical experience, the age of the accounts receivable balances, credit quality of the Company s customers, any specific customer collection issues that have been identified, current economic conditions, and other factors that may affect customers ability to pay.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets include such items as prepaid rent, software maintenance costs, insurance premiums, other prepaid operating expenses, certain inventories at 3PD, receivables related to certain working capital adjustments from acquisitions, and other miscellaneous receivables.

Income Taxes

Taxes on income are provided in accordance with ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the book values and the tax basis of particular assets and liabilities, and the tax effects of net operating loss and capital loss carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in the tax rate is recognized as income or expense in the period that included the enactment date. A valuation allowance is provided to offset the net deferred tax assets if, based upon the available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Management periodically assesses the likelihood that the Company will utilize its existing deferred tax assets and records a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that such deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Accounting for uncertainty in income taxes is determined based on ASC Topic 740, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company s financial statements and provides guidance on the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. ASC Topic 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosures and transition. For additional information refer to **Note 10 Income Taxes**.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets with Indefinite Lives

Goodwill consists of the excess of cost over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations. Intangible assets with indefinite lives consist of the Express-1, Inc. trade name. The Company follows the provisions of ASC Topic 350, *Intangibles Goodwill and Other*, which requires an annual impairment test for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives. The Company may first choose to perform a qualitative evaluation of the likelihood of goodwill and intangible assets impairment. If the Company determined a quantitative evaluation was necessary, the goodwill at the reporting unit was subject to a two-step impairment test. The first step compares the book value of a reporting unit, including goodwill, with its fair value. If the book value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the Company completes the second step in order to determine the amount of goodwill impairment loss that should be

recorded. In the second step, the Company determines an implied fair value of the reporting unit s goodwill by allocating the fair value of the reporting unit to all of the assets and liabilities other than goodwill. The amount of impairment is equal to the excess of the book value of goodwill over the implied fair value of that goodwill. The Company performs the annual impairment testing during the third quarter unless events or circumstances indicate impairment of the goodwill may have occurred before that time. For the periods presented, the Company did not recognize any goodwill impairment as the estimated fair value of its reporting units with goodwill exceeded the book value of these reporting units. For additional information refer to **Note 7 Goodwill**.

The fair value of purchased intangible assets with indefinite lives, primarily a trade name, is estimated and compared to their carrying value. The Company estimates the fair value of these intangible assets based on an income approach using the relief-from-royalty method. This methodology assumes that, in lieu of ownership, a third party would be willing to pay a royalty in order to exploit the related benefits of these types of assets. This approach is dependent on a number of factors, including estimates of future growth and trends, royalty rates for this category of intellectual property, discount rates and other variables. The Company bases its fair value estimates on assumptions it believes to be reasonable, but which are unpredictable and inherently uncertain. Actual future results may differ from those estimates. The Company performs the annual impairment testing during the third quarter unless events or circumstances indicate impairment of the intangible assets with indefinite lives may have occurred before that time. For the periods presented, the Company did not recognize any impairment of intangible assets with indefinite lives as the estimated fair value of these reporting units.

Identifiable Intangible Assets

The Company follows the provisions of ASC Topic 360, *Property, Plant and Equipment,* which establishes accounting standards for the impairment of long-lived assets such as property, plant and equipment and intangible assets subject to amortization. The Company reviews long-lived assets to be held-and-used for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. If the sum of the undiscounted expected future cash flows over the remaining useful life of a long-lived asset group is less than its carrying amount, the asset is considered to be impaired. Impairment losses are measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset group exceeds the fair value of the asset. The Company estimates fair value using the expected future cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risks associated with the recovery of the asset. During the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, there was no impairment of the identified intangible assets.

The Company s intangible assets subject to amortization consist of customer relationships, trade names, non-compete agreements, carrier relationships and other intangibles that are amortized either over the period of economic benefit or on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related intangible asset. The estimated useful lives of the respective intangible assets range from four months to 14 years.

The following table sets forth the Company s identifiable intangible assets as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands. The increase in intangible assets during the quarter ended March 31, 2014 is the result of the Pacer acquisition.

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Indefinite Lived Intangibles		
Trade name	\$ 3,346	\$ 3,346
Definite Lived Intangibles:		
Customer lists and relationships	235,926	168,666
Carrier relationships	12,100	12,100
Trade name	10,801	8,041
Non-compete agreeements	8,580	6,265
Other intangible assets	2,172	2,172
	269,579	197,244
Less: acccumulated amortization	(22,722)	(15,411)
Intangible assets, net	\$ 246,857	\$ 181,833
Total Identifiable Intangibles	\$ 250,203	\$ 185,179

Estimated future amortization expense for amortizable intangible assets for the next five years is as follows (in thousands):

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Estimated future amortization expense	\$44,752	\$43,368	\$34,056	\$23,502	\$21,776

Actual amounts of amortization expense may differ from estimated amounts due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, additional intangible asset acquisitions, impairment of intangible assets, accelerated amortization of intangible assets and other events.

Intangible asset amortization expense recorded in sales, general and administrative expense was \$7.3 million and \$0.8 million for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are generally recorded at cost or in the case of internally developed acquired technology at fair value at the date of acquisition. Maintenance and repair expenditures are charged to expense as incurred. When assets are sold, the applicable costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any gain or loss is included in income. For internal use software, the Company has adopted the provisions of ASC Topic 350, *Intangibles Goodwill and Other.* Accordingly, certain costs

incurred in the planning and evaluation stage of internal use computer software are expensed as incurred. Costs incurred during the application development stage are capitalized and included in property and equipment. Capitalized internal use software also includes the fair value of acquired internally developed technology. Capitalized internal use software totaled \$43.7 million and \$31.7 million as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Classification	Estimated Useful Life
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of term of lease or 15 years
Buildings	39 years
Vehicles	5 years
Rail cars	25 to 30 years
Containers and chassis	15 to 20 years
Office equipment	5 to 7 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Computer software	3 to 5 years
Satellite equipment	3 to 5 years
Warehouse equipment	7 to 10 years

The following table sets forth the Company s property and equipment as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands):

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Property and Equipment, at cost		
Leasehold improvements	\$ 10,522	\$ 7,969
Buildings	1,115	1,115
Vehicles	2,945	2,723
Rail cars	11,016	
Containers and chassis	1,992	
Office equipment	8,757	6,636
Computer equipment	10,752	8,218
Computer software	64,414	39,709
Satellite equipment	1,505	1,496
Warehouse equipment	1,459	508
	114,477	68,374
Less: Acccumulated depreciation	(15,658)	(11,803)
Total Property and Equipment, net	\$ 98,819	\$ 56,571

Depreciation of property and equipment was \$4.0 million and \$0.7 million for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash primarily consists of cash held as collateral for letters of credit in conjunction with the acquisition of Pacer in March 2014 due to the termination of Pacer s former revolving credit facility as well as restricted cash held as security under 3PD s captive insurance contracts.

