

WESTAMERICA BANCORPORATION

Form 10-Q

November 06, 2006

Page 1

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2006

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-9383

WESTAMERICA BANCORPORATION
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

CALIFORNIA
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

94-2156203
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1108 Fifth Avenue, San Rafael, California 94901
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code (707) 863-6000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer
Non-Accelerated Filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes

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of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Title of Class	Shares outstanding as of October 31, 2006
Common Stock, No Par Value	30,775,097

Page 2

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Forward Looking Statements

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 - Financial Statements

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Financial Summary

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition
and Results of Operations

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 - Legal Proceedings

Item 1A - Risk Factors

Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Item 3 - Defaults upon Senior Securities

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Item 5 - Other Information

Item 6 - Exhibits

Signature

Exhibit Index

Exhibit 11 - Computation of Earnings Per Share

Exhibit 31.1 - Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to
Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

Exhibit 31.2 - Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to
Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

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Exhibit 32.1 - Certification of Chief Executive Officer Required by 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

Exhibit 32.2 - Certification of Chief Financial Officer Required by 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements about Westamerica Bancorporation for which it claims the protection of the safe harbor provisions contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are based on Management's current knowledge and belief and include information concerning the Company's possible or assumed future financial condition and results of operations. A number of factors, some of which are beyond the Company's ability to predict or control, could cause future results to differ materially from those contemplated. These factors include but are not limited to (1) a slowdown in the national and California economies; (2) fluctuations in asset prices including, but not limited to, stocks, bonds, real estate, and commodities; (3) economic uncertainty created by terrorist threats and attacks on the United States, the actions taken in response, and the uncertain effect of these events on the national and regional economies; (4) changes in the interest rate environment; (5) changes in the regulatory environment; (6) significantly increasing competitive pressure in the banking industry; (7) operational risks including data processing system failures or fraud; (8) the effect of acquisitions and integration of acquired businesses; (9) volatility of rate sensitive deposits and investments; (10) asset/liability management risks and liquidity risks; (11) changes in liquidity levels in capital markets; and (12) changes in the securities markets. The reader is directed to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, for further discussion of factors which could affect the Company's business and cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made in this report. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements in this report.

Page 3

Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements

WESTAMERICA BANCORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

	At September 30,		At
	2006	2005*	December 31, 2005*
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$191,611	\$193,220	\$209,273
Money market assets	564	540	534
Investment securities available for sale	617,736	660,630	662,388
Investment securities held to maturity,			

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with market values of:			
\$1,204,811 at September 30, 2006	1,211,589		
\$1,350,109 at September 30, 2005		1,358,266	
\$1,323,782 at December 31, 2005			1,337,216
Loans, gross	2,552,929	2,675,907	2,672,221
Allowance for loan losses	(55,338)	(59,674)	(55,849)

Loans, net of allowance for loan losses	2,497,591	2,616,233	2,616,372
Other real estate owned	656	0	0
Premises and equipment, net	30,979	33,640	33,221
Identifiable intangibles	23,098	27,233	26,170
Goodwill	121,719	124,122	121,907
Interest receivable and other assets	149,817	147,589	150,478

Total Assets	\$4,845,360	\$5,161,473	\$5,157,559
=====			
Liabilities:			
Deposits:			
Noninterest bearing	\$1,298,519	\$1,412,470	\$1,419,313
Interest bearing:			
Transaction	581,705	635,019	658,667
Savings	926,262	1,094,130	1,022,645
Time	744,645	732,316	745,476

Total deposits	3,551,131	3,873,935	3,846,101
Short-term borrowed funds	768,841	764,143	775,173
Debt financing and notes payable	36,956	40,318	40,281
Liability for interest, taxes and other expenses	61,456	42,671	60,940

Total Liabilities	4,418,384	4,721,067	4,722,495

Shareholders' Equity:			
Authorized - 150,000 shares of common stock			
Issued and outstanding:			
30,910 at September 30, 2006	343,869		
32,198 at September 30, 2005		342,806	
31,882 at December 31, 2005			343,035
Deferred compensation	2,734	2,423	2,423
Accumulated other comprehensive income:			
Unrealized gain on securities available for sale, net	1,805	2,762	1,882
Retained earnings	78,568	92,415	87,724

Total Shareholders' Equity	426,976	440,406	435,064

Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$4,845,360	\$5,161,473	\$5,157,559
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See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

* Adjusted to adopt Financial Accounting Standard 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment." See Note 4.

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(In thousands, except per share data)
(unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2006	September 30, 2005*	Nine months September 2006
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Interest Income:			
Loans	\$41,292	\$40,008	\$123,558
Money market assets and funds sold	1	1	3
Investment securities available for sale			
Taxable	4,099	4,427	12,730
Tax-exempt	3,128	3,278	9,449
Investment securities held to maturity			
Taxable	6,973	7,985	22,211
Tax-exempt	5,872	6,105	17,759
	<hr/>		
Total interest income	61,365	61,804	185,710
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Interest Expense:			
Transaction deposits	430	401	1,285
Savings deposits	1,173	956	2,995
Time deposits	7,408	4,610	19,985
Short-term borrowed funds	7,399	5,421	21,766
Notes payable	578	640	1,754
	<hr/>		
Total interest expense	16,988	12,028	47,785
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Net Interest Income	44,377	49,776	137,925
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Provision for credit losses	75	150	375
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Net Interest Income After Provision For Credit Losses	44,302	49,626	137,550
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Noninterest Income:			
Service charges on deposit accounts	7,155	7,436	21,424
Merchant credit card	2,430	2,631	7,208
Debit card	883	834	2,587
Financial services commissions	377	388	1,037
Trust fees	298	323	867
Mortgage banking	36	62	134
Gains on sales of real property	0	2,369	0
Securities gains (losses)	0	0	0
Other	2,720	3,397	8,343
	<hr/>		
Total Noninterest Income	13,899	17,440	41,600
<hr/>			
Noninterest Expense:			
Salaries and related benefits	13,080	14,149	39,897
Occupancy	3,321	3,201	9,820
Data processing	1,503	1,544	4,568
Equipment	1,194	1,347	3,775
Amortization of intangibles	1,016	1,064	3,071
Courier service	904	989	2,736
Professional fees	532	497	1,823
Other	3,853	4,528	11,542

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Total Noninterest Expense	25,403	27,319	77,232
Income Before Income Taxes	32,798	39,747	101,918
Provision for income taxes	8,561	10,862	27,069
Net Income	\$24,237	\$28,885	\$74,849
Comprehensive Income:			
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale, net	6,576	(5,423)	(77)
Securities losses/impairment losses included in net income	0	0	0
Comprehensive Income	\$30,813	\$23,462	\$74,772
Average Shares Outstanding	31,070	32,352	31,372
Diluted Average Shares Outstanding	31,558	32,972	31,919
Per Share Data:			
Basic Earnings	\$0.78	\$0.89	\$2.39
Diluted Earnings	0.77	0.88	2.34
Dividends Paid	0.32	0.30	0.96

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

* Adjusted to adopt Financial Accounting Standard 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment." See Note 4.

Page 5

WESTAMERICA BANCORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

	Shares	Common Stock	Deferred Compensation	Accumulated Comprehensive Income
Balance, December 31, 2004*	31,640	\$255,205	\$2,146	\$9,638
Net income for the period				
Stock issued and stock options assumed for acquisition of Redwood Empire Bancorp	1,639	89,538		
Other stock issued	198	6,116		
Stock option tax benefits*		1,332		
Restricted stock activity	21	797	277	
Stock based compensation*		1,583		
Purchase and retirement of stock	(1,300)	(11,765)		
Dividends				

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Unrealized loss on securities available for sale, net				(6,876)
Balance, September 30, 2005*	32,198	\$342,806	\$2,423	\$2,762
Balance, December 31, 2005*	31,882	\$343,035	\$2,423	\$1,882
Net income for the period				
Stock issued	364	11,463		
Stock option tax benefits		1,628		
Restricted stock activity	20	727	311	
Stock based compensation		1,919		
Purchase and retirement of stock	(1,356)	(14,903)		
Dividends				
Unrealized loss on securities available for sale, net				(77)
Balance, September 30, 2006	30,910	\$343,869	\$2,734	\$1,805

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

* Adjusted to adopt Financial Accounting Standard 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment." See Note 4.

Page 6

WESTAMERICA BANCORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

For the nine
ended September
2006

Operating Activities:	
Net income	\$74,849
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation of fixed assets	2,923
Amortization of intangibles	4,782
Provision for credit losses	375
Amortization of loan fees, net of cost	(225)
Increase in interest income receivable	(319)
Increase in other assets	(1,339)
Stock option compensation expense	1,919
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(1,628)
Decrease in income taxes payable	(3,691)
Increase in interest expense payable	1,712
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	6,233
Loss on sales of investment securities	0
Gain on sales of real estate	0
Net loss on writedown of equipment	187
Originations of loans for resale	(620)

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Proceeds from sale of loans originated for resale	626
Net gain on sale of property acquired in satisfaction of debt	0

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	85,784

Investing Activities:	
Net cash used in mergers and acquisitions	0
Net repayments of loans	117,968
Purchases of investment securities available for sale	(7,716)
Proceeds from maturity of securities available for sale	52,019
Proceeds from sale of securities available for sale	0
Purchases of investment securities held to maturity	0
Proceeds from maturity of securities held to maturity	125,628
Purchases of FRB/FHLB** securities	(103)
Proceeds from sale of FRB/FHLB securities	209
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(869)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	0
Proceeds from sale of real estate	0
Proceeds from property acquired in satisfaction of debt	0

Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	287,136

Financing Activities:	
Net decrease in deposits	(294,970)
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	(6,332)
Repayments of notes payable	(3,325)
Exercise of stock options/issuance of shares	11,325
Tax benefit from stock-based compensation	1,628
Repurchases/retirement of stock	(68,712)
Dividends paid	(30,196)

Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	(390,582)

Net (Decrease) Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents	(17,662)

Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	209,273

Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$191,611
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Page 7

Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Activities:	
Loans transferred to other real estate/repossessed collateral	\$656
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale	(\$77)
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Activity:	
Interest paid for the period	49,497
Income tax payments for the period	29,226

The acquisition of Redwood Empire Bancorp involved

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the following:

Cash issued	--
Common stock issued	--
Liabilities assumed	--
Fair value of assets acquired, other than cash and cash equivalents	--
Core deposit intangible	--
Customer based intangible - merchant draft processing	--
Goodwill	--
Net cash and cash equivalent received	--

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

* Adjusted to adopt Financial Accounting Standard 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment." See Note 4.

