

AMERISAFE INC
Form 10-Q
October 27, 2017

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Commission file number:

001-12251

AMERISAFE, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Texas
(State of Incorporation)

75-2069407
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2301 Highway 190 West, DeRidder, Louisiana 70634
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (337) 463-9052

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past

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90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company,” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of October 24, 2017, there were 19,244,023 shares of the Registrant’s common stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

AMERISAFE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share data)

	September 30, 2017 (unaudited)	December 31, 2016
Assets		
Investments:		
Fixed maturity securities—held-to-maturity, at amortized cost (fair value		
\$610,151 and \$568,931 in 2017 and 2016, respectively)	\$ 598,658	\$ 562,434
Fixed maturity securities—available-for-sale, at fair value (cost \$462,892 and		
\$479,871 in 2017 and 2016, respectively)	467,256	479,097
Equity securities—available-for-sale, at fair value (cost \$7,499 and \$0 in 2017		
and 2016, respectively)	7,801	33
Short-term investments	69,526	29,580
Other investments	1,280	13,330
Total investments	1,144,521	1,084,474
Cash and cash equivalents	80,378	58,936
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	84,958	83,666
Premiums receivable, net of allowance	185,497	183,005
Deferred income taxes	31,572	33,811
Accrued interest receivable	11,235	11,360
Property and equipment, net	6,320	6,636
Deferred policy acquisition costs	20,906	19,300
Other assets	17,861	37,668
Total assets	\$ 1,583,248	\$ 1,518,856
Liabilities and shareholders' equity		
Liabilities:		
Reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 755,026	\$ 742,776
Unearned premiums	165,820	162,028
Reinsurance premiums payable	—	28
Amounts held for others	35,604	31,974
Policyholder deposits	48,003	49,130
Insurance-related assessments	30,293	31,742
Federal income tax payable	1,909	4,017
Accounts payable and other liabilities	41,827	31,510
Payable for investments purchased	9,821	9,501

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Total liabilities	1,088,303	1,062,706
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock: voting—\$0.01 par value authorized shares—50,000,000		
in 2017 and 2016; 20,502,273 and 20,488,385 shares issued and 19,244,023		
and 19,230,135 shares outstanding in 2017 and 2016, respectively	204	204
Additional paid-in capital	209,622	208,390
Treasury stock at cost (1,258,250 shares in 2017 and 2016)	(22,370)	(22,370)
Accumulated earnings	304,456	270,418
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net	3,033	(492)
Total shareholders' equity	494,945	456,150
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,583,248	\$ 1,518,856

See accompanying notes.

AMERISAFE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues				
Gross premiums written	\$87,035	\$88,837	\$269,152	\$292,443
Ceded premiums written	(1,992)	(2,945)	(6,581)	(8,046)
Net premiums written	\$85,043	\$85,892	\$262,571	\$284,397
Net premiums earned	\$85,118	\$89,918	\$258,779	\$276,607
Net investment income	7,788	8,006	21,969	20,251
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	(192)	181	(761)	974
Fee and other income	90	101	284	272
Total revenues	92,804	98,206	280,271	298,104
Expenses				
Loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred	48,394	50,526	151,038	146,413
Underwriting and certain other operating costs	7,218	8,104	23,363	25,325
Commissions	6,030	6,362	18,424	19,731
Salaries and benefits	6,033	6,298	18,899	18,403
Policyholder dividends	1,573	889	4,107	3,195
Total expenses	69,248	72,179	215,831	213,067
Income before income taxes	23,556	26,027	64,440	85,037
Income tax expense	6,979	8,131	18,858	26,245
Net income	\$16,577	\$17,896	\$45,582	\$58,792
Net income available to common shareholders	\$16,577	\$17,896	\$45,582	\$58,792
Earnings per share				
Basic	\$0.86	\$0.94	\$2.38	\$3.08
Diluted	\$0.86	\$0.93	\$2.37	\$3.06
Shares used in computing earnings per share				
Basic	19,171,912	19,121,947	19,161,529	19,092,298
Diluted	19,236,114	19,190,191	19,235,955	19,186,398
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$0.20	\$0.18	\$0.60	\$0.54

See accompanying notes.

AMERISAFE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income	\$16,577	\$17,896	\$45,582	\$58,792
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities, net of tax	617	(1,713)	3,525	4,009
Comprehensive income	\$17,194	\$16,183	\$49,107	\$62,801

See accompanying notes.

AMERISAFE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amounts	Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock Shares	Treasury Stock Amounts	Accumulated Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	20,488,385	\$ 204	\$ 208,390	(1,258,250)	\$(22,370)	\$ 270,418	\$ (492)	\$ 456,150
Comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	45,582	3,525	49,107
Restricted common stock								
issued	13,888	—	396	—	—	—	—	396
Share-based compensation	—	—	836	—	—	—	—	836
Dividends to shareholders	—	—	—	—	—	(11,544)	—	(11,544)
Balance at September 30, 2017	20,502,273	\$ 204	\$ 209,622	(1,258,250)	\$(22,370)	\$ 304,456	\$ 3,033	\$ 494,945

See accompanying notes.

AMERISAFE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
Operating activities		
Net income	\$45,582	\$58,792
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	760	884
Net amortization of investments	10,815	12,306
Deferred income taxes	342	(532)
Net realized (gains) losses on investments	761	(959)
Net realized losses on disposal of assets	2	1
Share-based compensation	1,283	1,143
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Premiums receivable, net	(2,492)	(15,623)
Accrued interest receivable	125	(263)
Deferred policy acquisition costs	(1,606)	49
Amounts held by others	27,848	1,016
Other assets	(5,131)	(2,929)
Reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses	12,250	18,243
Unearned premiums	3,792	7,790
Reinsurance balances	(1,320)	(11,892)
Amounts held for others and policyholder deposits	2,503	6,557
Accounts payable and other liabilities	6,813	8,285
Net cash provided by operating activities	102,327	82,868
Investing activities		
Purchases of investments held-to-maturity	(149,981)	(102,830)
Purchases of investments available-for-sale	(86,615)	(161,482)
Purchases of short-term investments	(53,789)	(12,132)
Proceeds from maturities of investments held-to-maturity	112,715	136,896
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments available-for-sale	82,270	75,470
Proceeds from sales and maturities of short-term investments	17,610	8,033
Proceeds from redemptions of other investments	9,000	—
Purchases of property and equipment	(446)	(1,091)
Net cash used in investing activities	(69,236)	(57,136)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from stock option exercises	—	837
Tax benefit from share-based payments	—	976
Dividends to shareholders	(11,649)	(10,414)
Net cash used in financing activities	(11,649)	(8,601)

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Change in cash and cash equivalents	21,442	17,131
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	58,936	69,481
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$80,378	\$86,612

See accompanying notes.

