

FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST INC

Form 10-K

February 28, 2014

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 1-13102

FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

Maryland 36-3935116
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

311 S. Wacker Drive, 60606
Suite 3900, Chicago, Illinois (Zip Code)
(Address of principal executive offices)

(312) 344-4300
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Common Stock
(Title of Class)

New York Stock Exchange
(Name of exchange on which registered)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

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Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$1,637.7 million based on the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange for such stock on June 28, 2013.

At February 27, 2014, 110,003,263 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, were outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III incorporates certain information by reference to the Registrant's definitive proxy statement expected to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after the end of the Registrant's fiscal year.

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This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are including this statement for purposes of complying with those safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe future plans, strategies and expectations of the Company, are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "plan," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "seek," "target," "potential," "focus," "may," "should" or similar expressions. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a materially adverse effect on our operations and future prospects include, but are not limited to: changes in national, international, regional and local economic conditions generally and real estate markets specifically; changes in legislation/regulation (including changes to laws governing the taxation of real estate investment trusts) and actions of regulatory authorities (including the Internal Revenue Service); our ability to qualify and maintain our status as a real estate investment trust; the availability and attractiveness of financing (including both public and private capital) to us and to our potential counterparties; the availability and attractiveness of terms of additional debt repurchases; interest rates; our credit agency ratings; our ability to comply with applicable financial covenants; competition; changes in supply and demand for industrial properties (including land, the supply and demand for which is inherently more volatile than other types of industrial property) in the Company's current and proposed market areas; difficulties in consummating acquisitions and dispositions; risks related to our investments in properties through joint ventures; environmental liabilities; slippages in development or lease-up schedules; tenant creditworthiness; higher-than-expected costs; changes in asset valuations and related impairment charges; changes in general accounting principles, policies and guidelines applicable to real estate investment trusts; international business risks and those additional factors described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). We caution you not to place undue reliance on forward looking statements, which reflect our analysis only and speak only as of the date of this report or the dates indicated in the statements. We assume no obligation to update or supplement forward-looking statements. Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc., First Industrial, L.P. and their respective controlled subsidiaries. We refer to our operating partnership, First Industrial, L.P., as the "Operating Partnership."

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PART I
THE COMPANY

Item 1. Business

General

First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. is a Maryland corporation organized on August 10, 1993, and is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We are a self-administered and fully integrated real estate company which owns, manages, acquires, sells, develops, and redevelops industrial real estate. As of December 31, 2013, our in-service portfolio consisted of 305 light industrial properties, 94 R&D/flex properties, 154 bulk warehouse properties and 96 regional warehouse properties containing approximately 61.3 million square feet of gross leasable area ("GLA") located in 25 states. Our in-service portfolio includes all properties other than developed, redeveloped and acquired properties that have not yet reached stabilized occupancy (generally defined as properties that are 90% leased). Properties which are at least 75% occupied at acquisition are placed in-service. Acquired properties less than 75% occupied are placed in-service upon the earlier of reaching 90% occupancy or one year from the acquisition date. Development properties are placed in-service upon the earlier of reaching 90% occupancy or one year from the date construction is completed. Redevelopments (generally projects which require capital expenditures exceeding 25% of the gross cost basis) are placed in-service upon the earlier of reaching 90% occupancy or one year from the completion of renovation construction.

Our interests in our properties and land parcels are held through partnerships, corporations, and limited liability companies controlled, directly or indirectly, by the Company, including the Operating Partnership, of which we are the sole general partner with an approximate 96.0% and 95.5% ownership interest at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and through our taxable REIT subsidiaries. We also conduct operations through other partnerships and limited liability companies, the operating data of which, together with that of the Operating Partnership and the taxable REIT subsidiaries, is consolidated with that of the Company as presented herein.

We also own noncontrolling equity interests in, and provide services to, two joint ventures (the "2003 Net Lease Joint Venture" and the "2007 Europe Joint Venture"; collectively, the "Joint Ventures"). The Joint Ventures are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, the operating data of our Joint Ventures is not consolidated with that of the Company as presented herein. See Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the Joint Ventures.

We utilize an operating approach which combines the effectiveness of decentralized, locally based property management, acquisition, sales and development functions with the cost efficiencies of centralized acquisition, sales and development support, capital markets expertise, asset management and fiscal control systems. At February 27, 2014, we had 169 employees.

We maintain a website at www.firstindustrial.com. Information on this website shall not constitute part of this Form 10-K. Copies of our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to such reports are available without charge on our website as soon as reasonably practicable after such reports are filed with or furnished to the SEC. You may also read and copy any document filed at the public reference facilities of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at (800) SEC-0330 for further information about the public reference facilities. These documents also may be accessed through the SEC's Interactive Data Electronic Application via the SEC's home page on the Internet (<http://www.sec.gov>). In addition, our Corporate Governance Guidelines, Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Audit Committee Charter, Compensation Committee Charter and Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee Charter, along with supplemental financial and operating information prepared by us, are all available without charge on our website or upon request to us.

Amendments to, or waivers from, our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that apply to our executive officers or directors will also be posted to our website. We also post or otherwise make available on our website from time to time other information that may be of interest to our investors. Please direct requests as follows:

First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.
311 S. Wacker Drive, Suite 3900
Chicago, IL 60606

Attention: Investor Relations

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Business Objectives and Growth Plans

Our fundamental business objective is to maximize the total return to our stockholders through per share distributions and increases in the value of our properties and operations. Our long-term business growth plans include the following elements:

Internal Growth. We seek to grow internally by (i) increasing revenues by renewing or re-leasing spaces subject to expiring leases at higher rental levels; (ii) increasing occupancy levels at properties where vacancies exist and maintaining occupancy elsewhere; (iii) controlling and minimizing property operating and general and administrative expenses; and (iv) renovating existing properties.

External Growth. We seek to grow externally through (i) the development of industrial properties; (ii) the acquisition of portfolios of industrial properties or individual properties which meet our investment parameters within our target markets; (iii) the expansion of our properties; and (iv) possible additional joint venture investments.

Portfolio Enhancement. We continually seek to upgrade our overall portfolio via new investments as well as through the sale of select assets that we believe do not exhibit favorable characteristics for long-term income growth.

Our ability to pursue our long-term growth plans is affected by market conditions and our financial condition and operating capabilities.

Business Strategies

We utilize the following six strategies in connection with the operation of our business:

Organizational Strategy. We implement our decentralized property operations strategy through the deployment of experienced regional management teams and local property managers. We provide acquisition, development and financing assistance, asset management oversight and financial reporting functions from our headquarters in Chicago, Illinois to support our regional operations. We believe the size of our portfolio enables us to realize operating efficiencies by spreading overhead among many properties and by negotiating purchasing discounts.

Market Strategy. Our market strategy is to concentrate on the top industrial real estate markets in the United States. These markets have one or more of the following characteristics: (i) favorable industrial real estate fundamentals, including improving industrial demand and constrained supply that can lead to long-term rent growth; (ii) warehouse distribution markets with favorable economic and business environments that should benefit from increases in distribution activity driven by growth in global trade and local consumption; and (iii) sufficient size to provide ample opportunity for growth through incremental investments as well as offer asset liquidity.

Leasing and Marketing Strategy. We have an operational management strategy designed to enhance tenant satisfaction and portfolio performance. We pursue an active leasing strategy, which includes broadly marketing available space, seeking to renew existing leases at higher rents per square foot and seeking leases which provide for the pass-through of property-related expenses to the tenant. We also have local and national marketing programs which focus on the business and real estate brokerage communities and national tenants.

Acquisition/Development Strategy. Our acquisition/development strategy is to invest in industrial properties in the top industrial real estate markets in the United States.

Disposition Strategy. We continuously evaluate local market conditions and property-related factors in all of our markets for purposes of identifying assets suitable for disposition.

Financing Strategy. To finance acquisitions, developments and debt maturities, as market conditions permit, we utilize a portion of proceeds from property sales, unsecured debt offerings, term loans, mortgage financings and line of credit borrowings under our \$625.0 million unsecured credit facility (the "Unsecured Credit Facility"), and proceeds from the issuance, when and as warranted, of additional equity securities (see Recent Developments). As of February 27, 2014, we had approximately \$604.0 million available for additional borrowings under the Unsecured Credit Facility.

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Recent Developments

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we acquired two industrial properties comprising approximately 1.1 million square feet of GLA and several land parcels for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$72.8 million, excluding costs incurred in conjunction with the acquisitions. Additionally, we placed in-service one development totaling approximately 0.3 million square feet of GLA for a total cost of \$19.1 million. We also sold 67 industrial properties comprising approximately 3.0 million square feet of GLA and several land parcels for total gross sales proceeds of \$144.6 million. At December 31, 2013, we owned 649 in-service industrial properties containing approximately 61.3 million square feet of GLA.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we amended and restated our existing \$450.0 million revolving credit facility (the "Old Credit Facility"), increasing the borrowing capacity to \$625.0 million. We may request that the borrowing capacity under the Unsecured Credit Facility be increased to \$825.0 million, subject to certain restrictions. The amendment extended the maturity date from December 12, 2014 to September 29, 2017 with an option to extend an additional one year at our election, subject to certain restrictions. At December 31, 2013, the Unsecured Credit Facility provides for interest only payments at LIBOR plus 150 basis points. The interest rate on the Unsecured Credit Facility varies based on our leverage ratio. In the event we achieve an investment grade rating from one of certain rating agencies, the rate may be decreased at our election, based on the investment grade rating. In connection with the amendment of the Old Credit Facility, we wrote off \$0.1 million of unamortized deferred financing costs, which is included in loss from retirement of debt for the year ended December 31, 2013.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we repurchased and retired prior to maturity \$29.8 million of our senior unsecured notes and \$72.3 million in mortgage loans payable. We recognized a loss from retirement of debt on our Consolidated Statement of Operations of \$6.6 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we redeemed the remaining 4,000,000 Depositary Shares, each representing 1/10,000th of a share, of our 7.25% Series J Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (the "Series J Preferred Stock"), at a redemption price of \$25.00 per Depositary Share. We also redeemed all of the 2,000,000 Depositary Shares, each representing 1/10,000th of a share of our 7.25% Series K Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (the "Series K Preferred Stock"), at a redemption price of \$25.00 per Depositary Share.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we issued 8,400,000 shares of the Company's common stock, generating \$132.1 million in net proceeds, in an underwritten public offering. Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2013, we issued 2,315,704 shares of the Company's common stock, generating \$41.7 million in net proceeds, under the Company's "at-the-market" equity offering program (the "2012 ATM").

