Form Unknown document format
;padding-bottom:2px;background-color:#cceeff;">
\$ 25,000
\$ 886
1.8280 %
One-month L
Mar-31-2022 The Toronto-Dominion Bank
Jan-08-2015
Feb-14-2020
\$ 25,000
\$ 271
2.4535 %
One-month L
Mar-31-2022 Regions Bank
Jan-08-2015
Feb-14-2020
\$ 50,000
\$ 520

2.4750 %
One-month L
Mar-31-2022 Capital One, N.A.
Jan-08-2015
Feb-14-2020
\$ 50,000
\$ 467
2.5300 %
One-month L
Mar-31-2022 The Toronto-Dominion Bank
Jul-20-2017
Oct-30-2017
\$ 25,000
\$ 1,054
1.8485 %
One-month L
Jan-04-2023 Royal Bank of Canada

Oct-30-2017

\$ 25,000

\$ 1,054

1.8505 %

One-month L	
Jan-04-2023 Wells Fargo, N.A.	
Jul-20-2017	
Oct-30-2017	
\$ 25,000	
\$ 1,055	
1.8505 %	
One-month L	
Jan-04-2023 PNC Bank, N.A.	
Jul-20-2017	
Oct-30-2017	
\$ 25,000	
\$ 1,052	

1.8485 %	
One-month L	
Jan-04-2023 PNC Bank, N.A.	
Jul-20-2017	
Oct-30-2017	
\$ 50,000	
\$ 2,105	
1.8475 %	
One-month L	
Jan-04-2023 The Toronto-Dominion Bank	
Jul-24-2018	
Jul-26-2019	
\$ 50,000	
\$ 111	
2.9180 %	
One-month L	
Jan-12-2024 PNC Bank, N.A.	
Jul-24-2018	

Jul-26-2019

50,000 \$ 106 2.9190 % One-month L Jan-12-2024 Bank of Montreal Jul-24-2018 Jul-26-2019 \$ 50,000 113 2.9190 % One-month L Jan-12-2024 U.S. Bank, N.A. Jul-24-2018 Jul-26-2019 25,000 57

2.9190 %

One-month L

Jan-12-2024

The fair value of the interest rate swaps outstanding as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows.

Balance Sheet Line Item (in thousands)	Notional Amount September 30, 2018	Fair Value September 30, 2018	Notional Amount December 31, 2017	Fair Value December 31, 2017
Interest rate swaps-Asset	\$ 900,000	\$ 17,649	\$ 475,000	\$ 6,079
Interest rate swaps-Liability	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 250,000	\$ (1,217)

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company's objectives in using interest rate swaps are to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements.

For derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk, the gain or loss on the derivative is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and subsequently reclassified into interest expense in the same periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings.

Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income related to derivatives designated as qualifying cash flow hedges will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made on the Company's variable rate debt. The Company estimates that approximately \$5.1 million will be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income as a decrease to interest expense over the next 12 months.

The table below presents the effect of cash flow hedge accounting and the location in the consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Three months		Nine months	
	ended Se	ptember	ended Se	ptember
	30,		30,	
Effect of Cash Flow Hedge Accounting (in thousands)	2018	2017	2018	2017
Income (loss) recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income on interest rate swaps	' /	\$316	\$13,349	\$(1,126)
Income (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into income (loss) as interest expense	\$512	\$(282)	\$538	\$(1,426)
Total interest expense presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations in which the effects of cash flow hedges are recorded	\$12,698	\$10,446	\$35,602	\$31,557

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where the Company could be declared in default on its derivative obligations if repayment of the underlying indebtedness is accelerated by the lender due to the Company's default on the indebtedness.

As of September 30, 2018, the Company had no derivatives that were in a net liability position by counterparty.

Fair Value of Interest Rate Swaps

The Company's valuation of the interest rate swaps is determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs including interest rate curves.

The Company incorporates credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both its own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of its derivative contracts for the effect of nonperformance risk, the Company has considered the impact of netting and any applicable credit enhancements, such as collateral postings, thresholds, mutual puts, and guarantees.

Although the Company has determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with its derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by itself and its counterparties. However, as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company has assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of its derivative positions and has determined that the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of its derivatives. As a result, the Company has determined that its derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following sets forth the Company's financial instruments that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

> Fair Value Measurements as of

> September 30, 2018

Using

Balance Sheet Line Item (in thousands) Fair Value

Level 2 Level 3

September 30,

Interest rate swaps-Asset Interest rate swaps-Liability	2018 \$ 17,649 \$ —	\$ -\$ 17,649 \$ -\$ —	\$ \$	_
		Fair Value		
		Measuremen	its as of	•
		December 3	1, 2017	
		Using		
	Fair Value			
Balance Sheet Line Item (in thousands)	December 31, 2017	LeVelvel 2	Level	3
Interest rate expens Asset		¢ ¢6.070	¢	
Interest rate swaps-Asset	\$ 6,079	\$-\$6,079	\$	
Interest rate swaps-Liability	\$ (1,217)	\$-\$(1,217)	\$	_

6. Equity

Preferred Stock

On June 11, 2018, the Company gave notice to redeem all 2,800,000 issued and outstanding shares of the 6.625% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series B Preferred Stock"). The Company recognized a deemed dividend to the holders of the Series B Preferred Stock of approximately \$2.7 million on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 related to redemption costs and the original issuance costs of the Series B Preferred Stock. On July 11, 2018, the Company redeemed all of the Series B Preferred Stock.

The table below sets forth the Company's outstanding preferred stock issuances as of September 30, 2018.

Preferred Stock Issuances	Issuance Date	Number of Shares	Liquidation Value Per Share	Interest Rate
6.875% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series C Preferred Stock")	March 17, 2016	3,000,000	\$ 25.00	6.875%

The tables below set forth the dividends attributable to the Company's outstanding preferred stock issuances during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017.

		Series B	Series C	
Quarter Ended 2018	Declaration Data	Preferred	Preferred	Payment
Quarter Effueu 2016	Deciaration Date	Stock	Stock	Date
		Per Share	Per Share	
September 30	July 11, 2018	\$ 0.0460069 (1)	\$ 0.4296875	October 1, 2018
June 30	April 10, 2018	0.4140625	0.4296875	July 2, 2018
March 31	February 14, 2018	0.4140625	0.4296875	April 2, 2018
Total		\$ 0.8741319	\$ 1.2890625	

On June 11, 2018, the Company gave notice to redeem all 2,800,000 issued and outstanding shares of the Series B (1)Preferred Stock. On July 11, 2018, the Company redeemed all of the Series B Preferred Stock at a cash redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends to but excluding the redemption date, without interest.

		Series B	Series C	
Quarter Ended 2017	Declaration Date	Preferred	Preferred	Payment Date
		Stock	Stock	1 ayıncın Date
		Per Share	Per Share	
December 31	November 2, 2017	\$0.4140625	\$0.4296875	December 29, 2017
September 30	July 31, 2017	0.4140625	0.4296875	September 29, 2017
June 30	May 1, 2017	0.4140625	0.4296875	June 30, 2017
March 31	February 15, 2017	0.4140625	0.4296875	March 31, 2017
Total		\$1.6562500	\$1.7187500	

On October 10, 2018, the Company's board of directors declared the Series C Preferred Stock dividends for the quarter ending December 31, 2018 at a quarterly rate of \$0.4296875 per share.

Common Stock

The following table sets forth the terms of the Company's at-the market ("ATM") common stock offering program as of September 30, 2018.

ATM Common Stock Offering Program	Date	Maximum Aggregate Offering Price (in thousands)	Aggregate Common Stock Available as of September 30, 2018 (in thousands)
2017 \$500 million ATM	November 13, 2017	\$ 500,000	\$ 213,217

The table below set forth the activity under the ATM common stock offering programs during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and year ended December 31, 2017 (in thousands, except share data).

	Nine months ended September 30, 2018				
	Weighted				
ATM Common Stools Offering Dragger	Shares	Average	Gross	Sales	Net
ATM Common Stock Offering Program	Sold	Price	Proceeds	Agents' Fee	Proceeds
		Per Share			
2017 \$500 million ATM	10,387,962	\$ 26.61	\$276,457	\$ 2,888	\$273,569
Total/weighted average	10,387,962	\$ 26.61	\$276,457	\$ 2,888	\$273,569
	Year ended	December	31, 2017		
		Weighted			
ATM Common Stock Offering Program	Shares	Average	Gross	Sales	Net
ATM Common Stock Offering Program	Sold	Price	Proceeds	Agents' Fee	Proceeds
		Per Share			
2017 \$500 million ATM	363,843	\$ 28.38	\$10,326	\$ 129	\$10,197
2017 \$300 million ATM ⁽¹⁾	11,098,748	\$ 27.03	300,000	3,637	296,363
2016 \$228 million ATM ⁽¹⁾	4,799,784	\$ 24.42	117,216	1,604	115,612
Total/weighted average	16,262,375	\$ 26.29	\$427,542	\$ 5,370	\$422,172

(1) These programs ended before December 31, 2017.

The table below sets forth the dividends attributable to the Company's outstanding shares of common stock that were declared during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017.

Month Ended 2018	Declaration Date	Record Date	Per Share	Payment Date
September 30	July 11, 2018	September 28, 2018	\$0.118333	October 15, 2018
August 31	July 11, 2018	August 31, 2018	0.118333	September 17, 2018
July 31	July 11, 2018	July 31, 2018	0.118333	August 15, 2018
June 30	April 10, 2018	June 29, 2018	0.118333	July 16, 2018
May 31	April 10, 2018	May 31, 2018	0.118333	June 15, 2018
April 30	April 10, 2018	April 30, 2018	0.118333	May 15, 2018
March 31	November 2, 2017	March 29, 2018	0.118333	April 16, 2018
February 28	November 2, 2017	February 28, 2018	0.118333	March 15, 2018
January 31	November 2, 2017	January 31, 2018	0.118333	February 15, 2018
Total			\$1.064997	
Month Ended 2017	Declaration Date	Record Date	Per Share	Payment Date
December 31	July 31, 2017	December 29, 2017	\$0.117500) January 16, 2018
November 30	July 31, 2017	November 30, 2017	0.117500	December 15, 2017
October 31	July 31, 2017	October 31, 2017	0.117500	November 15, 2017
September 30	May 1, 2017	September 29, 2017	0.117500	October 16, 2017
August 31	May 1, 2017	August 31, 2017	0.117500	September 15, 2017
July 31	May 1, 2017	July 31, 2017	0.117500	August 15, 2017
June 30	February 15, 2017	June 30, 2017	0.116667	July 17, 2017
May 31	February 15, 2017	May 31, 2017	0.116667	June 15, 2017
April 30	February 15, 2017	April 28, 2017	0.116667	May 15, 2017
March 31	November 2, 2016	March 31, 2017	0.116667	April 17, 2017
February 28	November 2, 2016	February 28, 2017	0.116667	March 15, 2017
January 31	November 2, 2016	January 31, 2017	0.116667	February 15, 2017
Total			\$1.405002	2

On October 10, 2018, the Company's board of directors declared the common stock dividends for the months ending October 31, 2018, November 30, 2018 and December 31, 2018 at a monthly rate of \$0.118333 per share of common stock.