Other Long-Term Assets

Other long-term assets consist primarily of balances representing deposits and notes receivable from various XPO Global Logistics independent station owners, incentive payments to independent station owners within the XPO Global Logistics network, debt issuance costs related to the Company s revolving credit facility and convertible senior notes, and capitalized costs related to

major preventative maintenance activities for leased railcars. The incentive payments are made by XPO Global Logistics to certain station owners as an incentive to establish an independently-owned station and are amortized over the life of each independent station contract and the unamortized portion generally is recoverable in the event of default under the terms of the agreements. The debt issuance costs related to the revolving credit facility are amortized on a straight-line basis over the respective term while the debt issuance costs related to the convertible senior notes are amortized using the effective interest method. The capitalized preventative maintenance costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the economic useful life depending on the type of maintenance performed.

Accrued Expenses, Other

Accrued expenses, other consist primarily of accrued professional service fees, a liability for a portion of the Pacer purchase price that was not paid prior to March 31, 2014, accrued container and railcar costs including maintenance, accruals for various insurance claims, deferred revenue, accrued property and other taxes, and other miscellaneous accrued expenses. The following table outlines the Company s accrued expenses, other as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands):

	As of M	arch 31, 2014	As of Dece	ember 31, 2013
Accrued professional service fees	\$	14,172	\$	7,301
Pacer purchase price payable		9,409		
Accrued container and railcar				
costs		6,888		
Accrued insurance claims		6,123		437
Other accrued expenses		4,925		253
Deferred revenue		2,945		
Accrued property and other taxes		1,485		
Accrued interest on convertible				
debt				1,498
Total Accrued Expenses, Other	\$	45,947	\$	9,489

Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities consist primarily of the holdback of a portion of the purchase price in connection with acquisitions, deferred rent liabilities and liabilities for unfavorable leasehold interests recorded as part of purchase accounting. The following table outlines the Company s other long term liabilities as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands):

	As of Ma	arch 31, 2 A b	Aof Dec	ember 31, 2	013
Acquisition-related holdbacks	\$	21,989	\$	22,500	
Long-term portion of deferred rent liability		4,467		4,387	
Liability for uncertain tax positions		1,664		916	
Liability for unfavorable leasehold interests		4,162		233	
Long-term portion of vacant rent liability		270		143	
Other		111		45	
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	\$	32,663	\$	28,224	

Foreign Currency Translation

The statements of operations of foreign subsidiaries whose functional currencies are other than the U.S. dollar are translated into U.S. dollars using average exchange rates for the period and the exchange gain or loss is reflected in expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Exchange gains or losses are not material to the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the periods presented. The net assets of foreign subsidiaries whose functional currencies are other than the U.S. dollar are translated into U.S. dollars using exchange rates as of the balance sheet date. The U.S. dollar effects that arise from translating the net assets of these subsidiaries at changing rates are recorded in stockholders equity. Transaction gains and losses were not significant for any of the periods presented.

Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and classifies the inputs used to measure fair value into the following hierarchy:

Level 1 Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets;

<u>Level 2</u> Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable in active markets; and

<u>Level 3</u> Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable, generally utilizing pricing models or other valuation techniques that reflect management s judgment and estimates.

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company s financial assets that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis included \$1.5 million and \$1.6 million of money market funds, respectively.

Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The aggregate net fair value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management. The respective carrying value of certain financial instruments approximated their fair values as of the periods ended March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. These financial instruments include cash, accounts receivable, notes receivable, accounts payable, accrued expense, notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt. Fair values approximate carrying values for these financial instruments since they are short-term in nature and they are receivable or payable on demand. The fair value of the Freight Forwarding notes receivable from the owners of the independently-owned stations approximated their respective carrying values based on the interest rates associated with these instruments.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had outstanding \$120.7 million of 4.50% Convertible Senior Notes due October 1, 2017, which the Company is obligated to repay at face value unless the holder agrees to a lesser amount or elects to convert all or a portion of such notes into the Company s common stock. Holders of the convertible senior notes are due interest semiannually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The conversion rate was initially 60.8467 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$16.43 per share of common stock) and is subject to adjustment in some events but will not be adjusted for any accrued and unpaid interest. The fair value of the convertible senior notes was \$225.3 million as of March 31, 2014. For additional information refer to **Note 6 Debt**.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for share-based compensation based on the equity instrument s grant date fair value in accordance with ASC Topic 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*. The fair value of each share-based payment award is established on the date of grant. For grants of restricted stock units, including those subject to service-based vesting conditions and those subject to service and performance or market-based vesting conditions, the fair value is established based on the market price on the date of the grant. For grants of options, the Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of share-based payment awards. The determination of the fair value of share-based awards is affected by the Company s stock price and a number of assumptions, including expected volatility, expected life, risk-free interest rate and expected dividends.

The weighted-average fair value of each stock option recorded in expense for three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and is amortized over the requisite service period of the option. The Company has used one grouping for the assumptions, as its option grants have similar characteristics. The expected term of options granted has been derived based upon the Company s history of actual exercise behavior and represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. Historical data was also used to estimate option exercises and employee terminations. Estimated volatility is based upon the Company s historical market price at consistent points in a period equal to the expected life of the options. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant and the expected dividend yield is zero. For additional information refer to **Note 9 Stock-Based Compensation**.

Earnings per Share

Earnings per common share are computed in accordance with ASC Topic 260, *Earnings per Share*, which requires companies to present basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share. For additional information refer to **Note 11 Earnings per Share**.

3. Acquisitions

2014 Acquisitions

Pacer International

On January 5, 2014, the Company entered into a definitive Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Pacer Merger Agreement) with Pacer International, Inc., providing for the acquisition of Pacer by the Company (the "Pacer Transaction"). Pacer is an asset-light North American freight transportation and logistics services provider. The closing of the transaction was effective on March 31, 2014 (the Effective Time).

At the Effective Time, each share of Pacer s common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time was converted into the right to receive (i) \$6.00 in cash and (ii) 0.1017 of a share of XPO common stock, which amount is equal to \$3.00 divided by the average of the volume-weighted average closing prices of XPO common stock for the ten trading days prior to the closing (the Merger Consideration). Pursuant to the terms of the Pacer Merger Agreement, all vested and unvested Pacer options outstanding at the effective time of the merger were settled in cash based on the value of the Merger Consideration. In addition, all Pacer restricted stock, and all vested and unvested Pacer restricted stock units and performance units outstanding at the effective time of the merger were converted into the right to receive the Merger Consideration. The fair value of the total consideration paid under the Pacer Merger Agreement was \$331.5 million and consisted of \$222.7 million of cash payable at the time of closing and \$108.8 million representing the fair value of 3.7 million shares of the Company's common stock.

The Pacer Transaction was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with ASC 805 *Business Combinations*. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at their estimated fair values as of March 31, 2014, with the remaining unallocated purchase price recorded as goodwill. The following table outlines the Company s consideration transferred and the identifiable net assets acquired at their estimated fair value as of March 31, 2014 (in thousands).

Consideration	\$ 331,488
Less: Net assets acquired	97,912
Intangibles acquired:	
Less: Fair value of trademarks/tradenames	2,760
Less: Fair value of non-compete agreements	2,310
Less: Fair value of contractual customer relationships	66,250
Less: Fair value of non-contractual customer relationships	1,010
Less: Fair value of acquired technology	13,190
Plus: Net unfavorable leasehold interests	(2,487)
Plus: Net deferred tax liability on fair value adjustments	(25,689)
Goodwill	\$ 176,232

As of March 31, 2014, the purchase price allocation is considered open due to the timing of the transaction close. All goodwill recorded related to the acquisition relates to the Freight Brokerage segment. The carryover of the tax basis in goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes while the step-up in goodwill as a result of the acquisition is non-deductible for income tax purposes.