Future Property Acquisitions, Developments and Property Sales

We have acquisition and development programs through which we seek to identify portfolio and individual industrial property acquisitions and developments. We also sell properties based on market conditions and property related factors. As a result, we are currently engaged in negotiations relating to the possible acquisition, development or sale of certain industrial properties in our portfolio.

When evaluating potential industrial property acquisitions and developments, as well as potential industrial property sales, we will consider such factors as: (i) the geographic area and type of property; (ii) the location, construction quality, condition and design of the property; (iii) the terms of tenant leases, including the potential for rent increases; (iv) the potential for economic growth and the general business, tax and regulatory environment of the area in which the property is located; (v) the occupancy and demand by tenants for properties of a similar type in the vicinity; (vi) competition from existing properties and the potential for the construction of new properties in the area; (vii) the potential for capital appreciation of the property; (viii) the ability to improve the property's performance through renovation; and (ix) the potential for expansion of the physical layout of the property and/or the number of sites.

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INDUSTRY

Industrial properties are typically used for the design, assembly, packaging, storage and distribution of goods and/or the provision of services. As a result, the demand for industrial space in the United States is related to the level of economic output. For the five years ended December 31, 2013, the national occupancy rate for industrial properties in the United States has ranged from 85.5%* to 88.7%*, with an occupancy rate of 88.7%* at December 31, 2013.

* Source: CBRE Econometric Advisors

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Our operations involve various risks that could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow, ability to pay distributions on our common stock and the market price of our common stock. These risks, among others contained in our other filings with the SEC, include:

Disruptions in the financial markets could affect our ability to obtain financing and may negatively impact our liquidity, financial condition and operating results.

From time to time, the capital and credit markets in the United States and other countries experience significant price volatility, dislocations and liquidity disruptions, which can cause the market prices of many securities and the spreads on prospective debt financings to fluctuate substantially. These circumstances can materially impact liquidity in the financial markets, making terms for certain financings less attractive, and in some cases result in the unavailability of financing. A significant amount of our existing indebtedness was issued through capital markets transactions. We anticipate that the capital markets could be a source of refinancing of our existing indebtedness in the future. This source of refinancing may not be available if capital market volatility and disruption occurs. Furthermore, we could potentially lose access to available liquidity under our Unsecured Credit Facility if one or more participating lenders were to default on their commitments. If our ability to issue additional debt or equity securities to finance future acquisitions, developments and redevelopments and joint venture activities or to borrow money under our Unsecured Credit Facility were to be impaired by capital market volatility and disruption, it could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

In addition, capital and credit market price volatility could make the valuation of our properties more difficult. There may be significant uncertainty in the valuation, or in the stability of the value, of our properties that could result in a substantial decrease in the value of our properties. As a result, we may not be able to recover the carrying amount of our properties, which may require us to recognize an impairment loss in earnings.

Real estate investments' value fluctuates depending on conditions in the general economy and the real estate industry. These conditions may limit the Company's revenues and available cash.

The factors that affect the value of our real estate and the revenues we derive from our properties include, among other things:

- general economic conditions;
- local, regional, national and international economic conditions and other events and occurrences that affect the markets in which we own properties;
- local conditions such as oversupply or a reduction in demand in an area;
- the attractiveness of the properties to tenants;
- tenant defaults;
- zoning or other regulatory restrictions;
- competition from other available real estate;
- our ability to provide adequate maintenance and insurance; and
- increased operating costs, including insurance premiums and real estate taxes.

These factors may be amplified in light of a disruption of the global credit markets. Our investments in real estate assets are concentrated in the industrial sector, and the demand for industrial space in the United States is related to the level of economic output. Accordingly, reduced economic output may lead to lower occupancy rates for our properties. In addition, if

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any of our tenants experiences a downturn in its business that weakens its financial condition, delays lease commencement, fails to make rental payments when due, becomes insolvent or declares bankruptcy, the result could be a termination of the tenant's lease, which could adversely affect our cash flow from operations.

Many real estate costs are fixed, even if income from properties decreases.

Our financial results depend on leasing space to tenants on terms favorable to us. Our income and funds available for distribution to our stockholders will decrease if a significant number of our tenants cannot pay their rent or we are unable to lease properties on favorable terms. In addition, if a tenant does not pay its rent, we may not be able to enforce our rights as landlord without delays and we may incur substantial legal costs. Costs associated with real estate property, such as real estate taxes and maintenance costs, generally are not reduced when circumstances cause a reduction in income from the property.

The Company may be unable to sell properties when appropriate or at all because real estate investments are not as liquid as certain other types of assets.

Real estate investments generally cannot be sold quickly, which will tend to limit our ability to adjust our property portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions. The inability to respond promptly to changes in the performance of our property portfolio could adversely affect our financial condition and ability to service debt and make distributions to our stockholders. In addition, like other companies qualifying as REITs under the Code, we must comply with the safe harbor rules relating to the number of properties disposed of in a year, their tax basis and the cost of improvements made to the properties, or meet other tests which enable a REIT to avoid punitive taxation on the sale of assets. Thus, our ability at any time to sell assets may be restricted.

The Company may be unable to sell properties on advantageous terms.

We have sold to third parties a significant number of properties in recent years and, as part of our business, we intend to continue to sell properties to third parties. Our ability to sell properties on advantageous terms depends on factors beyond our control, including competition from other sellers and the availability of attractive financing for potential buyers of our properties. If we are unable to sell properties on favorable terms or redeploy the proceeds of property sales in accordance with our business strategy, then our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock could be adversely affected.

The Company may be unable to complete development and re-development projects on advantageous terms.

As part of our business, we develop new and re-develop existing properties when and as conditions warrant. In addition, we have sold to third parties or sold to joint ventures development and re-development properties, and we may continue to sell such properties to third parties or to sell or contribute such properties to joint ventures as opportunities arise. The real estate development and re-development business involves significant risks that could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock, which include:

- we may not be able to obtain financing for development projects on favorable terms and complete construction on schedule or within budget, resulting in increased debt service expense and construction costs and delays in leasing the properties and generating cash flow;

- we may not be able to obtain, or may experience delays in obtaining, all necessary zoning, land-use, building, occupancy and other governmental permits and authorizations; and

- the properties may perform below anticipated levels, producing cash flow below budgeted amounts and limiting our ability to sell such properties to third parties or to sell such properties to joint ventures.

The Company may be unable to acquire properties on advantageous terms or acquisitions may not perform as the Company expects.

We acquire and intend to continue to acquire primarily industrial properties. The acquisition of properties entails various risks, including the risks that our investments may not perform as expected and that our cost estimates for bringing an acquired property up to market standards may prove inaccurate. Further, we face significant competition for attractive investment opportunities from other well-capitalized real estate investors, including publicly-traded REITs and private investors. This competition increases as investments in real estate become attractive relative to other forms of investment. As a result of competition, we may be unable to acquire additional properties as we desire

or the purchase prices may be elevated. In addition, we expect to finance future acquisitions through a combination of borrowings under the Unsecured Credit Facility, proceeds from equity or debt offerings and debt originations by the Company and proceeds from property sales, which may not

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be available and which could adversely affect our cash flow. Any of the above risks could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market value of, our common stock.

The Company may be unable to renew leases or find other lessees.

We are subject to the risks that, upon expiration, leases may not be renewed, the space subject to such leases may not be relet or the terms of renewal or reletting, including the cost of required renovations, may be less favorable than expiring lease terms. If we were unable to promptly renew a significant number of expiring leases or to promptly relet the space covered by such leases, or if the rental rates upon renewal or reletting were significantly lower than the current rates, our financial condition, results of operation, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock could be adversely affected. As of December 31, 2013, leases with respect to approximately 7.1 million, 9.0 million and 10.3 million square feet of our total GLA, representing 13%, 16% and 18% of our total GLA, expire in 2014, 2015 and 2016, respectively.

The Company might fail to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT.

We intend to operate so as to qualify as a REIT under the Code. Although we believe that we are organized and will operate in a manner so as to qualify as a REIT, qualification as a REIT involves the satisfaction of numerous requirements, some of which must be met on a recurring basis. These requirements are established under highly technical and complex Code provisions of which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations and involve the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control.

If we were to fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we would be subject to federal income tax, including any applicable alternative minimum tax, on our taxable income at corporate rates. This could result in a discontinuation or substantial reduction in dividends to stockholders and in cash to pay interest and principal on debt securities that we issue. Unless entitled to relief under certain statutory provisions, we would be disqualified from electing treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which we failed to qualify as a REIT.

Certain property transfers may generate prohibited transaction income, resulting in a penalty tax on the gain attributable to the transaction.

As part of our business, we sell properties to third parties as opportunities arise. Under the Code, a 100% penalty tax could be assessed on the gain resulting from sales of properties that are deemed to be prohibited transactions. The question of what constitutes a prohibited transaction is based on the facts and circumstances surrounding each transaction. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") could contend that certain sales of properties by us are prohibited transactions. While we have implemented controls to avoid prohibited transactions, if a dispute were to arise that was successfully argued by the IRS, the 100% penalty tax could be assessed against the profits from these transactions. In addition, any income from a prohibited transaction may adversely affect our ability to satisfy the income tests for qualification as a REIT.