** Federal Reserve Bank/Federal Home Loan Bank ("FRB/FHLB")

Page 8

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The results of operations reflect interim adjustments, all of which are of a normal recurring nature and which, in the opinion of Management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. The interim results for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes as well as other information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies.

Certain accounting policies underlying the preparation of these financial statements require Management to make estimates and judgments. These estimates and judgments may affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. The most significant of these involve the Allowance for Credit Losses, which is discussed in Note 1 to the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Effective March 1, 2005, the Company acquired Redwood Empire Bancorp ("REBC"), parent company of National Bank of the Redwoods. The REBC acquisition was accounted for using the "purchase method" of accounting for business combinations which requires valuing assets and liabilities which do not have quoted market prices. In determining fair values for assets and liabilities without quoted market prices for the REBC acquisition, management engaged an independent consultant to determine such fair values. Critical assumptions used in the valuation included prevailing market interest rates on similar financial products, future cash flows, maturity structures and durations of similar financial products, the cost of processing deposit products, the interest rate structure for similar funding sources over the estimated

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duration of acquired deposits, the duration of customer relationships, and other critical assumptions.

In February 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Accounting Standards No. 155 (SFAS 155), "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments -- an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 and 140". SFAS 155 clarifies existing and establishes new accounting for certain hybrid financial instruments. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of SFAS 155 on its accounting practices. SFAS 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued by the Company after December 31, 2006.

On March 17, 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 156 (SFAS 156), "Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets an amendment of FASB No. 140". This Statement amends FASB Statement No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities" (SFAS 140). The new Standard addresses the recognition and measurement of separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities and provides an approach to simplify efforts to obtain hedge-like (offset) accounting. The standard requires that a separately recognized servicing asset or servicing liability be initially measured at fair value, if practicable, and permits an entity with a separately recognized servicing asset or servicing liability to choose either the amortization method or the fair value method for subsequent measurement. The Company currently has approximately \$100 thousand in mortgage servicing rights which are currently amortized over the period of estimated mortgage income. This method is consistent with the SFAS 140 requirements. The Company does not currently hedge its mortgage servicing rights as the risks to earnings from fluctuating values is not significant. SFAS 156 is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The Company will be adopting this new Standard beginning January 1, 2007.

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Interpretation No.48 (FIN 48), "Accounting Uncertainty in Income Taxes". This Interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No.109, Accounting for Income Taxes. This Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The evaluation of a tax position in accordance with this Interpretation is a two-step process. The first step is recognition: The enterprise determines whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained. The second step is measurement: A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is measured to determine the amount of benefit to recognize in the financial statements. The tax position is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Differences between tax positions taken in a tax return and amounts recognized in the financial statements will generally result in: a) An increase in a liability for income taxes payable (or a reduction of an income tax refund receivable) or b) A reduction in a deferred tax asset or an increase in a deferred tax liability c) Both (a) and (b). FIN 48 is effective fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company does not expect the adoption of this new standard to have a material impact on its results of operations.

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Statement No. 158, "Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R)" ("FAS 158"). FAS 158 requires the recognition of the funded status of the Company's benefit plans as a net liability or asset, which requires an

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offsetting adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income in shareholders' equity. FAS 158 further requires the Company to measure its benefit obligations as of the balance sheet date. The Company must adopt the recognition and disclosure provisions of FAS 158 effective December 31, 2006 and the measurement provisions of FAS 158 effective December 31, 2008. The Company does not sponsor a defined benefit plan, but does maintain a post-retirement medical benefit plan. At December 31, 2005, the accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation exceeded plan assets by \$4.3 million, of which \$3.6 million was recognized as a liability on the Company's balance sheet. The remaining \$700 thousand obligation represented the unrecognized transition obligation, which is being amortized to earnings in an amount of \$61 thousand annually. Therefore, in applying the recognition and disclosure provisions of FAS 158 on a prospective basis at December 31, 2006, the Company anticipates recognizing a reduction in accumulated other comprehensive income in the net of tax amount of approximately \$400 thousand.

Page 9

In September 2006, the SEC staff issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements" (SAB 108). The Company is assessing the provisions of SAB 108 and, if necessary, will be adopting SAB 108 effective January 1, 2006.

Note 3: Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The Company has recorded goodwill and other identifiable intangibles associated with purchase business combinations. Goodwill is not amortized, but is periodically evaluated for impairment. The Company did not recognize impairment during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Identifiable intangibles are amortized to their estimated residual values over their expected useful lives. Such lives and residual values are also periodically reassessed to determine if any amortization period adjustments are indicated. During the third quarter of 2006, no such adjustments were recorded.

In connection with the acquisition of Redwood Empire Bancorp ("REBC") in the first quarter of 2005, the Company recorded goodwill and identifiable intangibles of \$109 million and \$27 million, respectively, in accordance with the purchase method of accounting. The following table summarizes the Company's goodwill and identifiable intangible assets, as of January 1 and September 30 for 2006 and 2005 (dollars in thousands). In the first quarter of 2006 goodwill relating to the REBC acquisition was reduced by \$193 related to stock options issued in connection with the acquisition and increased \$5 related to accrued expenses. In the second quarter of 2005 goodwill relating to the REBC acquisition was reduced by \$3,381, which represents the premium received on the required divestiture of a former REBC branch office in Lake County and an adjustment related to stock options issued in connection with the acquisition.

	At January 1, 2006	Additions	Reductions	At September 30, 2006
Goodwill	\$125,879	\$5	(\$193)	\$125,691
Accumulated Amortization	(3,972)	0	0	(3,972)
Net	\$121,907	\$5	(\$193)	\$121,719

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Core Deposit Intangibles	\$24,383	\$0	\$0	\$24,383
Accumulated Amortization	(6,972)	0	(1,714)	(8,686)
Merchant Draft Processing Intangible	10,300	0	0	10,300
Accumulated Amortization	(1,541)	0	(1,358)	(2,899)
Net	\$26,170	\$0	(\$3,072)	\$23,098
	At			At
	January 1,	Additions	Reductions	September 30,
	2005			2005
Goodwill	\$22,968	\$108,507	(\$3,381)	\$128,094
Accumulated Amortization	(3,972)	0	0	(3,972)
Net	\$18,996	\$108,507	(\$3,381)	\$124,122
Core Deposit Intangibles	\$7,783	\$16,600	\$0	\$24,383
Accumulated Amortization	(4,889)	0	(1,482)	(6,371)
Merchant Draft Processing Intangible	0	10,300	0	10,300
Accumulated Amortization	0	0	(1,079)	(1,079)
Net	\$2,894	\$26,900	(\$2,561)	\$27,233

At September 30, 2006, the estimated aggregate amortization of core deposit intangibles, in thousands of dollars, for the remainder of 2006 and annually through 2011 is \$566, \$2,153, \$2,021, \$1,859, \$1,636, and \$1,386, respectively. The weighted average amortization period for core deposit intangibles is 11.88 years.

At September 30, 2006, the estimated aggregate amortization of merchant draft processing intangible, in thousands of dollars, for the remainder of 2006 and annually through 2011 is \$450, \$1,500, \$1,200, \$962, \$774, and \$624, respectively. The weighted average amortization period for merchant draft processing intangibles is 11.42 years.

Page 10

Note 4: Stock Options

The Company grants stock options and restricted performance shares (RPSs) to employees in exchange for employee services, pursuant to the shareholder-approved 1995 Stock Option Plan, which was amended and restated in 2003. Stock options are granted with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the related common stock and generally become exercisable in equal annual installments over a three-year period with each installment vesting on the anniversary date of the grant. Each stock option has a maximum ten-year term. A restricted performance share grant becomes vested after three years of being awarded, provided the Company has attained its performance goals for such three-year period.

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted FASB Statement No.123(revised 2004), Share-Based Payment (SFAS No. 123(R)) on a modified retrospective basis. SFAS No. 123(R) requires the Company to begin using the fair value method to account for stock based awards granted to employees in exchange for their services. Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company accounted for stock option plans using the intrinsic value method, as

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permitted by SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." Under the prior intrinsic value method, compensation expense was recorded for stock options only if the price of the underlying stock on the date of grant exceeded the exercise price of the option. The Company's historical stock option grants were awarded with exercise prices equal to the prevailing price of the underlying stock on the dates of grant; therefore, no compensation expense was recorded using the intrinsic value method. The Company's recognition of compensation expense for restricted performance share grants has not changed with the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R). The Company has recognized compensation expense for historical restricted performance share grants over the relevant attribution period. Restricted performance share grants have no exercise price, therefore, the intrinsic value is measured using an estimated per share price at the vesting date for each restricted performance share. The estimated per share price is adjusted during the attribution period to reflect actual stock price performance. The Company's obligation for unvested outstanding restricted performance share grants is classified as a liability until the vesting date, at which time the issued shares become classified as shareholders' equity.