In connection with the Pacer Transaction, certain members of the Pacer senior management team signed employment agreements with the Company that became effective upon completion of the acquisition. As part of their employment agreements, the Company granted these Pacer management team members an aggregate of 122,569 time-based restricted stock unit (RSU) awards under the XPO Logistics, Inc. Amended and Restated 2011 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan.

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated results of operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 present consolidated information of the Company as if the Pacer Transaction had occurred as of January 1, 2013 (in thousands):

	Pro Forma	Pro Forma	
	Three	Three	
	Months	Months	
	Ended	Ended	
	March 31,	March 31,	
	2014	2013	
Revenue	\$ 517,903	\$ 422,486	
Operating Loss	\$ (28,310)	\$ (15,865)	
Net Loss	\$ (35,713)	\$ (18,403)	
Loss per common share			
Basic	\$ (0.69)	\$ (0.36)	
Diluted	\$ (0.69)	\$ (0.36)	

The unaudited pro forma consolidated results for the three-month periods were prepared using the acquisition method of accounting and are based on the historical financial information of Pacer, 3PD and the Company. The unaudited pro forma consolidated results incorporate historical financial information for all significant acquisitions pursuant to SEC regulations since January 1, 2013. The historical financial information has been adjusted to give effect to pro forma adjustments that are: (i) directly attributable to the acquisition, (ii) factually supportable and (iii) expected to have a continuing impact on the combined results. The unaudited pro forma consolidated results are not necessarily indicative of what the Company s consolidated results of operations actually would have been had it completed these acquisitions on January 1, 2013.

2013 Acquisitions

NLM

On December 10, 2013, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with Landstar Supply Chain Solutions, Inc. and Landstar System Holdings, Inc. (the NLM Stock Purchase Agreement) to acquire all of the outstanding capital stock of Landstar Supply Chain Solutions, Inc. known as National Logistics Management (NLM) (the NLM Transaction). NLM is the largest provider of web-based expedited transportation management in North America. The closing of the transaction occurred on December 28, 2013. The fair value of the total consideration paid under the NLM Stock Purchase Agreement was \$87.0 million, paid in cash, excluding any working capital adjustments.

The NLM acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805 *Business Combinations.* Assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at their estimated fair values as of December 28, 2013 with the remaining unallocated purchase price recorded as goodwill. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$46.8 million and intangible assets of \$26.1 million. All goodwill recorded related to the acquisition relates to the Expedited Transportation segment and is deductible for income tax purposes based on the IRC Section 338(h)(10) election made with respect to the NLM Transaction. In addition, the Company recorded an acquired technology asset of \$12.6 million as property, plant and equipment in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of March 31, 2014, the purchase price allocation is considered final except for the settlement of any working capital adjustments and the fair value of working capital, intangible assets and other assumed liabilities. During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded a measurement period adjustment to change the presentation of accounts receivable and accounts payable related to NLM. Certain accounts receivable that were netted against accounts payable are now shown separately in accounts receivable in order to more appropriately recognize the amounts based on the flow of transactions. The working capital adjustments in connection with this acquisition are being finalized, although the Company does not expect there to be a material change in the purchase price as a result.

Optima Service Solutions

On November 13, 2013, the Company entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement with A-1 Home Services, Inc., Mr. Steve Gordon and Mr. Glenn Lebowitz to acquire all of the outstanding equity interests of Optima Service Solutions, LLC (Optima) for \$26.6 million in cash consideration and deferred payments, excluding any working capital adjustments. Optima is a non-asset, third-party logistics service provider focusing on arranging in-home complex installation and residential delivery services for major retailers.

The Optima acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805 *Business Combinations.* Assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at their estimated fair values as of November 13, 2013 with the remaining unallocated purchase price recorded as goodwill. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$13.9 million and intangible assets of \$11.3 million. All goodwill recorded related to the acquisition relates to the Freight Brokerage

segment and is deductible for income tax purposes. In addition, the Company recorded an acquired technology asset of \$0.9 million as property, plant and equipment in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of March 31, 2014, the purchase price allocation is considered final except for the settlement of any working capital adjustments and the fair value of intangible assets and assumed liabilities. The working capital adjustments in connection with this acquisition are being finalized, although the Company does not expect there to be a material change in the purchase price as a result.

3PD

On July 12, 2013, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with 3PD Holding, Inc. (3PD), Logistics Holding Company Limited, Mr. Karl Meyer, Karl Frederick Meyer 2008 Irrevocable Trust II, Mr. Randall Meyer, Mr. Daron Pair and Mr. James J. Martell (the 3PD Stock Purchase Agreement) to acquire all of the outstanding capital stock of 3PD (the 3PD Transaction). 3PD is a non-asset, third party provider of heavy goods, last-mile logistics in North America. The closing of the

transaction occurred on August 15, 2013. The fair value of the total consideration paid under the 3PD Stock Purchase Agreement was approximately \$364.3 million, paid in cash, deferred payments (including an escrow), and \$7.4 million of restricted shares of the Company s common stock. The final working capital adjustment in connection with this acquisition has been finalized, and as a result, the cash consideration increased by \$1.2 million.

The 3PD acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with ASC 805 *Business Combinations*. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at their estimated fair values as of August 15, 2013, with the remaining unallocated purchase price recorded as goodwill. As a result of the 3PD Transaction, the Company recorded goodwill of \$231.3 million and intangible assets of \$130.2 million. As of March 31, 2014, the purchase price allocation is considered final. All goodwill recorded related to the acquisition relates to the Freight Brokerage segment. The carryover of the tax basis in goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes while the step-up in goodwill as a result of the acquisition is non-deductible for income tax purposes.

Interide Logistics

On May 6, 2013, pursuant to an asset purchase agreement, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Interide Logistics, LC (Interide) for \$3.1 million in cash consideration and 36,878 restricted shares of the Company s common stock with a value of \$0.6 million, excluding any working capital adjustments, with no assumption of debt. Interide is a non-asset, third-party transportation logistics service provider focusing on freight brokerage with offices in Salt Lake City, UT, Louisville, KY and St. Paul, MN.

The Interide acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805 *Business Combinations*. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at their estimated fair values as of May 6, 2013 with the remaining unallocated purchase price recorded as goodwill. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$3.4 million and intangible assets of \$1.7 million. As of March 31, 2014, the purchase price allocation is considered final. All goodwill recorded related to the acquisition relates to the Freight Brokerage segment and is deductible for income tax purposes. The working capital adjustments in connection with this acquisition have been finalized and there was no material change in the purchase price as a result.

Covered Logistics & Transportation

On February 26, 2013, pursuant to an asset purchase agreement, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Covered Logistics & Transportation LLC (Covered) for \$8.0 million in cash consideration and 173,712 restricted shares of the Company s common stock with a value of \$3.0 million, excluding any working capital adjustments, with no assumption of debt. Covered is a non-asset, third-party transportation logistics service provider focusing on freight brokerage with offices in Lake Forest, IL and Dallas, TX.