The REIT distribution requirements may limit the Company's ability to retain capital and require the Company to turn to external financing sources.

We could, in certain instances, have taxable income without sufficient cash to enable us to meet the distribution requirements of the REIT provisions of the Code. In that situation, we could be required to borrow funds or sell properties on adverse terms in order to meet those distribution requirements. In addition, because we must distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income each year, our ability to accumulate capital may be limited. Thus, to provide capital resources for our ongoing business, and to satisfy our debt repayment obligations and other liquidity needs, we may be more dependent on outside sources of financing, such as debt financing or issuances of additional capital stock, which may or may not be available on favorable terms. Additional debt financings may substantially increase our leverage and additional equity offerings may result in substantial dilution of stockholders' interests.

Debt financing, the degree of leverage and rising interest rates could reduce the Company's cash flow.

Where possible, we intend to continue to use leverage to increase the rate of return on our investments and to allow us to make more investments than we otherwise could. Our use of leverage presents an additional element of risk in the event that the cash flow from our properties is insufficient to meet both debt payment obligations and the distribution

requirements of the REIT provisions of the Code. In addition, rising interest rates would reduce our cash flow by increasing the amount of interest due on our floating rate debt and on our fixed rate debt as it matures and is refinanced.

Failure to comply with covenants in our debt agreements could adversely affect our financial condition.

The terms of our agreements governing our Unsecured Credit Facility and other indebtedness require that we comply with a number of financial and other covenants, such as maintaining debt service coverage and leverage ratios and maintaining

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insurance coverage. Complying with such covenants may limit our operational flexibility. Our failure to comply with these covenants could cause a default under the applicable debt agreement even if we have satisfied our payment obligations. Consistent with our prior practice, we will, in the future, continue to interpret and certify our performance under these covenants in a good faith manner that we deem reasonable and appropriate. However, these financial covenants are complex and there can be no assurance that these provisions would not be interpreted by the noteholders or lenders in a manner that could impose and cause us to incur material costs. We anticipate that we will be able to operate in compliance with our financial covenants in 2014. Our ability to meet our financial covenants may be adversely affected if economic and credit market conditions limit our ability to reduce our debt levels consistent with, or result in net operating income below, our current expectations. Under our Unsecured Credit Facility, an event of default can also occur if the lenders, in their good faith judgment, determine that a material adverse change has occurred which could prevent timely repayment or materially impair our ability to perform our obligations under the loan agreement.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, we would be subject to higher finance costs and fees, and the lenders under our Unsecured Credit Facility will not be required to lend any additional amounts to us. In addition, our outstanding senior unsecured notes as well as all outstanding borrowings under the Unsecured Credit Facility, together with accrued and unpaid interest and fees, could be accelerated and declared to be immediately due and payable. Furthermore, our Unsecured Credit Facility and the indentures governing our senior unsecured notes contain certain cross-default provisions, which are triggered in the event that our other material indebtedness is in default. These cross-default provisions may require us to repay or restructure the Unsecured Credit Facility and the senior unsecured notes or other debt that is in default, which could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our stock. If repayment of any of our borrowings is accelerated, we cannot provide assurance that we will have sufficient assets to repay such indebtedness or that we would be able to borrow sufficient funds to refinance such indebtedness. Even if we are able to obtain new financing, it may not be on commercially reasonable terms, or terms that are acceptable to us.

Cross-collateralization of mortgage loans could result in foreclosure on substantially all of the Company's properties if the Company is unable to service its indebtedness.

We may obtain additional mortgage debt financing in the future, if it is available to us. These mortgages may be issued on a recourse, non-recourse or cross-collateralized basis. Cross-collateralization makes all of the subject properties available to the lender in order to satisfy our debt. Holders of this indebtedness will have a claim against these properties. To the extent indebtedness is cross-collateralized, lenders may seek to foreclose upon properties that are not the primary collateral for their loan, which may, in turn, result in acceleration of other indebtedness collateralized by properties. Foreclosure of properties would result in a loss of income and asset value to us, making it difficult for us to meet both debt payment obligations and the distribution requirements of the REIT provisions of the Code. At December 31, 2013, mortgage loans payable totaling \$474.5 million were cross-collateralized.

The Company may have to make lump-sum payments on its existing indebtedness.

We are required to make the following lump-sum or "balloon" payments under the terms of some of our indebtedness, including indebtedness of the Operating Partnership. Our lump-sum payments as of December 31, 2013 consist of the following:

- \$10.6 million aggregate principal amount of 7.750% Notes due 2032 (the "2032 Notes");
- \$31.9 million aggregate principal amount of 7.600% Notes due 2028 (the "2028 Notes");
- \$6.1 million aggregate principal amount of 7.150% Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes");
- \$101.9 million aggregate principal amount of 5.950% Notes due 2017 (the "2017 II Notes");
- \$55.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.500% Notes due 2017 (the "2017 Notes");
- \$159.7 million aggregate principal amount of 5.750% Notes due 2016 (the "2016 Notes");
- \$81.8 million aggregate principal amount of 6.420% Notes due 2014 (the "2014 Notes");
- \$599.5 million in mortgage loans payable, in the aggregate, due between October 2014 and September 2022 on certain of our mortgage loans payable; and

a \$625.0 million Unsecured Credit Facility maturing September 29, 2017, under which we may borrow to finance the acquisition of additional properties, fund developments and for other corporate purposes, including working capital. The Unsecured Credit Facility contains a one year extension option at our election, subject to certain restrictions.

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As of December 31, 2013, \$173.0 million was outstanding under the Unsecured Credit Facility at a weighted average interest rate of 1.666%.

Our ability to make required payments of principal on outstanding indebtedness, whether at maturity or otherwise, may depend on our ability either to refinance the applicable indebtedness or to sell properties. We have no commitments to refinance the 2014 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2017 II Notes, the 2027 Notes, the 2028 Notes, the 2032 Notes, the Unsecured Credit Facility or the mortgage loans. Our existing mortgage loan obligations are collateralized by our properties and therefore such obligations will permit the lender to foreclose on those properties in the event of a default.

There is no limitation on debt in the Company's organizational documents.

As of December 31, 2013, our ratio of debt to our total market capitalization was 38.5%. We compute the percentage by calculating our total consolidated debt as a percentage of the aggregate market value of all outstanding shares of our common stock, assuming the exchange of all limited partnership units of the Operating Partnership for common stock, plus the aggregate stated value of all outstanding shares of preferred stock and total consolidated debt. Our organizational documents do not contain any limitation on the amount or percentage of indebtedness we may incur. Accordingly, we could become more highly leveraged, resulting in an increase in debt service that could adversely affect our ability to make expected distributions to stockholders and an increased risk of default on our obligations. Rising interest rates on the Company's Unsecured Credit Facility could decrease the Company's available cash. Our Unsecured Credit Facility bears interest at a floating rate. As of December 31, 2013, our Unsecured Credit Facility had an outstanding balance of \$173.0 million at a weighted average interest rate of 1.666%. At December 31, 2013, our Unsecured Credit Facility provides for interest only payments at LIBOR plus 150 basis points which rate varies based on our leverage ratio. Based on the outstanding balance on our Unsecured Credit Facility as of December 31, 2013, a 10% increase in interest rates would increase interest expense by \$0.3 million on an annual basis. Increases in the interest rate payable on balances outstanding under our Unsecured Credit Facility would decrease our cash available for distribution to stockholders.

The Company's mortgages may impact the Company's ability to sell encumbered properties on advantageous terms or at all.

As part of our plan to enhance liquidity and pay down our debt, we have originated numerous mortgage financings and from time to time engage in active discussions with various lenders regarding the origination of additional mortgage financings. Certain of our mortgages contain, and it is anticipated that some future mortgages will contain, substantial prepayment premiums which we would have to pay upon the sale of a property, thereby reducing the net proceeds to us from the sale of any such property. As a result, our willingness to sell certain properties and the price at which we may desire to sell a property may be impacted by the terms of any mortgage financing encumbering a property. If we are unable to sell properties on favorable terms or redeploy the proceeds of property sales in accordance with our business strategy, then our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock could be adversely affected.

Adverse market and economic conditions could cause us to recognize additional impairment charges.

We regularly review our real estate assets for impairment indicators, such as a decline in a property's occupancy rate, decline in general market conditions or a change in the expected hold period of an asset. If we determine that indicators of impairment are present, we review the properties affected by these indicators to determine whether an impairment charge is required. We use considerable judgment in making determinations about impairments, from analyzing whether there are indicators of impairment to the assumptions used in calculating the fair value of the investment. Accordingly, our subjective estimates and evaluations may not be accurate, and such estimates and evaluations are subject to change or revision.

From time to time, adverse market and economic conditions and market volatility make it difficult to value the real estate assets owned by us as well as the value of our interests in unconsolidated joint ventures. There may be significant uncertainty in the valuation, or in the stability of the cash flows, discount rates and other factors related to such assets due to the adverse market and economic conditions that could result in a substantial decrease in their value. We may be required to recognize additional asset impairment charges in the future, which could materially and

adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Earnings and cash dividends, asset value and market interest rates affect the price of the Company's common stock. As a REIT, the market value of our common stock, in general, is based primarily upon the market's perception of our growth potential and our current and potential future earnings and cash dividends. The market value of our common stock is

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also based upon the market value of our underlying real estate assets. For this reason, shares of our common stock may trade at prices that are higher or lower than our net asset value per share. To the extent that we retain operating cash flow for investment purposes, working capital reserves, or other purposes, these retained funds, while increasing the value of our underlying assets, may not correspondingly increase the market price of our common stock. Our failure to meet the market's expectations with regard to future earnings and cash dividends likely would adversely affect the market price of our common stock. Further, the distribution yield on the common stock (as a percentage of the price of the common stock) relative to market interest rates may also influence the price of our common stock. An increase in market interest rates might lead prospective purchasers of our common stock to expect a higher distribution yield, which would adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

The Company may incur unanticipated costs and liabilities due to environmental problems.