The scope of SFAS 123(R) includes a wide range of stock-based compensation arrangements including stock options, restricted stock plans, performance-based awards, stock appreciation rights, and employee stock purchase plans. SFAS 123(R) requires that the Company measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the fair value of the award on the grant date. That cost must be recognized in the income statement over the vesting period of the award. In applying the "modified retrospective" method to implement SFAS No. 123 (R), the Company adjusted the financial statements for prior periods to give effect to the fair-value-based method of accounting for awards that were granted, modified or settled in the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1994 on a basis consistent with the pro forma disclosures required by Statement 123. Accordingly, compensation costs and the related tax effects are recognized in those financial statements as though awards for those periods before the effective date of Statement 123(R) had been accounted for under Statement 123. In addition, the opening balances of common stock, deferred taxes and retained earnings for the earliest year presented are adjusted to reflect the cumulative effect of the modified retrospective application on earlier periods.

The following table summarizes information about stock options granted under the Plans as of September 30, 2006. The intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the market value as of September 30, 2006 and the exercise price of the shares. The market value as of September 30, 2006 was \$50.51 as reported by the NASDAQ Global Market:

Range of Exercise Price	Options Outstanding					Options Exercised	
	Shares (in thousands)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares (in thousands)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)
\$10 - 15	11	\$411	1.9	\$13.09	11	\$411	
15 - 19	1	25	1.9	16.76	1	25	
19 - 20	8	237	0.6	19.25	8	237	

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20 - 25	401	10,631	3.6	24.00	401	10,631
32 - 33	219	3,884	1.6	32.79	219	3,884
33 - 35	249	3,977	2.6	34.56	249	3,977
35 - 40	648	7,451	5.1	39.02	648	7,451
40 - 45	432	4,218	6.6	40.75	432	4,218
45 - 50	449	405	7.6	49.61	298	268
50 - 55	720	0	8.9	52.55	158	0

\$10 - 55	3,138	\$31,239	5.9	41.02	2,425	\$31,102
=====						

Page 11

The Company applies the Roll-Geske option pricing model (Modified Roll) to determine grant date fair value of stock option grants. This model modifies the Black-Scholes Model to take into account dividends and American options. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company granted 258 thousand and 560 thousand stock options, respectively. The following weighted average assumptions were used in the option pricing to value stock options granted in the periods indicated:

	For the Nine months ended September 30,	
	2006	2005

Expected volatility*1	16%	15%
Expected life in years*2	4.0	7.0
Risk-free interest rate*3	4.41%	3.91%
Expected dividend yield	2.63%	2.47%
Fair value per award	\$6.54	\$6.61

*1 Measured using daily price changes of Company's stock over respective expected term of the option and the implied volatility derived from the market prices of the Company's stock and traded options.

*2 the expected life is the number of years that the Company estimates that the options will be outstanding prior to exercise

*3 the risk-free rate for periods within the contractual term of the option is based on the US Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant

Employee stock option grants are being expensed by the Company over the grants' three year vesting period. The Company issues new shares upon the exercise of options. The Company estimates it will issue approximately 275 thousand shares during 2006 related to stock-based compensation programs. The number of shares authorized to be issued for options is 2.2 million.

The impact of adopting SFAS 123(R) for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and at September 30, 2006 and 2005 is summarized in the following tables (in thousands, except per share data):

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	For the three months ended September 30,			
	2006		2005	
	Intrinsic Value Method	Fair Value Method	Intrinsic Value Method	Fair Value Method
Income before income taxes	\$33,443	\$32,798	\$40,275	\$39,747
Net income	24,614	24,237	29,194	28,885
Net earnings per share - basic	\$0.79	\$0.78	\$0.90	\$0.89
Net earnings per share - diluted share	0.78	0.77	0.89	0.88
Cash flow provided by operations	\$30,486	\$29,475	\$26,204	\$25,986
Cash flow used in financing activities	(100,866)	(\$99,855)	(54,833)	(54,615)

	For the nine months ended September 30,			
	2006		2005	
	Intrinsic Value Method	Fair Value Method	Intrinsic Value Method	Fair Value Method
Income before income taxes	\$103,837	\$101,918	\$110,108	\$108,525
Net income	75,972	74,849	79,842	78,916
Net earnings per share - basic	\$2.42	\$2.39	\$2.47	\$2.44
Net earnings per share - diluted share	2.38	2.34	2.42	2.39
Cash flow provided by operations	\$87,412	\$85,784	\$74,254	\$73,896
Cash flow used in financing activities	(392,210)	(390,582)	(233,639)	(233,280)

A summary of option activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 is presented below:

	Shares (In Thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	3,269	\$39.13	
Granted	258	52.56	
Exercised	(362)	31.32	
Forfeited or expired	(27)	52.13	
Outstanding at September 30, 2006	3,138	41.02	5.9
Exercisable at September 30, 2006	2,425	37.82	5.0 years

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Page 12

A summary of the Company's nonvested option activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 is presented below.

	Shares (In Thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value

Nonvested at January 1, 2006	968	
Granted	258	
Vested	(487)	
Forfeited	(26)	

Nonvested at September 30, 2006	713	\$6.65
=====		

The weighted average estimated grant date fair value, as defined by SFAS 123(R), for options granted under the Company's stock option plan during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$6.54 and \$6.61 per share, respectively. The total remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested awards as of September 30, 2006 is \$3.3 million and the weighted average period over which the cost is expected to be recognized is 1.7 years.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$6.9 million and \$4.2 million, respectively. The total fair value of RPSs that vested during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$1.0 million and \$905 thousand, respectively. The actual tax benefit realized for the tax deductions from the exercise of options totaled \$1.6 million and \$359 thousand, respectively, for the nine months ended September, 2006 and 2005.

A summary of the status of the Company's restricted performance shares as of September 30, 2006 and 2005 and changes during the nine months ended on those dates, follows (in thousands):

	2006	2005

Outstanding at January 1,	44	58
Granted	15	21
Exercised	(20)	(21)
Forfeited	0	(8)

Outstanding at September 30,	39	50
=====		

As of September 30, 2006 and 2005, the restricted performance shares had a

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weighted-average contractual life of 1.53 and 1.47 years, respectively. The compensation cost that was charged against income for the Company's restricted performance shares granted was \$507 thousand and \$900 thousand for the nine month ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. There were no stock appreciation rights or incentive stock options granted in the nine months ended September, 2006 and 2005.

Note 5: Post Retirement Benefits

The Company uses an actuarial-based accrual method of accounting for post-retirement benefits. The Company offers a continuation of group insurance coverage to employees electing early retirement until age 65. The Company pays a portion of these early retirees' insurance premium which are determined at their date of retirement. The Company reimburses a portion of Medicare Part B premiums for all retirees and spouses over 65.

In accordance with SFAS No.132 "Employers' Disclosures about Pensions and Other Post-Retirement Benefits", the Company provides the following interim disclosure related to its post-retirement benefit plan.

The following table sets forth the net periodic post retirement benefit costs for the nine months ended September 30.

	For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2006	2005
	(In thousands) (In thousands)	
Service cost	\$141	\$209
Interest cost	159	158
Amortization of unrecognized transition obligation	45	46
Net periodic cost	\$345	\$413

The Company does not fund its post-retirement benefit plan.

Page 13

WESTAMERICA BANCORPORATION
Financial Summary
(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2006	2005*	2006	2005*
Net Interest Income (FTE)***	\$50,198	\$55,993	\$155,675	\$168,036

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Provision for Credit Losses	(75)	(150)	(375)	(750)
Noninterest Income:				
Gains on sales of real property	0	2,369	0	3,700
Securities gains (losses)	0	0	0	(4,903)
Deposit service charges and other	13,899	15,071	41,600	41,317

Total noninterest income	13,899	17,440	41,600	40,114
Noninterest Expense	(25,403)	(27,319)	(77,232)	(80,272)
Provision for income taxes (FTE)***	(14,382)	(17,079)	(44,819)	(48,212)

Net Income	\$24,237	\$28,885	\$74,849	\$78,916
	=====			
Average Shares Outstanding	31,070	32,352	31,372	32,379
Diluted Average Shares Outstanding	31,558	32,972	31,919	33,007
Shares Outstanding at Period End	30,910	32,198	30,910	32,198
As Reported:				
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$0.78	\$0.89	\$2.39	\$2.44
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$0.77	\$0.88	\$2.34	\$2.39
Return On Assets	1.98%	2.23%	2.02%	2.09%
Return On Equity	22.75%	27.01%	23.59%	25.76%
Net Interest Margin (FTE)***	4.54%	4.76%	4.61%	4.84%
Net Loan Losses to Average Loans	0.07%	0.05%	0.05%	0.02%
Efficiency Ratio**	39.6%	37.2%	39.1%	38.6%
Average Balances:				
Total Assets	\$4,846,286	\$5,141,666	\$4,949,661	\$5,058,776
Earning Assets	4,419,609	4,695,342	4,513,838	4,644,636
Total Gross Loans	2,555,472	2,643,270	2,586,547	2,562,880
Total Deposits	3,602,565	3,872,414	3,679,677	3,831,947
Shareholders' Equity	422,735	424,277	424,189	409,567
Balances at Period End:				
Total Assets	\$4,845,360	\$5,161,473		
Earning Assets	4,382,818	4,709,647		
Total Gross Loans	2,552,929	2,675,907		
Total Deposits	3,551,131	3,873,935		
Shareholders' Equity	426,976	440,406		
Financial Ratios at Period End:				
Allowance for Loan Losses to Loans	2.18%	2.23%		
Book Value Per Share	\$13.81	\$13.68		
Equity to Assets	8.81%	8.53%		
Total Capital to Risk Adjusted Assets	11.02%	10.41%		
Dividends Paid Per Share	\$0.32	\$0.30	\$0.96	\$0.90
Dividend Payout Ratio	42%	34%	41%	38%

The above financial summary has been derived from the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements. This information should be read in conjunction with those statements, notes and the other information included elsewhere herein.

* Adjusted to adopt Financial Accounting Standard 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment." See Note 4.