The Covered acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805 *Business Combinations*. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at their estimated fair values as of February 26, 2013 with the remaining unallocated purchase price recorded as goodwill. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$7.4 million and intangible assets of \$2.8 million. As of March 31, 2014, the purchase price allocation is considered final. All goodwill recorded related to the acquisition relates to the Freight Brokerage segment and is deductible for income tax purposes. The working capital adjustments in connection with this acquisition are being finalized.

East Coast Air Charter

On February 8, 2013, pursuant to an asset purchase agreement, the Company purchased substantially all of the operating assets of East Coast Air Charter, Inc. and 9-1-1 Air Charter LLC (together, ECAC or East Coast Air Charter) for total cash consideration of \$9.3 million, excluding any working capital adjustments, with no assumption of debt. ECAC is a non-asset, third party logistics service provider specializing in expedited air charter brokerage in Statesville, NC.

The ECAC acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805 *Business Combinations*. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at their estimated fair values as of February 8, 2013 with the remaining unallocated purchase price recorded as goodwill. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$3.8 million and intangible assets of \$4.8 million. All goodwill recorded related to the acquisition relates to the Expedited Transportation segment and is deductible for income tax purposes. The working capital adjustments in connection with this acquisition have been finalized and there was no material change in the purchase price as a result.

4. Restructuring Charges

On March 31, 2014, the Company initiated a facility rationalization and severance program to close facilities and reduce employment in order to improve efficiency and profitability in conjunction with its acquisition of Pacer. The program includes facility exit activities and employment reduction initiatives.

The amount of restructuring charges incurred during the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 and included in our condensed consolidated statement of operations as sales, general and administrative expense is summarized below (in thousands). These charges are not allocated to our reportable segments. No amount of the restructuring liability was included in the purchase price allocation for Pacer as all activities were initiated by XPO to benefit the post-combination period.

Reserve balance at December 31, 2013	\$
Contract termination charges incurred	1,951
Severance charges incurred	3,618
Non-cash share based compensation incurred	825
Payments and other	
Reserve balance at March 31, 2014	\$ 6,394

5. Commitments and Contingencies

Purchase Commitments

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had approximately \$22.4 million in future minimum payments required under non-cancellable service agreements for ongoing services, maintenance and support to information technology providers. Remaining future minimum payments related to these agreements amount to approximately \$10.7 million, \$6.7 million, \$2.6 million, \$1.7 million, and \$0.7 million for the periods ending March 31, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 and thereafter, respectively.

\$0.2 million of expense was recognized in the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 related to these agreements.

Lease Commitments

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had approximately \$168.6 million in future minimum payments required under operating leases for various real estate, double-stack railcars, containers, chassis, tractors, data processing equipment, transportation and office equipment leases that have an initial or remaining non-cancelable lease term. Remaining future minimum payments related to these operating leases amount to approximately \$68.8 million, \$40.5 million, \$24.8 million, \$14.1 million, and \$20.4 million for the periods ending March 31, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 and thereafter, respectively.

Certain operating leases for railcars contain provisions for automatic renewal for an additional five year period. The above remaining future minimum payments assume the automatic five year renewal and include the related minimum lease payments.

Rent expense was approximately \$4.6 million and \$0.9 million for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Litigation

The Company is involved, and will continue to be involved, in numerous legal proceedings arising out of the conduct of its business. These proceedings may include, among other matters, claims for property damage or personal injury incurred in connection with the transportation of freight and employment-related claims, including claims involving asserted breaches of employee restrictive covenants and tortious interference with contract. These proceedings also include numerous purported class-action lawsuits, multi-plaintiff and individual lawsuits and state tax and other administrative proceedings that claim that the Company s owner operators or contract carriers should be treated as employees, rather than independent contractors. These lawsuits and proceedings may seek substantial monetary damages (including claims for unpaid wages, overtime, failure to provide meal and rest periods, unreimbursed business expenses and other items), injunctive relief, or both.

The Company establishes accruals for specific legal proceedings when it is considered probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Accruals for loss contingencies are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as additional information becomes available. In connection with certain acquisitions of privately-held businesses, the Company has retained purchase price holdbacks to provide security for a negotiated duration with respect to damages incurred in connection with pre-acquisition claims and litigation matters. If a loss is not both probable and reasonably estimable, or if an exposure to loss exists in excess of the amount accrued therefor or the applicable purchase price holdback, the Company assesses whether there is at least a reasonable possibility that a loss, or additional loss, may have been incurred. If there is a reasonable possibility that a loss, or

additional loss, may have been incurred, the Company discloses the estimate of the possible loss or range of loss if it is material and an estimate can be made, or states that such an estimate cannot be made. The evaluation as to whether a loss is reasonably possible or probable is based on the Company s assessment, in conjunction with legal counsel, regarding the ultimate outcome of the matter.

The Company believes that it has adequately accrued for, or has adequate purchase price holdbacks with respect to, the potential impact of loss contingencies that are probable and reasonably estimable, and there was no indication of a reasonable possibility that a material loss, or additional material loss (including in excess of any applicable purchase price holdback), may have been incurred. The Company does not believe that the ultimate resolution of any matters to which the Company is presently party will have a material adverse effect on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. However, the results of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, and an unfavorable resolution of one or more of these matters could have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company carries liability and excess umbrella insurance policies that it deems sufficient to cover potential legal claims arising in the normal course of conducting its operations as a transportation company. In the event the Company is required to satisfy a legal claim in excess of the coverage provided by this insurance, the Company s financial condition, results of operations or cash flows could be negatively impacted.

California DLSE claims

The Company s Pacer subsidiary, which was acquired on March 31, 2014, received notices from the California Labor Commissioner, Division of Labor Standards Enforcement (the "DLSE"), that a total of 153 owner operators contracted with certain Pacer subsidiaries have filed claims with the DLSE in which they assert that they should be classified as employees, as opposed to independent contractors. These claims seek reimbursement for the owner operators business expenses, including fuel, tractor maintenance and tractor lease payments. Seven of these claims have been heard by a DLSE hearing officer, who awarded a total of \$2.2 million to the seven claimants. Pacer has appealed these awards to California Superior Court, San Diego, where a *de novo* trial will be held on the merits of those claims. As a part of the acquisition accounting process, XPO is currently evaluating these claims and the recent award to the seven claimants and will determine the fair value of these claims, if any, in the forthcoming measurement period. The Company has not established any reserve with respect to these matters as of March 31, 2014.

Pacer Acquisition Litigation

Between January 8 and January 16, 2014, five substantially identical putative class actions were filed in the Tennessee Chancery Court against the Company, Pacer and Pacer s directors challenging the Company s acquisition of Pacer. By stipulation and order dated February 18, 2014, the Chancery Court for Davidson County consolidated these cases under the caption In re Pacer International, Inc. Shareholder Litigation, No. 14-39-IV. The operative complaint in the consolidated case alleges, among other things, that the directors of Pacer breached their fiduciary duties to Pacer's shareholders in connection with the proposed acquisition of Pacer by XPO by agreeing to the proposed merger at an allegedly unfair price pursuant to a purportedly flawed and conflicted sales process, by including certain allegedly preclusive deal-protection measures, and by misrepresenting and/or omitting certain allegedly material information in the proxy statement relating to the transaction. The parties have reached an agreement in principle to settle all of these claims, which the Company continues to believe are without merit. The settlement remains subject to Court approval. There can be no assurance that the parties will ultimately enter into a definitive settlement agreement or that the Court will approve the settlement.

