TRIMAS CORP Form 10-Q October 27, 2016 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q (Mark One)

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act

of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2016

Or

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Transition Period from to Commission file number 001-10716

TRIMAS CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 38-2687639
(State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)
39400 Woodward Avenue, Suite 130
Bloomfield Hills, Michigan 48304
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(248) 631-5450

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if a

smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of October 21, 2016, the number of outstanding shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value, was 45,500,944 shares.

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Forward-Looking Statements

This report may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 about our financial condition, results of operations and business. These forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking words, such as "may," "could," "should," "estimate," "project," "forecast," "intend," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "target," "plan" or other compa by discussions of strategy that may involve risks and uncertainties.

These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results including, but not limited to: the Company's leverage; liabilities imposed by the Company's debt instruments; market demand; competitive factors; supply constraints; material and energy costs; risks and uncertainties associated with intangible assets, including goodwill or other intangible asset impairment charges; technology factors; litigation; government and regulatory actions; the Company's accounting policies; future trends; general economic and currency conditions; various conditions specific to the Company's business and industry; the Company's ability to identify attractive acquisition candidates, successfully integrate acquired operations or realize the intended benefits of such acquisitions; future prospects of the Company; and other risks that are discussed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and elsewhere in this report are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deemed to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial position and results of operations or cash flows.

The cautionary statements set forth above should be considered in connection with any subsequent written or oral forward-looking statements that we or persons acting on our behalf may issue. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on the statements, which speak only as of the date of this report. We do not undertake any obligation to review or confirm analysts' expectations or estimates or to release publicly any revisions to any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

We disclose important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from our expectations implied by our forward-looking statements under Part I, Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and elsewhere in this report. These cautionary statements qualify all forward-looking statements attributed to us or persons acting on our behalf. When we indicate that an event, condition or circumstance could or would have an adverse effect on us, we mean to include effects upon our business, financial and other conditions, results of operations, prospects and ability to service our debt.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements TriMas Corporation Consolidated Balance Sheet (Dollars in thousands)

Assets	September 30, 2016 (unaudited)	December 31, 2015
Current assets:	(unaudited)	
	¢ 22 550	¢ 10 450
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,550	\$ 19,450
Receivables, net of reserves of approximately \$4.3 million and \$3.7 million as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively	130,440	121,990
Inventories	171,260	167,370
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7,530	17,810
Total current assets	331,780	326,620
Property and equipment, net	182,000	181,130
Goodwill	377,380	378,920
Other intangibles, net	258,400	273,870
Other assets	8,840	9,760
Total assets	\$1,158,400	\$1,170,300
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities, long-term debt	\$ 13,840	\$ 13,850
Accounts payable	76,140	88,420
Accrued liabilities	45,950	50,480
Total current liabilities	135,930	152,750
Long-term debt, net	388,580	405,780
Deferred income taxes	9,530	11,260
Other long-term liabilities	57,350	53,320
Total liabilities	591,390	623,110
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par: Authorized 100,000,000 shares;		
Issued and outstanding: None	_	
Common stock, \$0.01 par: Authorized 400,000,000 shares;		
Issued and outstanding: 45,500,944 shares at September 30, 2016 and 45,322,527	460	450
shares at December 31, 2015		
Paid-in capital	815,920	812,160
Accumulated deficit	(226,560)	(254,120)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(22,810)	(11,300)
Total shareholders' equity	567,010	547,190
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,158,400	\$1,170,300

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TriMas Corporation
Consolidated Statement of Income
(Unaudited—dollars in thousands, except for per share amounts)

	Three mon	ths ended	Nine months ended		
	September	30,	September	30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Net sales	\$202,290	\$222,190	\$608,490	\$671,220	
Cost of sales	(144,240)	(159,720)	(437,440)	(484,110)	
Gross profit	58,050	62,470	171,050	187,110	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(40,260)	(40,910	(118,150)	(123,320)	
Operating profit	17,790	21,560	52,900	63,790	
Other expense, net:					
Interest expense	(3,480)	(3,440	(10,230)	(10,610)	
Debt financing and extinguishment costs	_			(1,970)	
Other expense, net	(200)	(720	(130)	(2,330)	
Other expense, net	(3,680)	(4,160	(10,360)	(14,910)	
Income from continuing operations before income tax expense	14,110	17,400	42,540	48,880	
Income tax expense	(5,330)	(5,690	(14,980)	(16,740)	
Income from continuing operations	8,780	11,710	27,560	32,140	
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	_			(4,740)	
Net income	\$8,780	\$11,710	\$27,560	\$27,400	
Basic earnings per share:					
Continuing operations	\$0.19	\$0.26	\$0.61	\$0.71	
Discontinued operations	_			(0.10)	
Net income per share	\$0.19	\$0.26	\$0.61	\$0.61	
Weighted average common shares—basic	45,435,936	5 45,157,412	2 45,381,592	45,102,067	
Diluted earnings per share:					
Continuing operations	\$0.19	\$0.26	\$0.60	\$0.70	
Discontinued operations	_			(0.10)	
Net income per share	\$0.19	\$0.26	\$0.60	\$0.60	
Weighted average common shares—diluted	45,760,455	5 45,499,104	45,713,873	45,439,618	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TriMas Corporation Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited—dollars in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine mon Septembe		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Net income	\$8,780	\$11,710	\$27,560	\$27,400	
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Defined benefit pension and postretirement plans (Note 13)	140	200	440	2,930	
Foreign currency translation	(1,550)	(4,760)	(8,290)	(10,420)	
Derivative instruments (Note 8)	630	(3,180)	(3,660)	(3,890)	
Total other comprehensive loss	(780)	(7,740)	(11,510)	(11,380)	
Total comprehensive income	\$8,000	\$3,970	\$16,050	\$16,020	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TriMas Corporation Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited—dollars in thousands)