** The efficiency ratio is defined as noninterest expense divided by total revenue (net interest income on a tax-equivalent basis and noninterest income).

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*** Yields on securities and certain loans have been adjusted upward to a "fully taxable equivalent" ("FTE") basis in order to reflect the effect of income which is exempt from federal income taxation at the current statutory tax rate.

Page 14

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Westamerica Bancorporation and subsidiaries (the "Company") reported third quarter 2006 net income of \$24.2 million or \$0.77 diluted earnings per share. These results compare to net income of \$28.9 million or \$0.88 diluted earnings per share for the same period of 2005. The third quarter of 2005 noninterest income included a \$2.4 million gain on sale of real estate and \$588 thousand in tax-exempt insurance proceeds which, on a combined basis, accounted for \$0.06 diluted earnings per share.

On a year-to-date basis, the Company reported net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 of \$74.8 million or diluted earnings per share of \$2.34, compared with \$78.9 million or \$2.39 diluted earnings per share for the same period of 2005. The 2005 year-to-date results included gains on real estate sales, and life insurance proceeds, offset by securities losses, which reduced net income by \$100 thousand.

Following is a summary of the components of net income for the periods indicated (in thousands except per share amounts):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months September
	2006	2005*	2006
Net interest income (FTE)	\$50,198	\$55,993	\$155,675
Provision for credit losses	(75)	(150)	(375)
Noninterest income:			
Gains on sales of real property	0	2,369	0
Securities gains (losses)	0	0	0
Deposit service charges and other	13,899	15,071	41,600
Total noninterest income	13,899	17,440	41,600
Noninterest expense	(25,403)	(27,319)	(77,232)
Provision for income taxes (FTE)	(14,382)	(17,079)	(44,819)
Net income	\$24,237	\$28,885	\$74,849
Average diluted shares	31,558	32,972	31,919
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.77	\$0.88	\$2.34
Average total assets	\$4,846,286	\$5,141,666	\$4,949,661
Net income (annualized) to average total assets	1.98%	2.23%	2.02%

* Adjusted to adopt SFAS 123(R)

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Net income for the third quarter of 2006 was \$4.6 million or 16.1% less than the same quarter of 2005, primarily attributable to lower net interest income (FTE) and noninterest income, partially offset by decreases in provision for credit losses, noninterest expense and income tax provision (FTE). The decrease in net interest income (FTE) (down \$5.8 million or 10.3%) was the net result of lower average interest-earning assets and higher funding costs, partially offset by higher yields on earning assets. The credit loss provision decreased \$75 thousand or 50.0% from a year ago, reflecting Management's assessment of credit risk for the loan portfolio. Noninterest income decreased \$3.5 million or 20.3% mainly because the 2005 period included a \$2.4 million gain on sale of real estate and \$588 thousand in life insurance proceeds. Noninterest expense decreased \$1.9 million or 7.0% largely due to lower personnel costs. The provision for income taxes (FTE) decreased \$2.7 million or 15.8% primarily due to lower profitability, higher tax credits and refunds, and other tax preference items.

Comparing the first nine months of 2006 to the prior year, net income decreased \$4.1 million or 5.2%, due to lower net interest income (FTE), partially offset by higher noninterest income and decreases in noninterest expense, credit loss provision and tax provision. The lower net interest income (FTE) was mainly caused by rates on interest-bearing liabilities rising faster than yields on earning assets and lower average earning assets, partially offset by the effect of lower interest-bearing liabilities. The credit loss provision decreased \$375 thousand to reflect Management's assessment of credit risk. Noninterest income increased \$1.5 million or 3.7%. Noninterest expense declined \$3.0 million or 3.8%. The income tax provision (FTE) decreased \$3.4 million or 7.0% primarily due to lower earnings, higher tax credits and refunds, and other tax preference items.

Page 15

Net Interest Income

Following is a summary of the components of net interest income for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Interest and fee income	\$61,365	\$61,804	\$185,710	\$180,563
Interest expense	(16,988)	(12,028)	(47,785)	(31,130)
FTE adjustment	5,821	6,217	17,750	18,603
Net interest income (FTE)	\$50,198	\$55,993	\$155,675	\$168,036
Average earning assets	\$4,419,609	\$4,695,342	\$4,513,838	\$4,644,636
Net interest margin (FTE)	4.54%	4.76%	4.61%	4.84%

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The Company's primary source of revenue is net interest income, or the difference between interest income earned on loans and investments and interest expense paid on interest-bearing deposits and borrowings. Net interest income (FTE) decreased during the third quarter of 2006 by \$5.8 million or 10.3% from the same period in 2005 to \$50.2 million, mainly due to lower average earning assets (down \$276 million) and higher rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities (up 75 basis points "bp"), partially offset by higher yields on earning assets excluding loan fees (up 26 bp) and a lower volume of interest-bearing liabilities (down \$221 million).

Comparing the first nine months of 2006 with the same period of 2005, net interest income (FTE) decreased \$12.4 million or 7.4%, primarily due to lower average earning assets and higher rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities, partially offset by higher yields on earning assets excluding loan fees.

Interest and Fee Income

Interest and fee income (FTE) for the third quarter of 2006 decreased \$835 thousand or 1.2% from the same period in 2005. The decrease was caused primarily by lower average earning assets (down \$276 million), partially offset by higher yields on average earning assets excluding loan fees (up 26 bp).

The average earning asset decrease of \$276 million in the third quarter of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005 was substantially attributable to a \$188 million decline in the investment portfolio: mortgage backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations (down \$124 million), U.S. government sponsored entity obligations (down \$32 million) and municipal securities (down \$30 million).

Average total loans were lower by \$88 million in the third quarter of 2006 compared with the same period in 2005 due to decreases in average balances of commercial loans (down \$55 million), commercial real estate loans (down \$23 million) and direct consumer loans (down \$18 million).

The average yield on the Company's earning assets, excluding loan fee income, increased from 5.75% in the third quarter of 2005 to 6.01% in the same period in 2006 (up 26 bp). The composite yield on loans, excluding loan fees, rose 35 bp to 6.54% due to increases in rates charged on commercial loans (up 84 bp), construction loans (up 242 bp), indirect consumer loans (up 35 bp) and consumer credit lines (up 184 bp).

The investment portfolio yield increased 9 bp to 5.28%, mainly caused by increases in the yield on US. Government sponsored entity obligations (up 26 bp) and mortgage backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations (up 9 bp), partially offset by a 13 bp decline in municipal securities. The decline in the yield on municipal securities was attributable to yields on maturities, calls and serial payments exceeding yields on securities purchased.

Comparing the first nine months of 2006 with the corresponding period a year ago, interest and fee income (FTE) was up \$4.3 million or 2.2%. The increase largely resulted from higher yields on earning assets, partially offset by a lower volume of those assets.

Average earning assets decreased \$131 million or 2.8% for the first nine months of 2006 compared with the same period of 2005. The loan portfolio grew \$24 million due to increases in average balances of residential real estate loans (up \$41 million), commercial real estate loans (up \$16 million) and construction loans (up \$9 million), partially offset by decreases in average

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balances of commercial loans (down \$27 million) and consumer credit lines (down \$11 million). Investments declined \$154 million due to decreases in average balances of mortgage backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations (down \$68 million), U.S. government sponsored entity obligations (down \$66 million), municipal securities (down \$15 million) and preferred stock & corporate securities (down \$6 million).

The average yield on earning assets excluding loan fees for the first three quarters of 2006 was 5.97% compared with 5.69% in the corresponding period of 2005. The loan portfolio yield excluding loan fees for the first nine months of 2006 compared with the same period of 2005 was higher by 36 bp, due to increases in rates charged on commercial loans (up 86 bp), construction loans (up 184 bp), consumer credit lines (up 175 bp), indirect consumer loans (up 26 bp), residential real estate loans (up 16 bp) and commercial real estate loans (up 6 bp).

The investment portfolio yield rose by 12 bp. The increase resulted from higher yields on U.S. government sponsored entity obligations (up 25 bp) and mortgage backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations (up 18 bp), partially offset by lower yields on preferred stock & corporate securities (down 16 bp) and municipal securities (down 11 bp).

Page 16

Interest Expense

Interest expense in the third quarter of 2006 increased \$5.0 million compared with the same period in 2005. The increase was attributable to higher rates paid on the interest-bearing liabilities, partially offset by lower average interest-bearing liabilities.

The average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities increased from 1.45% in the third quarter of 2005 to 2.20% in the same quarter of 2006. Rates paid on most liabilities moved with general market conditions. The average rate on federal funds purchased rose 180 bp. Rates on deposits increased as well, including those on CDs over \$100 thousand, which rose 169 bp; on retail CDs, which went up by 84 bp; and on money market savings accounts, which rose 18 bp.

Interest-bearing liabilities declined \$221 million or 6.8% for the third quarter of 2006 over the same period of 2005. Decreases in federal funds purchased (down \$100 million), retail CDs (down \$45 million) and money market savings accounts (down \$132 million) were partially offset by increases in CDs over \$100 thousand (up \$54 million) and other short-term borrowings (up \$63 million).

Comparing the first nine months of 2006 to the corresponding period of 2005, interest expense rose \$16.7 million mainly due to higher rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

Rates paid on liabilities averaged 2.03% during the first nine months of 2006 compared to 1.28% in the corresponding period of 2005. Rates on most interest-bearing liabilities moved up with the general trend in the market. The average rate on federal funds purchased rose 188 bp. Rates on most deposits were also higher: CDs over \$100 thousand which rose 166 bp, retail CDs which increased by 63 bp, and money market savings accounts which increased by 9 bp.

Interest-bearing liabilities declined \$105 million or 3.2% over the first nine months of 2005 mostly due to lower average balances of federal funds purchased (down \$46 million), retail CDs (down \$42 million) and money market savings

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(down \$125 million). These decreases were partially offset by increases in average balances of CDs over \$100 thousand (up \$68 million) and other short term borrowings (up \$53 million).