6. Debt

Debt Facilities

The Company may from time to time use debt financing for acquisitions and business start-ups, among other things. The Company also enters into long-term debt and capital leases with various third parties from time to time to finance certain operational equipment and other assets used in its business operations. Generally, these loans and capital leases bear interest at market rates, and are collateralized with accounts receivable, equipment and certain other assets of the Company.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company and certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries, as borrowers, were parties to a \$125.0 million multicurrency secured Revolving Loan Credit Agreement (the Credit Agreement) with the lender parties thereto and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent for such lenders, with a commitment termination date of October 17, 2018.

The proceeds of the Credit Agreement may be used by the Company for ongoing working capital needs and other general corporate purposes, including strategic acquisitions. At March 31, 2014, the Company had no amount drawn under the Credit Agreement. The Company was in compliance, in all material respects, with all covenants related to the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2014. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at a per annum rate equal to, at the Company s option, the one, two, three or six month (or such other period less than one month or greater than six months as the lenders may agree) LIBOR rate plus a margin of 1.75% to 2.25%, or a base rate plus a margin of 0.75% to 1.25%. The Company is required to pay an undrawn commitment fee equal to 0.25% or 0.375% of the quarterly average undrawn portion of the commitments under the Credit Agreement, as well as customary letter of credit fees. The margin added to LIBOR, or base rate, will depend on the quarterly average availability of the commitments under the Credit Agreement.

All obligations under the Credit Agreement are secured by substantially all of the Company s assets and are unconditionally guaranteed by certain of its subsidiaries, provided that no foreign subsidiary guarantees, and no assets of any foreign subsidiary secures, any obligations of any of the Company s domestic borrower subsidiaries. The borrowings under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by substantially all of the Company s subsidiaries. Within the meaning of Regulation S-X, Rule 3-10, XPO Logistics, Inc. (the parent company) has no independent assets or operations, the guarantees of its subsidiaries are full and unconditional and joint and several, and any subsidiaries other than the guarantor subsidiaries are minor. The Credit Agreement contains representations, warranties and covenants that are customary for agreements of this type. Among other things, the covenants in the Credit Agreement limit the Company s ability to, with certain exceptions: incur indebtedness; grant liens; engage in certain mergers, consolidations, acquisitions and dispositions; make certain investments and restricted payments; and enter into certain transactions with affiliates. In certain circumstances, the Credit Agreement also requires the Company to maintain certain minimum EBITDA or, at the Company s election, maintain a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement) of not less than 1.00 to 1.00. If an event of default under the Credit Agreement shall occur and be continuing, the commitments thereunder may be terminated and the principal amount outstanding thereunder, together with all accrued unpaid interest and other amounts owed thereunder, may be declared immediately due and payable. Certain subsidiaries acquired by the Company in the future may be excluded from the restrictions contained in certain of the foregoing covenants. The Company does not believe that the covenants contained in the Credit Agreement will impair its ability to execute its strategy.

For additional information on the Company s revolving debt facilities, refer to Note 14 Subsequent Events.

Convertible Senior Notes

At March 31, 2014, the Company had outstanding \$120.7 million aggregate principal amount of 4.50% Convertible Senior Notes due October 1, 2017. Total unamortized debt issuance costs classified in other long-term assets at March 31, 2014 are \$2.6 million. Interest is payable on the Notes on April 1 and October 1 of each year.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company issued an aggregate of 795,814 shares of the Company s common stock to certain holders of the Notes in connection with the conversion of \$13.1 million aggregate principal amount of the Notes. The conversions were allocated to long-term debt and equity in the amounts of \$10.5 million and \$10.5 million, respectively. Certain of these transactions represented induced conversions pursuant to which the Company paid the holder a market-based premium in cash. The negotiated market-based premiums, in addition to the difference between the current fair value and the book value of the Notes, were reflected in interest expense. The number of shares of common stock issued in the foregoing transactions equals the number of shares of common stock presently issuable to holders of the Notes upon conversion under the original terms of the Notes.

Under certain circumstances at the election of the holder, the convertible senior notes may be converted until the close of business on the business day immediately preceding April 1, 2017, into cash, shares of the Company s common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of common stock, at the Company s election, at the initial conversion rate of approximately 60.8467 shares of common stock per \$1,000 in principal amount, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$16.43 per share. In addition, following certain corporate events that occur prior to the maturity date, the Company will increase the conversion rate for a holder who elects to convert its convertible senior notes in connection with such corporate event in certain circumstances. On or after April 1, 2017, until the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert their convertible senior notes at any time.

The convertible senior notes may be redeemed by the Company on or after October 1, 2015 if the last reported sale price of the Company s common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive), including the trading day immediately preceding the date on which the Company provides notice of redemption, during any 30 consecutive trading day period ending on, and including, the

trading day immediately preceding the date on which the Company provides notice of redemption. The Company may redeem the convertible senior notes in whole, but not in part, at a redemption price in cash equal to 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date, plus a make-whole premium payment. The make whole premium payment or delivery will be made, as the case may be, in cash, shares of the Company s common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company s common stock, at the Company s election, equal to the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of interest on the convertible senior notes to be redeemed through October 1, 2017 (excluding interest accrued to, but excluding, the redemption date), computed using a discount rate equal to 4.5%. The make-whole premium is paid to holders whether or not they convert the convertible senior notes following the Company s issuance of a redemption notice.

The following table outlines the Company s debt obligations as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands):

	Interest rates	n (mon 4 ls	sðf M	larch 31 A 20	f Đ eo	cember 31, 20	13
Convertible senior notes	4.50%	60	\$	120,658	\$	133,742	
Revolving credit facility	4.38%	60				75,000	
Notes payable	N/A	N/A		2,017		2,205	
Capital leases for equipment	14.15%	59		230		196	
Total debt				122,905		211,143	
Less: unamortized bond discount				(20,814)		(27,474)	
Less: current maturities of long-term debt				(1,777)		(2,028)	
Total long-term debt, net of current maturities			\$	100,314	\$	181,641	

7. Goodwill

The following table is a roll-forward of goodwill from December 31, 2013 to March 31, 2014. The current period additions are the result of the goodwill recognized as excess purchase price in the acquisition of Pacer (in thousands):

	xpedited sportation	reight warding	Freight Brokerage	Total
Goodwill at December 31, 2013 Acquisitions and other adjustments	\$ 58,412 (3)	\$ 9,222	295,814 175,723	\$ 363,448 175,720
Goodwill at March 31, 2014	\$ 58,409	\$ 9,222	\$ 471,537	\$ 539,168

8. Stockholder s Equity

On February 5, 2014, the Company closed a registered underwritten public offering of 15,000,000 shares of common stock, and on February 11, 2014, the Company closed as part of the same public offering the sale of an additional 2,250,000 shares as a result of the full exercise of the underwriters overallotment option, in each case at a price of \$25.00 per share (together, the February 2014 Offering). The Company received \$413.2 million in net proceeds from the February 2014 Offering after underwriting discounts and expenses.