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, an owner or operator of real estate may be liable for the costs of clean-up of certain conditions relating to the presence of hazardous or toxic materials on, in or emanating from a property, and any related damages to natural resources. Environmental laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of hazardous or toxic materials. The presence of such materials, or the failure to address those conditions properly, may adversely affect the ability to rent or sell the property or to borrow using the property as collateral. Persons who dispose of or arrange for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic materials may also be liable for the costs of clean-up of such materials, or for related natural resource damages, at or from an off-site disposal or treatment facility, whether or not the facility is owned or operated by those persons. No assurance can be given that existing environmental assessments with respect to any of our properties reveal all environmental liabilities, that any prior owner or operator of any of the properties did not create any material environmental condition not known to us or that a material environmental condition does not otherwise exist as to any of our properties. In addition, changes to existing environmental regulation to address, among other things, climate change, could increase the scope of our potential liabilities. The Company's insurance coverage does not include all potential losses.

We currently carry comprehensive insurance coverage including property, boiler & machinery, liability, fire, flood, terrorism, earthquake, extended coverage and rental loss as appropriate for the markets where each of our properties and their business operations are located. The insurance coverage contains policy specifications and insured limits customarily carried for similar properties and business activities. We believe our properties are adequately insured. However, there are certain losses, including losses from earthquakes, hurricanes, floods, pollution, acts of war or riots, that are not generally insured against or that are not generally fully insured against because it is not deemed to be economically feasible or prudent to do so. If an uninsured loss, a loss in excess of insured limits occurs, or a loss is not paid due to insurer insolvency with respect to one or more of our properties, we could experience a significant loss of capital invested and potential revenues from these properties, and could potentially remain obligated under any recourse debt associated with the property.

The Company is subject to risks and liabilities in connection with its investments in properties through Joint Ventures. As of December 31, 2013, the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture owned approximately 2.5 million square feet of properties. Our net investment in this Joint Venture was \$0.9 million at December 31, 2013. Our organizational documents do not limit the amount of available funds that we may invest in joint ventures and we may continue to develop and acquire properties through joint ventures with other persons or entities when warranted by the circumstances. Joint venture investments, in general, involve certain risks, including:

- joint venturers may share certain approval rights over major decisions;
- joint venturers might fail to fund their share of any required capital commitments;
- joint venturers might have economic or other business interests or goals that are inconsistent with our business interests or goals that would affect our ability to operate the property;
- joint venturers may have the power to act contrary to our instructions, requests, policies or objectives, including our current policy with respect to maintaining our qualification as a real estate investment trust;
- the joint venture agreements often restrict the transfer of a member's or joint venturer's interest or "buy-sell" or may otherwise restrict our ability to sell the interest when we desire or on advantageous terms;

- disputes between us and our joint venturers may result in litigation or arbitration that would increase our expenses and prevent our officers and directors from focusing their time and effort on our business and subject the properties owned by the applicable joint venture to additional risk; and
- we may in certain circumstances be liable for the actions of our joint venturers.

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The occurrence of one or more of the events described above could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock.

In addition, joint venture investments in real estate involve all of the risks related to the ownership, acquisition, development, sale and financing of real estate discussed in the risk factors above. To the extent our investments in joint ventures are adversely affected by such risks our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock could be adversely affected.

We are subject to risks associated with our international operations.

As of December 31, 2013, we owned one land parcel located in Canada. Our international operations will be subject to risks inherent in doing business abroad, including:

- exposure to the economic fluctuations in the locations in which we invest;
- difficulties and costs associated with complying with a wide variety of complex laws, treaties and regulations; revisions in tax treaties or other laws and regulations, including those governing the taxation of our international revenues;
- obstacles to the repatriation of earnings and funds;
 - currency exchange rate fluctuations between the United States dollar and foreign currencies;
- restrictions on the transfer of funds; and
- national, regional and local political uncertainty.

When we acquire properties located outside of the United States, we may face risks associated with a lack of market knowledge or understanding of the local economy, forging new business relationships in the area and unfamiliarity with local government and permitting procedures. We work to mitigate such risks through extensive diligence and research and associations with experienced partners; however, there can be no guarantee that all such risks will be eliminated.

Adverse changes in our credit ratings could negatively affect our liquidity and business operations.

The credit ratings of the Operating Partnership's senior unsecured notes and the Company's preferred stock are based on the Company's operating performance, liquidity and leverage ratios, overall financial position and other factors employed by the credit rating agencies in their rating analyses. Our credit ratings can affect the availability, terms and pricing of any indebtedness and preferred stock that we may incur going forward. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain any credit rating, and in the event any credit rating is downgraded, we could incur higher borrowing costs or be unable to access certain capital markets at all.

Our business could be adversely impacted if we have deficiencies in our disclosure controls and procedures or internal control over financial reporting.

The design and effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting may not prevent all errors, misstatements or misrepresentations. While management will continue to review the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, there can be no guarantee that our internal control over financial reporting will be effective in accomplishing all control objectives all of the time. Deficiencies, including any material weakness, in our internal control over financial reporting which may occur in the future could result in misstatements of our results of operations, restatements of our financial statements, a decline in the price of our securities, or otherwise materially adversely affect our business, reputation, results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

Item 1B. Unresolved SEC Comments

None.

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Item 2. Properties

General

At December 31, 2013, we owned 649 in-service industrial properties containing an aggregate of approximately 61.3 million square feet of GLA in 25 states, with a diverse base of more than 1,800 tenants engaged in a wide variety of businesses, including manufacturing, retail, wholesale trade, distribution and professional services. The average annual rent per square foot on a portfolio basis, calculated at December 31, 2013, was \$4.54. The properties are generally located in business parks that have convenient access to interstate highways and/or rail and air transportation. We maintain insurance on our properties that we believe is adequate.

We classify our properties into four industrial categories: light industrial, R&D/flex, bulk warehouse and regional warehouse. While some properties may have characteristics which fall under more than one property type, we use what we believe is the most dominant characteristic to categorize the property.

The following describes, generally, the different industrial categories:

• Light industrial properties are of less than 100,000 square feet, have a ceiling height of 16-21 feet, are comprised of 5%-50% of office space and contain less than 50% of manufacturing space;

• R&D/flex buildings are of less than 100,000 square feet, have a ceiling height of less than 16 feet, are comprised of 50% or more of office space and contain less than 25% of manufacturing space;

• Bulk warehouse buildings are of more than 100,000 square feet, have a ceiling height of at least 22 feet, are comprised of 5%-15% of office space and contain less than 25% of manufacturing space; and

• Regional warehouses are of less than 100,000 square feet, have a ceiling height of at least 22 feet, are comprised of 5%-15% of office space and contain less than 25% of manufacturing space.

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The following tables summarize certain information as of December 31, 2013, with respect to the in-service properties, each of which is wholly owned.

In-Service Property Summary Totals

Metropolitan Area	Light Industrial	R&D/Flex		Bulk Warehouse		Regional Warehouse		Total		
	GLA	Number of Properties	GLA	Number of Properties	GLA	Number of Properties	GLA	Number of Properties	GLA	Number of Properties
Atlanta, GA	622,944	11	174,350	4	3,820,667	14	923,807	7	5,541,768	36
Baltimore, MD	768,536	13	253,070	7	586,647	3	96,000	1	1,704,253	24
Central PA	297,790	6	—	—	4,113,585	9	381,719	4	4,793,094	19
Chicago, IL	689,606	10	197,997	3	3,592,679	15	424,851	5	4,905,133	33
Cincinnati, OH	278,000	5	100,000	2	918,250	3	763,069	5	2,059,319	15
Cleveland, OH	—	—	—	—	1,317,799	7	—	—	1,317,799	7
Dallas, TX	1,996,261	35	209,249	9	2,148,315	16	501,873	7	4,855,698	67
Denver, CO	1,148,368	26	369,949	10	399,754	3	756,685	7	2,674,756	46
Detroit, MI	2,171,855	78	188,263	6	658,927	5	550,089	13	3,569,134	102
Houston, TX	585,349	9	132,997	6	2,457,546	11	446,318	6	3,622,210	32
Indianapolis, IN	861,100	18	25,000	2	2,176,994	7	503,177	6	3,566,271	33
Miami, FL	88,820	1	—	—	142,804	1	281,626	6	513,250	8
Milwaukee, WI	343,726	7	55,940	1	1,126,929	6	90,089	1	1,616,684	15
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	969,796	14	265,565	3	2,972,995	13	201,173	3	4,409,529	33
Nashville, TN	163,852	2	—	—	1,249,288	5	—	—	1,413,140	7
Northern New Jersey	749,849	13	171,601	3	329,593	2	—	—	1,251,043	18
Philadelphia, PA	186,641	6	11,256	1	690,599	2	330,334	4	1,218,830	13
Phoenix, AZ	38,560	1	—	—	710,403	5	354,327	5	1,103,290	11
Salt Lake City, UT	190,620	6	146,937	6	279,179	1	122,900	1	739,636	14
Seattle, WA	—	—	—	—	258,126	2	127,399	2	385,525	4
Southern California(a)	772,878	21	88,064	1	2,016,153	8	639,087	10	3,516,182	40
Southern New Jersey	115,626	2	45,054	1	172,100	1	191,329	2	524,109	6
St. Louis, MO	631,732	9	191,923	2	1,613,095	6	—	—	2,436,750	17
Tampa, FL	234,679	7	689,782	27	209,500	1	—	—	1,133,961	35
Other(b)	201,997	5	—	—	2,096,108	8	88,498	1	2,386,603	14
Total	14,108,585	305	3,316,997	94	36,058,035	154	7,774,350	96	61,257,967	649
Occupancy by Industrial Building Type		88 %		85 %		95 %		95 %		93 %

(a) Southern California includes the markets of Los Angeles, Inland Empire and San Diego.