Restricted Stock-Based Compensation

Restricted shares of common stock granted on January 5, 2018 to certain employees of the Company, subject to the recipient's continued employment, will vest in four equal installments on January 1 of each year beginning in 2019. The following table summarizes activity related to the Company's unvested restricted shares of common stock for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017.

Unvested Restricted Shares of Common Stock	Shares
Balance at December 31, 2016	272,337
Granted	75,001 (1)
Vested	(109,209)(2)
Forfeited	(922)
Balance at December 31, 2017	237,207
Granted	76,659 (1)
Vested	(112,405)(2)
Forfeited	(10,630)
Balance at September 30, 2018	190,831

- The fair value per share on the grant date of January 5, 2018 and January 6, 2017 was \$26.40 and \$24.41, respectively.
- The Company repurchased and retired 41,975 and 40,836 restricted shares of common stock that vested during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017, respectively.

The unrecognized compensation expense associated with the Company's restricted shares of common stock at September 30, 2018 was approximately \$3.1 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.5 years.

The following table summarizes the fair value at vesting for the restricted shares of common stock that vested during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Three			
	month	ıs	Nine n	nonths
	ended		ended	
	Septer	mber	Septen	nber 30,
	30,			
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Vested restricted shares of common stock			112,40	5109,209
Fair value of vested restricted shares of common stock (in thousands)	\$ —	-\$ -	\$3,002	\$ 2,591

7. Noncontrolling Interest

The table below summarizes the activity for noncontrolling interest in the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017.

	LTIP Units	Other Common Units	Total Noncontrolling Common Units	Nonconti Interest	rolling
Balance at December 31, 2016	1,576,516	2,057,365	3,633,881	4.3	%
Granted/Issued	126,239	687,827	814,066	N/A	
Forfeited	_	_		N/A	

Conversions from LTIP units to Other Common Units	(245,685)	245,685	_	N/A	
Redemptions from Other Common Units to common stock		(351,260)	(351,260) N/A	
Balance at December 31, 2017	1,457,070	2,639,617	4,096,687	4.1	%
Granted/Issued	324,802	_	324,802	N/A	
Forfeited			_	N/A	
Conversions from LTIP units to Other Common Units	(165,672)	165,672	_	N/A	
Redemptions from Other Common Units to common stock		(352,055)	(352,055) N/A	
Balance at September 30, 2018	1,616,200	2,453,234	4,069,434	3.6	%

LTIP Units

On March 12, 2018, the Company's board of directors appointed Michelle Dilley to serve as director of the Company. On March 12, 2018, Ms. Dilley was granted 3,930 LTIP units which, subject to Ms. Dilley's continued service, will vest on January 1, 2019.

LTIP units granted on January 5, 2018 to non-employee, independent directors, subject to the recipient's continued service, will vest on January 1, 2019. LTIP units granted on January 5, 2018 to certain senior executive officers and senior employees, subject to the recipient's continued employment, will vest quarterly over four years, with the first vesting date having been March 31, 2018. Refer to Note 8 for a discussion of vested LTIP units granted on January 5, 2018 pursuant to the 2015 Outperformance Program (the "2015 OPP").

The fair value of the LTIP units at the date of grant was determined by a lattice-binomial option-pricing model based on a Monte Carlo simulation. The fair value of the LTIP units are based on Level 3 inputs and are non-recurring fair value measurements. The table below sets forth the assumptions used in valuing such LTIP units granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 (excluding those vested LTIP units granted pursuant to the 2015 OPP; refer to Note 8 for details).

LTIP Units	Assumptions			
Grant date		2, January 5	,	
Grant date	2018	2018		
Expected term (years)	10	10		
Expected volatility	22.0 %	22.0	%	
Expected dividend yield	6.0 %	6.0	%	
Risk-free interest rate	2.46 %	2.09	%	
Fair value of LTIP units at issuance (in thousands)	\$90	\$ 3,447		
LTIP units at issuance	3,930	137,616		
Fair value unit price per LTIP unit at issuance	\$22.90	\$ 25.05		

The following table summarizes activity related to the Company's unvested LTIP units for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017.

TI T	LTIP
Unvested LTIP Units	Units
Balance at December 31, 2016	403,423
Granted	126,239
Vested	(229,355)
Forfeited	_
Balance at December 31, 2017	300,307
Granted	324,802
Vested	(342,940)
Forfeited	_
Balance at September 30, 2018	282,169

The unrecognized compensation expense associated with the Company's LTIP units at September 30, 2018 was approximately \$5.7 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.5 years.

The following table summarizes the fair value at vesting for the LTIP units that vested during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Three	
months	Nine months
ended	ended
September	September 30,
30,	
2018 2017	2018 2017
30,94944,942	342,940157,816

Vested LTIP units

Fair value of vested LTIP units (in thousands) \$851 \$1,235 \$9,002 \$4,146

8. Equity Incentive Plan

At the Company's annual meeting of stockholders held on April 30, 2018, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment and restatement of the 2011 Plan, under which the Company may issue equity-based awards, including stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, unrestricted stock awards and other awards based on shares of the Company's common stock, such as LTIP units, to executive officers, directors, employees and other individuals providing bona fide services to or for the Company or its affiliates. The amendment increased the total number of shares of common stock authorized and reserved for issuance under the 2011 Plan by 3,000,000 shares to an aggregate of 6,642,461 shares, subject to certain adjustments as described in the 2011 Plan. Awards previously granted under the 2011 Plan will remain in effect pursuant to their terms.

On January 5, 2018, the Company granted performance units approved by the compensation committee of the board of directors, under the 2011 Plan to certain key employees of the Company. The terms of the performance units granted on January 5, 2018 are substantially the same as the terms of the performance units granted on January 6, 2017 and March 8, 2016, except that the measuring period commences on January 1, 2018 and ends on December 31, 2020.

The fair value of the performance units at the date of grant was determined by a lattice-binomial option-pricing model based on a Monte Carlo simulation. The fair value of the performance units are based on Level 3 inputs and are non-recurring fair value measurements. The performance unit equity compensation expense is recognized into earnings ratably from the grant date over the respective vesting periods. The table below sets forth the assumptions used in valuing the performance units granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Performance Units	Assumpt	ions
Grant date	January :	5,
Grain date	2018	
Expected volatility	22.0	%
Expected dividend yield	6.0	%
Risk-free interest rate	2.09	%
Fair value of performance units grant (in thousands)	\$ 5,456	

On January 1, 2018, the Company's three year measurement period pursuant to the 2015 OPP concluded. It was determined that the Company's total stockholder return exceeded the threshold percentage and return hurdle and a pool of approximately \$6.2 million was awarded to the participants. The compensation committee of the board of directors approved the issuance of 183,256 vested LTIP units and 53,722 vested shares of common stock (of which 15,183 shares of common stock were repurchased and retired) to the participants, all of which were issued on January 5, 2018.

The unrecognized compensation expense associated with the Company's performance units at September 30, 2018 was approximately \$6.1 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.3 years.

Non-cash Compensation Expense

The following table summarizes the amount recorded in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations for the amortization of restricted shares of common stock, LTIP units, performance units, the 2015 OPP (performance units and the 2015 OPP, collectively the "Performance-based Compensation Plans"), and the Company's director compensation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Three mo	onths	Nine months		
	ended September ended				
	30, Septer			nber 30,	
Non-Cash Compensation Expense (in thousands)	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Restricted shares of common stock	\$406	\$594	\$1,269	\$1,776	
LTIP units	893	1,167	2,654	3,508	
Performance-based Compensation Plans	838	536	2,463	1,610	
Director compensation (1)	99	87	285	265	
Total non-cash compensation expense	\$2,236	\$2,384	\$6,671	\$7,159	

All of the Company's independent directors elected to receive shares of common stock in lieu of cash for their service during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. The number of shares of common stock granted is calculated based on the trailing 10 days average common stock price ending on the third business day preceding the grant date.

9. Earnings Per Share

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were 193,117, 196,871, 237,207 and 238,129, respectively, of unvested restricted shares of common stock on a weighted average basis that were

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Three months			nths	
	ended		ended Se	eptember	
	Septem	ber 30,	30,		
Earnings Per Share (in thousands, except per share data)	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Numerator					
Net income	\$8,876	\$21,839	\$48,989	\$23,276	
Less: preferred stock dividends	1,289	2,449	6,315	7,345	
Less: redemption of preferred stock			2,661		
Less: amount allocated to participating securities	69	84	209	250	
Less: income attributable to noncontrolling interest after preferred stock dividends	281	828	1,589	673	
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$7,237	\$18,478	\$38,215	\$15,008	
Denominator					
Weighted average common shares outstanding — basic	105,783	392,787	101,095	87,632	
Effect of dilutive securities ⁽¹⁾					
Share-based compensation	550	648	400	606	
Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted	106,333	393,435	101,495	88,238	
Net income per share — basic and diluted					
Net income per share attributable to common stockholders — basic	\$0.07	\$0.20	\$0.38	\$0.17	
Net income per share attributable to common stockholders — diluted	\$0.07	\$0.20	\$0.38	\$0.17	
During the three and nine months ended Sentember 30, 2018 and 2017, there w	ere annr	oximately	, 193 197	7 237	

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were approximately 193, 197, 237 and 238, respectively, unvested restricted shares of common stock on a weighted average basis that were not

included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because to do so would have been antidilutive for the period.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. These matters are generally covered by insurance subject to deductible requirements. Management believes that the ultimate settlement of these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

The Company has letters of credit of approximately \$5.6 million as of September 30, 2018 related to construction projects and certain other agreements.

11. Subsequent Events

There were no recognized or non-recognized subsequent events.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion with the financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in Item 1 of this report and the audited financial statements and related notes thereto included in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

As used herein, except where the context otherwise requires, "Company," "we," "our" and "us," refer to STAG Industrial, Inc. and our consolidated subsidiaries and partnerships, including our operating partnership, STAG Industrial Operating Partnership, L.P. ("Operating Partnership").

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor from civil liability provided for such statements by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (set forth in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). You can identify forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "may," "plans," "projects," "seeks," "should," "will," and variations of such words or similar expressions. Forward-looking statements in this report include, among others, statements about our future financial condition, results of operations, capitalization rates on future acquisitions, our business strategy and objectives, including our acquisition strategy, occupancy and leasing rates and trends, and expected liquidity needs and sources (including capital expenditures and the ability to obtain financing or raise capital). Our forward-looking statements reflect our current views about our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects, which are based on the information currently available to us and on assumptions we have made. Although we believe that our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects as reflected in or suggested by our forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies or prospects will be attained or achieved and you should not place undue reliance on these forward looking statements. Furthermore, actual results may differ materially from those described in the forward looking statements and may be affected by a variety of risks and factors including, without limitation:

the factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, as updated elsewhere in this report, including those set forth under the headings "Business," "Risk Factors," and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations;"

our ability to raise equity capital on attractive terms;

the competitive environment in which we operate;

real estate risks, including fluctuations in real estate values and the general economic climate in local markets and competition for tenants in such markets;

decreased rental rates or increased vacancy rates;

potential defaults (including bankruptcies or insolvency) on or non-renewal of leases by tenants;

acquisition risks, including our ability to identify and complete accretive acquisitions and/or failure of such acquisitions to perform in accordance with projections;

the timing of acquisitions and dispositions;

potential natural disasters and other potentially catastrophic events such as acts of war and/or terrorism;

international, national, regional and local economic conditions;

the general level of interest rates and currencies;

potential changes in the law or governmental regulations and interpretations of those laws and regulations, including changes in real estate and zoning laws or real estate investment trust ("REIT") or corporate income tax laws, and potential increases in real property tax rates;

financing risks, including the risks that our cash flows from operations may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest and we may be unable to refinance our existing debt upon maturity or obtain new financing on attractive terms or at all:

credit risk in the event of non-performance by the counterparties to the interest rate swaps and revolving and unfunded debt:

lack of or insufficient amounts of insurance;

our ability to maintain our qualification as a REIT;

our ability to retain key personnel;

litigation, including costs associated with prosecuting or defending claims and any adverse outcomes; and

• possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of properties presently owned or previously owned by us.

Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made. New risks and uncertainties arise over time, and it is not possible for us to predict those events or how they may affect us. Except as required by law, we are not obligated to, and do not intend to, update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Overview

We are a REIT focused on the acquisition and operation of single-tenant, industrial properties throughout the United States. We are a Maryland corporation and our common stock is publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "STAG."

We are organized and conduct our operations to qualify as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and generally are not subject to federal income tax to the extent we currently distribute our income to our stockholders and maintain our qualification as a REIT. We remain subject to state and local taxes on our income and property and to U.S. federal income and excise taxes on our undistributed income.

Factors That May Influence Future Results of Operations

Our ability to increase revenues or cash flow will depend in part on our (i) external growth, specifically acquisition activity, and (ii) internal growth, specifically occupancy and rental rates on our portfolio. A variety of other factors, including those noted below, also affect our future results of operations.

As used herein "total annualized base rental revenue" refers to the contractual monthly base rent as of September 30, 2018 (which differs from rent calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP")) multiplied by 12. If a tenant is in a free rent period as of September 30, 2018, the annualized rent is calculated based on the first contractual monthly base rent amount multiplied by 12.

Outlook

The outlook for our business remains positive, albeit on a moderated basis in light of over eight years of economic growth, some uncertainty regarding U.S. policy initiatives, and continued asset appreciation. In September 2018, the federal funds target rate was raised 25 basis points to a target range of 2.00% to 2.25%. This announcement combined with the unwinding of its balance sheet by selling Treasury securities and anticipation of one more rate increase in 2018 are signs of the Central Bank's confidence in the economy. The current trajectory of the federal funds target rate aligns with the Central Bank's consistent commentary that future rate increases would be gradual. If interest rates rise further as a result of Federal Reserve policy action (short-term interest rates) or changes in market expectations and capital flows (long-term interest rates), we believe strengthening economic conditions are likely to accompany these changes. This strengthening of economic conditions combined with the currently favorable industrial supply demand environment should translate to a net positive result for our business. Specifically, our existing portfolio should benefit from rising rental rates and our acquisition activity should benefit from higher yields. Furthermore, we believe certain characteristics of our business should position us well in a rising interest rate environment, including the fact that we have minimal floating rate debt exposure (taking into account our hedging activities) and that many of our competitors for the assets we purchase tend to be smaller local and regional investors who are likely to be more heavily impacted by interest rate increases.

Several industrial specific trends contribute to the expected strong demand, including:

the rise of e-commerce (as compared to the traditional retail store distribution model) and the concomitant demand by e-commerce industry participants for well-located, functional distribution space;

the increasing attractiveness of the U.S. as a manufacturing and distribution location because of the size of the U.S. consumer market, an increase in overseas labor costs and the overall cost of supplying and shipping goods (i.e. the shortening and fattening of the supply chain); and

the overall quality of the transportation infrastructure in the U.S.

Furthermore, the lack of material speculative development and the broader failure of supply to keep pace with demand in many of our markets has improved and may continue to modestly improve occupancy levels and rental rates in our portfolio. We believe, however, that industrial supply, more so than other real estate property types, has historically had a short lead time and can appear quickly. We have started to see a notable pick-up in development activity in a growing number of the primary industrial markets. On the demand side, we note that the quality and availability of labor remains a key focus of tenants making occupancy decisions. We will continue to monitor the supply and demand fundamentals for industrial real estate and assess its impact on our business.

Conditions in Our Markets

The buildings in our portfolio are located in markets throughout the United States. Positive or negative changes in economic or other conditions, new supply, adverse weather conditions and natural disasters, and other factors in these markets may affect our overall performance.

Rental Income

We receive income primarily in the form of rental income from the tenants who occupy our buildings. The amount of rental income generated by the buildings in our portfolio depends principally on occupancy and rental rates. As of September 30, 2018, our Operating Portfolio was approximately 96.0% leased and our straight-line ("SL") rent change (as defined below) on new and renewal leases together grew approximately 10.6% and 14.7% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively. We define the Operating Portfolio as all warehouse and light manufacturing assets that were acquired stabilized or have achieved Stabilization. The Operating Portfolio excludes non-core flex/office assets and assets contained in the Value Add Portfolio. We define Stabilization for assets under redevelopment to occur upon the earlier of achieving 90% occupancy or 12 months after completion. Stabilization for assets that were acquired and immediately added to the Value Add Portfolio occurs under the following: (i) if acquired with less than 75% occupancy as of the acquisition date, Stabilization will occur upon the earlier of achieving 90% occupancy or 12 months from the acquisition date; or (ii) if acquired and will be less than 75% occupied due to known move-outs within two years of the acquisition date, Stabilization will occur upon the earlier of achieving 90% occupancy after the known move-outs have occurred or 12 months after the known move-outs have occurred. We define the Value Add Portfolio as properties that meet any of the following criteria: (i) less than 75% occupied as of the acquisition date; (ii) will be less than 75% occupied due to known move-outs within two years of the acquisition date; or (iii) out of service with significant physical renovation of the asset.

Future economic downturns or regional downturns affecting our submarkets that impair our ability to renew or re-lease space and the ability of our tenants to fulfill their lease commitments, as in the case of tenant bankruptcies, could adversely affect our ability to maintain or increase rental rates at our buildings. Our ability to lease our properties and the attendant rental rate is dependent upon, among other things, (i) the overall economy, (ii) the supply/demand dynamic in our markets, (iii) the quality of our properties, including age, clear height, and configuration, and (iv) our tenants' ability to meet their contractual obligations to us.

The following table provides a summary of our Operating Portfolio leases executed during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. Certain leases contain rental concessions; any such rental concessions are accounted for on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Operating Portfolio	Square Feet	Cash Basis Rent Per Square Foot	SL Rent Per Square Foot	Total Costs Per Square Foot ⁽¹⁾	Cash Rent Chang	ge ⁽²⁾	SL Ro	ent	Weighter Average Lease Term ⁽⁴⁾ (years)	Rental Concessions per Square Foot ⁽⁵⁾
Three months ended September 30,										
2018										
New Leases ⁽⁶⁾	544,253	\$ 4.26	\$ 4.41	\$ 2.61	(4.1))%	(0.4))%	5.6	\$ 0.54
Renewal Leases ⁽⁷⁾	523,306	4.37	4.52	0.56	13.9	%	19.5	%	3.6	
Total/weighted average	1,067,559	\$ 4.31	\$ 4.46	\$ 1.60	5.9	%	10.6	%	4.6	\$ 0.27
Nine months ended September 30,										
2018										
New Leases ⁽⁶⁾	1,756,935	\$ 3.73	\$ 3.87	\$ 2.33	9.9	%	17.7	%	6.8	\$ 0.75
Renewal Leases ⁽⁷⁾	5,254,633	3.98	4.11	0.62	7.4	%	14.1	%	4.6	0.07
Total/weighted average	7,011,568	\$ 3.91	\$ 4.05	\$ 1.05	7.9	%	14.7	%	5.1	\$ 0.24

- We define Total Costs as the costs for improvements of vacant and renewal spaces, as well as the legal fees and
- (1) commissions for leasing transactions. Total Costs per square foot represent the total costs expected to be incurred on the leases signed during the period and do not reflect actual expenditures for the period.
 - We define Cash Rent Change as the percentage change in the base rent of the lease executed during the period compared to the base rent of the Comparable Lease for assets included in the Operating Portfolio. The calculation compares the first base rent payment due after the lease commencement date compared to the base rent of the last monthly payment due prior to the termination of the lease, excluding holdover rent. Rent under gross or similar
- (2) type leases are converted to a net rent based on an estimate of the applicable recoverable expenses. We define a Comparable Lease as a lease in the same space with a similar lease structure as compared to the previous in-place lease, excluding new leases for space that was not occupied under our ownership. This resulted in 192,707 and 1,532,343 square feet to be deemed non-comparable for three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively.
 - We define SL Rent Change as the percentage change in the average monthly base rent over the term of the lease, calculated on a straight-line basis, of the lease executed during the period compared to the Comparable Lease for
- (3) assets included in the Operating Portfolio. Rent under gross or similar type leases are converted to a net rent based on an estimate of the applicable recoverable expenses, and this calculation excludes the impact of any holdover rent.
- (4) We define Weighted Average Lease Term as the contractual lease term in years as of the lease start date weighted by square footage.
- (5) Represents the total rental concessions for the entire lease term.
- We define a New Lease as any lease that is signed for an initial term equal to or greater than twelve months for any vacant space; this includes a new tenant or an existing tenant that is expanding into new (additional) space.

 We define a Renewal Lease as a lease signed by an existing tenant to extend the term for twelve months or more,
- (7) including (i) a renewal of the same space as the current lease at lease expiration, (ii) a renewal of only a portion of the current space at lease expiration and (iii) an early renewal or workout, which ultimately does extend the original term for twelve months or more.

Property Operating Expenses

Our property operating expenses generally consist of utilities, real estate taxes, management fees, insurance, and site repair and maintenance costs. For the majority of our tenants, our property operating expenses are controlled, in part, by the triple net provisions in tenant leases. In our triple net leases, the tenant is responsible for all aspects of and costs related to the building and its operation during the lease term, including utilities, taxes, insurance and maintenance costs. However, we also have modified gross leases and gross leases in our building portfolio. The terms of those leases vary and on some occasions we may absorb certain building related expenses of our tenants. In our modified gross leases, we are responsible for some building related expenses during the lease term, but the cost of most of the expenses is passed through to the tenant for reimbursement to us. In our gross leases, we are responsible for all costs related to the building and its operation during the lease term. Our overall performance will be affected by the extent to which we are able to pass-through property operating expenses to our tenants.

Scheduled Lease Expirations

Our ability to re-lease space subject to expiring leases will impact our results of operations and is affected by economic and competitive conditions in our markets and by the desirability of our individual buildings. Leases that comprise approximately 9.7% of our annualized base rental revenue will expire during the period from October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019, excluding month to month leases. We assume, based upon internal renewal probability estimates that some of our tenants will renew and others will vacate and the associated space will be re-let subject to downtime assumptions. Using the aforementioned assumptions, we expect that the rental rates on the respective new leases will generally be higher than the rates under existing leases expiring during the period October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019, thereby resulting in higher revenue from the same space.