On August 13, 2013, the Company closed a registered underwritten public offering of 9,694,027 shares of common stock, and on August 16, 2013, the Company closed as part of the same public offering the sale of an additional 1,454,104 shares as a result of the full exercise of the underwriters overallotment option, in each case at a price of \$22.75 per share (together, the August 2013 Offering). The Company received \$239.5 million in net proceeds from the August 2013 Offering after underwriting discounts and expenses.

9. Stock-Based Compensation

The following table summarizes the Company s equity awards outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014:

	W	eight	O ted Avera	ptions ge W	Restricted Stock Units Weighted AverageRestricted					
	Ontions	Exercise		Exercise	Remaining		Weighted Average rant Date Fair Val			
Outstanding at	Options	ļ	Price	Price Range	Term	SLOCK UNIEST	int Da	ate fair vai		
December 31, 2013	1,421,520	\$	11.02	\$ 2.28 - \$23.19	6.93	1,351,655	\$	13.26		
Granted	15,000	\$	28.89	\$ 27.69 - \$31.28		598,808	\$	18.72		
Exercised	(37,250)	\$	3.60	\$ 2.96 - \$16.98		(28,017)	\$	29.41		
Forfeited	(14,000)	\$	16.88	\$ 16.57 -\$17.10			\$			
Outstanding at March										
31, 2014	1,385,270	\$	11.36	\$ 2.28 - \$31.28	6.97	1,922,446	\$	14.72		

The stock-based compensation expense for outstanding RSUs was \$1.8 million and \$0.7 million for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Of the 1,922,446 outstanding RSUs, 748,697 vest subject to service conditions and 1,173,749 vest subject to service and a combination of market and performance conditions.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had approximately \$12.5 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested RSU compensation that is anticipated to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 2.31 years. Remaining estimated compensation expense related to outstanding restricted stock-based grants is \$4.1 million, \$4.4 million, \$3.4 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million for the periods ending December 31, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had 682,870 options vested and exercisable and \$3.7 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options. The remaining estimated compensation expense related to the existing stock options is \$1.3 million, \$1.2 million, \$0.9 million, \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million for the periods ended December 31, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

10. Income Taxes

The Company has determined its interim tax provision projecting an estimated annual effective tax rate. For the three-months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$3.3 million, yielding an effective tax rate of 10.5%. The effective tax rate of 10.5% differed from the expected effective tax rate of 35% due primarily to the establishment of a partial valuation allowance on our federal and state deferred tax assets, non-deductible loss on convertible debt, other non-deductible amounts and the change in the mix of income among the jurisdictions in which we do business.

For the three-months ended March 31, 2013, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$0.2 million yielding an effective tax rate of 1.6%. The effective tax rate of 1.6% differed from the expected effective tax rate of 35% due primarily to the effects of recording a tax valuation allowance against the income tax benefit for the first quarter of 2013.

The Company had a valuation allowance of \$11.2 million as of March 31, 2014 primarily on the deferred tax assets generated for federal, state and foreign net operating losses where it is not more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be utilized. The Company assesses the likelihood that its deferred tax assets will be recovered based upon the consideration of many factors, including the current economic climate, its expectations of future taxable income, its ability to project such income, the reversal of temporary differences and the implementation of feasible and prudent tax planning strategies. These assumptions require significant judgment about the forecasts of future taxable income and are consistent with the plans and estimates the Company is using to manage its underlying businesses. Any reversal of the valuation allowance will favorably impact the Company is results of operations in the period of reversal.

In general, it is the practice and intention of the Company to reinvest the earnings of its non-U.S. subsidiaries in those operations. As of March 31, 2014, the Company had not made a provision for U.S. or additional foreign withholding taxes for financial reporting over the tax basis of investments in foreign subsidiaries that are essentially permanent in duration, if any exists. Generally, such amounts become subject to U.S. taxation upon the remittance of dividends and under certain other circumstances. It is not practicable to estimate the amount of deferred tax liability related to investments in these foreign subsidiaries.

11. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per common share are computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share are computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the combined weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding and the potential dilution of stock options, warrants, RSUs, convertible senior notes and Company s Series A Convertible Perpetual Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (preferred stock), outstanding during the period, if dilutive. The weighted average of potentially dilutive securities excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 is shown per the table below.

	For the Three Months	,
	2014	2013
Basic common stock outstanding	41,312,894	18,031,926
Potentially Dilutive Securities:		
Shares underlying the conversion of preferred		
stock to common stock	10,503,286	10,610,714
Shares underlying the conversion of the		
convertible senior notes	7,741,643	8,749,239
Shares underlying warrants to purchase		
common stock	8,004,967	6,342,298
Shares underlying stock options to purchase		
common stock	529,385	550,611
Shares underlying restricted stock units	565,825	414,088
	27,345,106	26,666,950
Diluted weighted shares outstanding	68,658,000	44,698,876

The impact of this dilution was not reflected in the earnings per share calculations in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations because the impact was anti-dilutive. The treasury method was used to determine the shares underlying warrants, stock options and RSUs for potential dilution with an average market price of \$28.85 per share and \$17.15 per share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

12. Related Party Transactions

There were no related party transactions that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2014.

On August 15, 2013, the Company completed its acquisition of 3PD, pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement to which Mr. James J. Martell was a party. Mr. Martell is a member of the board of directors of the Company and also was an investor in, and member of the board of directors of, 3PD. Mr. Martell recused himself from, and did not participate in, deliberations of the Company s board of directors with respect to the acquisition of 3PD. Other than his interest in the purchase price paid pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, Mr. Martell did not receive compensation in connection with the acquisition of 3PD. On July 12, 2013, Mr. Martell entered into a subscription agreement with the Company pursuant to which, on August 15, 2013, he invested \$0.7 million of the after-tax proceeds he received in the transaction in restricted shares of the Company s common stock.

There were no other related party transactions that occurred during the year ended December 31, 2013.

13. Segment Reporting

The Company determines its operating segments based on the information utilized by the chief operating decision maker, the Company s Chief Executive Officer, to allocate resources and assess performance. Based on this information, the Company has determined that it has five operating segments, which are aggregated into three reportable segments as described in Note 1 of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

These reportable segments are strategic business units through which the Company offers different services. The Company evaluates the performance of the segments primarily based on their respective revenues, net revenue margin and operating income. Accordingly, interest expense and other non-operating items are not reported in segment results. In addition, the Company has disclosed a corporate segment, which is not an operating segment and includes the costs of the Company s executive and shared service teams, professional services such as legal and consulting, board of directors, and certain other corporate costs associated with operating as a public company. The Company allocates charges to the reportable segments for IT services, depreciation of IT fixed assets as well as centralized recruiting and training resources.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The Company evaluates performance based on various financial measures of the respective business segments. The chief operating decision maker does not review assets by segment for purposes of allocating resources and therefore assets by segment are not disclosed. The following schedule identifies select financial data for each of the Company s reportable segments for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively (in thousands):

XPO Logistics, Inc.