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AMERISAFE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

AMERISAFE, Inc. (the “Company”) is an insurance holding company incorporated in the state of Texas. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AMERISAFE and its subsidiaries: American Interstate Insurance Company (“AIIC”) and its insurance subsidiaries, Silver Oak Casualty, Inc. (“SOCI”) and American Interstate Insurance Company of Texas (“AIICTX”), Amerisafe Risk Services, Inc. (“RISK”) and Amerisafe General Agency, Inc. (“AGAI”). AIIC and SOCI are property and casualty insurance companies organized under the laws of the state of Nebraska. AIICTX is a property and casualty insurance company organized under the laws of the state of Texas. RISK, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, is a claims and safety service company currently servicing only affiliated insurance companies. AGAI, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, is a general agent for the Company. AGAI sells insurance, which is underwritten by AIIC, SOCI and AIICTX, as well as by nonaffiliated insurance carriers. The assets and operations of AGAI are not significant to that of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The terms “AMERISAFE,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” or “our” refer to AMERISAFE, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, the context requires.

The Company provides workers’ compensation insurance for small to mid-sized employers engaged in hazardous industries, principally construction, trucking, logging and lumber, manufacturing, and agriculture. Assets and revenues of AIIC represent at least 95% of comparable consolidated amounts of the Company for each of 2017 and 2016.

In the opinion of management of the Company, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position, the results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and therefore do not include all information and footnotes to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). The results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the year. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contained herein should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adopted Accounting Guidance

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. The new guidance requires that all tax effects related to share-based payments be made through the income statement at the time of settlement as opposed to recognizing excess tax benefits in additional paid-in capital. It also requires the cash flows resulting from share-based payments to be included as an operating activity. In addition to the changes, the guidance permits reporting entities to elect to estimate forfeitures related to share-based payments or recognize them as they occur. The threshold to qualify for equity classification has also been revised to permit withholding up to the maximum statutory tax rates in the applicable jurisdictions. The adoption of this new guidance in the first quarter of 2017 did not have a material impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

Prospective Accounting Guidance

In May 2014, the FASB Issued ASU 2014-09 (Topic 606): Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The guidance revises the criteria for revenue recognition and requires that the revenue recognized reflect the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that represents the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard is effective for us in the first quarter of 2018. Revenue from insurance contracts is excluded from the scope of the new guidance and as a result, adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This guidance requires fair value measurement for equity investments (not including those that result in consolidation of the investee or use the equity method of accounting) and the recognition of changes in fair value to be presented as a component of net income. The guidance also revises the disclosure requirements related to fair value changes of liabilities presented in comprehensive income, eliminates disclosure related to the methods and assumptions underlying fair value for financial instruments measured at amortized cost, and simplifies impairment assessments for equity investments without readily determinable fair values. This standard is effective for us in the first quarter of 2018. Based on the equity investments currently held by the Company, there would not be a material impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations if the new guidance were to be adopted in the current accounting period. The impact on the Company's results of operations and financial position at the date of adoption of the updated guidance will be determined by the equity investments held by the Company and the economic conditions at that time.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). Under current guidance for lessees, leases are only included on the balance sheet if certain criteria, classifying the contract as a capital lease, are met. The new guidance requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and a right of use asset for all leases extending beyond twelve months. The new guidance is effective for us in the first quarter of 2019. Upon adoption, leases will be recognized and measured at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach. Adoption of the guidance is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements as the Company does not have any significant leases.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses. The new guidance replaces the methodology of credit loss impairment which currently delays the recognition of credit losses until a probable loss has been incurred. The new guidance requires credit losses for securities measured at amortized cost to be determined using current expected credit loss estimates. These estimates are to be derived from historical, current and reasonable supporting forecasts, including prepayments and estimates, and will be recorded through a valuation allowance account that will run through the income statement. The same method will be used for available-for-sale securities, but the valuation allowance will be limited to the amount by which the fair value is below amortized cost. The standard is effective for us in the first quarter of 2020. The Company will continue to monitor the impact as the implementation date approaches.

All other issued but not yet effective accounting and reporting standards as of September 30, 2017 are either not applicable to the Company or are not expected to have a material impact on the Company.

Note 2. Stock Options and Restricted Stock

As of September 30, 2017, the Company has three equity incentive plans: the AMERISAFE 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2005 Incentive Plan"), the AMERISAFE Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan (the "Restricted Stock Plan") and the AMERISAFE 2012 Equity and Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2012 Incentive Plan"). In connection with the approval of the 2012 Incentive Plan by the Company's shareholders, no further grants will be made under the 2005 Incentive Plan. All grants made under the 2005 Incentive plan continue in effect, subject to the terms and conditions of the 2005 Incentive Plan. See Note 12 to our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 for additional information regarding the Company's incentive plans.

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During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company granted 7,434 and 6,454 shares of restricted common stock to executive officers and non-employee directors, respectively. The market value of the restricted shares granted totaled \$0.7 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company granted 27,077 and 5,952 shares of restricted common stock to executive officers and non-employee directors, respectively. The market value of the restricted shares granted totaled \$1.9 million.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, no options to purchase shares of common stock were exercised. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, options to purchase 68,879 shares of common stock were exercised. In connection with these exercises, the Company received \$0.8 million of stock option proceeds.

The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$0.3 million in the quarters ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$1.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and \$1.1 million for the same period of 2016.

Note 3. Earnings Per Share

The Company computes earnings per share (“EPS”) in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 260, Earnings Per Share. The Company has no participating unvested common shares which contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends and applies the treasury stock method in computing basic and diluted earnings per share.