In all periods, the Company has focused its sales efforts on growing the balances of more profitable, noninterest bearing and lower-cost transaction accounts in order to minimize the cost of funds.

Net Interest Margin (FTE)

The following summarizes the components of the Company's net interest margin for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Yield on earning assets	6.05%	5.77%	6.02%	5.73%
Rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities	2.20%	1.45%	2.03%	1.28%
Net interest spread	3.85%	4.32%	3.99%	4.45%
Impact of all other net noninterest bearing funds	0.69%	0.44%	0.62%	0.39%
Net interest margin	4.54%	4.76%	4.61%	4.84%

During the third quarter of 2006, the net interest margin declined 22 bp compared to the same period in 2005. Rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities climbed faster than yields on earning assets, resulting in a 47 bp decline in net interest spread. The decline in the net interest spread was partially mitigated by the higher value of noninterest bearing funding sources. While the average balance of these sources decreased \$88 million or 6.3%, their value increased 25 bp because of the higher market rates of interest at which they could be invested.

The net interest margin in the first nine months of 2006 declined by 23 bp when compared with the corresponding period of 2005. Earning asset yields increased 29 bp and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities rose by 75 bp, resulting in a 46 bp decrease in the interest spread. Noninterest bearing funding sources declined \$40 million or 2.9%, their margin contribution increased by 23 bp.

Page 17

Summary of Average Balances, Yields/Rates and Interest Differential

The following tables present, for the periods indicated, information regarding the Company's consolidated average assets, liabilities and shareholders' equity, the amount of interest income from average earning assets and the resulting yields, and the amount of interest expense paid on interest-bearing

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liabilities. Average loan balances include nonperforming loans. Interest income includes proceeds from loans on nonaccrual status only to the extent cash payments have been received and applied as interest income. Yields on securities and certain loans have been adjusted upward to a "fully taxable equivalent" ("FTE") basis in order to reflect the effect of income which is exempt from federal income taxation at the current statutory tax rate (dollars in thousands).

	For the three months ended September 30, 2006		
	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Rates Earned/ Paid
Assets:			
Money market assets and funds sold	\$966	\$1	0.41%
Investment securities:			
Available for sale			
Taxable	385,478	4,099	4.25%
Tax-exempt	251,143	4,571	7.28%
Held to maturity			
Taxable	646,991	6,973	4.31%
Tax-exempt	579,559	8,954	6.18%
Loans:			
Commercial:			
Taxable	343,958	7,487	8.64%
Tax-exempt	238,849	3,889	6.46%
Commercial real estate	913,919	16,396	7.12%
Real estate construction	71,372	1,774	9.86%
Real estate residential	509,252	5,916	4.65%
Consumer	478,122	7,126	5.91%
Total loans	2,555,472	42,588	6.54%
Total earning assets	4,419,609	67,186	6.05%
Other assets	426,677		
Total assets	\$4,846,286		
Liabilities and shareholders' equity			
Deposits:			
Noninterest bearing demand	\$1,311,786	\$--	--
Savings and interest-bearing transaction	1,546,392	1,603	0.41%
Time less than \$100,000	234,647	1,722	2.91%
Time \$100,000 or more	509,741	5,686	4.43%
Total interest-bearing deposits	2,290,780	9,011	1.56%
Short-term borrowed funds	717,524	7,399	4.04%
Debt financing and notes payable	36,978	578	6.25%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,045,282	16,988	2.20%
Other liabilities	66,483		
Shareholders' equity	422,735		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$4,846,286		

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Net interest spread (1)		3.85%
Net interest income and interest margin (2)	\$50,198	4.54%
	=====	

(1) Net interest spread represents the average yield earned on earning assets minus the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

(2) Net interest margin is computed by calculating the difference between interest income and expense (annualized), divided by the average balance of earning assets.

Page 18

	For the three months ended September 30, 2005		
	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Rates Earned/ Paid

Assets:			
Money market assets and funds sold	\$750	\$1	0.53%
Investment securities:			
Available for sale			
Taxable	419,670	4,427	4.22%
Tax-exempt	261,428	4,814	7.37%
Held to maturity			
Taxable	773,863	7,985	4.13%
Tax-exempt	596,362	9,399	6.30%
Loans:			
Commercial:			
Taxable	387,812	7,019	7.18%
Tax-exempt	249,607	4,092	6.50%
Commercial real estate	937,380	16,819	7.12%
Real estate construction	73,911	1,367	7.34%
Real estate residential	489,649	5,521	4.51%
Consumer	504,911	6,577	5.17%

Total loans	2,643,270	41,395	6.22%

Total earning assets	4,695,343	68,021	5.77%
Other assets	446,323		

Total assets	\$5,141,666		
	=====		
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:			
Deposits:			
Noninterest bearing demand	\$1,400,272	\$--	--
Savings and interest-bearing transaction	1,736,917	1,357	0.31%
Time less than \$100,000	279,932	1,462	2.07%
Time \$100,000 or more	455,293	3,148	2.74%

Total interest-bearing deposits	2,472,142	5,967	0.96%
Short-term borrowed funds	754,215	5,421	2.81%

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Debt financing and notes payable	40,340	640	6.35%

Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,266,697	12,028	1.45%
Other liabilities	50,420		
Shareholders' equity	424,277		

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$5,141,666		
=====			
Net interest spread (1)			4.32%
Net interest income and interest margin (2)		\$55,993	4.76%
=====			

(1) Net interest spread represents the average yield earned on earning assets minus the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

(2) Net interest margin is computed by calculating the difference between interest income and expense (annualized), divided by the average balance of earning assets.

Page 19

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2006		
	Average Balance	Interest income/ expense	Rates earned/ paid

Assets:			
Money market assets and funds sold	\$878	\$3	0.46%
Investment securities:			
Available for sale			
Taxable	398,065	12,730	4.26%
Tax-exempt	252,853	13,974	7.37%
Held to maturity			
Taxable	691,468	22,211	4.28%
Tax-exempt	584,027	26,980	6.16%
Loans:			
Commercial:			
Taxable	352,747	22,243	8.43%
Tax-exempt	246,450	11,963	6.49%
Commercial real estate	917,044	49,800	7.26%
Real estate construction	75,624	5,136	9.08%
Real estate residential	509,936	17,709	4.58%
Consumer	484,746	20,711	5.71%

Total loans	2,586,547	127,562	6.58%

Total earning assets	4,513,838	203,460	6.02%
Other assets	435,823		

Total assets	\$4,949,661		
=====			
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:			

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Deposits:			
Noninterest bearing demand	\$1,328,071	\$--	--
Savings and interest-bearing transaction	1,602,949	4,280	0.36%
Time less than \$100,000	243,814	4,763	2.61%
Time \$100,000 or more	504,843	15,222	4.03%

Total interest-bearing deposits	2,351,606	24,265	1.38%
Short-term borrowed funds	740,923	21,766	3.87%
Debt financing and notes payable	37,372	1,754	6.26%

Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,129,901	47,785	2.03%
Other liabilities	67,500		
Shareholders' equity	424,189		

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$4,949,661		
	=====		
Net interest spread (1)			3.99%
Net interest income and interest margin (2)		\$155,675	4.61%
		=====	

(1) Net interest spread represents the average yield earned on earning assets minus the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

(2) Net interest margin is computed by calculating the difference between interest income and expense (annualized), divided by the average balance of earning assets.

Page 20

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2005		

	Average	Interest	Rates
	Balance	Income/ Expense	Earned/ Paid

Assets:			
Money market assets and funds sold	\$708	\$2	0.38%
Investment securities:			
Available for sale			
Taxable	502,581	15,305	4.06%
Tax-exempt	245,665	14,635	7.94%
Held to maturity			
Taxable	748,789	22,538	4.01%
Tax-exempt	584,012	27,607	6.30%
Loans:			
Commercial			
Taxable	377,313	19,641	6.96%
Tax-exempt	248,877	12,324	6.62%
Commercial real estate	901,373	48,477	7.19%
Real estate construction	66,634	3,623	7.27%
Real estate residential	469,169	15,716	4.42%
Consumer	499,515	19,298	5.17%

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Total loans	2,562,881	119,079	6.20%

Total earning assets	4,644,636	199,166	5.73%
Other assets	414,140		

Total assets	\$5,058,776		
	=====		
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:			
Deposits:			
Noninterest bearing demand	\$1,367,580	\$--	--
Savings and interest-bearing transaction	1,741,720	3,794	0.29%
Time less than \$100,000	286,170	4,243	1.98%
Time \$100,000 or more	436,477	7,741	2.37%

Total interest-bearing deposits	2,464,367	15,778	0.86%
Short-term borrowed funds	734,394	13,645	2.45%
Debt financing and notes payable	35,866	1,707	6.35%

Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,234,627	31,130	1.28%
Other liabilities	47,002		
Shareholders' equity	409,567		

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$5,058,776		
	=====		
Net interest spread (1)			4.45%
Net interest income and interest margin (2)		\$168,036	4.84%
		=====	

(1) Net interest spread represents the average yield earned on earning assets minus the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

(2) Net interest margin is computed by calculating the difference between interest income and expense (annualized), divided by the average balance of earning assets.

Page 21

Summary of Changes in Interest Income and Expense due to Changes in Average Asset & Liability Balances and Yields Earned & Rates Paid

The following tables set forth a summary of the changes in interest income and interest expense due to changes in average asset and liability balances (volume) and changes in average interest rates for the periods indicated. Changes not solely attributable to volume or rates have been allocated in proportion to the respective volume and rate components (dollars in thousands).