	Nine more September 2016	er 30, 2015
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$27,560	\$27,400
Loss from discontinued operations	_	(4,740)
Income from continuing operations	27,560	32,140
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		·
Loss on dispositions of property and equipment	1,350	590
Depreciation	17,710	16,430
Amortization of intangible assets	15,330	15,790
Amortization of debt issue costs	1,000	1,360
Deferred income taxes	360	(4,220)
Non-cash compensation expense	5,240	4,590
Excess tax benefits from stock based compensation	(640)	(300)
Debt financing and extinguishment costs	_	1,970
Increase in receivables	(9,790)	(15,790)
Increase in inventories	(4,560)	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	10,780	(1,020)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(17,150)	(15,540)
Other, net	(780)	(250)
Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	46,410	28,740
Net cash used for operating activities of discontinued operations		(14,030)
Net cash provided by operating activities	46,410	14,710
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Capital expenditures	(22,390)	(20,360)
Net proceeds from disposition of property and equipment	120	1,680
Net cash used for investing activities of continuing operations	(22,270)	(18,680)
Net cash used for investing activities of discontinued operations		(2,510)
Net cash used for investing activities	(22,270)	(21,190)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from borrowings on term loan facilities	_	275,000
Repayments of borrowings on term loan facilities	(10,380)	(441,410)
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit and accounts receivable facilities	314,860	995,620
Repayments of borrowings on revolving credit and accounts receivable facilities	(324,780)	(1,006,490)
Payments for deferred purchase price	_	(5,810)
Debt financing fees	_	(1,850)
Shares surrendered upon vesting of options and restricted stock awards to cover tax obligations	(1,500)	(2,620)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	120	430
Excess tax benefits from stock based compensation	640	300
Cash transferred to the Cequent businesses	_	(17,050)
Net cash used for financing activities of continuing operations	(21,040)	(203,880)
Net cash provided by financing activities of discontinued operations	_	208,400
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	(21,040)	4,520
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	•	
Net increase (decrease) for the period	3,100	(1,960)
-		•

At beginning of period	19,450	24,420
At end of period	\$22,550	\$22,460
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$8,870	\$12,320
Cash paid for taxes	\$9,130	\$22,260

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TriMas Corporation Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 (Unaudited—dollars in thousands)

				Accumulated		
	Common Paid-in		Accumulated	Other	Total	
	Stock	Capital	Deficit	Comprehensiv	ve Total	
				Loss		
Balances, December 31, 2015	\$ 450	\$812,160	\$ (254,120)	\$ (11,300	\$547,190	
Net income	_	_	27,560		27,560	
Other comprehensive loss		_	_	(11,510	(11,510)	
Shares surrendered upon vesting of options and restricted stock awards to cover tax obligations	_	(1,500)	· —	_	(1,500)	
Stock option exercises and restricted stock vestings	10	110	_	_	120	
Tax effect from stock based compensation	_	(90)			(90)	
Non-cash compensation expense		5,240	_	_	5,240	
Balances, September 30, 2016	\$ 460	\$815,920	\$(226,560)	\$ (22,810	\$567,010	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TRIMAS CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

TriMas Corporation ("TriMas" or the "Company"), and its consolidated subsidiaries, is a global manufacturer and distributor of products for commercial, industrial and consumer markets. The Company is principally engaged in the following reportable segments with diverse products and market channels: Packaging, Aerospace, Energy and Engineered Components. See Note 10, "Segment Information," for further information on each of the Company's reportable segments.

On June 30, 2015, the Company completed the spin-off of its Cequent businesses, creating a new independent publicly traded company, Horizon Global Corporation ("Horizon"). In addition, on June 30, 2015, immediately prior to the effective time of the spin-off, Horizon paid a cash distribution to the Company of \$214.5 million using the proceeds of its new debt financing arrangement and cash on hand. The Company incurred approximately \$30 million of one-time, pre-tax costs associated with the spin-off, of which approximately \$29 million was incurred during 2015. These costs primarily related to financing, legal, tax and accounting services rendered by third parties. Of the \$30 million in costs, approximately \$18 million was included in the loss from discontinued operations, \$9 million was capitalized as deferred financing fees associated with Horizon's debt issuance coincident with the spin-off and was included in the balance sheet of the discontinued operations and approximately \$3 million relates to fees associated with the Company's refinancing of long-term debt, of which approximately \$2 million was included in the income from continuing operations as debt financing and extinguishment costs and approximately \$1 million was capitalized as deferred financing fees in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

The results of operations and cash flows of the Cequent businesses are reflected as discontinued operations for all periods presented through the date of the spin-off. See Note 3, "Discontinued Operations," for further details regarding the spin-off.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries and, in the opinion of management, contain all adjustments, including adjustments of a normal and recurring nature, necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. The accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

2. New Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments" ("ASU 2016-15"). ASU 2016-15 clarifies how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows, with the objective of reducing existing diversity in practice. ASU 2016-15 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017 and is to be applied using a retrospective approach with early adoption permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-15 on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718)" ("ASU 2016-09"). ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of accounting for share-based payment award transactions, including income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities and classification on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-09 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-09 on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 requires that lessees, at the lease commencement date, recognize a lease liability representing the lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease as well as a right-of-use asset, which represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of a specified asset, for the lease term. The new guidance also aligns lessor accounting to the lessee accounting

model and to Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018 and is to be applied using a modified retrospective approach with early adoption permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

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TRIMAS CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(unaudited)

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, "Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory" ("ASU 2015-11"). ASU 2015-11 requires an entity to measure inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value, thereby simplifying the current guidance under which an entity must measure inventory at the lower of cost or market. The ASU defines net realizable value as the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. ASU 2015-11 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016 and is to be applied prospectively with early adoption permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of adoption of ASU 2015-11 on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 requires that an entity recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Since the issuance of the original standard, the FASB has issued several subsequent updates including the following: 1) the deferral of ASU 2014-09 by one year, making it effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2017 while also providing for early adoption, but not before the original effective date (ASU 2015-14); 2) clarification of the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations (ASU 2016-08); 3) further guidance on identifying performance obligations in a contract as well as clarifications on the licensing implementation guidance (ASU 2016-10); 4) rescission of several SEC Staff Announcements that are codified in Topic 605, including, among other items, guidance related to accounting for shipping and handling fees and costs, freight services and consideration given by a vendor to a customer (ASU 2016-11); and 5) additional guidance and practical expedients in response to identified implementation issues (ASU 2016-12). The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of these ASUs on its consolidated financial statements.