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

The diluted EPS calculation includes potential common shares assumed issued under the treasury stock method, which reflects the potential dilution that would occur if any outstanding options or warrants were exercised or restricted stock becomes vested, and includes the “if converted” method for participating securities if the effect is dilutive.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)			
Basic EPS:				
Net income available to common shareholders - basic	\$ 16,577	\$ 17,896	\$ 45,582	\$ 58,792
Basic weighted average common shares	19,171,912	19,121,947	19,161,529	19,092,298
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.86	\$0.94	\$2.38	\$3.08
Diluted EPS:				
Net income available to common shareholders - diluted	\$ 16,577	\$ 17,896	\$ 45,582	\$ 58,792
Diluted weighted average common shares:				
Weighted average common shares	19,171,912	19,121,947	19,161,529	19,092,298
Stock options and restricted stock	64,202	68,244	74,426	94,100
Diluted weighted average common shares	19,236,114	19,190,191	19,235,955	19,186,398
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.86	\$0.93	\$2.37	\$3.06

Note 4. Investments

The gross unrealized gains and losses on, and the amortized cost and fair value of, those investments classified as held-to-maturity at September 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Amortized Cost (in thousands)	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
States and political subdivisions	\$430,470	\$ 10,348	\$ (573)	\$440,245

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Corporate bonds	121,942	498	(192)	122,248
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	10,928	750	(2)	11,676
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S.				
government agencies	33,672	642	(94)	34,220
Asset-backed securities	1,646	132	(16)	1,762
Totals	\$598,658	\$ 12,370	\$ (877)	\$610,151

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The gross unrealized gains and losses on, and the cost or amortized cost and fair value of, those investments classified as available-for-sale at September 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Cost or	Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
	(in thousands)			
Fixed maturity:				
States and political subdivisions	\$236,666	\$ 6,229	\$ (1,243)	\$241,652
Corporate bonds	151,339	699	(54)	151,984
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	13,408	8	(748)	12,668
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S.				
government agencies	61,479	71	(598)	60,952
Total fixed maturity	462,892	7,007	(2,643)	467,256
Equity securities	7,499	302	—	7,801
Other investments	1,000	280	—	1,280
Totals	\$471,391	\$ 7,589	\$ (2,643)	\$476,337

The gross unrealized gains and losses on, and the amortized cost and fair value of, those investments classified as held-to-maturity at December 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
	(in thousands)			
States and political subdivisions	\$394,875	\$ 7,622	\$ (3,014)	\$399,483
Corporate bonds	143,858	423	(265)	144,016
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	70	—	—	70
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	9,967	948	—	10,915
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations				
of U.S. government agencies	11,737	746	(67)	12,416
Asset-backed securities	1,927	163	(59)	2,031
Totals	\$562,434	\$ 9,902	\$ (3,405)	\$568,931

The gross unrealized gains and losses on, and the cost or amortized cost and fair value of, those investments classified as available-for-sale at December 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	Cost or	Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
	(in thousands)			
Fixed maturity:				
States and political subdivisions	\$231,168	\$ 4,340	\$ (3,215)	\$232,293
Corporate bonds	182,350	436	(271)	182,515
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	10,428	17	(1,103)	9,342
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations				
of U.S. government agencies	55,925	—	(978)	54,947
Total fixed maturity	479,871	4,793	(5,567)	479,097
Equity securities	—	33	—	33
Other investments	10,000	3,330	—	13,330
Totals	\$489,871	\$ 8,156	\$ (5,567)	\$492,460

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A summary of the amortized cost and fair value of investments in fixed maturity securities, classified as held-to-maturity at September 30, 2017, by contractual maturity, is as follows:

	Amortized Fair	
	Cost	Value
	(in thousands)	
Maturity:		
Within one year	\$113,488	\$113,988
After one year through five years	239,333	243,851
After five years through ten years	98,935	101,450
After ten years	134,328	137,424
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	10,928	11,676
Asset-backed securities	1,646	1,762
Totals	\$598,658	\$610,151

A summary of the amortized cost and fair value of investments in fixed maturity securities, classified as available-for-sale at September 30, 2017, by contractual maturity, is as follows:

	Amortized Fair	
	Cost	Value
	(in thousands)	
Maturity:		
Within one year	\$85,898	\$86,051
After one year through five years	160,278	161,077
After five years through ten years	32,117	32,427
After ten years	171,191	175,033
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	13,408	12,668
Totals	\$462,892	\$467,256

The following table summarizes the fair value and gross unrealized losses on securities, aggregated by major investment category and length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

	Less Than 12 Months	12 Months or Greater	Total
	Fair Value Gross	Fair Value Gross	Fair Value Gross
	Investments Unrealized	Investments Unrealized	Investments Unrealized

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	with	Losses	with	Losses	with	Losses
	Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Losses		Losses		Losses	
	(in thousands)					
September 30, 2017						
Held-to-Maturity						
Fixed maturity securities:						
States and political subdivisions	\$61,279	\$ 205	\$22,658	\$ 368	\$83,937	\$ 573
Corporate bonds	46,074	183	3,041	9	49,115	192
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	2,993	2	—	—	2,993	2
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S.						
government agencies	24,242	45	3,977	49	28,219	94
Asset-backed securities	—	—	1,023	16	1,023	16
Total held-to-maturity securities	134,588	435	30,699	442	165,287	877
Available-for Sale						
Fixed maturity securities:						
States and political subdivisions	\$16,373	\$ 101	\$26,213	\$ 1,142	\$42,586	\$ 1,243
Corporate bonds	15,357	35	4,845	19	20,202	54
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	5,359	19	3,497	729	8,856	748
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S.						
government agencies	51,182	550	4,002	48	55,184	598
Total available-for-sale securities	88,271	705	38,557	1,938	126,828	2,643
Total	\$222,859	\$ 1,140	\$69,256	\$ 2,380	\$292,115	\$ 3,520

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	Less Than 12 Months Fair Value of		12 Months or Greater Fair Value of		Total Fair Value of	
	Investments with	Gross Unrealized Losses	Investments with	Gross Unrealized Losses	Investments with	Gross Unrealized Losses
	(in thousands)					
December 31, 2016						
Held-to-Maturity						
Fixed maturity securities:						
States and political subdivisions	\$157,507	\$ 3,014	\$—	\$ —	\$157,507	\$ 3,014
Corporate bonds	44,654	202	6,292	63	50,946	265
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies	3,968	67	—	—	3,968	67
Asset-backed securities	—	—	1,173	59	1,173	59
Total held-to-maturity securities	206,129	3,283	7,465	122	213,594	3,405
Available-for Sale						
Fixed maturity securities:						
States and political subdivisions	\$73,505	\$ 2,976	\$4,523	\$ 239	\$78,028	\$ 3,215
Corporate bonds	41,419	111	7,922	160	49,341	271
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	3,702	48	3,607	1,055	7,309	1,103
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies	54,947	978	—	—	54,947	978
Total available-for-sale securities	173,573	4,113	16,052	1,454	189,625	5,567
Total	\$379,702	\$ 7,396	\$23,517	\$ 1,576	\$403,219	\$ 8,972

At September 30, 2017, the Company held 169 individual fixed maturity securities that were in an unrealized loss position, of which 48 individual fixed maturity securities were in a continuous unrealized loss position for longer than 12 months.