Properties are located in Grand Rapids, MI, Austin, TX, Orlando, FL, Horn Lake, MS, Kansas City, MO,

(b) San Antonio, TX, Birmingham, AL, Jefferson County, KY, Greenville, KY, Des Moines, IA, Fort Smith, AR and Winchester, VA.

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In-Service Property Summary Totals

Metropolitan Area	GLA	Number of Properties	Average Occupancy at 12/31/13	GLA as a % of Total Portfolio	Encumbrances at 12/31/13 (In 000s)(c)
Atlanta, GA	5,541,768	36	89	% 9.0	% \$36,196
Baltimore, MD	1,704,253	24	90	% 2.8	% 9,737
Central PA	4,793,094	19	94	% 7.9	% 57,253
Chicago, IL	4,905,133	33	96	% 8.0	% 40,112
Cincinnati, OH	2,059,319	15	91	% 3.4	% 13,588
Cleveland, OH	1,317,799	7	100	% 2.2	% 25,921
Dallas, TX	4,855,698	67	94	% 7.9	% 57,673
Denver, CO	2,674,756	46	94	% 4.4	% 28,799
Detroit, MI	3,569,134	102	95	% 5.8	% —
Houston, TX	3,622,210	32	99	% 5.9	% 56,205
Indianapolis, IN	3,566,271	33	93	% 5.8	% 20,050
Miami, FL	513,250	8	79	% 0.8	% —
Milwaukee, WI	1,616,684	15	97	% 2.6	% 20,795
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	4,409,529	33	92	% 7.2	% 72,309
Nashville, TN	1,413,140	7	98	% 2.3	% 28,602
Northern New Jersey	1,251,043	18	92	% 2.0	% 24,135
Philadelphia, PA	1,218,830	13	85	% 2.0	% 24,588
Phoenix, AZ	1,103,290	11	94	% 1.8	% 17,932
Salt Lake City, UT	739,636	14	92	% 1.2	% 10,735
Seattle, WA	385,525	4	100	% 0.6	% 5,070
Southern California(a)	3,516,182	40	94	% 5.7	% 76,563
Southern New Jersey	524,109	6	41	% 0.9	% 3,115
St. Louis, MO	2,436,750	17	86	% 4.0	% 17,781
Tampa, FL	1,133,961	35	90	% 1.9	% 9,353
Other(b)	2,386,603	14	98	% 3.9	% 21,378
Total or Average	61,257,967	649	93	% 100	% \$677,890

(a) Southern California includes the markets of Los Angeles, Inland Empire and San Diego.

Properties are located in Grand Rapids, MI, Austin, TX, Orlando, FL, Horn Lake, MS, Kansas City, MO,

(b) San Antonio, TX, Birmingham, AL, Jefferson County, KY, Greenville, KY, Des Moines, IA, Fort Smith, AR and Winchester, VA.

Certain properties are pledged as collateral under our mortgage financings at December 31, 2013. For purposes of (c) this table, the total principal balance of a mortgage loan payable that is collateralized by a pool of properties is allocated among the properties in the pool based on each property's carrying balance.

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Property Acquisitions

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we acquired two industrial properties and several land parcels for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$72.8 million. One of the two industrial properties was vacant upon acquisition and the other industrial property was acquired at a capitalization rate of 6.7%. The capitalization rate for this industrial property acquisition was calculated using the estimated stabilized net operating income (excluding straight line rent and amortization of below market rent) and dividing it by the sum of the purchase price plus estimated costs incurred to stabilize the property. The acquired industrial properties have the following characteristics:

Metropolitan Area	Number of Properties	GLA	Property Type	Occupancy at 12/31/13	
Chicago, IL	1	509,216	Bulk Warehouse	0	%
Chicago, IL	1	626,784	Bulk Warehouse	100	%
	2	1,136,000			

Development Activity

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we placed in-service one bulk warehouse development located in Southern California totaling approximately 0.3 million square feet of GLA at a total cost of \$19.1 million. Included in total costs is \$1.8 million incurred on leasing costs, which includes tenant improvements and leasing commissions. At December 31, 2013, the occupancy is 100%. The capitalization rate for this development, calculated using the estimated stabilized net operating income (excluding straight line rent) divided by the total investment in the developed property, is 7.3%.

As of December 31, 2013, we substantially completed two industrial properties totaling approximately 1.2 million square feet of GLA and have three industrial properties that are under construction totaling approximately 0.8 million square feet of GLA. The estimated total costs for the two development properties that are substantially complete are approximately \$88.2 million, of which \$83.8 has been incurred as of December 31, 2013. The estimated total costs for the three development properties under construction are \$49.2 million, of which \$25.3 million has been incurred as of December 31, 2013. There can be no assurance that the actual completion cost will not exceed the estimated completion cost stated above. The completed developments and developments under construction have the following characteristics:

Completed Developments - Not In Service	GLA	Property Type	Quarter of Building Completion
Southern California	489,000	Bulk Warehouse	Q4 2013
Central PA	708,000	Bulk Warehouse	Q4 2013
	1,197,000		
Developments Under Construction	GLA	Property Type	Anticipated Quarter of Building Completion
Chicago, IL	250,000	Bulk Warehouse Expansion	Q3 2014
Southern California	555,670	Bulk Warehouse	Q2 2014
Southern California	43,485	Regional Warehouse	Q2 2014
	849,155		

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Property Sales

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we sold 67 industrial properties comprising approximately 3.0 million square feet of GLA, at a weighted average capitalization rate of 5.6%, and several land parcels for total gross sales proceeds of approximately \$144.6 million. The capitalization rate for the 67 industrial property sales is calculated by taking revenues of the property (excluding straight-line rent, lease inducement amortization and above and below market lease amortization) less operating expenses of the property for a period of the last twelve full months prior to sale and dividing the sum by the sales price of the property. The sold industrial properties have the following characteristics:

Metropolitan Area	Number of Properties	GLA	Property Type
Atlanta, GA	1	90,000	Regional Warehouse
Baltimore, MD	1	171,000	Regional Warehouse Light
Chicago, IL	6	446,241	Industrial/R&D/Flex/Regional Warehouse
Dallas, TX	14	468,358	Light Industrial/R&D/Flex
Denver, CO	2	157,065	R&D/Flex
Detroit, MI	7	214,372	Light Industrial/Regional Warehouse/R&D/Flex
Indianapolis, IN	2	174,438	Bulk Warehouse/Regional Warehouse
Milwaukee, WI	1	43,440	Light Industrial
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	2	122,562	Regional Warehouse
Northern New Jersey	1	24,051	R&D/Flex
Salt Lake City, UT	27	384,305	Light Industrial
Southern New Jersey	1	109,000	Bulk Warehouse
Toronto, ON	1	280,773	Bulk Warehouse
Other (a)	1	355,964	Bulk Warehouse
Total	67	3,041,569	

(a) Property was located in Omaha, NE.

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Tenant and Lease Information

We have a diverse base of more than 1,800 tenants engaged in a wide variety of businesses including retail, wholesale trade, distribution, manufacturing and professional services. At December 31, 2013, our leases have a weighted average lease length of 6.0 years and provide for periodic rent increases that are either fixed or based on changes in the Consumer Price Index. Industrial tenants typically have net or semi-net leases and pay as additional rent their percentage of the property's operating costs, including the costs of common area maintenance, property taxes and insurance. As of December 31, 2013, approximately 93% of the GLA of our in-service properties was leased, and no single tenant or group of related tenants accounted for more than 3.2% of our rent revenues, nor did any single tenant or group of related tenants occupy more than 2.2% of the total GLA of our in-service properties.

Leasing Activity

The following table provides a summary of our leasing activity for the year ended December 31, 2013. The table does not include month to month leases or leases with terms less than twelve months.

	Number of Leases Signed	Square Feet Signed (in 000's)	Average GAAP Rent Per Square Foot (1)	GAAP Basis Rent Growth (2)	Weighted Average Lease Term (3)	Turnover Costs Per Square Foot (4)	Weighted Average Retention (5)	
New Leases	239	3,955	\$ 4.86	(8.2)%	5.3	\$ 6.85	N/A	
Renewal Leases	408	10,080	\$ 4.11	8.7 %	3.6	\$ 1.07	78.7	%
Development	9	416	\$ 4.71	N/A	5.8	N/A	N/A	
Total / Weighted Average	656	14,451	\$ 4.33	2.8 %	4.1	\$ 2.64	78.7	%

(1) Average GAAP rent is the average rent calculated in accordance with GAAP, over the term of the lease.

GAAP basis rent growth is a ratio of the change in net effective rent (on a GAAP basis, including straight-line rent

(2) adjustments as required by GAAP) compared to the net effective rent (on a GAAP basis) of the comparable lease.

New leases where there were no prior comparable leases are also excluded.

(3) The lease term is expressed in years. Assumes no exercise of lease renewal options, if any.

Turnover costs are comprised of the costs incurred or capitalized for improvements of vacant and renewal spaces, as well as the commissions paid and costs capitalized for leasing transactions. Turnover costs per square foot (4) represent the total turnover costs expected to be incurred on the leases signed during the period and do not reflect actual expenditures for the period.