3. Discontinued Operations

On June 30, 2015, the Company completed the spin-off of its Cequent businesses (comprised of the former Cequent Americas and Cequent Asia Pacific Europe Africa ("Cequent APEA") reportable segments), creating a new independent publicly traded company, Horizon, through the distribution of 100% of the Company's interest in Horizon to holders of the Company's common stock. On June 30, 2015, each of the Company's shareholders of record as of the close of business on the record date of June 25, 2015 received two shares of Horizon common stock for every five shares of TriMas common stock held. In addition, on June 30, 2015, immediately prior to the effective time of the spin-off, Horizon entered into a new debt financing arrangement and used the proceeds to make a cash distribution of approximately \$214.5 million to the Company.

Following the spin-off, there were no assets or liabilities remaining from the Cequent operations. The Cequent businesses are presented as discontinued operations in the Company's consolidated statement of income and cash flows for all periods presented.

Results of discontinued operations are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

Nine months ended September 30, 2015 Net sales \$300,900 Cost of sales (227,860)Gross profit 73,040 Selling, general and administrative expenses (72,360)Operating profit 680

Interest expense	(2,540)
Other expense, net	(1,970)
Other expense, net	(4,510)
Loss from discontinued operations, before income taxes	(3,830)
Income tax expense	(910)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$(4,740)

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TRIMAS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Packaging	Aerospace	Energy	Engineered Components	Total
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$165,730	\$206,630	\$ -	\$ 6,560	\$378,920
Foreign currency translation and other	(1,540)	_			(1,540)
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$164,190	\$206,630	\$ -	\$ 6,560	\$377,380

The Company amortizes its other intangible assets over periods ranging from one to 30 years. The gross carrying amounts and accumulated amortization of the Company's other intangibles as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are summarized below (dollars in thousands).

	As of September 30,			As of Dec	ember 31,	
	2016 Gross	A	.1	2015 Gross	A	ا.
Intangible Category by Useful Life	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization		Carrying Amount	Accumulate Amortizatio	
Finite-lived intangible assets:						
Customer relationships, 5 – 12 years	\$74,730	\$ (31,770)	\$74,890	\$ (25,960)
Customer relationships, 15 – 25 years	132,230	(43,240)	132,230	(38,060)
Total customer relationships	206,960	(75,010)	207,120	(64,020)
Technology and other, $1 - 15$ years	57,780	(25,420)	57,860	(22,770)
Technology and other, 17 – 30 years	43,300	(30,840)	43,300	(29,250)
Total technology and other	101,080	(56,260)	101,160	(52,020)
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:						
Trademark/Trade names	81,630			81,630		
Total other intangible assets	\$389,670	\$ (131,270)	\$389,910	\$ (116,040)

Amortization expense related to intangible assets as included in the accompanying consolidated statement of income is summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three months Ni		Nine months		
	ended ended Septe			ptember	
	September 30,		30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Technology and other, included in cost of sales	\$1,460	\$1,480	\$4,230	\$4,560	
Customer relationships, included in selling, general and administrative expenses	3,680	3,730	11,100	11,230	
Total amortization expense	\$5,140	\$5,210	\$15,330	\$15,790	

5. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following components (dollars in thousands):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Finished goods	\$ 97,800	\$ 101,480
Work in process	28,820	23,620
Raw materials	44,640	42,270
Total inventories	\$ 171,260	\$ 167,370

TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

6. Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment consists of the following components (dollars in thousands):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Land and land improvements	\$ 15,040	\$ 14,820
Buildings	69,390	67,790
Machinery and equipment	286,580	274,650
	371,010	357,260
Less: Accumulated depreciation	189,010	176,130
Property and equipment, net	\$ 182,000	\$ 181,130

Depreciation expense as included in the accompanying consolidated statement of income is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			nber 30,	Nine months ended September 30,			er 30,
	201	6	201	5	201	6	201	5
Depreciation expense, included in cost of sales Depreciation	\$	5,120	\$	4,950	\$	15,590	\$	14,330
expense, included in selling, general and administrative expenses	610)	650		2,12	20	2,10	00
Total depreciation expense	\$	5,730	\$	5,600	\$	17,710	\$	16,430

7. Long-term Debt

The Company's long-term debt consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Credit Agreement	\$ 358,480	\$ 371,820
Receivables facility and other	48,990	53,860
Debt issuance costs	(5,050)	(6,050)
	402,420	419,630
Less: Current maturities, long-term debt	13,840	13,850
Long-term debt, net	\$ 388,580	\$ 405,780

Credit Agreement

The Company is party to a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), consisting of a \$500.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, which permits borrowings denominated in specific foreign currencies ("Foreign Currency Loans"), subject to a \$75.0 million sub limit, which matures on June 30, 2020 and is subject to interest at London Interbank Offered Rates ("LIBOR") plus 1.75%, and a \$275.0 million senior secured term loan A facility ("Term Loan A Facility"), which matures on June 30, 2020 and is subject to interest at LIBOR plus 1.75%. The interest rate spread is based upon the leverage ratio, as defined, as of the most recent determination date.

The Credit Agreement also provides incremental term loan and/or revolving credit facility commitments in an amount not to exceed the greater of \$300.0 million and an amount such that, after giving effect to such incremental commitments and the incurrence of any other indebtedness substantially simultaneously with the making of such commitments, the senior secured net leverage ratio, as defined, is no greater than 2.50 to 1.00. The terms and

conditions of any incremental term loan and/or revolving credit facility commitments must be no more favorable than the existing credit facility.

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TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

The Company may be required to prepay a portion of its Term Loan A Facility in an amount equal to a percentage of the Company's excess cash flow, as defined, with such percentage based on the Company's leverage ratio, as defined. As of September 30, 2016, no amounts are due under this provision.

The Company is also able to issue letters of credit, not to exceed \$40.0 million in aggregate, against its revolving credit facility commitments. At September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had letters of credit of approximately \$16.3 million and \$21.6 million, respectively, issued and outstanding.