The Company holds investments in a limited partnership hedge fund accounted for under the equity method. The carrying value of this investment is \$1.3 million at September 30, 2017.

Investment income is recognized as it is earned. The discount or premium on fixed maturity securities is amortized using the “constant yield” method. Anticipated prepayments, where applicable, are considered when determining the amortization of premiums or discounts. Realized investment gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method.

We regularly review our investment portfolio to evaluate the necessity of recording impairment losses for other-than-temporary declines in the fair value of specific investments. We consider various factors in determining if a decline in the fair value of an individual security is other-than-temporary. The key factors we consider are:

- any reduction or elimination of preferred dividends, or nonpayment of scheduled principal or interest payments;
- the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer of the applicable security, including any specific events that may affect its operations or earnings;
- how long and by how much the fair value of the security has been below its cost or amortized cost;
- any downgrades of the security by a rating agency;
- our intent not to sell the security for a sufficient time period for it to recover its value;
- the likelihood of being forced to sell the security before the recovery of its value; and
- an evaluation as to whether there are any credit losses on debt securities.

We reviewed all securities with unrealized losses in accordance with the impairment policy described above. The Company determined that the unrealized losses in the fixed maturity securities portfolio related primarily to changes in market interest rates since the date of purchase, current conditions in the capital markets and the impact of those conditions on market liquidity and prices generally. We expect to recover the carrying value of these securities as it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell the securities before the recovery of the amortized cost basis.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, there were no impairment losses recognized for other-than-temporary declines in the fair value of our investments

Net realized losses in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were \$0.8 million resulting from called fixed maturity securities. Net realized gains in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$1.0 million resulting from the sale of fixed maturity securities classified as available-for-sale.

Note 5. Income Taxes

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes," we provide for the recognition and measurement of deferred income tax benefits based on the likelihood of their realization in future years. As of September 30, 2017, the Company had no material unrecognized tax benefits and no adjustments to liabilities or operations were required.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. There were no uncertain tax positions recognized for the periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Tax years 2013 through 2016 are subject to examination by the federal and state taxing authorities.

Note 6. Loss Reserves

We record reserves for estimated losses under insurance policies that we write and for loss adjustment expenses related to the investigation and settlement of policy claims. Our reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses represent the estimated cost of all reported and unreported loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred and unpaid as of a given point in time. The reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses are estimated using individual case-basis valuations, statistical analyses and estimates based upon experience for unreported claims and their associated loss and loss adjustment expenses. Such estimates may be more or less than the amounts ultimately paid when the claims are settled. The estimates are subject to the effects of trends in loss severity and frequency. Although considerable variability is inherent in these estimates, management believes that the reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses are adequate. The estimates are continually reviewed and adjusted as necessary as experience develops or new information becomes known. Any adjustments are included in current operations. See Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 for additional information regarding the Company's loss and loss adjustment expense development.

The following table provides the Company's liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, net of related amounts recoverable from reinsurers, for nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

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	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 2016 (in thousands)	
Balance, beginning of period	\$742,776	\$718,033
Less amounts recoverable from reinsurers		
on unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses	78,256	64,858
Net balance, beginning of period	664,520	653,175
Add incurred related to:		
Current accident year	178,562	187,819
Prior accident years	(27,524)	(41,406)
Total incurred	151,038	146,413
Less paid related to:		
Current accident year	31,749	31,209
Prior accident years	108,284	108,485
Total paid	140,033	139,694
Net balance, end of period	675,525	659,894
Add amounts recoverable from reinsurers		
on unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses	79,501	76,382
Balance, end of period	\$755,026	\$736,276

The foregoing reconciliation reflects favorable development of the net reserves at September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016. The favorable development reduced loss and loss adjustment expense incurred by \$27.5 million and \$41.4 million in 2017 and 2016, respectively. The revisions to the Company's reserves reflect new information gained by claims adjusters in the normal course of adjusting claims and is reflected in the financial statements when the information becomes available. It is typical for more serious claims to take several years or longer to settle and the Company continually revises estimates as more information about claimants' medical conditions and potential disability becomes known and the claims get closer to being settled. Multiple factors can cause both favorable and unfavorable loss development. The favorable loss development we experienced across accident years was largely due to favorable case reserve development from closed claims and claims where the worker had reached maximum medical improvement.

Note 7. Comprehensive Income and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income was \$17.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$16.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Comprehensive income was \$49.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$62.8 million for the same period in 2016. The difference between net income as reported and comprehensive income was due to changes in unrealized gains and losses, net of tax on available-for-sale securities.

Comprehensive income includes net income plus unrealized gains (losses) on our available-for-sale investment securities, net of tax. In reporting comprehensive income on a net basis in the statements of income, we used a 35 percent tax rate. The following table illustrates the changes in the balance of each component of accumulated other comprehensive income for each period presented in the interim financial statements.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(in thousands)			
Beginning balance	\$2,416	\$8,309	\$(492)	\$2,587
Other comprehensive income (loss) before				
reclassification	820	(1,589)	4,032	4,286
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other				
comprehensive income	(203)	(124)	(507)	(277)
Net current period other comprehensive				
income (loss)	617	(1,713)	3,525	4,009
Ending balance	\$3,033	\$6,596	\$3,033	\$6,596

The sale or other-than-temporary impairment of an available-for-sale security results in amounts being reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to current period net income. The effects of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income are presented in the following table.

Component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Affected line item in the statement of income
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	\$312	\$191	\$780	\$426	Net realized gains (losses) on investments
	312	191	780	426	Income before income taxes
	(109)	(67)	(273)	(149)	Income tax expense
	\$203	\$124	\$507	\$277	Net income

Note 8. Fair Value Measurements

The Company carries available-for-sale securities at fair value in our consolidated financial statements and determines fair value measurements and disclosure in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

The Company determines the fair values of its financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy established in ASC Topic 820, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard defines fair value, describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

Fair value is defined in ASC Topic 820 as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is the price to sell an asset or transfer a liability and, therefore, represents an exit price, not an entry price. Fair value is the exit price in the principal market (or, if lacking a principal market, the most advantageous market) in which the reporting entity would transact. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and, as such, is determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The exit price objective of a fair value measurement applies regardless of the reporting entity's intent and/or ability to sell the asset or transfer the liability at the measurement date.

ASC Topic 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that are consistent with the market approach, the income approach and/or the cost approach. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets and liabilities. The income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts, such as cash flows or earnings, to a single present value amount on a discounted basis. The cost approach is based on the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset, also known as current replacement cost. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value are to be consistently applied.