The following table sets forth a summary of lease expirations for leases in place as of September 30, 2018, plus available space, for each of the ten calendar years beginning with 2018 and thereafter in our portfolio. The information in the table assumes that tenants exercise no renewal options and no early termination rights.

Lease Expiration Year	Number of Leases Expiring	Total Rentable Square Feet	% of Total Occupied Square Feet		Total Annualized Base Rental Revenue (in thousands)	% of Total Annualized Base Rental Revenue	
Available	_	3,466,010	_				
Month-to-month leases	5	205,043	0.3	%	\$ 828	0.3	%
Remainder of 2018	4	798,875	1.1	%	3,489	1.2	%
2019	53	8,413,096	11.7	%	35,622	11.8	%
2020	50	9,814,812	13.6	%	42,116	14.0	%
2021	69	10,940,764	15.2	%	47,063	15.6	%
2022	51	6,532,253	9.1	%	28,129	9.3	%
2023	46	8,755,494	12.2	%	32,648	10.9	%
2024	28	5,320,625	7.4	%	21,716	7.2	%
2025	23	3,991,385	5.5	%	17,349	5.8	%
2026	23	5,069,584	7.0	%	19,818	6.6	%
2027	12	1,916,418	2.7	%	9,059	3.0	%
Thereafter	45	10,161,454	14.2	%	43,022	14.3	%
Total	409	75,385,813	100.0	%	\$ 300,859	100.0	%

Portfolio Summary

The following table sets forth information relating to diversification by building type in our portfolio as of September 30, 2018.

		Square Footage				Annualized Base Rental Revenue			
Building Type	Number of Buildings	Amount	%		Occupa Rate ⁽¹⁾	ncy	Amount (in thousands	%	
Warehouse/Distribution	309	67,433,301	89.5	%	95.7	%	\$264,832	/	%
Light Manufacturing	59	6,614,487	8.8	%	100.0	%	29,615	9.8	%
Total Operating Portfolio/weighted average	368	74,047,788	98.3	%	96.0	%	\$294,447	97.9	%
Value Add	4	773,345	1.0	%	53.7	%	1,792	0.6	%
Flex/Office	9	564,680	0.7	%	67.9	%	4,620	1.5	%
Total portfolio/weighted average	381	75,385,813	100.0)%	95.4	%	\$300,859	100.0)%

We define Occupancy Rate as the percentage of total leasable square footage for which either revenue recognition (1)has commenced in accordance with GAAP or the lease term has commenced as of the close of the reporting period, whichever occurs earlier.

Portfolio Acquisitions

The following table summarizes our acquisitions during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Market (1)	Date Acquired Square Fe		Buildings	Purchase Price
	-	-	_	(in thousands)
Greenville/Spartanburg, SC	January 11, 2018	203,000	1	\$ 10,755
Minneapolis/St Paul, MN	January 26, 2018	145,351	1	13,538
Philadelphia, PA	February 1, 2018	278,582	1	18,277
Houston, TX	February 22, 2018	242,225	2	22,478
Greenville/Spartanburg, SC	March 30, 2018	222,710	1	13,773
Three months ended March 31, 2018		1,091,868	6	78,821
Chicago, IL	April 23, 2018	169,311	2	10,975
Milwaukee/Madison, WI	April 26, 2018	53,680	1	4,316
Pittsburgh, PA	April 30, 2018	175,000	1	15,380
Detroit, MI	May 9, 2018	274,500	1	19,328
Minneapolis/St Paul, MN	May 15, 2018	509,910	2	26,983
Cincinnati/Dayton, OH	May 23, 2018	158,500	1	7,317
Baton Rouge, LA	May 31, 2018	279,236	1	21,379
Las Vegas, NV	June 12, 2018	122,472	1	17,920
Greenville/Spartanburg, SC	June 15, 2018	131,805	1	5,621
Denver, CO	June 18, 2018	64,750	1	7,044
Cincinnati/Dayton, OH	June 25, 2018	465,136	1	16,421
Charlotte, NC	June 29, 2018	69,200	1	5,446
Houston, TX	June 29, 2018	252,662	1	27,170
Three months ended June 30, 2018		2,726,162	15	185,300
Knoxville, TN	July 10, 2018	106,000	1	6,477
Pittsburgh, PA	August 2, 2018	265,568	1	19,186
Raleigh/Durham, NC	August 2, 2018	365,000	1	21,067
Detroit, MI	August 6, 2018	439,150	1	21,077
Des Moines, IA	August 8, 2018	121,922	1	6,053
McAllen/Edinburg/Pharr, TX	August 9, 2018	270,084	1	18,523
Pittsburgh, PA	August 15, 2018	200,500	1	11,327
Minneapolis/St Paul, MN	August 24, 2018	120,606	1	8,422
Milwaukee/Madison, WI	September 28, 2018	100,800	1	7,484
Milwaukee/Madison, WI	September 28, 2018	174,633	2	13,288
Chicago, IL	September 28, 2018	105,637	1	6,368
Indianapolis, IN	September 28, 2018		1	29,085
Augusta/Richmond County, GA	September 28, 2018		1	9,379
Charlotte, NC	September 28, 2018		1	16,807
Three months ended September 30, 2018	•	3,253,347	15	194,543
Nine months ended September 30, 2018		7,071,377	36	\$ 458,664
(1) As defined by CoStar Realty Information	on Inc.			

Portfolio Dispositions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we sold 11 buildings comprised of approximately 2.0 million square feet with a net book value of approximately \$57.1 million to third parties. Net proceeds from the sales of rental property were approximately \$89.4 million and we recognized the full gain on the sales of rental property, net of approximately \$32.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

We may dispose of additional properties from time to time and, among other individual properties, are currently marketing for sale a portfolio of seven assets in six states. The seven assets contain a total of approximately 1.8 million rentable square feet. We make no assurance that the sale will occur or, if it does, that the portfolio sold will not differ substantially from the portfolio now on the market.

Geographic Diversification

The following table sets forth information about the ten largest markets in our portfolio based on total annualized base rental revenue as of September 30, 2018.

_	% of Total			
Top Ten Markets (1)	Annualized			
	Base Rental			
	Revenue			
Philadelphia, PA	9.5	%		
Chicago, IL	8.6	%		
Greenville/Spartanburg, SC	4.8	%		
Milwaukee/Madison, WI	4.1	%		
Detroit, MI	3.9	%		
Cincinnati/Dayton, OH	3.3	%		
Charlotte, NC	3.2	%		
Houston, TX	3.2	%		
Minneapolis/St Paul, MN	3.0	%		
Pittsburgh, PA	2.8	%		
Total	46.4	%		

(1) As defined by CoStar Realty Information Inc.

Industry Diversification

The following table sets forth information about the ten largest tenant industries in our portfolio based on total annualized base rental revenue as of September 30, 2018.

	% of Total		
Top Ten Tenant Industries (1)	Annualized		
Top Tell Tellant Industries	Base Rental		
	Revenue		
Capital Goods	14.8	%	
Automobiles & Components	12.8	%	
Materials	11.7	%	
Transportation	8.9	%	
Consumer Durables & Apparel	8.9	%	
Food, Beverage & Tobacco	7.9	%	
Commercial & Prof Services	7.6	%	
Retailing	5.0	%	
Household & Personal Products	4.7	%	
Food & Staples Retailing	4.3	%	
Total	86.6	%	

(1) Industry classification based on GICS methodology.

Top Tenants

The following table sets forth information about the ten largest tenants in our portfolio based on total annualized base rental revenue as of September 30, 2018.

Top Ten Tenants (1)	Number % of Total
	of Annualized
	Leases Base Rental

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		Revenue		
General Service Administration	1	2.3	%	
XPO Logistics	4	1.9	%	
Deckers Outdoor	2	1.4	%	
Yanfeng US Automotive Interior	3	1.3	%	
Solo Cup	1	1.3	%	
TriMas Corporation	4	1.2	%	
DHL	4	1.0	%	
Generation Brands	1	0.9	%	
Schneider Electric USA, Inc.	4	0.9	%	
Carolina Beverage Group	2	0.9	%	
Total	26	13.1	%	

Total 26 13.1 % (1) Includes tenants, guarantors, and/or non-guarantor parents.

Critical Accounting Policies

See "Critical Accounting Policies" in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, for a discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates.

Results of Operations

The following discussion of our results of our same store (as defined below) net operating income ("NOI") should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements. For a detailed discussion of NOI, including the reasons management believes NOI is useful to investors, see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below. Same store results are considered to be useful to investors in evaluating our performance because they provide information relating to changes in building-level operating performance without taking into account the effects of acquisitions or dispositions. We encourage the reader to not only look at our same store results, but also our total portfolio results, due to historic and future growth.

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2018 to the three months ended September 30, 2017

We define same store properties as properties that were in the Operating Portfolio for the entirety of the comparative periods presented. Same store properties exclude Operating Portfolio properties with expansions placed into service after June 30, 2017. On September 30, 2018, we owned 309 industrial buildings consisting of approximately 61.8 million square feet, which represents approximately 82.0% of our total portfolio, that are considered our same store portfolio in the analysis below. Same store occupancy decreased approximately 0.3% to 96.1% as of September 30, 2018 compared to 96.4% as of September 30, 2017.

The following table summarizes selected operating information for our same store portfolio and our total portfolio for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (dollars in thousands). This table includes a reconciliation from our same store portfolio to our total portfolio by also providing information for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 with respect to the buildings acquired and disposed of and Operating Portfolio buildings with expansions placed into service or transferred from the Value Add Portfolio to the Operating Portfolio after June 30, 2017 and our flex/office buildings and Value Add Portfolio.

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Three months ended September Change and, Three months ended September Change ended ended ended september Change September 30, September 30, 30,	
2018 2017 \$ % 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 \$ %	
Revenue Operating revenue	
Rental income \$61,926 \$60,611 \$1,315 2.2 % \$9,977 \$3,030 \$3,256 \$2,032 \$75,159 \$65,673 \$9,486 14.	4 %
Tenant recoveries 10,760 11,239 (479) (4.3)% 1,865 620 893 507 13,518 12,366 1,152 9.3	%
Other income 254 44 210 477.3 % 15 50 — 11 269 105 164 156 Total	5.2 %
operating 72,940 71,894 1,046 1.5 % 11,857 3,700 4,149 2,550 88,946 78,144 10,802 13. revenue	8 %
Expenses Property 13,572 13,388 184 1.4 % 2,049 993 1,491 1,020 17,112 15,401 1,711 11.	1 %
Net operating \$59,368 \$58,506 \$862 1.5 % \$9,808 \$2,707 \$2,658 \$1,530 71,834 62,743 9,091 14. income (1)	5 %
Other expenses	
General and administrative 8,911 8,380 531 6.3	%
Property	0.0)%
Depreciation and 44 355 38 186 6 169 16	2 %
amortization	.5 %
Total other 53,489 48,010 5,479 11.	
expenses	
Total expenses 70,601 63,411 7,190 11. Other income	3 %
(expense)	
Interest and other 3 2 1 50.) %
ıncome	
Interest expense (12,698) (10,446) (2,252) 21. Loss on	3 70
extinguishment of (13) (13) — —	%
debt	
Gain on the sales of rental property, 3,239 17,563 (14,324) (81	6 \0%
net 3,239 17,303 (14,324) (81	.0)%
Total other income	2 2 \07
(expense) (9,469) 7,106 (16,575) (23	
Net income \$8,876 \$21,839 \$(12,963) (59)	.4)%

For a detailed discussion of NOI, including the reasons management believes NOI is useful to investors, see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below.