At September 30, 2016, the Company had approximately \$97.2 million outstanding under its revolving credit facility and had approximately \$386.5 million potentially available after giving effect to approximately \$16.3 million of letters of credit issued and outstanding. At December 31, 2015, the Company had approximately \$100.3 million outstanding under its revolving credit facility and had approximately \$378.1 million potentially available after giving effect to approximately \$21.6 million of letters of credit issued and outstanding. However, including availability under its accounts receivable facility and after consideration of leverage restrictions contained in the Credit Agreement, the Company had approximately \$78.3 million and \$107.4 million at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, of borrowing capacity available for general corporate purposes.

Principal payments required under the Credit Agreement for the Term Loan A Facility are approximately \$3.4 million due each fiscal quarter from December 2015 through September 2018 and approximately \$5.2 million due each fiscal quarter from December 2018 through March 2020, with final payment of approximately \$202.8 million due on June 30, 2020.

The debt under the Credit Agreement is an obligation of the Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries and is secured by substantially all of the assets of such parties. Borrowings under the \$75.0 million foreign currency sub limit of the \$500.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility are secured by a pledge of the assets of the foreign subsidiary borrowers that are a party to the agreement. The Credit Agreement also contains various negative and affirmative covenants and other requirements affecting the Company and its subsidiaries, including restrictions on the incurrence of debt, liens, mergers, investments, loans, advances, guarantee obligations, acquisitions, assets dispositions, sale-leaseback transactions, hedging agreements, dividends and other restricted payments, transactions with affiliates, restrictive agreements and amendments to charters, bylaws, and other material documents. The terms of the Credit Agreement also require the Company and its subsidiaries to meet certain restrictive financial covenants and ratios computed quarterly, including a maximum leverage ratio (total consolidated indebtedness plus outstanding amounts under the accounts receivable securitization facility over consolidated EBITDA, as defined) and a minimum interest expense coverage ratio (consolidated EBITDA, as defined, over cash interest expense, as defined). At September 30, 2016, the Company was in compliance with its financial covenants contained in the Credit Agreement. In June 2015, the Company amended its Credit Agreement, pursuant to which the Company was able to extend maturities and resize its credit facilities following the spin-off of the Cequent businesses. In connection with entering into the amended Credit Agreement, the Company incurred approximately \$1.8 million in fees to complete the Credit Agreement, of which approximately \$1.4 million was capitalized as deferred financing fees as of June 30, 2015 and \$0.4 million was recorded as debt financing fees in the accompanying consolidated statement of income during the three months ended June 30, 2015. The Company also recorded non-cash debt extinguishment costs of \$1.5 million related to the write-off of deferred financing fees associated with the previous term loan during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's Term Loan A Facility traded at approximately 99.6% of par value and the Company's revolving credit facility traded at approximately 99.3% of par value. The valuations of the Credit Agreement were determined based on Level 2 inputs under the fair value hierarchy, as defined.

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TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

Receivables Facility

The Company is party to an accounts receivable facility through TSPC, Inc. ("TSPC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary, to sell trade accounts receivable of substantially all of the Company's domestic business operations. Under this facility, TSPC, from time to time, may sell an undivided fractional ownership interest in the pool of receivables up to \$75.0 million to a third-party multi-seller receivables funding company. The net amount financed under the facility is less than the face amount of accounts receivable by an amount that approximates the purchaser's financing costs. The cost of funds under this facility consisted of a 1-month LIBOR-based rate plus a usage fee of 1.00% and a fee on the unused portion of the facility of 0.35% as of September 30, 2016 and 2015.

The Company had approximately \$48.8 million and \$53.6 million outstanding under the facility as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and approximately \$8.6 million and \$7.1 million available but not utilized as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Aggregate costs incurred under the facility were approximately \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, and \$0.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and are included in interest expense in the accompanying consolidated statement of income. The facility expires on June 30, 2020.

The cost of funds fees incurred are determined by calculating the estimated present value of the receivables sold compared to their carrying amount. The estimated present value factor is based on historical collection experience and a discount rate based on a 1-month LIBOR-based rate plus the usage fee discussed above and is computed in accordance with the terms of the agreement. As of September 30, 2016, the cost of funds under the facility was based on an average liquidation period of the portfolio of approximately 1.7 months and an average discount rate of 1.9%. 8. Derivative Instruments

The Company utilizes interest rate swap agreements to fix the LIBOR-based variable portion of the interest rate on its long-term debt. Terms of the interest rate swap agreements require the Company to receive a variable interest rate and pay a fixed interest rate. As of September 30, 2016, the Company had interest rate swap agreements in place that hedge a declining notional value of debt ranging from approximately \$248.2 million to approximately \$192.7 million, amortizing consistent with future scheduled debt principal payments. The interest rate swap agreements establish fixed interest rates in a range of 0.74% to 2.68% with various expiration terms extending to June 30, 2020. At inception, the interest rate swaps were and continue to be designated as cash flow hedges.

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the fair value carrying amount of the Company's derivative instruments are recorded as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Balance Sheet Caption	Asset / (Liability) Derivatives September 2016 2015		
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments				
Interest rate swaps	Other assets	\$ —	\$ 430	
Interest rate swaps	Accrued liabilities	(1,000)	(150)
Interest rate swaps	Other long-term liabilities	(7,800)	(3,180)
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments		\$(8,800)	\$ (2,900)

TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

Amount of Loss

The following table summarizes the loss recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income or loss ("AOCI") as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, and the amounts reclassified from AOCI into earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	7 tilloulit v	01 11033		minoun	it Of LOS	3 ICCIUS	JIIICU
	Recogniz	ed	from AOCI into Earnings				
	in AOCI	on Derivative		Three r	nonths	Nine m	onths
	(Effective	e Portion, net		ended		ended	
	of tax)			Septem	ber 30,	Septem	ber 30,
	As of September 30, 2016	As of December 31, 2015	Location of Loss Reclassified from AOCI into Earnings (Effective Portion)	2016	2015	2016	2015
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments							
Interest rate swaps	\$(5,450)	\$ (1,790)	Interest expense	\$(250)	\$(210)	\$(470)	\$(210)
			Loss from discontinued operations	\$	\$	\$ —	\$(440)

Over the next 12 months, the Company expects to reclassify approximately \$1.0 million of pre-tax deferred losses from AOCI to interest expense as the related interest payments for the designated interest rate swaps are funded. The fair value of the Company's derivatives are estimated using an income approach based on valuation techniques to convert future amounts to a single, discounted amount. Estimates of the fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps use observable inputs such as interest rate yield curves. Fair value measurements and the fair value hierarchy level for the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are shown below (dollars in thousands).