In ASC Topic 820, inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, for example, the risk inherent in a particular valuation technique used to measure fair value (such as a pricing model) and/or the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. Inputs may be observable or unobservable:

• Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity.

• Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

Valuation techniques used to measure fair value are intended to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. ASC Topic 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the use of inputs used in valuation techniques into the following three levels:

• Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

• Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.

- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are to be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In general, fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If such quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based upon internally developed models that primarily use, as inputs, observable market-based parameters.

The fair values of the Company's investments are based upon prices provided by an independent pricing service. The Company has reviewed these prices for reasonableness and has not adjusted any prices received from the independent provider. Securities reported at fair value utilizing Level 1 inputs represent assets whose fair value is determined based upon observable unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets in active markets. Level 2 securities

represent assets whose fair value is determined using observable market information such as previous day trade prices, quotes from less active markets or quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

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At September 30, 2017, assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	September 30, 2017			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	Inputs (in thousands)	Inputs (in thousands)	Inputs (in thousands)	
Financial instruments carried at fair value, classified as a part of:				
Securities available for sale—fixed maturity:				
States and political subdivisions	\$—	\$241,652	\$ —	\$241,652
Corporate bonds	—	151,984	—	151,984
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	—	12,668	—	12,668
U.S. Treasury securities	60,952	—	—	60,952
Total securities available for sale—fixed maturity	60,952	406,304	—	467,256
Securities available for sale—equity:				
Domestic common stock	7,801	—	—	7,801
Total available for sale	\$68,753	\$406,304	\$ —	\$475,057

At September 30, 2017, assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost are summarized below:

	September 30, 2017			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	Inputs (in thousands)	Inputs (in thousands)	Inputs (in thousands)	
Securities held-to-maturity—fixed maturity:				
States and political subdivisions	\$—	\$440,245	\$ —	\$440,245
Corporate bonds	—	122,248	—	122,248
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	—	11,676	—	11,676
U.S. Treasury securities	6,785	—	—	6,785
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	—	27,435	—	27,435
Asset-backed securities	—	1,762	—	1,762
Total held-to-maturity	\$6,785	\$603,366	\$ —	\$610,151

At December 31, 2016, assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

December 31, 2016			
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair

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	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	Value
	(in thousands)			
Financial instruments carried at fair value, classified as part of:				
Securities available for sale—fixed maturity:				
States and political subdivisions	\$—	\$232,293	\$ —	\$232,293
Corporate bonds	—	182,515	—	182,515
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	—	9,342	—	9,342
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations				
of U.S. government agencies	54,947	—	—	54,947
Total available for sale—fixed maturity	\$54,947	\$424,150	\$ —	\$479,097
Securities available for sale—equity:				
Domestic common stock	33	—	—	33
Total available for sale	\$54,980	\$424,150	\$ —	\$479,130

At December 31, 2016, assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost are summarized below:

	December 31, 2016				
	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	Total
					Fair
	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	Value	
	(in thousands)				
Securities held-to-maturity—fixed maturity:					
States and political subdivisions	\$—	\$399,483	\$—	\$—	\$399,483
Corporate bonds	—	144,016	—	—	144,016
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	—	70	—	—	70
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	—	10,915	—	—	10,915
U.S. Treasury securities	6,779	—	—	—	6,779
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	—	5,637	—	—	5,637
Asset-backed securities	—	2,031	—	—	2,031
Total held-to-maturity	\$6,779	\$562,152	\$—	\$—	\$568,931

The Company determines fair value amounts for financial instruments using available third-party market information. When such information is not available, the Company determines the fair value amounts using appropriate valuation methodologies. Nonfinancial instruments such as real estate, property and equipment, deferred policy acquisition costs, deferred income taxes and loss and loss adjustment expense reserves are excluded from the fair value disclosure.

At September 30, 2017, the Company held two securities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis due to a recognized impairment of \$0.3 million. The securities are valued using Level 2 inputs and had a value of \$0.3 million at September 30, 2017. The securities were valued at fair value at the time of impairment and are currently being carried at the adjusted amortized cost. The fair value of the securities was \$0.4 million at September 30, 2017.

Cash and Cash Equivalents —The carrying amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets for these financial instruments approximate their fair values, which are characterized as Level 1 assets.

Investments —The fair values for fixed maturity and equity securities are based on prices obtained from an independent pricing service. Equity and treasury securities are characterized as Level 1 assets, as their fair values are based on quoted prices in active markets. Fixed maturity securities, other than treasury securities, are characterized as Level 2 assets, as their fair values are determined using observable market inputs.

Short Term Investments —The carrying amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets for these financial instruments approximate their fair values. These securities are characterized as Level 2 assets in the fair value hierarchy.

Other Investments —Other investments consist of a limited partnership interest that is accounted for under the equity method valued using the net asset value provided by the general partner of the limited partnership, which approximates the fair value of the interest. The limited partnership's objective is to generate absolute returns by

investing long and short in publicly-traded global securities. Redemptions are allowed monthly following a 60-day notice with no lock up periods. The Company has no unfunded commitments related to the limited partnership hedge fund.

The following table summarizes the carrying values and corresponding fair values for financial instruments:

	As of September 30, 2017		As of December 31, 2016	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
(in thousands)				
Assets:				
Fixed maturity securities—held-to-maturity	\$598,658	\$610,151	\$562,434	\$568,931
Fixed maturity securities—available-for-sale	467,256	467,256	479,097	479,097
Equity securities	7,801	7,801	33	33
Short-term investments	69,526	69,526	29,580	29,580
Other investments	1,280	1,280	13,330	13,330
Cash and cash equivalents	80,378	80,378	58,936	58,936

Note 9. Treasury Stock

The Company's Board of Directors initiated a share repurchase program in February 2010. In October 2016, the Board reauthorized this program with a limit of \$25.0 million with no expiration date. There were no shares repurchased under this program in the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Since the beginning of this plan, the Company has repurchased a total of 1,258,250 shares for \$22.4 million, or an average price of \$17.78, including commissions.

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

In February 2015, the Company was notified of an adverse verdict against its subsidiary, AIIC, related to a 2009 workers' compensation claim in the State of Iowa. The verdict was for \$25.3 million, of which \$0.3 million was for actual damages and \$25.0 million was awarded for punitive damages. The Company posted an appeal bond in the amount of \$27.8 million, as required by law. AIIC appealed both the verdict and the damage awards. On May 19, 2017, the Supreme Court of Iowa reversed the judgments for actual and punitive damages and remanded the case for a new trial, presently scheduled for first quarter 2018. On July 24, 2017, the \$27.8 million appeal bond was returned to AIIC.