(5) Represents the weighted average square feet of tenants renewing their respective leases.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we signed 163 new leases with free rent periods during the lease term on 3.3 million square feet of GLA. Total free rent concessions are \$6.5 million associated with these new leases.

Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2013, we signed 79 renewal leases with free rent periods during the lease term on 1.7 million square feet of GLA. Total concessions are \$1.4 million associated with these renewal leases.

Lastly, during the twelve months ended December 31, 2013, we signed eight development leases with free rent periods during the lease term on 0.4 million square feet of GLA. Total free rent concessions are \$0.5 million associated with these development leases.

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Lease Expirations

Fundamentals for the United States industrial real estate market continued to improve in 2013, as growth in the general economy drove additional demand for space. Development of new industrial space has increased in response to this growth in demand, but demand has outpaced supply. The fourth quarter of 2013 marked the 14th consecutive quarter of increasing occupancy for the overall market. These conditions have resulted in improved market rental rate environments in virtually all of our markets. Based on our recent experience, market conditions, and the forecast from a leading national research company for 2014, we expect our average net effective rental rates for renewal leases on a cash basis to be slightly higher than the expiring rates. Rental rates for new leases on a cash basis on average are expected to be less than the comparative prior leases for 2014, primarily due to the differing market conditions when the comparative leases were structured. The following table shows scheduled lease expirations for all leases for our in-service properties as of December 31, 2013.

Year of Expiration(1)	Number of Leases Expiring	GLA Expiring(2)	Percentage of GLA Expiring(2)	Annual Base Rent Under Expiring Leases(3) (In thousands)	Percentage of Total Annual Base Rent Expiring(3)
2014	401	7,076,942	13	% \$32,677	13 %
2015	392	8,951,602	16	% 40,673	16 %
2016	379	10,250,272	18	% 43,192	17 %
2017	219	6,399,692	11	% 30,713	12 %
2018	180	7,103,945	13	% 32,549	13 %
2019	112	5,250,158	9	% 26,254	11 %
2020	41	2,712,519	5	% 12,128	5 %
2021	35	3,207,189	6	% 13,733	6 %
2022	18	888,616	2	% 3,510	1 %
2023	17	2,084,190	4	% 8,182	3 %
Thereafter	16	1,609,228	3	% 8,363	3 %
Total	1,810	55,534,353	100	% \$251,974	100 %

(1) Includes leases that expire on or after January 1, 2014 and assumes tenants do not exercise existing renewal, termination or purchase options.

(2) Does not include existing vacancies of 4,474,457 aggregate square feet and December 31, 2013 move outs of 1,249,157 aggregate square feet.

(3) Annualized base rent is calculated as monthly base rent (cash basis) per the terms of the lease, as of December 31, 2013, multiplied by 12. If free rent is granted, then the first positive rent value is used.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. All such proceedings, taken together, are not expected to have a material impact on the results of operations, financial position or liquidity of the Company.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Market Information

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the high and low closing prices per share and distributions declared per share for our common stock, which trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "FR."

Quarter Ended	High	Low	Distribution Declared
December 31, 2013	\$18.81	\$16.30	\$0.085
September 30, 2013	\$17.08	\$14.83	\$0.085
June 30, 2013	\$18.71	\$14.26	\$0.085
March 31, 2013	\$17.13	\$14.22	\$0.085
December 31, 2012	\$14.10	\$12.66	\$0.000
September 30, 2012	\$13.60	\$11.99	\$0.000
June 30, 2012	\$12.72	\$11.09	\$0.000
March 31, 2012	\$12.38	\$10.30	\$0.000

We had 481 common stockholders of record registered with our transfer agent as of February 27, 2014.

In order to comply with the REIT requirements of the Code, we are generally required to make common share distributions and preferred share distributions (other than capital gain distributions) to our shareholders in amounts that together at least equal i) the sum of a) 90% of our "REIT taxable income" computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and net capital gains and b) 90% of net income (after tax), if any, from foreclosure property, minus ii) certain excess non-cash income.

Our common share distribution policy is determined by our board of directors and is dependent on multiple factors, including cash flow and capital expenditure requirements, as well as ensuring that we meet the minimum distribution requirements set forth in the Code. We met the minimum distribution requirements with respect to 2013.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Operating Partnership did not issue any units of limited partnership interest ("Units").

Subject to lock-up periods and certain adjustments, Units of the Operating Partnership are redeemable for common stock of the Company on a one-for-one basis or cash at the option of the Company.

Equity Compensation Plans

The following table sets forth information regarding our equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2013.

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Further Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans
Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security Holders	—	\$—	350,863
Equity Compensation Plans Not Approved by Security Holders	—	\$—	22,380
Total	—	\$—	373,243

Performance Graph

The following graph provides a comparison of the cumulative total stockholder return among the Company, the FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Total Return Index (the “NAREIT Index”) and the Standard & Poor’s 500 Index (“S&P 500”). The historical information set forth below is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

* \$100 invested on 12/31/08 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends. Fiscal year ending December 31.

	12/08	12/09	12/10	12/11	12/12	12/13
FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.	\$ 100.00	\$ 69.27	\$ 116.03	\$ 135.50	\$ 186.49	\$ 235.97
S&P 500	\$ 100.00	\$ 126.46	\$ 145.51	\$ 148.59	\$ 172.37	\$ 228.19
FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs	\$ 100.00	\$ 127.99	\$ 163.78	\$ 177.36	\$ 209.39	\$ 214.56

* The information provided in this performance graph shall not be deemed to be “soliciting material,” to be “filed” or to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 unless specifically treated as such.

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Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following sets forth selected financial and operating data for the Company on a consolidated basis. The following selected consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included elsewhere in this Form 10-K. All consolidated financial data has been restated, as appropriate, to reflect the impact of activity classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

	Year Ended 12/31/13	Year Ended 12/31/12	Year Ended 12/31/11	Year Ended 12/31/10	Year Ended 12/31/09
(In thousands, except per share data)					
Statement of Operations Data:					
Total Revenues	\$328,226	\$314,325	\$302,668	\$306,606	\$369,229
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	4,941	(22,459)	(33,631)	(161,520)	(22,807)
Loss from Continuing Operations Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	(8,213)	(37,395)	(49,093)	(166,604)	(37,821)
Net Income (Loss) Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders and Participating Securities	\$25,907	\$(22,069)	\$(27,010)	\$(222,498)	\$(13,783)
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share:					
Loss from Continuing Operations Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(0.08)	\$(0.41)	\$(0.61)	\$(2.65)	\$(0.78)
Net Income (Loss) Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$0.24	\$(0.24)	\$(0.34)	\$(3.53)	\$(0.28)
Distributions Per Share	\$0.34	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Basic and Diluted Weighted Average Shares	106,995	91,468	80,616	62,953	48,695
Balance Sheet Data (End of Period):					
Real Estate, Before Accumulated Depreciation	\$3,119,547	\$3,121,448	\$2,992,096	\$2,618,767	\$3,319,764
Total Assets	2,597,510	2,608,842	2,666,657	2,750,054	3,204,586
Indebtedness (Inclusive of Indebtedness Held for Sale)	1,296,806	1,335,766	1,479,483	1,742,776	1,998,332
Total Equity	1,171,219	1,145,653	1,072,595	892,144	1,074,247
Cash Flow Data:					
Cash Flow From Operating Activities	\$125,751	\$136,422	\$87,534	\$83,189	\$142,179
Cash Flow From Investing Activities	(61,313)	(42,235)	(3,779)	(9,923)	4,777
Cash Flow From Financing Activities	(61,748)	(99,407)	(99,504)	(230,383)	32,724

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Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with "Selected Financial Data" and the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

In addition, the following discussion contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are including this statement for purposes of complying with those safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe future plans, strategies and expectations of the Company, are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "plan," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "seek," "target," "potential," "focus," "may," "should" or similar expressions. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a materially adverse effect on our operations and future prospects include, but are not limited to: changes in national, international, regional and local economic conditions generally and real estate markets specifically; changes in legislation/regulation (including changes to laws governing the taxation of REITs) and actions of regulatory authorities (including the IRS); our ability to qualify and maintain our status as a REIT; the availability and attractiveness of financing (including both public and private capital) to us and to our potential counterparties; the availability and attractiveness of terms of additional debt repurchases; interest rates; our credit agency ratings; our ability to comply with applicable financial covenants; competition; changes in supply and demand for industrial properties (including land, the supply and demand for which is inherently more volatile than other types of industrial property) in the Company's current and proposed market areas; difficulties in consummating acquisitions and dispositions; risks related to our investments in properties through joint ventures; environmental liabilities; slippages in development or lease-up schedules; tenant creditworthiness; higher-than-expected costs; changes in asset valuations and related impairment charges; changes in general accounting principles, policies and guidelines applicable to REITs; international business risks and those additional factors described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and in our other filings with the SEC. We caution you not to place undue reliance on forward looking statements, which reflect our analysis only and speak only as of the date of this report or the dates indicated in the statements. We assume no obligation to update or supplement forward-looking statements.

The Company was organized in the state of Maryland on August 10, 1993. We are a REIT, as defined in the Code. We began operations on July 1, 1994. Our interests in our properties and land parcels are held through partnerships, corporations, and limited liability companies controlled, directly or indirectly, by us, including the Operating Partnership, of which we are the sole general partner, and through our taxable REIT subsidiaries. The Company also owns a preferred partnership interest in the Operating Partnership represented by preferred units with an aggregate liquidation priority of \$75.0 million at December 31, 2013. We also conduct operations through other partnerships and limited liability companies, the operating data of which, together with that of the Operating Partnership and the taxable REIT subsidiaries, is consolidated with that of the Company, as presented herein.