Description	Frequency	Asset / (Liability)	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservat Inputs (Level 3)	
September 30, 2016 Interest rate swaps	Recurring	\$(8,800)	\$ -	-\$ (8,800)	\$	
December 31, 2015 Interest rate swaps	Recurring	\$ (2,900)	\$ -	-\$ (2,900)	\$	_

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Amount of Loss Reclassified

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TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Asbestos

As of September 30, 2016, the Company was a party to 800 pending cases involving an aggregate of 5,714 claimants alleging personal injury from exposure to asbestos containing materials formerly used in gaskets (both encapsulated and otherwise) manufactured or distributed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries for use primarily in the petrochemical refining and exploration industries. The following chart summarizes the number of claimants, number of claims filed, number of claims dismissed, number of claims settled, the average settlement amount per claim and the total defense costs, exclusive of amounts reimbursed under the Company's primary insurance, at the applicable date and for the applicable periods:

Average

	Claims pending at beginning of period	filed	_	Claims settled during period	settlement amount per claim during period	Total defense costs during period
Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2015	7,992	266	1,990	26	\$ 16,963	\$3,160,000
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	6,242	98	610	16	\$ 23,969	\$2,187,040

In addition, the Company acquired various companies to distribute its products that had distributed gaskets of other manufacturers prior to acquisition. The Company believes that many of its pending cases relate to locations at which none of its gaskets were distributed or used.

The Company may be subjected to significant additional asbestos-related claims in the future, the cost of settling cases in which product identification can be made may increase, and the Company may be subjected to further claims in respect of the former activities of its acquired gasket distributors. The Company is unable to make a meaningful statement concerning the monetary claims made in the asbestos cases given that, among other things, claims may be initially made in some jurisdictions without specifying the amount sought or by simply stating the requisite or maximum permissible monetary relief, and may be amended to alter the amount sought. The large majority of claims do not specify the amount sought. Of the 5,714 claims pending at September 30, 2016, 96 set forth specific amounts of damages (other than those stating the statutory minimum or maximum). At September 30, 2016, of the 96 claims that set forth specific amounts, there were no claims seeking specific amounts for punitive damages. Below is a breakdown of the amount sought for those claims seeking specific amounts:

Compensatory

Range of damages sought (dollars in millions) \$0.0 to \$0.6 to \$5.0 \$5.0+ Number of claims 6 33 57

In addition, relatively few of the claims have reached the discovery stage and even fewer claims have gone past the discovery stage.

Total settlement costs (exclusive of defense costs) for all asbestos-related cases, some of which were filed over 20 years ago, have been approximately \$8.2 million. All relief sought in the asbestos cases is monetary in nature. To date, approximately 40% of the Company's costs related to settlement and defense of asbestos litigation have been covered by its primary insurance. Effective February 14, 2006, the Company entered into a coverage-in-place agreement with its first level excess carriers regarding the coverage to be provided to the Company for asbestos-related claims when the primary insurance is exhausted. The coverage-in-place agreement makes asbestos defense costs and indemnity coverage available to the Company that might otherwise be disputed by the carriers and provides a methodology for the administration of such expenses. Nonetheless, the Company believes it is likely there will be a period within the next 6 to 18 months, prior to the commencement of coverage under this agreement and

following exhaustion of the Company's primary insurance coverage, during which the Company will be solely responsible for defense costs and indemnity payments, the duration of which would be subject to the scope of damage awards and settlements paid.

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TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

Based on the settlements made to date and the number of claims dismissed or withdrawn for lack of product identification, the Company believes that the relief sought (when specified) does not bear a reasonable relationship to its potential liability. Based upon the Company's experience to date, including the trend in annual defense and settlement costs incurred to date, and other available information (including the availability of excess insurance), the Company does not believe these cases will have a material adverse effect on its financial position and results of operations or cash flows.

Claims and Litigation

The Company is subject to other claims and litigation in the ordinary course of business which the Company does not believe are material. During the second quarter of 2015, the Company resolved a matter related to a claim made against the Company by a competitor alleging false advertising for approximately \$2.8 million, inclusive of attorney fees and expenses.

The Company does not believe claims and litigation will have a material adverse effect on its financial position and results of operations or cash flows.

10. Segment Information

TriMas groups its operating segments into reportable segments that provide similar products and services. Each operating segment has discrete financial information evaluated regularly by the Company's chief operating decision maker in determining resource allocation and assessing performance. Within these reportable segments, there are no individual products or product families for which reported net sales accounted for more than 10% of the Company's consolidated net sales. See below for more information regarding the types of products and services provided within each reportable segment:

Packaging – Highly engineered closure and dispensing systems for a range of end markets, using steel and plastic within industrial and consumer packaging applications.

Aerospace – Permanent blind bolts, temporary fasteners, highly engineered specialty fasteners and other precision machined parts used in the commercial, business and military aerospace industries.

Energy – Metallic and non-metallic industrial sealant products and fasteners for the petroleum refining, petrochemical and other industrial markets.

Engineered Components – High-pressure and low-pressure cylinders for the transportation, storage and dispensing of compressed gases, and natural gas engines, compressors, gas production equipment and chemical pumps engineered for use at well sites for the oil and gas industry.

TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

Segment activity is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three mon	ths ended	Nine months ended			
	September	30,	September 30,			
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Net Sales						
Packaging	\$90,330	\$87,930	\$258,550	\$256,470		
Aerospace	47,430	45,380	132,020	134,340		
Energy	38,230	51,600	122,930	152,910		
Engineered Components	26,300	37,280	94,990	127,500		
Total	\$202,290	\$222,190	\$608,490	\$671,220		
Operating Profit (Loss)						
Packaging	\$20,090	\$21,870	\$59,340	\$60,090		
Aerospace	6,660	7,110	13,670	22,410		
Energy	(1,870)	(3,560)	(8,570)	(10,390)		
Engineered Components	3,180	4,380	12,620	16,570		
Corporate expenses	(10,270)	(8,240)	(24,160)	(24,890)		
Total	\$17,790	\$21,560	\$52,900	\$63,790		

TRIMAS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

11. Equity Awards

The Company maintains the following long-term equity incentive plans: the TriMas Corporation Director Retainer Share Election Program, the 2011 TriMas Corporation Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan, the TriMas Corporation 2006 Long Term Equity Incentive Plan and the TriMas Corporation 2002 Long Term Equity Incentive Plan (collectively, the "Plans"). The 2002 Long Term Equity Incentive Plan expired in 2012, such that, while existing grants will remain outstanding until exercised, vested or cancelled, no new shares may be issued under the plan. See below for details of awards under the Plans by type.

Stock Options

The Company granted 150,000 stock option awards during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The Company estimated the grant-date fair value of the awards using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following weighted-average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 1.1%, expected volatility of 32.3% and an expected term of 6 years. Information related to stock options at September 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Option Price	Average Remaining (Years)	Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2016	206,123	\$ 4.84			
Granted	150,000	17.87			
Exercised	(106,217)	1.09			
Cancelled	_				
Expired	(38,827)	19.42			
Outstanding at September 30, 2016	211,079	\$ 13.30	7.7		\$1,123,709

As of September 30, 2016, there was approximately \$1.0 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options that is expected to be recorded over a weighted-average period of 2.8 years.

The Company recognized approximately \$0.1 million of stock-based compensation related to stock options during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and no stock-based compensation during the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The stock-based compensation expense is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of income.

Restricted Shares

The Company awarded the following restricted shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2016: granted 2,800 restricted shares of common stock to certain employees that are subject only to a service condition and vest on the first anniversary date of the award so long as the employee remains with the Company;

granted 235,251 restricted shares of common stock to certain employees which are subject only to a service condition and vest ratably over three years so long as the employee remains with the Company;

granted 42,740 restricted shares of common stock to certain employees which are subject only to a service condition and vest on the first anniversary date of the award. The awards were made to participants in the Company's short-term incentive compensation plan ("STI"), where all STI participants whose target annual award exceeds \$20 thousand receive 80% of the value in earned cash and 20% in the form of a restricted stock award upon finalization of the award amount in the first quarter each year following the previous plan year; and

granted 41,174 restricted shares of common stock to its non-employee independent directors, which vest one year from date of grant so long as the director and/or Company does not terminate their service prior to the vesting date.

TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company issued 12,525 shares related to director fee deferrals. The Company allows for its non-employee independent directors to make an annual election to defer all or a portion of their directors fees and to receive the deferred amount in cash or equity. Certain of the Company's directors have elected to defer all or a portion of their directors fees and to receive the amount in Company common stock at a future date.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company awarded 198,956 performance-based shares of common stock to certain Company key employees which vest three years from the grant date so long as the employee remains with the Company. The performance criteria for these awards is based on the Company's total shareholder return ("TSR") relative to the TSR of the common stock of a pre-defined industry peer-group, measured over a period beginning January 1, 2016 and ending December 31, 2018. TSR is calculated as the Company's average closing stock price for the 20-trading days at the end of the performance period plus Company dividends, divided by the Company's average closing stock price for the 20-trading days prior to the start of the performance period. Depending on the performance achieved, the amount of shares earned can vary from 0% of the target award to a maximum of 200% of the target award. The Company estimated the grant-date fair value and term of the awards subject to a market condition using a Monte Carlo simulation model, using the following weighted-average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.96% and annualized volatility of 35.8%.

During 2013, the Company awarded performance-based shares of common stock to certain Company key employees which were earned based upon the achievement of earnings per share compound annual growth rate and cash generation performance metrics over a period of three calendar years, beginning January 1, 2013 and ending on December 31, 2015. The Company attained 50% of the target on a weighted average basis, resulting in a reduction of 35,850 shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Information related to restricted shares at September 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Number of Unvested Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2016	765,314	\$ 23.73		
Granted	533,446	18.46		
Vested	(251,136)	24.84		
Cancelled	(342,919)	21.41		
Outstanding at September 30, 2016	704,705	\$ 20.47	1.2	\$13,114,560

As of September 30, 2016, there was approximately \$6.3 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted shares that is expected to be recorded over a weighted-average period of 1.9 years. The Company recognized approximately \$1.0 million and \$1.7 million of stock-based compensation expense related

to restricted shares during the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and approximately \$5.1 million and \$4.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The stock-based compensation expense is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of income.

TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

12. Earnings per Share

Net income is divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period to calculate basic earnings per share. Diluted earnings per share is calculated to give effect to stock options and restricted share awards. The following table summarizes the dilutive effect of restricted shares and options to purchase common stock for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

1	,				
	Three mont	hs ended	Nine months ended		
	September 30,		September 3	30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Weighted average common shares—basic	45,435,936	45,157,412	45,381,592	45,102,067	
Dilutive effect of restricted share awards	244,757	216,642	248,942	218,949	
Dilutive effect of stock options	79,762	125,050	83,339	118,602	
Weighted average common shares—dilute	d45,760,455	45,499,104	45,713,873	45,439,618	

13. Defined Benefit Plans

Net periodic pension and postretirement benefit costs for the Company's defined benefit pension plans and postretirement benefit plans cover certain foreign employees, union hourly employees and salaried employees. The components of net periodic pension and postretirement benefit costs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

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	Pension Plans				Other Postretirement Benefits				
	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Service costs	\$250	\$210	\$740	\$680	\$	\$ —	\$	\$ —	
Interest costs	390	380	1,180	1,210		10	10	20	
Expected return on plan assets	(420)	(420)	(1,260)	(1,430)				_	
Amortization of prior service cost			10	10				_	
Settlement/curtailment loss			_	2,750				_	
Amortization of net (gain)/loss	230	310	700	1,050	(10)	(10)	(40)	(30)	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$450	\$480	\$1,370	\$4,270	\$(10)	\$ —	\$(30)	\$(10)	

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, the Company settled the defined benefit obligation for certain current and former Cequent employees through purchasing annuities with an insurance company. The Company recognized a one-time settlement charge of approximately \$2.8 million, which is included in loss from discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statement of income.