The Company maintains reinsurance against catastrophic losses, including court ordered judgments. As of September 30, 2017, the Company's total reserve for the claim was \$2.3 million. The \$2.3 million reserve does not include payments that the Company has previously paid in this case. The payments, plus the \$2.3 million reserve, total \$5.4 million. The Company's retention is \$5.0 million before its reinsurance providers are obligated to reimburse the Company for additional costs. The Company presently believes that the reserve amount, together with its reinsurance coverage, is adequate to satisfy this claim.

Note 11. Subsequent Events

On October 23, 2017, the Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.20 per share payable on December 28, 2017 to shareholders of record as of December 14, 2017. The Board considers the payment of a regular cash dividend each calendar quarter.

On October 23, 2017, the Company's Board of Directors declared an extraordinary cash dividend of \$3.50 per share payable on December 28, 2017 to shareholders of record on December 14, 2017.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, together with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

We begin our discussion with an overview of our Company to give you an understanding of our business and the markets we serve. We then discuss our critical accounting policies. This is followed with a discussion of our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. This discussion includes an analysis of certain significant period-to-period variances in our consolidated statements of operations. Our cash flows and financial condition are discussed under the caption "Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Business Overview

AMERISAFE is a holding company that markets and underwrites workers' compensation insurance through its insurance subsidiaries. Workers' compensation insurance covers statutorily prescribed benefits that employers are obligated to provide to their employees who are injured in the course and scope of their employment. Our business strategy is focused on providing this coverage to small to mid-sized employers engaged in hazardous industries, principally construction, trucking, logging and lumber, manufacturing, and agriculture. Employers engaged in hazardous industries pay substantially higher than average rates for workers' compensation insurance compared to employers in other industries, as measured per payroll dollar. The higher premium rates are due to the nature of the work performed and the inherent workplace danger of our target employers. Hazardous industry employers also tend to have less frequent but more severe claims as compared to employers in other industries due to the nature of their businesses. We provide proactive safety reviews of employers' workplaces. These safety reviews are a vital component of our underwriting process and also promote safer workplaces. We utilize intensive claims management practices that we believe permit us to reduce the overall cost of our claims. In addition, our audit services ensure that our policyholders pay the appropriate premiums required under the terms of their policies and enable us to monitor payroll patterns that cause underwriting, safety or fraud concerns. We believe that the higher premiums typically paid by our policyholders, together with our disciplined underwriting and safety, claims and audit services, provide us with the opportunity to earn attractive returns for our shareholders.

We actively market our insurance in 27 states through independent agencies, as well as through our wholly owned insurance agency subsidiary. We are also licensed in an additional 20 states, the District of Columbia and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Critical Accounting Policies

Understanding our accounting policies is key to understanding our financial statements. Management considers some of these policies to be very important to the presentation of our financial results because they require us to make significant estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of our assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures. Some of the estimates result from judgments that can be subjective and complex and, consequently, actual results in future periods might differ from these estimates.

Management believes that the most critical accounting policies relate to the reporting of reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses, including losses that have occurred but have not been reported prior to the reporting date, amounts recoverable from reinsurers, premiums receivable, assessments, deferred policy acquisition costs, deferred income taxes, the impairment of investment securities and share-based compensation. These critical accounting policies are more fully described in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results

of Operations” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

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Results of Operations

The following table summarizes our consolidated financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

	Three Months		Nine Months Ended	
	Ended September 30, 2017	2016	September 30, 2017	2016
	(dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)			
Gross premiums written	\$87,035	\$88,837	\$269,152	\$292,443
Net premiums earned	85,118	89,918	258,779	276,607
Net investment income	7,788	8,006	21,969	20,251
Total revenues	92,804	98,206	280,271	298,104
Total expenses	69,248	72,179	215,831	213,067
Net income	16,577	17,896	45,582	58,792
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.86	\$0.93	\$2.37	\$3.06
Other Key Measures				
Net combined ratio (1)	81.4	% 80.3	% 83.5	% 77.0
Return on average equity (2)	13.6	% 14.2	% 12.8	% 16.3
Book value per share (3)	\$25.72	\$26.51	\$25.72	\$26.51

- (1) The net combined ratio is calculated by dividing the sum of loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, underwriting and certain other operating costs, commissions, salaries and benefits, and policyholder dividends by net premiums earned in the current period.
- (2) Return on average equity is calculated by dividing the annualized net income by the average shareholders' equity for the applicable period.
- (3) Book value per share is calculated by dividing shareholders' equity by total outstanding shares, as of the end of the period.

Consolidated Results of Operations for Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Compared to September 30, 2016

Gross Premiums Written. Gross premiums written for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 were \$87.0 million, compared to \$88.8 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of 2.0%. The decrease was attributable to a \$1.6 million decrease in annual premiums on voluntary policies written during the period. The effective loss cost multiplier, or ELCM, for our voluntary business was 1.69 for the third quarter ended September 30, 2017 compared to 1.71 for the same period in 2016.

Net Premiums Written. Net premiums written for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 were \$85.0 million, compared to \$85.9 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of 1.0%. The decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in gross premiums written. As a percentage of gross premiums earned, ceded premiums were 2.3% for the third quarter of 2017 compared to 3.2% for the third quarter of 2016. The decrease in ceded premiums as a percentage of gross premiums earned reflects a \$0.3 million decrease in the third quarter of 2017 resulting from a decrease in reinsurance rates. The prior year third quarter ceded premiums included an increase of \$0.5 million due to unfavorable ceded loss development during the period. For additional information, see Item 1, "Business—Reinsurance" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Net Premiums Earned. Net premiums earned for the third quarter of 2017 were \$85.1 million, compared to \$89.9 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of 5.3%. The decrease was attributable to a decrease in net premiums written.

Net Investment Income. Net investment income for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 was \$7.8 million, compared to \$8.0 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease of \$0.2 million was largely due to the change in value of a limited partnership hedge fund investment. In last year's third quarter, there was a significant gain in value of the hedge fund. The change in value of this investment is recorded in investment income each quarter. Average invested assets, including cash and cash equivalents, were \$1.2 billion in the quarter ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The pre-tax investment yield on our investment portfolio was 2.6% and 2.7% per annum during the quarters ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The tax-equivalent yield on our investment portfolio was 3.2% per annum for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The tax-equivalent yield is calculated using the effective interest rate and the appropriate marginal tax rate.

Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investments. Net realized losses on investments for the three months ended September 30, 2017 totaled \$0.2 million compared to net realized gains of \$0.2 million for the same period in 2016. Net realized losses in the third quarter of 2017 were attributable to called fixed maturity securities. Net realized gains in the third quarter of 2016 were attributable to the sale of fixed maturity securities classified as available-for-sale.

Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses Incurred. Loss and loss adjustment expenses (“LAE”) incurred totaled \$48.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$50.5 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of \$2.1 million, or 4.2%. The current accident year loss and LAE incurred were \$58.7 million, or 69.0% of net premiums earned, compared to \$61.1 million, or 67.9% of net premiums earned for the same period in 2016. We recorded favorable prior accident year development of \$10.3 million in the third quarter of 2017, compared to favorable prior accident year development of \$10.5 million in the same period of 2016, as further discussed below in “Prior Year Development.” Our net loss ratio was 56.9% in the third quarter of 2017, compared to 56.2% for the same period of 2016.

Underwriting and Certain Other Operating Costs, Commissions and Salaries and Benefits. Underwriting and certain other operating costs, commissions and salaries and benefits for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 were \$19.3 million, compared to \$20.8 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of 7.1%. This decrease was primarily due to a \$1.3 million decrease in insurance related assessments, a \$0.3 million decrease in commission expense and a \$0.3 million decrease in compensation expense. Offsetting these decreases was a \$0.4 million increase in premium taxes. Our expense ratio was 22.7% in the third quarter of 2017 compared to 23.1% in the third quarter of 2016.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$7.0 million, compared to \$8.1 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease was attributable to a decrease in the pre-tax income to \$23.6 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2017 from \$26.0 million in the same period in 2016. Also, the effective tax rate decreased to 29.6% in the quarter ended September 30, 2017 from 31.2% in the same period in 2016. The decrease in the tax rate resulted from a higher proportion of tax-exempt income to underwriting income in the quarter relative to the third quarter of 2016.

Consolidated Results of Operations for Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 Compared to September 30, 2016

Gross Premiums Written. Gross premiums written for the first nine months of 2017 were \$269.2 million, compared to \$292.4 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of 8.0%. The decrease was attributable to a \$13.6 million decrease in annual premiums on voluntary policies written during the period, an \$8.4 million decrease in premiums resulting from payroll audits and related premium adjustments for policies written in previous quarters and a \$0.6 million decrease in assumed premium from mandatory pooling arrangements. The ELCM for our voluntary business was 1.67 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to 1.73 for the same period in 2016.

Net Premiums Written. Net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were \$262.6 million, compared to \$284.4 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of 7.7%. The decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in gross premiums written. As a percentage of gross premiums earned, ceded premiums were 2.5% and 2.8% for the first nine months of 2017 and 2016, respectively. The decrease in ceded premiums as a percentage of gross premiums earned reflects a decrease of \$0.3 million of ceded premiums in 2017 resulting from a prior period accrual adjustment compared to an increase of \$0.7 million in the prior year due to ceded losses during the period. For additional information, see Item 1, “Business—Reinsurance” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Net Premiums Earned. Net premiums earned for the first nine months of 2017 were \$258.8 million, compared to \$276.6 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of 6.4%. The decrease was attributable to the decrease in net premiums written during the period.

Net Investment Income. Net investment income for the first nine months of 2017 was \$22.0 million, compared to \$20.3 million for the same period in 2016, an increase of 8.5%. The increase was largely due to an increase in interest income resulting from redemption premiums on corporate bonds called prior to maturity. Average invested assets, including cash and cash equivalents were \$1.2 billion in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The pre-tax investment yield on our investment portfolio was 2.5% per annum during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to 2.4% per annum during the same period in 2016. The tax-equivalent yield on our investment portfolio was 3.2% per annum for the first nine months of 2017 and 2016. The tax-equivalent yield is calculated using the effective interest rate and the appropriate marginal tax rate.

Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investments. Net realized losses on investments for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 totaled \$0.8 million, compared to net realized gains of \$1.0 million for the same period in 2016. Net realized losses in the first nine months of 2017 were attributable to called fixed maturity securities. Net realized gains in the first nine months of 2016 were attributable to the sale of fixed maturity securities classified as available-for-sale.

Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses Incurred. Loss and LAE incurred totaled \$151.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$146.4 million for the same period in 2016, an increase of \$4.6 million, or 3.2%. The current accident year loss and LAE incurred were \$178.6 million, or 69.0% of net premiums earned, compared to \$187.8 million, or 67.9% of net premiums earned, for the same period in 2016. We recorded favorable prior accident year development of \$27.5 million in the first nine months of 2017, compared to favorable prior accident year development of \$41.4 million in the same period of 2016, as further discussed below in "Prior Year Development." Our net loss ratio was 58.4% in the first nine months of 2017, compared to 52.9% for the same period of 2016.

Underwriting and Certain Other Operating Costs, Commissions and Salaries and Benefits. Underwriting and certain other operating costs, commissions and salaries and benefits for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were \$60.7 million, compared to \$63.5 million for the same period in 2016, a decrease of 4.4%. This decrease was primarily due to a \$2.1 million decrease in insurance related assessments and a \$1.3 million decrease in commission expense. Offsetting these decreases were a \$0.6 million increase in premium taxes and a \$0.5 million increase in compensation expense. Our expense ratio was 23.5% in the first nine months of 2017 compared to 22.9% in the same period of 2016.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$18.9 million, compared to \$26.2 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease was attributable to a decrease in pre-tax income to \$64.4 million in the first nine months of 2017 from \$85.0 million in the first nine months of 2016. The effective tax rate decreased to 29.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 from 30.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The decrease in the tax rate resulted from a higher proportion of tax-exempt income to underwriting income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of operating funds are premiums, investment income and proceeds from sales and maturities of investments. Our primary uses of operating funds include payments of claims and operating expenses. Currently, we pay claims using cash flow from operations and invest the remaining funds.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$102.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, which represented a \$19.5 million increase from \$82.9 million in net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. This increase in operating cash flow was attributable to a \$26.8 million decrease in amounts held by others resulting from the return of an appeal bond as further discussed above in Note 10, a \$4.0 million decrease in federal taxes paid and a \$1.1 million increase in reinsurance recoveries. Offsetting these amounts were an \$8.6 million decrease in premium collections, a \$2.5 million increase in underwriting expenses paid and a \$1.3 million increase in losses paid.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$69.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to net cash used in investment activities of \$57.1 million for the same period in 2016. Cash provided by sales and maturities of investments totaled \$212.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$220.4 million for the same period in 2016. A total of \$290.4 million in cash was used to purchase investments in the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$276.4 million in purchases for the same period in 2016.