Three months ended September 30, 2006
compared with three months
ended September 30, 2005

Volume	Rate	Total
--------	------	-------

Interest and fee income:

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Money market assets and funds sold	\$0	\$0	\$0
Investment securities:			
Available for sale			
Taxable	(363)	35	(328)
Tax-exempt	(188)	(55)	(243)
Held to maturity			
Taxable	(1,355)	343	(1,012)
Tax-exempt	(262)	(183)	(445)
Loans:			
Commercial:			
Taxable	(851)	1,319	468
Tax-exempt	(175)	(28)	(203)
Commercial real estate	(421)	(2)	(423)
Real estate construction	(48)	455	407
Real estate residential	225	170	395
Consumer	(362)	911	549
	-----	-----	-----
Total loans	(1,632)	2,825	1,193
Total earning assets	(3,800)	2,965	(835)
	-----	-----	-----
Interest expense:			
Deposits:			
Savings and interest-bearing transaction	(161)	407	246
Time less than \$100,000	(264)	524	260
Time \$100,000 or more	414	2,124	2,538
	-----	-----	-----
Total interest-bearing deposits	(11)	3,055	3,044
	-----	-----	-----
Short-term borrowed funds	(275)	2,253	1,978
Debt financing and notes payable	(53)	(9)	(62)
	-----	-----	-----
Total interest-bearing liabilities	(339)	5,299	4,960
	-----	-----	-----
Increase (decrease) in Net Interest Income	(\$3,461)	(\$2,334)	(\$5,795)
	=====	=====	=====

Page 22

Nine months ended September 30, 2006
compared with nine months
ended September 30, 2005

	Volume	Rate	Total
	-----	-----	-----
Interest and fee income:			
Money market assets and funds sold	\$1	\$0	\$1
Investment securities:			
Available for sale			
Taxable	(3,311)	736	(2,575)
Tax-exempt	418	(1,079)	(661)
Held to maturity			
Taxable	(1,787)	1,460	(327)
Tax-exempt	1	(628)	(627)

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Loans:

Commercial:			
Taxable	(1,342)	3,944	2,602
Tax-exempt	(119)	(242)	(361)
Commercial real estate	848	475	1,323
Real estate construction	532	981	1,513
Real estate residential	1,401	592	1,993
Consumer	(584)	1,997	1,413

Total loans	736	7,747	8,483

Total earning assets	(3,942)	8,236	4,294

Interest expense:

Deposits:

Savings and interest-bearing transaction	(320)	806	486
Time less than \$100,000	(691)	1,211	520
Time \$100,000 or more	1,368	6,113	7,481

Total interest-bearing deposits	357	8,130	8,487

Short-term borrowed funds	122	7,999	8,121
Debt financing and notes payable	71	(24)	47

Total interest-bearing liabilities	550	16,105	16,655

Increase (decrease) in Net Interest Income	(\$4,492)	(\$7,869)	(\$12,361)
	=====		

Page 23

Provision for Credit Losses

The level of the provision for credit losses during each of the periods presented reflects the Company's continued efforts to manage credit costs by enforcing underwriting and administration procedures and aggressively pursuing collection efforts with troubled debtors. The Company provided \$75 thousand for credit losses in the third quarter of 2006, compared with \$150 thousand in the corresponding period of 2005. For the first nine months of 2006 and 2005, \$375 thousand and \$750 thousand were provided in each respective period. The provision reflects Management's assessment of credit risk in the loan portfolio for each of the periods presented. For further information regarding net credit losses and the allowance for credit losses, see the "Classified Assets" section of this report.

Noninterest Income

The following table summarizes the components of noninterest income for the periods indicated (in thousands).

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	-----		-----	
	2006	2005	2006	2005

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Service charges on deposit accounts	\$7,155	\$7,436	\$21,424	\$21,905
Merchant credit card fees	2,430	2,631	7,208	6,346
Debit card fees	883	834	2,587	2,343
ATM fees and interchange	753	725	2,148	2,058
Other service fees	510	481	1,445	1,315
Financial services commissions	377	388	1,037	1,007
Trust fees	298	323	867	905
Official check sales income	358	308	1,064	800
Mortgage banking income	36	62	134	230
Gains on sale of foreclosed property	0	24	0	24
Securities gains (losses)	0	0	0	(4,903)
Gain on sale of real estate	0	2,369	0	3,700
Other noninterest income	1,099	1,859	3,686	4,384

Total	\$13,899	\$17,440	\$41,600	\$40,114
	=====			

Noninterest income for the third quarter of 2006 decreased by \$3.5 million or 20.3% from the same period in 2005 primarily because 2005 included a \$2.4 million gain on sale of real estate. Service charges on deposits declined \$281 thousand or 3.8% mainly due to decreases in deficit fees charged on analyzed accounts (down \$298 thousand or 17.7%), DDA activity and return item charges, partially offset by a \$161 thousand or 4.6% increase in overdraft charges. Other noninterest income decreased \$760 thousand or 40.9% mostly because the 2005 period included \$588 thousand in insurance proceeds.

In the first nine months of 2006, noninterest income increased \$1.5 million or 3.7% compared with the same period of the previous year. In 2005 the Company incurred \$4.9 million in losses on sales of securities to manage the Company's interest rate risk position following the REBC acquisition. The losses were partially offset by a \$3.7 million gain on sale of real estate. Merchant credit card fees increased \$862 thousand or 13.6% mainly due to the acquisition of the merchant card servicing business of Redwood Empire Bancorp on March 1, 2005. Official check sales income increased \$264 thousand or 33.0% due to the higher earnings credit rate on outstanding items. Debit card fees increased \$244 thousand or 10.4% mainly due to increased usage. Other service fees rose \$130 thousand or 9.9% largely due to higher internet banking income (up \$122 thousand or 50.6%). Service charges on deposits declined \$481 thousand or 2.2% largely due to a decrease in deficit fees charged on analyzed accounts (down \$522 thousand or 10.5%) as a result of the higher earnings credit rate, lower returned item charges (down \$186 thousand or 10.0%) and DDA activity (down \$160 thousand or 3.6%), partially offset by an increase in overdraft fees (up \$366 thousand or 3.6%). Other noninterest income declined \$698 thousand or 15.9% mostly because the 2005 period included \$588 thousand in insurance proceeds.

Page 24

Noninterest Expense

The following table summarizes the components of noninterest expense for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands).

Three months ended	Nine months ended
September 30,	September 30,

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	2006	2005*	2006	2005*
Salaries and related benefits	\$13,080	\$14,149	\$39,897	\$41,988
Occupancy	3,321	3,201	9,820	9,383
Data processing services	1,503	1,544	4,568	4,632
Equipment	1,194	1,347	3,775	3,891
Courier service	904	989	2,736	2,879
Telephone	371	537	1,269	1,618
Professional fees	532	497	1,823	1,821
Postage	410	377	1,217	1,175
Stationery and supplies	307	298	849	950
Loan expense	253	309	683	745
Advertising/public relations	197	247	650	728
Correspondent Service Charges	212	233	602	747
Operational losses	129	222	572	612
Amortization of deposit intangibles	1,016	1,064	3,071	2,561
Other noninterest expense	1,974	2,305	5,700	6,542
Total	\$25,403	\$27,319	\$77,232	\$80,272
Average full time equivalent staff	901	956	915	964
Noninterest expense to revenues (FTE)	39.63%	37.20%	39.15%	38.56%

* Adjusted to adopt SFAS 123(R)

Noninterest expense decreased \$1.9 million or 7.0% in the third quarter of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005. Salaries and related benefits decreased \$1.1 million or 7.6%, primarily due to a \$621 thousand decrease in regular salary and lower incentive payments. The decrease in regular salaries was attributable to the effect of a smaller workforce, partially offset by annual merit increases to continuing staff. Telephone expense declined \$166 thousand or 30.9% primarily due to lower rates contained in a new vendor contract. Equipment expense decreased \$153 thousand or 11.4% mainly due to lower repair and maintenance costs. Other noninterest expense declined \$331 thousand or 14.4% mainly due to lower expense for insurance, employee recruiting and subscriptions. Occupancy expense increased \$120 thousand or 3.7% mainly due to the REBC acquisition.

In the first nine months of 2006, noninterest expense decreased \$3.0 million or 3.8% compared with the corresponding period of 2005. Salaries and related benefits declined \$2.1 million or 5.0%, primarily the net result of a \$1.4 million decrease in regular salary, lower retirement plan expenses and incentive payments, partially offset by higher workers compensation costs. The decrease in regular salaries was attributable to the net effect of a smaller workforce and annual merit increases to continuing staff. Telephone expense declined \$349 thousand or 21.6% primarily due to lower rates contained in a new vendor contract. Correspondent service charges decreased \$145 thousand or 19.4% mainly due to decreased usage. Courier service cost was lower by \$143 thousand or 5.0% than in the same period of 2005. Equipment expense declined \$116 thousand or 3.0% mainly due to lower repair and maintenance costs. Stationery and supplies decreased \$101 thousand or 10.6%. Other noninterest expense decreased \$842 thousand or 12.9% largely due to reclassification of credit card expense and lower insurance costs, offset by a \$223 thousand increase in amortization of low-income housing investments as tax benefits are realized. Occupancy expense was higher by \$437 thousand or 4.7% primarily due to a \$536 thousand increase in rent, net of sublease income, moving expense,

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higher utility costs and an increase in miscellaneous occupancy expenses. A \$510 thousand increase in amortization of identifiable intangibles was attributable to the March 1, 2005 REBC acquisition.

Provision for Income Tax

During the third quarter of 2006, the Company recorded income tax expense (FTE) of \$14.4 million, \$2.7 million or 15.8% lower than the third quarter of 2005. The current quarter provision represents an effective tax rate of 37.2% (FTE), unchanged from the third quarter of 2005. On a year-to-date basis, the income tax provision (FTE) was \$44.8 million for 2006 compared with \$48.2 million for 2005. The effective tax rate of 37.5% (FTE) for the first nine months of 2006 is slightly lower than the 37.9% (FTE) for the same period of 2005. Tax provision in 2006 reflected tax credits and other benefits realized from additional investments in low income housing projects, tax refunds and other tax items. Tax provision in 2005 reflected tax refunds in connection with the acceptance of amended returns and the tax-free nature of \$588 thousand in life insurance proceeds.