Net Income

Net income for our total portfolio decreased by \$13.0 million or 59.4% to \$8.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$21.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Same Store Total Operating Revenue

Same store total operating revenue consists primarily of (i) rental income consisting of base rent, straight-line rent and above and below market lease amortization from our properties, and (ii) tenant reimbursements for insurance, real estate taxes and certain other expenses ("tenant recoveries").

For a detailed reconciliation of our same store total operating revenue to net income, see the table above.

Same store rental income increased by \$1.3 million or 2.2% to \$61.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$60.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. Approximately \$2.4 million of the increase was attributable to rental increases due to new leases and renewals of existing tenants. This increase was partially offset by an approximately \$1.1 million decrease due to a reduction of base rent due to tenants downsizing their spaces and vacancies.

Same store tenant recoveries decreased by \$0.5 million or 4.3% to \$10.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$11.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. The decrease was primarily attributable to one of our properties where it was determined, during the three months ended September 30, 2017, that the tenant will not be able to meet its requirements set forth by the taxing authority to be entitled to an abatement of real estate taxes. The abatement was applicable to prior periods, and therefore the expense and related recovery recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2017 includes 36 months of real estate taxes, which attributed to approximately \$0.6 million of the decrease in same store tenant recoveries as it did not recur for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Additionally, approximately \$0.3 million of the decrease related to the vacancy of previously occupied buildings and decreases in real estate taxes levied by the taxing authority. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of approximately \$0.4 million related to increases in occupancy and real estate taxes levied by the taxing authority.

Same Store Operating Expenses

Same store operating expenses consist primarily of property operating expenses and real estate taxes and insurance.

For a detailed reconciliation of our same store operating expenses to net income, see the table above.

Total same store operating expenses increased by \$0.2 million or 1.4% to \$13.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$13.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. This increase was primarily related to increases in general repairs and maintenance and utilities expense of approximately \$0.4 million and an increase in real estate taxes levied by the related taxing authority of approximately \$0.1 million. Additionally during the three months ended September 30, 2017 approximately \$0.3 million of previously recorded bad debt reserve was reversed, which did not recur during the three months ended September 30, 2018. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in real estate taxes attributable to one of our properties where it was determined, during the three months ended September 30, 2017, that the tenant will not be able to meet its requirements set forth by the taxing authority to be entitled to an abatement of real estate taxes. The abatement was applicable to prior periods, and therefore the expense and related recovery recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2017 includes 36 months of real estate taxes, which attributed to approximately \$0.6 million of the decrease in same store operating expenses as it did not recur for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Acquisitions and Dispositions Net Operating Income

For a detailed reconciliation of our acquisitions and dispositions NOI to net income, see the table above.

Subsequent to June 30, 2017, we acquired 53 buildings consisting of approximately 10.5 million square feet (excluding four buildings that were included in the Value Add Portfolio at September 30, 2018 or transferred from the Value Add Portfolio to the Operating Portfolio after June 30, 2017), and sold 18 buildings consisting of approximately 3.7 million square feet. For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the buildings acquired after June 30, 2017 contributed approximately \$9.8 million and \$0.2 million to NOI, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the buildings sold after June 30, 2017 contributed approximately \$(8,000) and \$2.5 million to NOI, respectively. Refer to Note 3 in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion regarding buildings acquired or sold.

Other Net Operating Income

Our other assets include our flex/office buildings, Value Add Portfolio, and Operating Portfolio buildings with expansions placed in service or transferred from the Value Add Portfolio to the Operating Portfolio after June 30, 2017. Other NOI also includes termination income from buildings in our same store portfolio.

For a detailed reconciliation of our other NOI to net income, see the table above.

At September 30, 2018, we owned nine flex/office buildings consisting of approximately 0.6 million square feet, four buildings in our Value Add Portfolio consisting of approximately 0.8 million square feet, and six buildings consisting of approximately 1.8 million square feet that were Operating Portfolio buildings with expansions placed in service or transferred from the Value Add Portfolio to the Operating Portfolio after June 30, 2017. These buildings contributed approximately \$2.5 million and \$1.3 million to NOI for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Additionally, there was \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million of termination fee income from certain buildings in our same store portfolio for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Total Other Expenses

Total other expenses consist of general and administrative expenses, property acquisition costs, depreciation and amortization, and other expenses.

Total other expenses increased \$5.5 million or 11.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2018 to \$53.5 million compared to \$48.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. This is primarily a result of an increase in depreciation and amortization of approximately \$6.2 million as a result of acquisitions increased the depreciable asset base. General and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$0.5 million due to increases in compensation and other payroll costs. Additionally, other expenses increased by approximately \$0.2 million primarily due to a gain on incentive fee of approximately \$0.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2017 due to the finalization of a one-time incentive fee payable to Columbus Nova Real Estate Acquisition Group, LLC, which did not recur during the three months ended September 30, 2018. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in property acquisition costs of approximately \$1.4 million due to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2017-01, as discussed in Note 2 of the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Total Other Income (Expense)

Total other income (expense) consists of interest and other income, interest expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, and gain on the sales of rental property, net. Interest expense includes interest incurred during the period as well as adjustments related to amortization of financing fees and debt issuance costs, and amortization of fair market value adjustments associated with the assumption of debt.

Total net other income decreased \$16.6 million or 233.3% to a net other expense position of \$9.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared a net other income of \$7.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. This decrease is primarily the result of a decrease in the gain on the sales of rental property, net of approximately \$14.3 million. This decrease is also attributable to an increase in interest expense of approximately \$2.3 million which was primarily attributable to the issuance of new unsecured term loans and unsecured notes as discussed in Note 4 of the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to the nine months ended September 30, 2017

We define same store properties as properties that were in the Operating Portfolio for the entirety of the comparative periods presented. Same store properties exclude Operating Portfolio properties with expansions placed into service after December 31, 2016. On September 30, 2018, we owned 278 industrial buildings consisting of approximately 55.1 million square feet, which represents approximately 73.1% of our total portfolio, that are considered our same store portfolio in the analysis below. Same store occupancy decreased approximately 0.4% to 95.6% as of September 30, 2018 compared to 96.0% as of September 30, 2017.

The following table summarizes selected operating information for our same store portfolio and our total portfolio for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (dollars in thousands). This table includes a reconciliation from our same store portfolio to our total portfolio by also providing information for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 with respect to the buildings acquired and disposed of and Operating Portfolio buildings with expansions placed into service or transferred from the Value Add Portfolio to the Operating Portfolio after December 31, 2016 and our flex/office buildings and Value Add Portfolio.

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	Same Store Portfolio			Acquisitions/Disposithens			Total Portfolio						
	Nine months ended Change e		Nine months ended September a0, September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		Change					
	2018	2017	\$	%		30, 2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	\$	%
Revenue Operating revenue													
Rental income	\$162,063	\$158,798	\$3,265	2.1	%	\$44,984	\$21,629	\$10,180	\$6,194	\$217,227	\$186,621	\$30,606	16.4
Tenant recoveries	28,341	27,519	822	3.0	%	8,693	4,004	2,409	1,429	39,443	32,952	6,491	19.7
Other income	725	118	607	514.4	%	216	70	92	56	1,033	244	789	323.4
Total operating revenue Expenses	191,129	186,435	4,694	2.5	%	53,893	25,703	12,681	7,679	257,703	219,817	37,886	17.2
Property Net	35,947	33,839	2,108	6.2	%	10,337	5,317	4,451	3,156	50,735	42,312	8,423	19.9
operating income (1)	\$155,182	\$152,596	\$2,586	1.7	%	\$43,556	\$20,386	\$8,230	\$4,523	206,968	177,505	29,463	16.6
Other expenses													
General a										25,637	25,090	547	2.2
Property a costs	acquisition									_	4,684	(4,684)	(100.0
Depreciat amortizati										125,221	110,286	14,935	13.5
Loss on impairmen										2,934	_	2,934	100.0
•	nvoluntary									_	330	(330)	(100.0
Other exp	enses er expenses enses ome									864 154,656 205,391	1,502 141,892 184,204	(638) 12,764 21,187	(42.5 9.0 11.5
Interest ar										16	10	6	60.0
Interest ex Loss on	rpense									(35,602) (31,557	(4,045)	12.8
extinguish debt	nment of									(13) (15	2	(13.3
Gain on the rental project	ne sales of perty, net									32,276	19,225	13,051	67.9
Total other (expense)										(3,323) (12,337	9,014	73.1

Net income \$48,989 \$23,276 \$25,713 110.5

For a detailed discussion of NOI, including the reasons management believes NOI is useful to investors, see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below.

Net Income

Net income for our total portfolio increased by \$25.7 million or 110.5% to \$49.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$23.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Same Store Total Operating Revenue

Same store total operating revenue consists primarily of (i) rental income consisting of base rent, straight-line rent and above and below market lease amortization from our properties, and (ii) tenant recoveries.

For a detailed reconciliation of our same store total operating revenue to net income, see the table above.

Same store rental income increased by \$3.3 million or 2.1% to \$162.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$158.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Approximately \$5.9 million of the increase was attributable to rental increases due to new leases and renewals of existing tenants. Same store rental income also increased by approximately \$0.5 million due to a net decrease in the amortization of net above market leases. These increases were partially offset by an approximately \$3.1 million decrease due to a reduction of base rent due to tenants downsizing their spaces and vacancies.

Same store tenant recoveries increased by \$0.8 million or 3.0% to \$28.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$27.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Approximately \$2.7 million of the increase was primarily due to increases in occupancy and real estate taxes levied by the taxing authority, as well as changes to lease terms where we began paying the real estate taxes and operating expenses on behalf of tenants that had previously paid its taxes and operating expenses directly to respective vendors. This increase was partially offset by a decrease of approximately \$1.3 million related to vacancy of previously occupied buildings and decreases in real estate taxes levied by the taxing authority. These increases were also partially offset by one of our properties where it was determined, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, that the tenant will not be able to meet its requirements set forth by the taxing authority to be entitled to an abatement of real estate taxes. The abatement was applicable to prior periods, and therefore the expense and related recovery recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 includes 36 months of real estate taxes, which attributed to approximately \$0.6 million of the decrease in same store tenant recoveries as it did not recur for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Same Store Operating Expenses

Same store operating expenses consist primarily of property operating expenses and real estate taxes and insurance.

For a detailed reconciliation of our same store operating expenses to net income, see the table above.