Net cash used in financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$11.6 million compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$8.6 million for the same period in 2016. In the nine months ended September 30, 2017, \$11.6 million of cash was used for dividends paid to shareholders compared to \$10.4 million in the same period of 2016. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, there was no tax benefit from share-based compensation

compared to \$1.0 million for the same period in 2016. There were no proceeds from stock option exercises during the year compared to \$0.8 million in the same period in 2016.

Investment Portfolio

Our investment portfolio, including cash and cash equivalents, totaled \$1.2 billion at September 30, 2017 compared to \$1.1 billion at December 31, 2016. Purchases of fixed maturity securities are classified as available-for-sale or held-to-maturity at the time of purchase based on the individual security. The reported value of our fixed maturity securities classified as held-to-maturity, as defined by FASB ASC Topic 320, Investments-Debt and Equity Securities, was equal to their amortized cost, and thus was not impacted by changing interest rates. Our equity securities and fixed maturity securities classified as available-for-sale were reported at fair value.

The composition of our investment portfolio, including cash and cash equivalents, as of September 30, 2017, is shown in the following table:

	Carrying Value (in thousands)	Percentage of Portfolio	
Fixed maturity securities—held-to-maturity:			
States and political subdivisions	\$430,470	35.2	%
Corporate bonds	121,942	10.0	%
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	10,928	0.9	%
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies	33,672	2.7	%
Asset-backed securities	1,646	0.1	%
Total fixed maturity securities—held-to-maturity	598,658	48.9	%
Fixed maturity securities—available-for-sale:			
States and political subdivisions	241,652	19.7	%
Corporate bonds	151,984	12.4	%
U.S. agency-based mortgage-backed securities	12,668	1.0	%
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies	60,952	5.0	%
Total fixed maturity securities—available-for-sale	467,256	38.1	%
Equity securities	7,801	0.6	%
Short-term investments	69,526	5.7	%
Other investments	1,280	0.1	%
Cash and cash equivalents	80,378	6.6	%
Total investments, including cash and cash equivalents	\$1,224,899	100.0	%

Our securities classified as available-for-sale are “marked to market” as of the end of each calendar quarter. As of that date, unrealized gains and losses are recorded to Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), except when such securities are deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired. For our securities classified as held-to-maturity, unrealized gains and losses are not recorded in the financial statements until realized or until a decline in fair value, below amortized cost, is deemed to be other-than-temporary.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, there were no impairment losses recognized for other-than-temporary declines in the fair value of our investments.

Prior Year Development

The Company recorded favorable prior accident year development of \$10.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017. The table below sets forth the favorable development for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 for accident years 2012 through 2016 and, collectively, for all accident years prior to 2012.

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	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(in millions)				
Accident Year				
2016	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
2015	3.4	—	7.8	—
2014	3.0	5.1	10.5	12.8
2013	1.3	1.9	5.2	11.4
2012	1.1	0.9	1.6	8.3
Prior to 2012	1.5	2.6	2.4	8.9
Total net development	\$10.3	\$ 10.5	\$ 27.5	\$ 41.4

The table below sets forth the number of open claims as of September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the number of claims reported and closed during the three and nine months then ended.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Open claims at beginning of period	4,841	5,141	5,195	5,300
Claims reported	1,428	1,535	3,904	4,145
Claims closed	(1,190)	(1,456)	(4,020)	(4,225)
Open claims at end of period	5,079	5,220	5,079	5,220

The number of open claims at September 30, 2017 decreased by 141 claims as compared to the number of open claims at September 30, 2016. At September 30, 2017, our incurred amounts for certain accident years, particularly 2015, 2014 and 2013, developed more favorably than management previously expected. The revisions to the Company's reserves reflect new information gained by claims adjusters in the normal course of adjusting claims and is reflected in the financial statements when the information becomes available. It is typical for more serious claims to take several years or longer to settle and the Company continually revises estimates as more information about claimants' medical conditions and potential disability becomes known and the claims get closer to being settled. Multiple factors can cause both favorable and unfavorable loss development. The favorable loss development we experienced across accident years was largely due to favorable case reserve development from closed claims and claims where the worker had reached maximum medical improvement.

The assumptions we used in establishing our reserves were based on our historical claims data. However, as of September 30, 2017, actual results for certain accident years have been better than our assumptions would have predicted. We do not presently intend to modify our assumptions for establishing reserves in light of recent results. However, if actual results for current and future accident years are consistent with, or different than, our results in these recent accident years, our historical claims data will reflect this change and, over time, will impact the reserves we establish for future claims.

Our reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses are inherently uncertain and our focus on providing workers' compensation insurance to employers engaged in hazardous industries results in our receiving relatively fewer but more severe claims than many other workers' compensation insurance companies. As a result of this focus on higher severity, lower frequency business, our reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses may have greater volatility than other workers' compensation insurance companies. For additional information, see Item 1, "Business—Loss Reserves" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Market risk is the risk of potential economic loss principally arising from adverse changes in the fair value of financial instruments. The major components of market risk affecting us are credit risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk. We currently have no exposure to foreign currency risk.

Since December 31, 2016, there have been no material changes in the quantitative or qualitative aspect of our market risk profile. For additional information regarding the Company's exposure to certain market risks, see Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended

December 31, 2016.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that are filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms specified by the SEC. We note that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving the stated goals under all potential future conditions.

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Because of its inherent limitations, management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures and our internal controls over financial reporting will prevent or detect all misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with policies and procedures may deteriorate. Any control system, no matter how well designed and operated, is based upon certain assumptions and can only provide reasonable, not absolute assurance that its objectives will be met. Further, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to errors or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any within the Company, have been detected.

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The Board of Directors initially authorized the Company's share repurchase program in February 2010. In October 2016, the Board reauthorized this program with no expiration date. As of September 30, 2017, we had repurchased a total of 1,258,250 shares of our outstanding common stock for \$22.4 million. The Company had \$25.0 million available for future purchases at September 30, 2017 under this program. There were no shares repurchased during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The purchases may be effected from time to time depending upon market conditions and subject to applicable regulatory considerations. It is anticipated that future purchases will be funded from available capital.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit

No.	Description
31.1	Certification of G. Janelle Frost filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Neal A. Fuller filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of G. Janelle Frost and Neal A. Fuller filed pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AMERISAFE, INC.

October 27, 2017 /s/ G. Janelle Frost
G. Janelle Frost
President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

October 27, 2017 /s/ Neal A. Fuller
Neal A. Fuller
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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