Page 25

Classified Assets

The Company closely monitors the markets in which it conducts its lending operations and continues its strategy to control exposure to loans with high credit risk and to increase diversification of the loan portfolio. Loan reviews are performed using grading standards and criteria similar to those employed by bank regulatory agencies. Loans receiving lesser grades fall under the "classified" category, which includes all nonperforming and potential problem loans, and receive an elevated level of attention to ensure collection. Other real estate owned is recorded at the lower of cost or market.

The following is a summary of classified loans and other real estate owned on the dates indicated (dollars in thousands):

	At September 30,	At	December 31,
	2006	2005	2005
Classified loans	\$24,111	\$36,656	\$29,997
Other real estate owned	656	0	0
Classified loans and other real estate owned	\$24,767	\$36,656	\$29,997
Allowance for loan losses / classified loans	230%	163%	186%

Classified loans at September 30, 2006, decreased \$12.5 million or 34.2% from a year ago primarily due to nine loan payoffs totaling \$16.6 million, a transfer to other real estate owned and three loan upgrades totaling \$4.4 million, partially offset by 15 loan downgrades totaling \$14.6 million. Classified loans at September 30, 2006, declined \$5.9 million or 19.6% from December 31, 2005 mostly due to three loan payoffs totaling \$11.4 million, a transfer to other real estate owned and three loan upgrades totaling \$4.4

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million, partially offset by 15 loan downgrades totaling \$14.6 million.

Other real estate owned at September 30, 2006 was \$656 thousand compared with none a year ago and at December 31, 2005 because collateral for one commercial real estate loan was foreclosed in the second quarter of 2006.

Nonperforming Loans

Nonperforming loans include nonaccrual loans and loans 90 days past due as to principal or interest and still accruing. Loans are placed on nonaccrual status when they become 90 days or more delinquent, unless the loan is well secured and in the process of collection. Interest previously accrued on loans placed on nonaccrual status is charged against interest income. In addition, loans secured by real estate with temporarily impaired values and commercial loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulties are placed on nonaccrual status even though the borrowers continue to repay the loans as scheduled. Such loans are classified as "performing nonaccrual" and are included in total nonperforming assets. When the ability to fully collect nonaccrual loan principal is in doubt, cash payments received are applied against the principal balance of the loan until such time as full collection of the remaining recorded balance is expected. Any subsequent interest received is recorded as interest income on a cash basis.

The following is a summary of nonperforming loans and OREO on the dates indicated (dollars in thousands):

	At September 30, ----- 2006	2005	At ----- December 31, 2005
Performing nonaccrual loans	\$3,889	\$4,514	\$4,256
Nonperforming, nonaccrual loans	1,162	2,293	2,068
Total nonaccrual loans	5,051	6,807	6,324
Loans 90 days past due and still accruing	252	1,334	162
Total nonperforming loans	5,303	8,141	6,486
Other real estate owned	656	0	0
Total	\$5,959	\$8,141	\$6,486
As a percentage of total loans	0.23%	0.30%	0.24%

Performing nonaccrual loans at September 30, 2006 decreased \$625 thousand and \$367 thousand from a year ago and December 31, 2005, respectively, primarily as a result of charge-offs, loans being returned to accrual status and loans being placed on nonperforming nonaccrual, partially offset by new loans being placed on nonaccrual.

Nonperforming nonaccrual loans at September 30, 2006 declined \$1.1 million and \$906 thousand from a year ago and December 31, 2005, respectively. The decrease was due to the net result of loans being returned to accrual status or being charged off or paid off, and others being added to nonperforming

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nonaccrual.

Loans 90 days past due and still accruing decreased \$1.1 million and increased \$90 thousand from September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2005, respectively. The balance was higher a year ago mainly attributable to a \$1.2 million commercial loan which is 100 percent secured by Westamerica Bank certificates of deposit. Such loan was brought current in October 2005.

Changes in other real estate owned are discussed above.

Page 26

The Company had no restructured loans as of September 30, 2006, September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2005.

The amount of gross interest income that would have been recorded for nonaccrual loans for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006, if all such loans had performed in accordance with their original terms, was \$122 thousand and \$384 thousand, respectively, compared to \$148 thousand and \$422 thousand, respectively, for the third quarter and the first three quarters of 2005.

The amount of interest income that was recognized on nonaccrual loans from all cash payments, including those related to interest owed from prior years, made during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, totaled \$164 thousand and \$316 thousand, respectively, compared to \$23 thousand and \$308 thousand, respectively, for the comparable periods in 2005. These cash payments represent annualized yields of 12.25% and 7.21%, respectively, for the third quarter and the first nine months of 2006 compared to 1.28% and 5.67%, respectively, for the third quarter and the first nine months of 2005.

Total cash payments received during the third quarter and first nine months of 2006 which were applied against the book balance of nonaccrual loans outstanding at September 30, 2006, totaled approximately \$3 thousand and \$50 thousand, respectively. Total cash payments received during the third quarter and first nine months of 2005 which were applied against the book balance of nonaccrual loans outstanding at September 30, 2005, totaled approximately \$101 thousand and \$329 thousand, respectively.

Management believes the overall credit quality of the loan portfolio continues to be strong; however, nonperforming assets could fluctuate from period to period. The performance of any individual loan can be affected by external factors such as the interest rate environment, economic conditions or factors particular to the borrower. No assurance can be given that additional increases in nonaccrual loans will not occur in the future.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The Company's allowance for credit losses is maintained at a level considered adequate to provide for losses that can be estimated based upon specific and general conditions. These include conditions unique to individual borrowers, as well as overall credit loss experience, the amount of past due, nonperforming loans and classified loans, recommendations of regulatory authorities, prevailing economic conditions and other factors. A portion of the allowance is specifically allocated to impaired and other identified loans whose full collectibility is uncertain. Such allocations are determined by Management based on loan-by-loan analyses. A second allocation is based in part on quantitative analyses of historical credit loss experience, in which criticized and classified credit balances identified through an internal credit review process are analyzed using a linear regression model to

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determine standard loss rates. The results of this analysis are applied to current criticized and classified loan balances to allocate the reserve to the respective segments of the loan portfolio. In addition, loans with similar characteristics not usually criticized using regulatory guidelines are analyzed based on the historical loss rates and delinquency trends, grouped by the number of days the payments on these loans are delinquent. Last, allocations are made to general loan categories based on commercial office vacancy rates, mortgage loan foreclosure trends, agriculture commodity prices, and levels of government funding. The remainder of the reserve is considered to be unallocated and is established at a level considered necessary based on relevant economic conditions and available data, including unemployment statistics, unidentified economic and business conditions, the quality of lending management and staff, credit quality trends, concentrations of credit, and changing underwriting standards due to external competitive factors. Management considers the \$59.0 million allowance for credit losses to be adequate as a reserve against losses as of September 30, 2006.

Page 27

The following table summarizes the credit loss provision, net credit losses and allowance for credit losses for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months September
	2006	2005	2006
Balance, beginning of period	\$59,372	\$59,862	\$59,537
Credit loss provision	75	150	375
Allowance acquired through merger	0	0	0
Loans charged off	(1,011)	(684)	(2,775)
Recoveries of previously charged off loans	590	346	1,889
Net credit losses	(421)	(338)	(886)
Balance, end of period	\$59,026	\$59,674	\$59,026
Components:			
Allowance for loan losses	\$55,338	\$59,674	\$55,338
Reserve for unfunded credit commitments (1)	3,688	--	3,688
Allowance for credit losses	\$59,026	\$59,674	\$59,026
Allowance for loan losses / loans outstanding	2.17%	2.23%	

(1) Effective December 31, 2005, the Company transferred the portion of the allowance for credit losses related to lending commitments and letters of credit to other liabilities.

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Asset and Liability Management

The fundamental objective of the Company's management of assets and liabilities is to maximize its economic value while maintaining adequate liquidity and a conservative level of interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk is the most significant market risk affecting the Company. Interest rate risk results from many factors. Assets and liabilities may mature or reprice at different times. Assets and liabilities may reprice at the same time but by different amounts. Short-term and long-term market interest rates may change by different amounts. The remaining maturity of various assets or liabilities may shorten or lengthen as interest rates change. In addition, interest rates may have an impact on loan demand, credit losses, and other sources of earnings such as account analysis fees on commercial deposit accounts, official check fees and correspondent bank service charges.

The recent rise in short-term interest rates has affected the volume of lower-costing deposit products, placing more reliance on higher-cost certificates of deposit and wholesale funding. Competitive loan pricing and loosened underwriting standards in the banking industry are limiting the opportunity to originate commercial loans which will remain profitable throughout the duration of the loans, in Management's opinion. Current interest rate spreads between loan origination yields and the rates paid on deposits and other funding sources are very narrow. Such interest rate spreads have been, and could continue to be pressured in the near-term as funding costs rise while loan yields reprice at a slower pace. As a result, the Company has not taken an aggressive posture relative to current loan growth. The interest rate spread is also very narrow in regard to bond investments. As such, Westamerica has not been making additional investments in bonds other than continuing investments for Community Reinvestment Act purposes. The Company's exposure to interest rate risk has not materially changed during the first nine months of 2006. The duration of the Company's earning assets and funding has not changed by a meaningful amount. Management continues to monitor the interest rate environment as well as economic conditions and other factors it deems relevant in managing the Company's exposure to interest rate risk.

In adjusting the Company's asset/liability position, Management attempts to manage interest rate risk while enhancing net interest margin and net interest income. At times, depending on expected increases or decreases in general interest rates, the relationship between long and short term interest rates, market conditions and competitive factors, Management may adjust the Company's interest rate risk position in order to manage its net interest margin and net interest income. The Company's results of operations and net portfolio values remain subject to changes in interest rates and to fluctuations in the difference between long and short term interest rates.