Total same store operating expenses increased by \$2.1 million or 6.2% to \$35.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$33.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This increase was primarily related to increases in general repairs and maintenance expense of approximately \$0.4 million, an increase in real estate taxes levied by the related taxing authority of approximately \$0.8 million, an increase of approximately \$0.6 million in snow removal and utilities expenses, and an increase of approximately \$0.6 million of bad debt expense. Additionally during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 approximately \$0.3 million of previously recorded bad debt reserve was reversed, which did not recur during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in real estate taxes attributable to one of our properties where it was determined, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, that the tenant will not be able to meet its requirements set forth by the taxing authority to be entitled to an abatement of real estate taxes. The abatement was

applicable to prior periods, and therefore the expense and related recovery recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 includes 36 months of real estate taxes, which attributed to approximately \$0.6 million of the decrease in same store operating expenses as it did not recur for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Acquisitions and Dispositions Net Operating Income

For a detailed reconciliation of our acquisitions and dispositions NOI to net income, see the table above.

Subsequent to December 31, 2016, we acquired 83 buildings consisting of approximately 17.0 million square feet (excluding six buildings that were included in the Value Add Portfolio at September 30, 2018 or transferred from the Value Add Portfolio to the Operating Portfolio after December 31, 2016), and sold 22 buildings consisting of approximately 3.9 million square feet. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, the buildings acquired after December 31, 2016 contributed approximately \$42.2 million and \$12.1 million to NOI, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and

September 30, 2017, the buildings sold after December 31, 2016 contributed approximately \$1.4 million and \$8.3 million to NOI, respectively. Refer to Note 3 in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion regarding buildings acquired or sold.

Other Net Operating Income

Our other assets include our flex/office buildings, Value Add Portfolio, and Operating Portfolio buildings with expansions placed in service or transferred from the Value Add Portfolio to the Operating Portfolio after December 31, 2016. Other NOI also includes termination income from buildings from our same store portfolio.

For a detailed reconciliation of our other NOI to net income, see the table above.

At September 30, 2018 we owned nine flex/office buildings consisting of approximately 0.6 million square feet, four buildings in our Value Add Portfolio consisting of approximately 0.8 million square feet, and seven buildings consisting of approximately 2.0 million square feet that were Operating Portfolio buildings with expansions placed in service or transferred from the Value Add Portfolio to the Operating Portfolio after December 31, 2016. These buildings contributed approximately \$7.8 million and \$3.8 million to NOI for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. Additionally, there was \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million of termination fee income from certain buildings in our same store portfolio for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively.

Total Other Expenses

Total other expenses consist of general and administrative expenses, property acquisition costs, depreciation and amortization, loss on impairments, loss on involuntary conversion, and other expenses.

Total other expenses increased \$12.8 million or 9.0% to \$154.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$141.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This is primarily a result of an increase in depreciation and amortization of approximately \$14.9 million as a result of acquisitions that increased the depreciable asset base. The increase was also attributable to two buildings that were impaired in the amount of approximately \$2.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, whereas there were no buildings impaired during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. General and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$0.5 million due to increases in compensation and other payroll costs. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in property acquisition costs of approximately \$4.7 million due to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2017-01, as discussed in Note 2 of the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Additionally, loss on involuntary conversion decreased approximately \$0.3 million as there were no involuntary conversion events during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, and other expenses decreased by approximately \$0.6 million primarily due to the finalization of a one-time incentive fee during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 payable to Columbus Nova Real Estate Acquisition Group, LLC, which did not recur for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Total Other Income (Expense)

Total other income (expense) consists of interest and other income, interest expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, and gain on the sales of rental property, net. Interest expense includes interest incurred during the period as well as adjustments related to amortization of financing fees and debt issuance costs, and amortization of fair market value adjustments associated with the assumption of debt.

Total other expenses decreased \$9.0 million or 73.1% to \$3.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$12.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This decrease was primarily the result of an increase in the gain on the sales of rental property of approximately \$13.1 million. This was partially offset by an increase in interest expense of approximately \$4.0 million which was primarily attributable to a higher unsecured credit facility balance during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017, and the issuance of new unsecured term loans and unsecured notes as discussed in Note 4 of the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The increase in interest expense was slightly offset by the repayment of several mortgage notes during the year ended December 31, 2017.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In this report, we disclose funds from operations ("FFO") and NOI, which meet the definition of "non-GAAP financial measures" as set forth in Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). As a result, we are required to include in this report a statement of why management believes that presentation of these measures provides useful information to investors.

Funds From Operations

FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP) as an indication of our performance, and we believe that to understand our performance further, FFO should be compared with our reported net income (loss) in accordance with GAAP, as presented in our consolidated financial statements included in this report.

We calculate FFO in accordance with the standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"). FFO represents GAAP net income (loss), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating buildings, impairment write-downs of depreciable real estate, real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs and fair market value of debt adjustment) and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

Management uses FFO as a supplemental performance measure because it is a widely recognized measure of the performance of REITs. FFO may be used by investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs.

However, because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization and captures neither the changes in the value of our buildings that result from use or market conditions nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our buildings, all of which have real economic effects and could materially impact our results from operations, the utility of FFO as a measure of our performance is limited. In addition, other REITs may not calculate FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition, and, accordingly, our FFO may not be comparable to such other REITs' FFO. FFO should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, and is not indicative of funds available for our cash needs, including our ability to pay dividends.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of our FFO attributable to common stockholders and unit holders for the periods presented to net income, the nearest GAAP equivalent.

	Three mo ended Sep 30,		Nine mont September	
Reconciliation of Net Income to FFO (in thousands)	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income	\$8,876	\$21,839	\$48,989	\$23,276
Rental property depreciation and amortization	44,281	38,114	124,999	110,069
Loss on impairments	_		2,934	
Gain on the sales of rental property, net	(3,239)	(17,563)	(32,276)	(19,225)
FFO	49,918	42,390	144,646	114,120
Preferred stock dividends	(1,289)	(2,449)	(6,315)	(7,345)
Redemption of preferred stock	_	_	(2,661)	
FFO attributable to common stockholders and unit holders	\$48,629	\$39,941	\$135,670	\$106,775

Net Operating Income

We consider NOI to be an appropriate supplemental performance measure to net income (loss) because we believe it helps investors and management understand the core operations of our buildings. NOI is defined as rental revenue, including reimbursements and other income, less property expenses and real estate taxes and insurance. NOI should not be viewed as an alternative measure of our financial performance since it excludes expenses which could materially impact our results of operations. Further, our NOI may not be comparable to that of other real estate companies, as they may use different methodologies for calculating NOI.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of our NOI for the periods presented to net income, the nearest GAAP equivalent.

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine mont		
Reconciliation of Net Income to NOI (in thousands)	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Net income	\$8,876	\$21,839	\$48,989	\$23,276	
Asset management fee income	_	(9)	_	(52)	
General and administrative	8,911	8,380	25,637	25,090	
Property acquisition costs	94	1,386	170	4,684	
Depreciation and amortization	44,355	38,186	125,221	110,286	
Interest and other income	(3)	(2)	(16)	(10)	
Interest expense	12,698	10,446	35,602	31,557	
Loss on impairments	_		2,934		
Loss on involuntary conversion	_			330	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	13	13	13	15	
Other expenses	129	260	694	813	
(Gain) loss on incentive fee	_	(202)		689	
Gain on the sales of rental property, net	(3,239)	(17,563)	(32,276)	(19,225)	
Net operating income	\$71,834	\$62,734	\$206,968	\$177,453	

Cash Flows

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to the nine months ended September 30, 2017

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

	Nine mon	ths ended	Change		
	Septembe	r 30,	Change		
Cash Flows (dollars in thousands)	2018	2017	\$	%	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$148,610	\$120,034	\$28,576	23.8	%
Net cash used in investing activities	\$393,250	\$468,294	\$(75,044)	(16.0)%
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$227,766	\$341,042	\$(113,276)	(33.2)%

Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$28.6 million to \$148.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$120.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The increase was primarily attributable to incremental operating cash flows from property acquisitions completed after December 31, 2016, and operating performance at existing properties. These increases were partially offset by the loss of cash flows from property dispositions completed after December 31, 2016 and fluctuations in working capital due to timing of payments and rental receipts.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased \$75.0 million to \$393.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$468.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The decreased cash outflow was primarily due to the acquisition of 36 buildings for a total cash consideration of approximately \$458.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the acquisition of 42 buildings for a total cash consideration of approximately \$485.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The decrease is also attributable to the sale of 11 buildings during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 for net proceeds of approximately \$89.4 million, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017 where we sold nine buildings

for net proceeds of approximately \$43.5 million.

Net cash provided by financing activities decreased \$113.3 million to \$227.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$341.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The decrease was primarily due to an increase in net cash outflow on our unsecured credit facility of approximately \$393.0 million and a decrease in proceeds from sales of common stock of approximately \$63.2 million, as well as an approximately \$13.5 million increase in dividends paid during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the redemption of the 6.625% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series B Preferred Stock") of \$70.0 million on July 11, 2018. These increases in net cash outflow were partially offset by the \$150.0 million draw on the unsecured term loan that was entered into on July 28, 2017, the funding of the unsecured notes that were entered into on April 10, 2018 of \$175.0 million, as well as a decrease in the repayment of mortgage notes of approximately \$103.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We believe that our liquidity needs will be satisfied through cash flows generated by operations, disposition proceeds, and financing activities. Operating cash flow is primarily rental income, expense recoveries from tenants, and other income from operations and is our principal source of funds that we use to pay operating expenses, debt service, recurring capital expenditures and the distributions required to maintain our REIT qualification. We look to the capital markets (common equity, preferred equity, and debt) to primarily fund our acquisition activity. We seek to increase cash flows from our properties by maintaining quality standards for our buildings that promote high occupancy rates and permit increases in rental rates while reducing tenant turnover and controlling operating expenses. We believe that our revenue, together with proceeds from building sales and debt and equity financings, will continue to provide funds for our short-term and medium-term liquidity needs.

Our short-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of funds to pay for operating expenses and other expenditures directly associated with our buildings, including interest expense, interest rate swap payments, scheduled principal payments on outstanding indebtedness, funding of property acquisitions under contract, general and administrative expenses, and capital expenditures for tenant improvements and leasing commissions.

Our long-term liquidity needs, in addition to recurring short-term liquidity needs as discussed above, consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for acquisitions, non-recurring capital expenditures, and scheduled debt maturities. We intend to satisfy our long-term liquidity needs through cash flow from operations, the issuance of equity or debt securities, other borrowings, property dispositions, or, in connection with acquisitions of certain additional buildings, the issuance of common units in the Operating Partnership.

As of September 30, 2018, we had total immediate liquidity of approximately \$580.4 million, comprised of \$6.0 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$574.4 million of immediate availability on our unsecured credit facility and unsecured term loans.

In addition, we require funds for future dividends to be paid to our common and preferred stockholders and common unit holders in our Operating Partnership. The table below sets forth the dividends attributable to our outstanding common stock that had a record date during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. These distributions on our common stock are voluntary (at the discretion of our board of directors), to the extent we have satisfied distribution requirements in order to maintain our REIT status for federal income tax purposes, and may be reduced or stopped if needed to fund other liquidity requirements or for other reasons.