We also own noncontrolling equity interests in, and provide various services to, two joint ventures (the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture and the 2007 Europe Joint Venture). The Joint Ventures are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, the operating data of our Joint Ventures is not consolidated with that of the Company as presented herein. See Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the Joint Ventures.

We believe our financial condition and results of operations are, primarily, a function of our performance in four key areas: leasing of industrial properties, acquisition and development of additional industrial properties, disposition of industrial properties and access to external capital.

We generate revenue primarily from rental income and tenant recoveries from long-term (generally three to six years) operating leases of our industrial properties. Such revenue is offset by certain property specific operating expenses, such as real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance, property management, utilities and insurance expenses, along with certain other costs and expenses, such as depreciation and amortization costs and general and administrative and interest expenses. Our revenue growth is dependent, in part, on our ability to (i) increase rental income, through increasing either or both occupancy rates and rental rates at our properties, (ii) maximize tenant recoveries and

(iii) minimize operating and certain other expenses. Revenues generated from rental income and tenant recoveries are a significant source of funds, in addition to income generated from gains/losses on the sale of our properties (as discussed below), for our liquidity. The leasing of property, in general, and occupancy rates, rental rates, operating expenses and certain non-operating expenses, in particular, are impacted, variously, by property specific, market specific, general economic and other conditions, many of which are beyond our control. The leasing of property also entails various risks, including the risk of tenant default. If we were unable to maintain or increase occupancy rates and rental rates at our properties or to maintain tenant recoveries and operating and certain other expenses consistent with historical levels and proportions, our revenue would decline. Further, if a significant number of our tenants were unable to pay rent (including tenant recoveries) or if we were unable to rent our properties on favorable terms, our financial condition, results

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of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock would be adversely affected.

Our revenue growth is also dependent, in part, on our ability to acquire existing, and acquire and develop new, additional industrial properties on favorable terms. The Company seeks to identify opportunities to acquire existing industrial properties on favorable terms, and, when conditions permit, also seeks to identify opportunities to acquire and develop new industrial properties on favorable terms. Existing properties, as they are acquired, and acquired and developed properties, as they are leased, generate revenue from rental income, tenant recoveries and fees, income from which, as discussed above, is a source of funds for our distributions. The acquisition and development of properties is impacted, variously, by property specific, market specific, general economic and other conditions, many of which are beyond our control. The acquisition and development of properties also entails various risks, including the risk that our investments may not perform as expected. For example, acquired existing and acquired and developed new properties may not sustain and/or achieve anticipated occupancy and rental rate levels. With respect to acquired and developed new properties, we may not be able to complete construction on schedule or within budget, resulting in increased debt service expense and construction costs and delays in leasing the properties. Also, we face significant competition for attractive acquisition and development opportunities from other well-capitalized real estate investors, including publicly-traded REITs and private investors. Further, as discussed below, we may not be able to finance the acquisition and development opportunities we identify. If we were unable to acquire and develop sufficient additional properties on favorable terms, or if such investments did not perform as expected, our revenue growth would be limited and our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock would be adversely affected.

We also generate income from the sale of our properties (including existing buildings, buildings which we have developed or re-developed on a merchant basis and land). The gain/loss on, and fees from, the sale of such properties are included in our income and can be a significant source of funds, in addition to revenues generated from rental income and tenant recoveries. Proceeds from sales are being used to repay outstanding debt and, market conditions permitting, may be used to fund the acquisition of existing, and the acquisition and development of new, industrial properties. The sale of properties is impacted, variously, by property specific, market specific, general economic and other conditions, many of which are beyond our control. The sale of properties also entails various risks, including competition from other sellers and the availability of attractive financing for potential buyers of our properties. Further, our ability to sell properties is limited by safe harbor rules applying to REITs under the Code which relate to the number of properties that may be disposed of in a year, their tax bases and the cost of improvements made to the properties, along with other tests which enable a REIT to avoid punitive taxation on the sale of assets. If we are unable to sell properties on favorable terms, our income growth would be limited and our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock could be adversely affected.

We utilize a portion of the net sales proceeds from property sales, borrowings under our Unsecured Credit Facility, and proceeds from the issuance, when and as warranted, of additional debt and equity securities to refinance debt and finance future acquisitions and developments. Access to external capital on favorable terms plays a key role in our financial condition and results of operations, as it impacts our cost of capital and our ability and cost to refinance existing indebtedness as it matures and to fund acquisitions and developments or through the issuance, when and as warranted, of additional equity securities. Our ability to access external capital on favorable terms is dependent on various factors, including general market conditions, interest rates, credit ratings on our preferred stock and debt, the market's perception of our growth potential, our current and potential future earnings and cash distributions and the market price of our capital stock. If we were unable to access external capital on favorable terms, our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and ability to pay dividends on, and the market price of, our common stock could be adversely affected.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our significant accounting policies are described in more detail in Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. We believe the following critical accounting policies relate to the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Accounts Receivable: We are subject to tenant defaults and bankruptcies that could affect the collection of rent due under our outstanding accounts receivable, include straight-line rent. In order to mitigate these risks, we perform credit reviews and analyses on our major existing tenants and all prospective tenants meeting certain financial thresholds before leases are executed. We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts which is an estimate that is based on our assessment of various factors including the accounts receivable aging, customer credit-worthiness and historical bad debts.

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Notes Receivable: Notes receivable are included in prepaid expenses and other assets, net and are loans that are generally collateralized by real estate. Notes receivable are considered past due when a contractual payment is not remitted in accordance with the terms of the note agreement. We evaluate the collectability of each note receivable on an individual basis based on various factors which may include payment history, expected fair value of the collateral on the loan and internal and external credit information. A loan is considered to be impaired when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the existing contractual terms. When a loan is considered impaired, the amount of the loss accrual is calculated by comparing the carrying amount of the note receivable to the present value of expected future cash flows. Since the majority of our notes receivable are collateralized by a first mortgage, the loans have risk characteristics similar to the risks in owning commercial real estate. Interest income on performing loans is accrued as earned. A loan is placed on non-accrual status when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the existing contractual terms. Recognition of interest income on non-performing loans on an accrual basis is resumed when it is probable that we will be able to collect amounts due according to the contractual terms.

Investment in Real Estate: We are engaged in the acquisition of individual properties as well as multi-property portfolios. We are required to allocate purchase price between land, building, tenant improvements, leasing commissions, in-place leases, tenant relationships and above and below market leases. Above-market and below-market lease values for acquired properties are recorded based on the present value (using a discount rate which reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to each in-place lease and (ii) our estimate of fair market lease rents for each corresponding in-place lease. Acquired above market leases are amortized as a reduction of rental revenue over the remaining non-cancelable terms of the respective leases and acquired below market leases are amortized as an increase to rental income over the remaining initial terms plus the terms of any below market fixed rate renewal options of the respective leases. In-place lease and tenant relationship values for acquired properties are recorded based on our evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant's lease and our overall relationship with the respective tenant. The value allocated to in-place lease intangible assets is amortized to depreciation and amortization expense over the remaining lease term of the respective lease. The value allocated to tenant relationships is amortized to depreciation and amortization expense over the expected term of the relationship, which includes an estimate of the probability of lease renewal and its estimated term. We also must allocate purchase price on multi-property portfolios to individual properties. The allocation of purchase price is based on our assessment of various characteristics of the markets where the property is located and the expected cash flows of the property.

We review our held-for-use properties on a continuous basis for possible impairment and provide a provision if impairments are determined. We utilize the guidelines established under the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (the "FASB") guidance for accounting for the impairment of long lived assets to determine if impairment conditions exist. We review the expected undiscounted cash flows of the property to determine if there are any indications of impairment. If the expected undiscounted cash flows of a particular property are less than the net book basis of the property, we will recognize an impairment charge equal to the amount of carrying value of the property that exceeds the fair value of the property. Fair value is generally determined by discounting the future expected cash flows of the property. The preparation of the undiscounted cash flows and the calculation of fair value involve subjective assumptions such as estimated occupancy, rental rates, ultimate residual value and hold period. The discount rate used to present value the cash flows for determining fair value is also subjective.

Real Estate Held for Sale: Properties are classified as held for sale when all criteria within the FASB's guidance relating to the disposal of long lived assets are met for such properties. When properties are classified as held for sale, we cease depreciating the properties and estimate the values of such properties and record them at the lower of depreciated cost or fair value, less costs to dispose. If circumstances arise that were previously considered unlikely, and, as a result, we decide not to sell a property previously classified as held for sale, we will reclassify such property as held and used. We estimate the value of such property and measure it at the lower of its carrying amount (adjusted for any depreciation and amortization expense that would have been recognized had the property been continuously classified as held and used) or fair value at the date of the subsequent decision not to sell. Fair value of operational industrial properties is generally determined either by discounting the future expected cash flows of the property, third

party contract prices or quotes from local brokers. The preparation of the discounted cash flows and the calculation of fair value involve subjective assumptions such as estimated occupancy, rental rates, ultimate residual value, hold period and discount rate. Fair value of land is primarily determined by members of management who are responsible for the individual markets where the land parcels are located, quotes from local brokers or by third party contract prices. The determination of the fair value of real estate assets is also highly subjective, especially in markets where there is a lack of recent comparable transactions.

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Accounting for Joint Ventures: We analyze our investments in Joint Ventures to determine whether the joint ventures should be accounted for under the equity method of accounting or consolidated into our financial statements based on standards set forth under the FASB's guidance relating to the consolidation of variable interest entities. Based on the guidance set forth in these pronouncements, we do not consolidate any of our joint venture investments because either the joint venture has been determined to be a variable interest entity but we are not the primary beneficiary or the joint venture has been determined not to be a variable interest entity and we lack control of the joint venture. Our assessment of whether we are the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity involves the consideration of various factors including the form of our ownership interest, our representation on the entity's governing body, the size of our investment and future cash flows of the entity.