The Company contributed approximately \$0.5 million and \$1.6 million to its defined benefit pension plans during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. The Company expects to contribute approximately \$2.0 million to its defined benefit pension plans for the full year 2016.

TRIMAS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (unaudited)

14. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Changes in AOCI by component for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are summarized as follows, net of tax (dollars in thousands):

	Defined	Derivative	Foreign	
	Benefit	_	Currency	Total
	Plans	Instruments	Translation	
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$(12,370)	\$ (1,790)	\$ 2,860	\$(11,300)
Net unrealized losses arising during the period (a)	_	(3,950)	(8,290)	(12,240)
Less: Net realized losses reclassified to net income (b)	(440)	(290)		(730)
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	440	(3,660)	(8,290)	(11,510)
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$(11,930)	\$ (5,450)	\$ (5,430)	\$(22,810)

⁽a) Derivative instruments, net of income tax of approximately \$2.4 million. See Note 8, "Derivative Instruments," for further details.

Changes in AOCI by component for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are summarized as follows, net of tax (dollars in thousands):

	Defined	Derivative	Foreign		
	Benefit		Currency	Total	
	Plans Instruments		Translation		
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$(14,180)	\$ 610	\$ 23,790	\$10,220	
Net unrealized losses arising during the period (a)		(4,720)	(10,420)	(15,140)	
Less: Net realized losses reclassified to net income (b)	(2,930)	(830)		(3,760)	
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	2,930	(3,890)	(10,420)	(11,380)	
Less: Distribution of the Cequent businesses		250	(8,560)	(8,310)	
Balance, September 30, 2015	\$(11,250)	\$ (3,030)	\$ 4,810	\$(9,470)	

⁽a) Derivative instruments, net of income tax of approximately \$2.6 million. See Note 8, "Derivative Instruments," for further details

⁽b) Defined benefit plans, net of income tax of approximately \$0.2 million. See Note 13, "Defined Benefit Plans," for further details. Derivative instruments, net of income tax of approximately \$0.2 million. See Note 8, "Derivative Instruments," for further details.

⁽b) Defined benefit plans, net of income tax of approximately \$1.7 million. See Note 13, "Defined Benefit Plans," for further details. Derivative instruments, net of income tax of approximately \$0.3 million. See Note 8, "Derivative Instruments," for further details.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition contains forward-looking statements regarding
industry outlook and our expectations regarding the performance of our business. These forward-looking statements
are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the risks and uncertainties described
under the heading "Forward-Looking Statements," at the beginning of this report. Our actual results may differ
materially from those contained in or implied by any forward-looking statements. You should read the following
discussion together with the Company's reports on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its
Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.
Introduction

We are a global manufacturer and distributor of products for commercial, industrial and consumer markets. We are principally engaged in four reportable segments: Packaging, Aerospace, Energy and Engineered Components. On June 30, 2015, we completed the spin-off of our Cequent businesses, creating a new independent publicly-traded company, Horizon Global Corporation ("Horizon"). On June 30, 2015, our stockholders received two shares of Horizon common stock for every five shares of TriMas common stock that they held as of the close of business on June 25, 2015. The financial position, results of operations and cash flows of Horizon are included as discontinued operations for all periods presented through the date of the spin-off.

Key Factors and Risks Affecting Our Reported Results. Our businesses and results of operations depend upon general economic conditions and we serve some customers in cyclical industries that are highly competitive and are themselves significantly impacted by changes in economic conditions. There has been low overall economic growth, particularly in the United States, and global economic conditions appear to have been relatively stable over the past couple of years. The most significant external factor impacting us recently is the impact of lower oil prices, which began to decline in the fourth quarter of 2014, declined throughout 2015 and remained at low levels during the first nine months of 2016. This decline directly impacts our Arrow Engine business within our Engineered Components reportable segment (which serves the upstream oil and natural gas markets at the well site) and our Energy reportable segment, which primarily serves petrochemical and other refineries in the downstream oil and gas markets, as well as having a smaller portion of the business dedicated to upstream activity.

Our Arrow Engine business' revenue declined more than 50% during 2015 as compared to 2014, and again in the first nine months of 2016 compared with first nine months of 2015, and is expected to remain at a low level until the price of oil increases over a sustained period where its customers decide to increase their activity levels and related well-site investments. The Arrow Engine business reacted aggressively in cutting costs and structuring its business in response to the lower demand levels, and was able to remain at an approximately break-even profit level in 2015, and near break-even the first nine months of 2016 despite these significant reductions in revenue.

In our Energy business, the impact of the lower oil prices was muted in 2015 due to market share gains and adding product content to our product portfolio. We were able to essentially hold 2015 sales levels flat with 2014 until the fourth quarter, when capital spending was significantly reduced at many of our customers, and sales levels dropped more than 20% on a sequential basis. The sales level has remained at a lower level during the first nine months of 2016, as customers tightly manage spending initiatives.

In addition to the impact of lower oil prices, there has been a shift over the past two to three years in our Energy reportable segment from historical demand and activity, both in the United States and internationally. Petrochemical plants and refinery customers deferred shutdown activity, and we experienced decreases in engineering and construction ("E&C") customer activity. As noted above, we were able to hold sales levels essentially flat on a sequential quarterly basis in 2014 and until fourth quarter of 2015 with market share gains and additional product content; however, our margins declined significantly due to the mix of product sales and inefficiencies that resulted from the shift in activity levels. The current lower oil prices have continued to place further pressure on the top-line and predictability of customer order patterns. Given these factors, we have been restructuring the business and its fixed cost structure to better align with the current business environment. We closed as well as consolidated certain facilities during 2014 and 2015, and opened a new lower-cost facility in Mexico, which began production in the fourth quarter of 2015. We have begun, and expect to continue, to realize the cost savings and operational efficiencies associated with leveraging the new lower fixed cost structure and other initiatives.