Segment Data

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

Freight Expedited Freight Brokerage TransportationForwarding Corporate Eliminations

Three Months Ended March 31,						
2014						
Revenue	\$ 231,689	\$ 33,810	\$ 19,506	\$	\$ (2,602)	\$282,403
Operating (loss) income	(3,995)	3,746	552	(21,664)		(21,361)
Depreciation and amortization	8,993	1,612	100	568		11,273
Interest expense	12	2		10,044		10,058
Tax provision (benefit)	607			(3,906)		(3,299)
Goodwill	471,537	58,409	9,222			539,168
Three Months Ended March 31,						
2013						
Revenue	\$ 78,230	\$ 23,875	\$ 16,233	\$	\$ (4,339)	\$113,999
Operating (loss) income	(3,820)	753	372	(8,672)		(11,367)
Depreciation and amortization	1,014	268	88	184		1,554
Interest expense	2	2		3,060		3,064
Tax provision	41			181		222
Goodwill	46,066	11,616	9,222			66,904
14 Subsequent Events						

14. Subsequent Events

Preferred Stock Dividend

On April 3, 2014, the Company s board of directors approved the declaration of a dividend payable to holders of the preferred stock. The declared dividend equaled \$10 per share of preferred stock as specified in the Certificate of Designation of the preferred stock. The total declared dividend equaled \$0.7 million and was paid on April 15, 2014.

Amended and Restated Revolving Loan Credit Agreement

On April 1, 2014, XPO and certain of the Company s wholly-owned subsidiaries, as borrowers (collectively, the Borrowers), entered into a \$415.0 million multicurrency secured Amended and Restated Revolving Loan Credit Agreement (the Amended Credit Agreement) with the lender parties thereto and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., as administrative agent for such lenders (the Administrative Agent), with a commitment termination date of October 17, 2018. The principal amount of the commitments under the Amended Credit Agreement may be increased by an aggregate amount of up to \$100.0 million, subject to certain terms and conditions specified in the Amended Credit Agreement. The Amended Credit Agreement replaces and supersedes in its entirety the \$125.0 million multicurrency secured Revolving Loan Credit Agreement that the Company entered into on October 18, 2013.

The proceeds of the Amended Credit Agreement may be used by the Company and its subsidiaries for ongoing working capital needs, other general corporate purposes, including strategic acquisitions, and fees and expenses in connection with the transaction. Borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement bear interest at a per annum rate

Total

equal to, at the Company s option, the one, two, three or six month (or such other period less than one month or greater than six months as the lenders may agree) LIBOR rate plus a margin of 1.75% to 2.25%, or a base rate plus a margin of 0.75% to 1.25%. The Borrowers are required to pay an undrawn commitment fee equal to 0.25% or 0.375% of the quarterly average undrawn portion of the commitments under the Amended Credit Agreement, as well as customary letter of credit fees. The margin added to LIBOR, or base rate, will depend on the Borrowers quarterly average availability of the commitments under the Amended Credit Agreement.

All obligations under the Amended Credit Agreement are secured by substantially all of the Borrowers assets and unconditionally guaranteed by certain of the Company s subsidiaries, provided that no foreign subsidiary guarantees, and no assets of any foreign subsidiary secures, any obligations of any domestic Borrower. The Amended Credit Agreement contains representations, warranties and covenants that are customary for agreements of this type. Among other things, the covenants in the Amended Credit Agreement limit the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to, with certain exceptions: incur indebtedness; grant liens; engage in certain mergers, consolidations, acquisitions and dispositions; make certain investments and restricted payments; and enter into certain

transactions with affiliates. In certain circumstances, the Amended Credit Agreement also requires the Company to maintain minimum EBITDA or, at the Company s election, maintain a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) of not less than 1.00 to 1.00. If an event of default under the Amended Credit Agreement shall occur and be continuing, the commitments thereunder may be terminated and the principal amount outstanding thereunder, together with all accrued unpaid interest and other amounts owed thereunder, may be declared immediately due and payable. Certain subsidiaries acquired by the Company in the future may be excluded from the restrictions contained in certain of the foregoing covenants. The Company does not believe that the covenants contained in the Amended Credit Agreement will impair its ability to execute its strategy.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other written reports and oral statements we make from time to time contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terms such as anticipate, estimate, believe, continue, could, intend. may, plan. potential. predict. objective, should. will. expect, projection, guidance, outlook, forecast, goal, effort, target or the negative of these terms or other comparable terms. However, the absence of these words does not mean that the statements are not forward-looking. These forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause or contribute to a material difference include those discussed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, the risks discussed in our other filings with the SEC and the following: economic conditions generally; competition; our ability to find suitable acquisition candidates and execute our acquisition strategy; the expected impact of acquisitions, including the expected impact on our results of operations; our ability to raise debt and equity capital; our ability to attract and retain key employees to execute our growth strategy; litigation, including litigation related to alleged misclassification of independent contractors; our ability to develop and implement a suitable information technology system; our ability to maintain positive relationships with our network of third-party transportation providers; our ability to retain our and acquired businesses largest customers; our ability to successfully integrate Pacer, National Logistics Management (NLM), 3PD and other acquired businesses and realize anticipated synergies and cost savings; rail and other network changes; weather and other service disruptions; and governmental regulation. All forward-looking statements set forth in this Quarterly Report are qualified by these cautionary statements and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments anticipated by us will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to or effects on us or our business or operations. Forward-looking statements set forth in this Quarterly Report speak only as of the date hereof and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances, changes in expectations or the occurrence of unanticipated events, except to the extent required by law.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. In addition, reference should be made to our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and related Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Executive Summary

XPO Logistics, Inc. is a leading non-asset provider of transportation logistics services. We act as a middleman between shippers and carriers who outsource their transportation logistics to us as a third-party provider. As of March 31, 2014, we operated at 120 locations: 99 Company-owned branches and 21 agent-owned offices.

We offer our services through three business segments. Our freight brokerage segment places shippers freight with qualified carriers, primarily trucking companies. Our expedited transportation segment facilitates urgent shipments via independent over-the-road contractors and air charter carriers. Our freight forwarding segment arranges domestic and international shipments using ground, air and ocean transport through a network of agent-owned and Company-owned

locations.

In September 2011, following the equity investment in the Company led by Jacobs Private Equity, LLC, we began to implement a strategy to leverage our strengths including management expertise, operational scale and capital resources with the goals of significant growth and value creation.

By executing our strategy, we have built leading positions in some of the fastest-growing sectors of transportation logistics. In North America, we are the fourth largest provider of freight brokerage services, which, driven by an outsourcing trend, is growing at two to three times the rate of Gross Domestic Product (GDP). Our acquisitions of 3PD Holding, Inc. (3PD) and Optima Service Solutions, LLC (Optima) in 2013 (further described below) made us the largest provider of heavy goods last-mile delivery logistics in North America, a \$13 billion sector which, driven by outsourcing by big-box retailers and e-commerce, is growing at five to six times the rate of GDP. In part due to our acquisition of NLM in December of 2013, we now manage more expedited shipments than any other company in North America and have established a foothold in managed transportation. Expediting is growing due to a trend toward just-in-time inventories in manufacturing. Following the acquisition of Pacer in March of 2014, we are the third largest provider of intermodal services in North America and the largest provider of near-shoring of manufacturing in Mexico, is growing at three to five times the rate of GDP. We believe our broad service offering gives us a competitive advantage as many customers, particularly large shippers, focus their relationships on fewer, larger third party logistics providers with deep capacity across a wide range of services.