Management assesses interest rate risk by comparing the Company's most likely earnings plan with various earnings models using many interest rate scenarios that differ in the direction of interest rate changes, the degree of change over time, the speed of change and the projected shape of the yield curve. The Company's most likely earnings plan is currently based on slight monetary policy easing by the Federal Reserve in 2007. This earnings plan would be negatively impacted if, to the contrary, monetary policy was tightened in 2007. For example, assuming an increase of 50 bp in the federal funds rate and a corresponding increase in the 10 year Constant Maturity Treasury Bond yield during the same period, estimated earnings at risk would be approximately 1.7% of the Company's most likely net income plan over the next twelve months. Simulation estimates depend on, and will change with, the size and mix of the actual and projected balance sheet at the time of each simulation.

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The Company does not currently engage in trading activities or use derivative instruments to control interest rate risk, even though such activities may be permitted with the approval of the Company's Board of Directors.

Page 28

Liquidity

The Company's principal source of asset liquidity is investment securities available for sale and principal payments from outstanding consumer and other loans. At September 30, 2006, investment securities available for sale totaled \$618 million, representing a decrease of \$44.7 million from December 31, 2005. The decrease is primarily attributable to principal payments from maturities. At September 30, 2006, indirect auto loans totaled \$409 million, which were experiencing stable monthly principal payments of approximately \$18 million. In addition, at September 30, 2006, the Company had customary lines for overnight borrowings from other financial institutions in excess of \$700 million and a \$35 million line of credit, under which \$18.0 million was outstanding. Additionally, as a member of the Federal Reserve System, the Company has access to borrowing from the Federal Reserve. The Company's short-term debt rating from Fitch Ratings is F1. Management expects the Company can access short-term debt financing if desired. The Company's long-term debt rating from Fitch Ratings is A with a stable outlook. Management is confident the Company could access additional long-term debt financing if desired.

The Company generates significant liquidity from its operating activities. The Company's profitability during the first nine months of 2006 and 2005 contributed to substantial operating cash flows of \$85.8 million and \$73.9 million, respectively. In 2006, operating activities and retained earnings from prior years provided cash for \$68.7 million of Company stock repurchases, \$30.2 million in shareholder dividends and \$3.3 million for repayment of long term debt. Similarly, in 2005, operating activities and retained earnings from prior years provided cash for \$29.0 million in shareholder dividends, \$3.3 million for repayment of long term debt and \$68.9 million utilized to repurchase common stock.

The Company's investing activities were also a net source of cash in the first nine months of 2006. Proceeds from maturing investment securities of \$177.6 million were only partially reinvested, for a net increase in cash of \$169.9 million. Other investing activities included net loan repayments of \$118.0 million. These cash inflows offset a \$295.0 million decrease in customers' deposits and a \$6.3 million reduction in short-term borrowings.

In the first nine months of 2005, the Company's primary use of cash was the REBC acquisition. The Company paid cash of \$57 million and issued 1.6 million shares of its common stock to REBC shareholders in exchange for \$435 million in loans, \$47 million in investment securities, \$370 million in deposits, a merchant card processing business, and other assets and liabilities. In the first nine months of 2005, the Company also sold approximately \$196 million in securities available for sale to manage its interest rate risk position in light of the REBC acquisition. The Company also divested approximately \$34 million in deposits in a branch sale required by regulators in approving the REBC acquisition.

The Company anticipates maintaining its cash levels in 2006 mainly through profitability and retained earnings. It is anticipated that loan demand will be moderate during the remainder of 2006, although such demand will be dictated by economic and competitive conditions. A highly competitive environment for deposits has developed as short-term interest rates have

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steadily increased. The Company aggressively solicits non-interest bearing demand deposits and money market checking deposits, which are the least sensitive to interest rates. However, higher costing products, including money market savings and certificates of deposit, have been less stable during the recent period of rising short-term interest rates. The growth of deposit balances is subject to heightened competition and the success of the Company's sales efforts and delivery of superior customer service. Depending on economic conditions, interest rate levels, and a variety of other conditions, deposit growth may be used to fund loans, purchase investment securities or to reduce short-term borrowings. However, due to concerns regarding uncertainty in the general economic environment, competition, possible terrorist attacks and political uncertainty, loan demand and levels of customer deposits are not certain. Shareholder dividends and share repurchases are expected to continue subject to the Board's discretion and continuing evaluation of capital levels, earnings, asset quality and other factors.

Westamerica Bancorporation ("the Parent Company") is a separate entity and apart from Westamerica Bank ("the Bank") and must provide for its own liquidity. In addition to its operating expenses, the Parent Company is responsible for the payment of dividends to its shareholders, and interest and principal on outstanding debt. Substantially all of the Parent Company's revenues are obtained from subsidiary service fees and dividends. Payment of such dividends to the Parent Company by the Bank is limited under regulations for Federal Reserve member banks and California law. The amount that can be paid in any calendar year, without prior approval from federal and state regulatory agencies, cannot exceed the net profits (as defined) for that year plus the net profits of the preceding two calendar years less dividends paid. The Company believes that such restrictions will not have an impact on the Parent Company's ability to meet its ongoing cash obligations.

Capital Resources

The current and projected capital position of the Company and the impact of capital plans and long-term strategies are reviewed regularly by Management. The Company repurchases shares of its common stock in the open market pursuant to stock repurchase plans approved by the Board with the intention of lessening the dilutive impact of issuing new shares under stock option plans, returning excess capital to shareholders, and other ongoing requirements. These programs have been implemented to optimize the Company's use of equity capital and enhance shareholder value. Pursuant to these programs, the Company collectively repurchased 1.4 million shares and 1.3 million shares in the nine month period ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The Company's capital position represents the level of capital available to support continued operations and expansion. The Company's primary capital resource is shareholders' equity, which was \$427.0 million at September 30, 2006, a decrease of \$13.4 million or 3.0% from a year ago, and a decrease of \$8.1 million or 1.9% from December 31, 2005. These decreases are reflective of the effect of common stock repurchases, dividends paid to shareholders and a change in unrealized gain(loss) on securities available for sale, offset by the generation of earnings and stock issuance in connection with employee stock option exercises. The Company's ratio of equity to total assets rose to 8.81% at September 30, 2006, from 8.53% a year ago and 8.44% on December 31, 2005, because total assets decreased relatively more than shareholders' equity.

Page 29

The following summarizes the ratios of capital to risk-adjusted assets for the periods indicated:

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	At September 30,		At	Minimum
	2006	2005	December 31,	Regulatory
			2005	Requirement
Tier I Capital	9.70%	9.09%	9.08%	4.00%
Total Capital	11.02%	10.41%	10.40%	8.00%
Leverage ratio	6.39%	5.99%	6.01%	4.00%

The risk-based capital ratios rose at September 30, 2006, compared with September 30 and December 31 of 2005, primarily due to lower risk-adjusted assets.

Capital ratios are reviewed by Management on a regular basis to ensure that capital exceeds the prescribed regulatory minimums and is adequate to meet the Company's anticipated future needs. All ratios as shown in the table above are in excess of the regulatory definition of "well capitalized".

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company does not currently engage in trading activities or use derivative instruments to control interest rate risk, even though such activities may be undertaken with the approval of the Company's Board of Directors.

Interest rate risk as discussed above is the most significant market risk affecting the Company. Other types of market risk, such as foreign currency exchange risk, equity price risk and commodity price risk, are not significant in the normal course of the Company's business activities.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of September 30, 2006. Based upon their evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective. The evaluation did not identify any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2006 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Page 30

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Due to the nature of the banking business, the Bank is at times party to various legal actions; generally such actions are of a routine nature and arise in the normal course of business of the Subsidiary Bank. The Bank is not a party to any pending or

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threatened legal action that, if determined adversely to the Bank, is likely in Management's opinion to have a material adverse effect on the Bank's financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There are no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) None

(b) None

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The table below sets forth the information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of Westamerica Bancorporation or any "affiliated purchaser" (as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), of common stock during the quarter ended September 30, 2006 (in thousands, except per share data).

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs*	(d) Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 through July 31	127	\$47.09	127	434
August 1 through August 31	206	47.85	206	1,992
September 1 through September 30	103	49.33	103	1,889
Total	436	\$47.98	436	1,889

* Includes 3, 7 and 5 shares purchased in July, August and September, respectively by the Company in private transactions with the independent administrator of the Company's Tax Deferred Savings/Retirement Plan (ESOP). The Company includes the shares purchased in such transactions within the total number of shares authorized for purchase pursuant to the currently existing publicly announced program.

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The Company repurchases shares of its common stock in the open market to optimize the Company's use of equity capital and enhance shareholder value and with the intention of lessening the dilutive impact of issuing new shares to meet stock performance, option plans, and other ongoing requirements.

Shares were repurchased during the third quarter of 2006 pursuant to a program approved by the Board of Directors on August 25, 2005 authorizing the purchase of up to 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock from time to time prior to September 1, 2006. A replacement plan was approved by the Board of Directors on August 24, 2006 to repurchase up to 2,000,000 shares prior to September 1, 2007. At September 30, 2006, approximately 1.9 million shares remain available to purchase under this authorization.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Item 5. Other Information

None

Page 31

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) The exhibit list required by this item is incorporated by reference to the Exhibit Index filed with this report.

Exhibit 11: Computation of Earnings Per Share on Common and Common Equivalent Shares and on Common Shares Assuming Full Dilution

Exhibit 31.1: Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

Exhibit 31.2: Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

Exhibit 32.1: Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.2: Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Page 32

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange

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Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

WESTAMERICA BANCORPORATION
(Registrant)

November 6, 2006

Date

/s/ JOHN "ROBERT" THORSON

John "Robert" Thorson
Senior Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer
(Chief Accounting Officer)

Page 33

Exhibit Index

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