In addition to the impact of lower oil prices, the other significant external factor impacting our recent results is supply chain disruption within our Aerospace reportable segment. Beginning in the second quarter of 2015, our two largest Aerospace distribution customers began reducing their investment in on-hand inventory levels of fastener products, which we believe was partially in response to the decision of airframe original equipment ("OE") customers to source more product directly from the manufacturer. This trend has continued through the third quarter of 2016. While this has impacted our net sales, it has also had a significant impact on margin levels, as certain of these products historically command higher profit margins. In addition to the reduction in distribution customer sales, we also have experienced production and scheduling challenges in one of our Aerospace fastener facilities that has contributed to significantly lower margins in the first nine months of 2016 versus prior quarters and years. We established plans to address these matters and have been executing against those plans, as evidenced by our improved margins on a sequential quarterly basis during the second and third quarters of 2016. We will continue to monitor our operating results related to these matters and to determine if a trend develops that is other than temporary, in which case we may need to assess the potential for impairment of this reporting unit's long-lived assets, including goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets.

During the third quarter of 2015, given the uncertain economic environment and the impact on net sales and profitability of lower oil prices, a stronger U.S. dollar and slowing industrial production, we announced a Financial Improvement Plan ("FIP") to improve our profitability, cash flow conversion and operational efficiency. As part of the FIP, we targeted cost actions to yield \$15 million of annual savings, accelerating an additional \$5 million of savings initiatives in the Energy business, with the remaining \$10 million of savings expected to be spread relatively evenly across the remainder of the Company. In February 2016, we added \$7 million of cost savings actions, increasing the expected annual run-rate cost savings to \$22 million. By implementing the FIP, we believe we have lowered the cost structure of our engine-related business, allowing it to achieve break-even operating profit despite the more than 50% decline in sales as a result of the impact of lower oil prices. The FIP consisted of headcount reductions, manufacturing and administrative cost reduction and facility closures or consolidations. We believe the FIP was necessary to help mitigate the external factors pressuring our revenue, and position the Company for improved profitability and operating leverage across a lower fixed cost structure in the future. The FIP is substantially complete, and the resulting savings is significantly helping to mitigate the impact of the reduction in year-over-year sales levels.

During the third quarter of 2016, given continued year-over-year net sales reductions, we accelerated additional facility consolidation actions in each of our reportable segments to more efficiently utilize our existing locations while

facility consolidation actions in each of our reportable segments to more efficiently utilize our existing locations while better serving our customers. While each of the consolidation actions is not individually significant to the results of operations, they were enacted as part of our continuous improvement initiatives to optimize our manufacturing footprint and adapt to changing markets while remaining responsive to our customers. We continue to evaluate further actions as merited based on business performance, considering additional cost reductions or facility closures should sales and profitability levels continue below historical levels.

Critical factors affecting our ability to succeed include: our ability to create organic growth through product development, cross selling and extending product-line offerings, and our ability to quickly and cost-effectively introduce new products; our ability to acquire and integrate companies or products that supplement existing product lines, add new distribution channels, expand our geographic coverage or enable better absorption of overhead costs; our ability to manage our cost structure more efficiently via supply base management, internal sourcing and/or purchasing of materials, selective outsourcing and/or purchasing of support functions, working capital management, and greater leverage of our administrative functions. If we are unable to do any of the foregoing successfully, our financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely impacted.

Our businesses do not experience significant seasonal fluctuation, other than our fourth quarter has tended to be the lowest net sales quarter of the year given holiday shutdowns in certain customers or other customers deferring capital spending to the new year. We do not consider sales order backlog to be a material factor in our business. A growing portion of our sales is derived from international sources, which exposes us to certain risks, including currency risks. We are sensitive to price movements in our raw materials supply base. Our largest material purchases are for steel, aluminum, polyethylene and other resins and utility-related inputs. Historically, we have experienced volatility in costs of steel and resin and have worked with our suppliers to manage costs and disruptions in supply. We also utilize

pricing programs to pass increased steel, aluminum and resin costs to customers. Although we may experience delays in our ability to implement price increases, we have been generally able to recover such increased costs. We may experience disruptions in supply in the future and may not be able to pass along higher costs associated with such disruptions to our customers in the form of price increases.

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Certain of our businesses are sensitive to oil price movements. As noted earlier, our Arrow Engine business is most directly impacted by significant volatility in oil prices. Arrow's pumpjack and other engine sales and related parts, which comprise a significant portion of the business, are impacted by oil drilling levels, rig counts and commodity pricing. In addition, a portion of our Energy reportable segment serves upstream customers at oil well sites that have been impacted by changes in oil prices. The majority of this segment provides parts for refineries and chemical plants, which may or may not decide to incur capital expenditures or changeover production stock, both of which require retooling with our gaskets and bolts, in times of fluctuating oil prices. Our Packaging reportable segment may be impacted by oil prices, as it is a significant driver of resin pricing, although we generally are able to maintain profit levels when oil prices change due to escalator/de-escalator clauses in contracts with many of our customers.

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Segment Information and Supplemental Analysis

The following table summarizes financial information for our reportable segments for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

Three months ended September 30,

Net Sales	2016	As a Percenta of Net Sales	age	2015	As a Percenta of Net Sales	age
Packaging	\$90,330	44.7	%	\$87,930	39.6	%
Aerospace	47,430	23.4	%	45,380	20.4	%
Energy	38,230	18.9	%	51,600	23.2	%
Engineered Components	,	13.0	%	37,280	16.8	%
Total	\$202,290	100.0	%	\$222,190	100.0	%
Gross Profit						
Packaging	\$32,180	35.6	%	\$31,980	36.4	%
Aerospace	13,080	27.6	%	15,220	33.5	%
Energy	7,670	20.1	%	7,990	15.5	%
Engineered Components	5,120	19.5	%	7,280	19.5	%
Total	\$58,050	28.7				