Our strategy has three main components:

Optimization of operations. We are continuing to optimize our existing operations by growing our sales force, implementing advanced information technology, cross-selling our services and leveraging our shared carrier capacity. We have a disciplined framework of processes in place for the recruiting, training and mentoring of newly hired employees. Our salespeople market our services to hundreds of thousands of small and medium-sized prospective customers. In addition, we have a strategic and national accounts team focused on developing business relationships with the largest shippers in North America. Our network is supported by our national operations center in Charlotte, North Carolina, which we opened in March of 2012, and by our information technology. We have a scalable platform in place across the Company, with sales, service, carrier and track-and-trace capabilities, as well as benchmarking and analysis. Most important to our growth strategy, we are developing a culture of passionate, world-class service for customers.

Acquisitions. We take a disciplined approach to acquisitions: we look for companies that are highly scalable and are a good strategic fit with our core competency. When we acquire a company, we seek to integrate it with our operations and scale it up by adding salespeople. We integrate the acquired operations with our technology platform, which connects them to our broader organization, and we give them access to our shared carrier pool. We gain more carriers, customers, lane histories and pricing histories with each acquisition, and in some cases an acquisition adds complementary services. We use these resources Company-wide to buy transportation more efficiently and to cross-sell a more complete supply chain solution to customers. Since the beginning of 2012, we have developed an active pipeline of targets. In 2012, we completed the acquisition of four non-asset third party logistics companies. We acquired another six companies in 2013, including 3PD, the largest provider of web-based expedited transportation management in North America. On March 31, 2014, we acquired Pacer, the third largest provider of intermodal transportation services in North America. We plan to continue to acquire quality companies that fit our strategy for growth.

Cold-starts. We believe that cold-starts can generate high returns on invested capital because of the relatively low investment required and the large component of variable-based incentive compensation. We are currently ramping up 24 cold-starts: 11 in Freight Brokerage, 12 in Freight Forwarding and one in Expedited Transportation. We seek to locate our Freight Brokerage cold-starts in prime areas for sales recruitment. We plan to continue to open cold-start locations where we see the potential for strong returns. *Acquisition of Pacer International*

On January 5, 2014, we entered into the Merger Agreement with Pacer. On March 31, 2014, we completed the acquisition of Pacer pursuant to the terms of the Pacer Merger Agreement whereby Acquisition Sub, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of XPO, merged with and into Pacer with Pacer continuing as the surviving corporation and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of XPO. The Pacer Transaction was effective on March 31, 2014. The fair value of the total consideration paid under the Pacer Merger Agreement was \$331.5 million and consisted of \$222.7 million of cash payable at the time of closing and \$108.8 million representing the fair value of 3.7 million shares of our common stock.

Restructuring

On March 31, 2014, the Company initiated a facility rationalization and severance program to close facilities and reduce employment in order to improve efficiency and profitability in conjunction with its acquisition of Pacer. The program includes facility exit activities and employment reduction initiatives.

Amended Revolving Loan Credit Agreement

On April 1, 2014, we and certain of our wholly-owned subsidiaries entered into a \$415.0 million multicurrency secured revolving loan facility with a commitment termination date of October 17, 2018. The principal amount of the commitments under the amended credit facility may be increased by an aggregate amount of up to \$100.0 million, subject to certain terms and conditions specified in the Amended Credit Agreement. The Amended Credit Agreement replaces and supersedes in its entirety the \$125.0 million multicurrency secured Credit Agreement that we entered into on October 18, 2013. We can use the proceeds of the Amended Credit Agreement for ongoing working capital needs and other general corporate purposes, including strategic acquisitions.

Common Stock Offerings

On February 5, 2014, we closed a registered underwritten public offering of 15,000,000 shares of common stock, and on February 11, 2014 we closed as part of the same public offering the sale of an additional 2,250,000 shares as a result of the full exercise of the underwriters overallotment option, in each case at a price of \$25.00 per share (together, the February 2014 Offering). We received \$413.2 million in net proceeds from the February 2014 Offering after underwriting discounts and expenses.

Convertible Debt Conversions

To date, we have entered into transactions pursuant to which we have issued an aggregate of 1,405,068 shares of our common stock to certain holders of the 4.50% Convertible Senior Notes due October 1, 2017 in connection with the conversion of \$23.1 million aggregate principal amount of the Notes. Certain of these transactions included induced conversions pursuant to which we paid the holder a market-based premium in cash. The negotiated market-based premiums, in addition to the difference between the current fair value and the book value of the Notes, are reflected in interest expense. The number of shares of common stock issued in the foregoing transactions equals the number of shares of common stock presently issuable to holders of the Notes upon conversion under the original terms of the Notes.

Statement of Operations Presentation

Certain prior period statement of operations line items have been conformed to the 2014 presentation, including the retitling of direct expense to cost of purchased transportation and services and the addition of the direct operating expense category. The conformed line items had no impact on previously reported income. The conformed statements of operations data for the years ended December 2013, 2012 and 2011 and the three-months ended March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, 2013 are shown below on a consolidated basis and for the Freight Brokerage segment.

XPO Logistics, Inc.

Prior Period Results Conformed to 2014 Presentation

Statements of Operations Data

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

AS CONFORMED		r the Ended		F Three M	For the Year Ended		
	December 31		· · ·		September 30		· · · ·
	2011	2012	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013
Revenue	\$177,076	\$ 278,591	\$113,999	\$137,091	\$ 193,982	\$ 257,231	\$ 702,303
Cost of purchased transportation and							
services	147,298	237,765	97,739	117,751	159,147	204,159	578,796
Net revenue	29,778	40,826	16,260	19,340	34,835	53,072	123,507
Direct operating expense					2,077	4,278	6,355
SG&A expense							
Salaries & benefits	16,338	39,278	18,048	20,491	26,948	34,799	100,286
Other SG&A expense	3,937	11,616	4,262	5,198	8,067	7,762	25,289
Purchased services	6,733	15,388	3,815	5,914	7,805	5,741	23,275

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Depreciation and amortization	1,046	2,508	1,5	502	1	1,752	8,357		9,016			20,627
Total SG&A expense	28,054	68,790	27,6	627	33	3,355	51,177		57,318		1	69,477
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,724	\$ (27,964)	\$ (11,3	367)	\$ (14	4,015)	\$ (18,419)) \$	(8,524) {	6 ((52,325)

Freight Brokerage

Prior Period Results Conformed to 2014 Presentation

Statements of Operations Data

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

AS CONFORMED	Year	r the Ended	Manch 21	F Three M	For the Year Ended		
	2011	December 31	,viarch 31, 2013	June 30, 8 2013	September 30 2013	2013	December 31, 2013
Revenue	\$ 29,186	\$ 125,121	\$78,230	\$ 95,360	\$ 152,616	\$ 215,183	\$ 541,389
Cost of purchased transportation and							
services	24,489	108,996	68,164	82,793	124,966	169,371	445,294
Net revenue	4,697	16,125	10,066	12,567	27,650	45,812	96,095

Direct operating expense