Month Ended 2018	Declaration Date	Record Date	Per Share	Payment Date
September 30	July 11, 2018	September 28, 2018	\$0.118333	October 15, 2018
August 31	July 11, 2018	August 31, 2018	0.118333	September 17, 2018
July 31	July 11, 2018	July 31, 2018	0.118333	August 15, 2018
June 30	April 10, 2018	June 29, 2018	0.118333	July 16, 2018
May 31	April 10, 2018	May 31, 2018	0.118333	June 15, 2018
April 30	April 10, 2018	April 30, 2018	0.118333	May 15, 2018
March 31	November 2, 2017	March 29, 2018	0.118333	April 16, 2018
February 28	November 2, 2017	February 28, 2018	0.118333	March 15, 2018
January 31	November 2, 2017	January 31, 2018	0.118333	February 15, 2018
Total			\$1.064997	

On October 10, 2018, our board of directors declared the common stock dividends for the months ending October 31, 2018, November 30, 2018 and December 31, 2018 at a monthly rate of \$0.118333 per share of common stock.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we paid quarterly cumulative dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock and the 6.875% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series C Preferred Stock," and together with Series B Preferred Stock, the "Preferred Stock Issuances") at a rate equivalent to the fixed annual rate of \$1.65625 and \$1.71875 per share, respectively. The table below sets forth the dividends on the Preferred Stock Issuances during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

		Series B	Series C	
Quarter Ended 2018	Declaration Data	Preferred	Preferred	Payment
Quarter Effueu 2018	Declaration Date	Stock	Stock	Date
		Per Share	Per Share	
September 30	July 11, 2018	\$ 0.0460069 (1)	\$ 0.4296875	October 1, 2018
June 30	April 10, 2018	0.4140625	0.4296875	July 2, 2018
March 31	February 14, 2018	0.4140625	0.4296875	April 2, 2018
Total		\$ 0.8741319	\$ 1.2890625	

On June 11, 2018, we gave notice to redeem all 2,800,000 issued and outstanding shares of the Series B Preferred (1)Stock. On July 11, 2018, we redeemed all of the Series B Preferred Stock at a cash redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends to but excluding the redemption date, without interest.

On October 10, 2018, our board of directors declared the Series C Preferred Stock dividends for the quarter ending December 31, 2018 at a quarterly rate of \$0.4296875 per share.

Indebtedness Outstanding

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to our indebtedness outstanding as of September 30, 2018.

Loan Lineacured andit facility	Principal Outstanding (in thousands)	Interest Rate (1)		Maturity Date	Prepayment Terms (2)
Unsecured credit facility:		L+			
Unsecured Credit Facility (3)	\$95,000	1.05%		Jan-15-2023	i
Total unsecured credit facility	95,000				
Unsecured term loans:					
Unsecured Term Loan C	150,000	L + 1.30%		Sep-29-2020	i
Unsecured Term Loan B	150,000	L + 1.30%		Mar-21-2021	i
Unsecured Term Loan A	150,000	L + 1.30%		Mar-31-2022	i
Unsecured Term Loan D	150,000	L + 1.30%		Jan-04-2023	i
Unsecured Term Loan E (4)	_	L + 1.20%		Jan-15-2024	i
Total unsecured term loans	600,000				
Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees and debt issuance costs	(3,915)				
Total carrying value unsecured term loans, net	596,085				
Unsecured notes:					
Series F Unsecured Notes	100,000	3.98	%	Jan-05-2023	ii
Series A Unsecured Notes	50,000	4.98	%	Oct-1-2024	ii
Series D Unsecured Notes	100,000	4.32	% ~	Feb-20-2025	ii
Series G Unsecured Notes	75,000	4.10	%	Jun-13-2025	ii
Series B Unsecured Notes	50,000	4.98	%	Jul-1-2026	ii
Series C Unsecured Notes	80,000	4.42	% ~	Dec-30-2026	
Series E Unsecured Notes Series H Unsecured Notes	20,000 100,000	4.42 4.27	% %	Feb-20-2027 Jun-13-2028	
Total unsecured notes	575,000	4.27	%	Juli-13-2028	11
Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees and	•				
debt issuance costs	(2,611)				
Total carrying value unsecured notes, net	572,389				
Mortgage notes (secured debt):					
Wells Fargo Bank, National Association CMBS Loan	53.652	4.31	%	Dec-1-2022	iii
Thrivent Financial for Lutherans	3,824	4.78	%	Dec-15-2023	
Total mortgage notes	57,476	5	, 0	2020	
Add: Total unamortized fair market value premiums	52				

Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees and

(535 debt issuance costs

56,993 Total carrying value mortgage notes, net

Total / weighted average interest rate (5) \$1,320,467 3.69

Interest rate as of September 30, 2018. At September 30, 2018, the one-month LIBOR ("L") was 2.26056%. The interest rate is not adjusted to include the amortization of deferred financing fees or debt issuance costs incurred in

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- (1) obtaining debt or any unamortized fair market value premiums. The spread over the applicable rate for our unsecured credit facility and unsecured term loans is based on our consolidated leverage ratio, as defined in the respective loan agreements.
 - Prepayment terms consist of (i) pre-payable with no penalty; (ii) pre-payable with penalty; (iii) pre-payable without
- (2) penalty three months prior to the maturity date, however can be defeased beginning January 1, 2016; and (iv) pre-payable without penalty three months prior to the maturity date.
- (3) The capacity of the unsecured credit facility is \$500.0 million.
- (4) Capacity of \$175.0 million, which we have until July 25, 2019 to draw.

The weighted average interest rate was calculated using the fixed interest rate swapped on the notional amount of \$600.0 million of debt that was in effect as of September 30, 2018, and is not adjusted to include the amortization

of deferred financing fees or debt issuance costs incurred in obtaining debt or any unamortized fair market value premiums.

The aggregate undrawn nominal commitments on the unsecured credit facility and unsecured term loans as of September 30, 2018 was approximately \$574.4 million, including issued letters of credit. Our actual borrowing capacity at any given point in time may be less and is restricted to a maximum amount based on our debt covenant compliance.

Our unsecured credit facility, unsecured term loans, unsecured notes, and mortgage notes are subject to ongoing compliance with a number of financial and other covenants. As of September 30, 2018, we were in compliance with the applicable financial covenants.

On July 26, 2018, we closed on the refinancing of the unsecured credit facility. The refinancing transaction included extending the maturity date to January 15, 2023, increasing the capacity to \$500.0 million, and reducing the annual interest rate. As of September 30, 2018, the interest rate on the unsecured credit facility was LIBOR plus a spread of 1.05% based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, as defined in the credit agreement.

On July 26, 2018, we entered into a \$175.0 million unsecured term loan agreement. As of September 30, 2018, the interest rate on the new term loan was LIBOR plus a spread of 1.20% based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, as defined in the loan agreement. On July 24, 2018, we entered into four interest rate swaps with a total notional amount of \$175.0 million to fix LIBOR at 2.9187% on the new unsecured term loan. The interest rate swaps will become effective on July 26, 2019 and expire on January 12, 2024.

On July 26, 2018, we entered into amendments to our unsecured term loan agreements to conform certain provisions to the new unsecured term loan agreement and the new unsecured credit facility agreement.

On April 10, 2018, we entered into a note purchase agreement for the private placement by the Operating Partnership of \$75.0 million senior unsecured notes ("Series G Unsecured Notes") maturing June 13, 2025 with a fixed annual interest rate of 4.10%, and \$100.0 million senior unsecured notes ("Series H Unsecured Notes") maturing June 13, 2028 with a fixed annual interest rate of 4.27%. We issued the Series G Unsecured Notes and the Series H Unsecured Notes on June 13, 2018. In addition, on April 10, 2018, we entered into amendments to the note purchase agreements related to our outstanding unsecured notes to conform certain provisions in the agreements to the provisions in the new note purchase agreement.

On March 28, 2018, we drew \$75.0 million of the \$150.0 million unsecured term loan that was entered into on July 28, 2017. On July 27, 2018, we drew the remaining \$75.0 million of the \$150.0 million unsecured term loan.

The chart below details our debt capital structure as of September 30, 2018.

Debt Capital Structure	September		
Debt Capital Structure	30, 2018	3	
Total principal outstanding (in thousands)	\$1,327,	476	
Weighted average duration (years)	4.9		
% Secured debt	4	%	
% Debt maturing next 12 months	_	%	
Net Debt to Real Estate Cost Basis (1)	39	%	

We define Net Debt as our amounts outstanding under our unsecured credit facility, unsecured term loans, unsecured notes, and mortgage notes, less cash and cash equivalents. We define Real Estate Cost Basis as the book value of rental property and deferred leasing intangibles, exclusive of the related accumulated depreciation and amortization.

We regularly pursue new financing opportunities to ensure an appropriate balance sheet position. As a result of these dedicated efforts, we are confident in our ability to meet future debt maturities and building acquisition funding needs. We believe that our current balance sheet is in an adequate position at the date of this filing, despite possible volatility in the credit markets.

Our interest rate exposure as it relates to interest expense payments on our floating rate debt is managed through our use of interest rate swaps, which fix the rate of our long term floating rate debt. For a detailed discussion on our use of interest rate swaps, see "Interest Rate Risk" below.

Equity

Preferred Stock

On June 11, 2018, we gave notice to redeem all 2,800,000 issued and outstanding shares of the Series B Preferred Stock. We recognized a deemed dividend to the holders of the Series B Preferred Stock of approximately \$2.7 million on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 related to

redemption costs and the original issuance costs of the Series B Preferred Stock. On July 11, 2018, we redeemed all of the Series B Preferred Stock.

The table below sets forth our outstanding preferred stock issuances as of September 30, 2018.

Preferred Stock Issuances	Issuance Date	Number of Shares	Value Per Share	Interest Rate
Series C Preferred Stock	March 17, 2016	3,000,000	\$ 25.00	6.875%

The Series C Preferred Stock ranks senior to our common stock with respect to dividend rights and rights upon the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs. The Series C Preferred Stock has no stated maturity date and is not subject to mandatory redemption or any sinking fund. Generally, we are not permitted to redeem the Series C Preferred Stock prior to March 17, 2021, except in limited circumstances relating to our ability to qualify as a REIT and in certain other circumstances related to a change of control.

Common Stock

The following sets forth our at-the-market ("ATM") common stock offering program as of September 30, 2018. We may from time to time sell common stock through sales agents under the program.

ATM Common Stock Offering Program	Date	Maximum Aggregate Offering Price (in thousands)	Aggregate Common Stock Available as of September 30, 2018 (in thousands)
2017 \$500 million ATM	November 13, 2017	\$ 500,000	\$ 213,217

The table below set forth the activity for the ATM common stock offering programs during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 (in thousands, except share data).

	Three months ended September 30, 2018						
	Weighted						
ATM Common Stock Offering Program	Shares	Average	Gross	Sales	Net		
ATM Common Stock Offering Frogram	Sold	Price	Proceeds	Agents' Fee	e Proceeds		
		Per Share					
2017 \$500 million ATM	3,568,382	\$ 27.94	\$99,695	\$ 1,129	\$98,566		
Total/weighted average	3,568,382	\$ 27.94	\$99,695	\$ 1,129	\$98,566		
	Nine mont	hs ended Se	eptember 3	30, 2018			
		Weighted					
ATM Common Stock Offician Duo suom	Shares	Average	Gross	Sales	Net		
ATM Common Stock Offering Program	Sold	Price	Proceeds	Agents' F	ee Proceeds		
		Per Share					
2017 \$500 million ATM	10,387,962	\$ 26.61	\$276,45	7 \$ 2,888	\$273,569		
Total/weighted average	10,387,962	\$ 26.61	\$276,45	7 \$ 2,888	\$273,569		
	, ,		. ,	. ,			

Noncontrolling Interest

We own our interests in all of our properties and conduct substantially all of our business through our Operating Partnership. We are the sole member of the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. As of September 30, 2018, we owned approximately 96.4% of the common units of our Operating Partnership, and our current and former executive officers, directors, senior employees and their affiliates, and third parties who contributed properties to us in exchange for common units in our Operating Partnership, owned the remaining 3.6%.

Interest Rate Risk

We use interest rate swaps to fix the rate of our variable rate debt. As of September 30, 2018, all of our outstanding variable rate debt, with the exception of our unsecured credit facility, was fixed with interest rate swaps.

We recognize all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. If the derivative is designated as a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of derivatives are either offset against the change in fair value of the hedged assets, liabilities, or firm commitments through earnings or recognized in other comprehensive income (loss), which is a component of equity. Derivatives that are not designated as hedges must be adjusted to fair value and the changes in fair value must be reflected as income or expense.

We have established criteria for suitable counterparties in relation to various specific types of risk. We only use counterparties that have a credit rating of no lower than investment grade at swap inception from Moody's Investor Services, Standard & Poor's, or Fitch Ratings or other nationally recognized rating agencies.

The following table details our outstanding interest rate swaps as of September 30, 2018.

-			Notional	Fair	Pay	ъ .	
Interest Rate	m 1 b	Effective	Amount	Value	Fixed	Receive	Maturity
Derivative Counterparty	Trade Date	Date	(in	(in	Interest	Variable	Date
r			thousands)	`		Interest Rate	
Regions Bank	Mar-01-2013	Mar-01-2013	\$25,000	\$ 471	,	One-month L	Feb-14-2020
Capital One, N.A.	Jun-13-2013	Jul-01-2013	\$50,000	\$ 703	1.6810%	One-month L	Feb-14-2020
Capital One, N.A.	Jun-13-2013	Aug-01-2013		\$ 344	1.7030%	One-month L	Feb-14-2020
Regions Bank	Sep-30-2013	Feb-03-2014	\$25,000	\$ 245	1.9925%	One-month L	Feb-14-2020
The Toronto-Dominion	•				1 2020 %	0 17	g 20 2020
Bank	Oct-14-2015	Sep-29-2016	\$25,000	\$ 700	1.3830%	One-month L	Sep-29-2020
PNC Bank, N.A.	Oct-14-2015	Sep-29-2016	\$50,000	\$ 1,391	1.3906%	One-month L	Sep-29-2020
Regions Bank	Oct-14-2015	Sep-29-2016	\$35,000	\$ 978		One-month L	Sep-29-2020
U.S. Bank, N.A.	Oct-14-2015	Sep-29-2016	\$25,000	\$ 695	1.3950%	One-month L	Sep-29-2020
Capital One, N.A.	Oct-14-2015	Sep-29-2016	\$15,000	\$ 417	1.3950%	One-month L	Sep-29-2020
Royal Bank of Canada	Jan-08-2015	Mar-20-2015	\$25,000	\$ 684	1.7090%	One-month L	Mar-21-2021
The Toronto-Dominion	Jan-08-2015	Mon 20 2015	¢ 25 000	\$ 682	1 71050/	One-month L	Mar-21-2021
Bank	Jan-08-2013	Mar-20-2015	\$ 23,000	\$ 082	1./103%	One-month L	Mar-21-2021
The Toronto-Dominion	Jan-08-2015	Sep-10-2017	\$100,000	\$ 1,488	2 2255%	One-month L	Mar-21-2021
Bank	Jan-06-2013	Sep-10-2017	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,400	2.2233 %	One-month L	Wiai-21-2021
Wells Fargo, N.A.	Jan-08-2015	Mar-20-2015	\$25,000	\$ 886	1.8280%	One-month L	Mar-31-2022
The Toronto-Dominion	Jan-08-2015	Feb-14-2020	\$25,000	\$ 271	2 1535%	One-month L	Mar-31-2022
Bank	Jan-06-2013	170-14-2020	\$ 23,000	Φ 2/1			Wiai-31-2022
Regions Bank	Jan-08-2015	Feb-14-2020	\$50,000	\$ 520	2.4750%	One-month L	Mar-31-2022
Capital One, N.A.	Jan-08-2015	Feb-14-2020	\$50,000	\$ 467	2.5300%	One-month L	Mar-31-2022
The Toronto-Dominion	Jul-20-2017	Oct-30-2017	\$25,000	\$ 1,054	1 8485%	One-month L	Jan-04-2023
Bank	Jui-20-2017						
Royal Bank of Canada	Jul-20-2017	Oct-30-2017	\$25,000	\$ 1,054		One-month L	Jan-04-2023
Wells Fargo, N.A.	Jul-20-2017	Oct-30-2017	\$25,000	\$ 1,055		One-month L	Jan-04-2023
PNC Bank, N.A.	Jul-20-2017	Oct-30-2017	\$25,000	\$ 1,052		One-month L	Jan-04-2023
PNC Bank, N.A.	Jul-20-2017	Oct-30-2017	\$50,000	\$ 2,105	1.8475%	One-month L	Jan-04-2023
The Toronto-Dominion	Jul-24-2018	Jul-26-2019	\$50,000	\$ 111	2 9180%	One-month L	Jan-12-2024
Bank							
PNC Bank, N.A.	Jul-24-2018	Jul-26-2019	\$50,000	\$ 106		One-month L	Jan-12-2024
Bank of Montreal	Jul-24-2018	Jul-26-2019	\$50,000	\$ 113		One-month L	Jan-12-2024
U.S. Bank, N.A.	Jul-24-2018	Jul-26-2019	\$25,000	\$ 57	2.9190%	One-month L	Jan-12-2024

The swaps outlined in the above table were all designated as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk, and all are valued as Level 2 financial instruments. Level 2 financial instruments are defined as significant other observable inputs. As of September 30, 2018, the fair value of all of our 25 interest rate swaps were in an asset position of approximately \$17.6 million, including any adjustment for nonperformance risk related to these agreements.

As of September 30, 2018, we had \$695.0 million of variable rate debt. As of September 30, 2018, all of our outstanding variable rate debt, with the exception of our unsecured credit facility, was fixed with interest rate swaps. To the extent interest rates increase, interest costs on our floating rate debt not fixed with interest rate swaps will increase, which could adversely affect our cash flow and our ability to pay principal and interest on our debt and our ability to make distributions to our security holders. From time to time, we may enter into interest rate swap agreements and other interest rate hedging contracts, including swaps, caps and floors. In addition, an increase in interest rates could decrease the amounts third parties are willing to pay for our assets, thereby limiting our ability to

change our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2018, we had letters of credit related to development projects and certain other agreements of approximately \$5.6 million. As of September 30, 2018, we had no other material off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Our future income, cash flows and fair values relevant to financial instruments are dependent upon prevailing market interest rates. Market risk refers to the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. The primary market risk we are exposed to is interest rate risk. We have used derivative financial instruments to manage, or hedge, interest rate risks related to our borrowings, primarily through interest rate swaps.

As of September 30, 2018, we had \$695.0 million of variable rate debt outstanding. As of September 30, 2018, all of our outstanding variable rate debt, with the exception of \$95.0 million outstanding under our unsecured credit facility, was fixed with interest rate swaps. To the extent we undertake additional variable rate indebtedness, if interest rates increase, then so will the interest costs on our unhedged variable rate debt, which could adversely affect our cash flow and our ability to pay principal and interest on our debt and our ability to make distributions to our security holders. Further, rising interest rates could limit our ability to refinance

existing debt when it matures or significantly increase our future interest expense. From time to time, we enter into interest rate swap agreements and other interest rate hedging contracts, including swaps, caps and floors. While these agreements are intended to lessen the impact of rising interest rates on us, they also expose us to the risk that the other parties to the agreements will not perform, we could incur significant costs associated with the settlement of the agreements, the agreements will be unenforceable and the underlying transactions will fail to qualify as highly-effective cash flow hedges under GAAP. In addition, an increase in interest rates could decrease the amounts third parties are willing to pay for our assets, thereby limiting our ability to change our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions. If interest rates increased by 100 basis points and assuming we had an outstanding balance of \$95.0 million on our unsecured credit facility (the portion outstanding at September 30, 2018 not fixed by interest rate swaps) for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, our interest expense would have increased by approximately \$0.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), we have evaluated, under the supervision of and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act, as of September 30, 2018. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures for the periods covered by this report were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by our Company in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Controls

There was no change to our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2018 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are a party to various lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. We are not currently a party, as plaintiff or defendant, to any legal proceedings which, individually or in the aggregate, would be expected to have a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations if determined adversely to our company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the SEC on February 15, 2018.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

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T4	_	T2-1-11-14-
Item	o.	Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Document		
	Credit Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2018, by and among STAG Industrial Operating Partnership,		
10.1	L.P., as Borrower, STAG Industrial, Inc., as a Guarantor, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association,		
	as Administrative Agent, and the other lenders party thereto (1)		
	Term Loan Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2018, by and among STAG Industrial Operating		
10.2	Partnership, L.P., as Borrower, STAG Industrial, Inc., as a Guarantor, Wells Fargo Bank, National		
	Association, as Administrative Agent, and the other lenders party thereto (1)		
	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Term Loan Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2018, by		
10.3	and among STAG Industrial Operating Partnership, L.P., as Borrower, STAG Industrial, Inc., as a		
	Guarantor, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and the other lenders		
	party thereto (1)		
10.4	Second Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Term Loan Agreement, dated as of July 26,		
	2018, by and among STAG Industrial Operating Partnership, L.P., as Borrower, STAG Industrial,		
	Inc., as a Guarantor, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and the other		
	lenders party thereto (1)		
10.5	Third Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2018, by and among STAG		
	Industrial Operating Partnership, L.P., as Borrower, STAG Industrial, Inc., as a Guarantor, Wells		
	Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and the other lenders party thereto (1)		
10.6	First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2018, by and among STAG		
10.6	Industrial Operating Partnership, L.P., as Borrower, STAG Industrial, Inc., as a Guarantor, Bank of		
21.1	America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, and the other lenders party thereto (1)		
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C.		
	Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
	The following materials from STAG Industrial, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter		
101 \	ended September 30, 2018 formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the		
101 *	Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Consolidated		

^{*}Filed herewith.

Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Equity, (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) related notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

⁽¹⁾ Incorporated by reference to STAG Industrial, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 31, 2018.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

STAG INDUSTRIAL, INC.

Date: November 1,

2018

BY:/s/ WILLIAM R. CROOKER

William R. Crooker

Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer

and Principal Accounting Officer)