Capitalization of Costs: We capitalize (direct and certain indirect) costs incurred in developing and expanding real estate assets as part of the investment basis. Costs incurred in making repairs and maintaining real estate assets are expensed as incurred. During the land development and construction periods, we capitalize interest costs, real estate taxes and certain general and administrative costs of the personnel performing development up to the time the property is substantially complete. The interest rate used to capitalize interest is based upon our average borrowing rate on existing debt. We also capitalize internal and external costs incurred to successfully originate a lease that result directly from, and are essential to, the acquisition of that lease. Leasing costs that meet the requirements for capitalization are presented as a component of prepaid expenses and other assets, net. The determination and calculation of certain costs requires estimates by us.

Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities: In the preparation of our consolidated financial statements, significant management judgment is required to estimate our current and deferred income tax liabilities. Our estimates are based on our interpretation of tax laws. These estimates may have an impact on the income tax expense recognized.

Adjustments may be required by a change in assessment of our deferred income tax assets and liabilities, changes due to audit adjustments by federal and state tax authorities, our inability to qualify as a REIT, and changes in tax laws.

Adjustments required in any given period are included within the income tax provision. In assessing the need for a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets, we estimate future taxable income, considering the feasibility of ongoing tax planning strategies and the realizability of tax loss carryforwards. In the event we were to determine that we would not be able to realize all or a portion of our deferred tax assets in the future, we would reduce such amounts through a charge to income in the period in which that determination is made. Conversely, if we were to determine that we would be able to realize our deferred tax assets in the future in excess of the net carrying amounts, we would decrease the recorded valuation allowance through an increase to income in the period in which that determination is made.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2013 to Year Ended December 31, 2012

Our net income (loss) available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s common stockholders and participating securities was \$25.9 million and \$(22.1) million for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Basic and diluted net income (loss) available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s common stockholders was \$0.24 per share and \$(0.24) per share for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The tables below summarize our revenues, property expenses and depreciation and other amortization by various categories for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. Same store properties are properties owned prior to January 1, 2012 and held as an operating property through December 31, 2013 and developments and redevelopments that were placed in service prior to January 1, 2012 or were substantially completed for the 12 months prior to January 1, 2012. Properties which are at least 75% occupied at acquisition are placed in service. Acquisitions that are less than 75% occupied at the date of acquisition, developments and redevelopments are placed in service as they reach the earlier of a) stabilized occupancy (generally defined as 90% occupied), or b) one year subsequent to acquisition or development/redevelopment construction completion. Properties are moved from the same store classification to the redevelopment classification when capital expenditures for a project are estimated to exceed 25% of the undepreciated gross book value of the property. Acquired properties are properties that were acquired subsequent to December 31, 2011 and held as an operating property through December 31, 2013. Sold properties are properties that were sold subsequent to December 31, 2011. (Re)Developments and land are land parcels and

developments and redevelopments that were not: a) substantially complete 12 months prior to January 1, 2012 or b) stabilized prior to January 1, 2012. Other revenues are derived from the operations of our maintenance company, fees earned from our Joint Ventures and other miscellaneous revenues. Other expenses are derived from the operations of our maintenance company and other miscellaneous regional expenses.

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Our future financial condition and results of operations, including rental revenues, may be impacted by the future acquisition and sale of properties. Our future revenues and expenses may vary materially from historical rates. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the average occupancy rates of our same store properties were 90.1% and 88.3%, respectively.

	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change	
	(\$ in 000's)				
REVENUES					
Same Store Properties	\$317,460	\$309,051	\$8,409	2.7	%
Acquired Properties	2,729	1,954	775	39.7	%
Sold Properties	10,892	21,618	(10,726)	(49.6))%
(Re) Developments and Land, Not Included Above	6,641	716	5,925	827.5	%
Other	1,459	2,635	(1,176)	(44.6))%
	\$339,181	\$335,974	\$3,207	1.0	%
Discontinued Operations	(10,955)	(21,649)	10,694	(49.4))%
Total Revenues	\$328,226	\$314,325	\$13,901	4.4	%

Revenues from same store properties increased \$8.4 million primarily due to increases in occupancy and tenant recoveries, partially offset by a decrease in lease cancellation fees. Revenues from acquired properties increased \$0.8 million due to the two leased industrial properties acquired subsequent to December 31, 2011 totaling approximately 1.0 million square feet of GLA. Revenues from sold properties decreased \$10.7 million due to the 95 industrial properties sold subsequent to December 31, 2011 totaling approximately 7.2 million square feet of GLA. Revenues from (re)developments and land increased \$5.9 million due to an increase in occupancy. Other revenues decreased \$1.2 million primarily due to certain one-time revenue transactions during the year ended December 31, 2012, as well as a decrease in leasing fees earned from our Joint Ventures and a decrease in revenues from the operations of our maintenance company for the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012.

	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change	
	(\$ in 000's)				
PROPERTY EXPENSES					
Same Store Properties	\$95,591	\$89,472	\$6,119	6.8	%
Acquired Properties	1,047	420	627	149.3	%
Sold Properties	4,226	8,700	(4,474)	(51.4))%
(Re) Developments and Land, Not Included Above	2,160	709	1,451	204.7	%
Other	8,816	9,485	(669)	(7.1))%
	\$111,840	\$108,786	\$3,054	2.8	%
Discontinued Operations	(4,450)	(8,879)	4,429	(49.9))%
Total Property Expenses	\$107,390	\$99,907	\$7,483	7.5	%

Property expenses include real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance, property management, utilities, insurance and other property related expenses. Property expenses from same store properties increased \$6.1 million primarily due to an increase in real estate tax expense due to refunds received in 2012 relating to previous years and an increase in repairs and maintenance expense due to the higher snow removal costs incurred during the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012 due to the mild 2012 winter. Property expenses from acquired properties increased \$0.6 million due to properties acquired subsequent to December 31, 2011. Property expenses from sold properties decreased \$4.5 million due to properties sold subsequent to December 31, 2011. Property expenses from (re)developments and land increased \$1.5 million primarily due to an increase in real estate tax expense. Other expenses remained relatively unchanged.

General and administrative expense decreased \$2.0 million, or 7.8%, during the year ended December 31, 2013 compared to the year ended December 31, 2012 due primarily to the acceleration of expense recorded during 2012 related to restricted stock held by the Company's CEO in connection with the terms of his employment agreement that was entered into in December 2012.

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The impairment charge included in continuing operations for the year ended December 31, 2013 of \$1.0 million is primarily due to marketing a certain property for sale and our assessment of the likelihood of a potential sale transaction. The impairment reversal included in continuing operations for the year ended December 31, 2012 of \$0.2 million is primarily comprised of an impairment reversal relating to certain industrial properties that no longer qualified for held for sale classification.

	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
	(\$ in 000's)			
DEPRECIATION AND OTHER AMORTIZATION				
Same Store Properties	\$ 106,797	\$ 112,435	\$(5,638)	(5.0)%
Acquired Properties	1,755	808	947	117.2%
Sold Properties	3,646	7,832	(4,186)	(53.4)%
(Re) Developments and Land, Not Included Above	1,862	357	1,505	421.6%
Corporate Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	618	1,077	(459)	(42.6)%
	\$ 114,678	\$ 122,509	\$(7,831)	(6.4)%
Discontinued Operations	(3,647)	(7,834)	4,187	(53.4)%
Total Depreciation and Other Amortization	\$ 111,031	\$ 114,675	\$(3,644)	(3.2)%

Depreciation and other amortization for same store properties decreased \$5.6 million due to a decrease in catch-up depreciation taken for properties that were classified as held for sale in 2011 but no longer classified as held for sale during the year ended December 31, 2012, to certain intangible assets related to acquisitions of real estate becoming fully depreciated as well as certain adjustments, which should have been recorded in previous periods, recorded during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 causing a decrease in depreciation and amortization expense.

Depreciation and other amortization from acquired properties increased \$0.9 million due to properties acquired subsequent to December 31, 2011. Depreciation and other amortization from sold properties decreased \$4.2 million due to properties sold subsequent to December 31, 2011. Depreciation and other amortization for (re)developments and land increased \$1.5 million primarily due to an increase in substantial completion of developments. Corporate furniture, fixtures and equipment depreciation expense decreased \$0.5 million due to assets becoming fully depreciated.

Interest income decreased \$0.5 million, or 18.1%, primarily due to a decrease in the weighted average note receivable balance outstanding and a decrease in the weighted average interest rate for the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012.

Interest expense decreased \$9.9 million, or 11.9%, primarily due to a decrease in the weighted average debt balance outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2013 (\$1,338.5 million) as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012 (\$1,427.7 million), an increase in capitalized interest of \$1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012 due to an increase in development activities and a decrease in the weighted average interest rate for the year ended December 31, 2013 (5.77%) as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012 (5.99%).

Amortization of deferred financing costs decreased \$0.2 million, or 6.8%, due to lower deferred financing costs due to the amendment to our credit facility in July 2013 and the write off of financing costs related to the early retirement of certain mortgage loans and the repurchase and retirement of certain senior unsecured notes.

In October 2008, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement (the "Series F Agreement") to mitigate our exposure to floating interest rates related to the coupon reset of our Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. The Series F Agreement had a notional value of \$50.0 million and fixed the 30 year Treasury constant maturity treasury rate at 5.2175%. We recorded \$0.1 million in mark-to-market net gain, inclusive of \$0.8 million in swap payments, for the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to \$0.3 million in mark-to-market net loss, inclusive of \$1.2 million in swap payments, for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Series F Agreement matured on October 1, 2013.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, we recognized a net loss from retirement of debt of \$6.6 million due to the partial repurchase of certain series of our senior unsecured notes, the early payoff of certain mortgage loans and the write-off of certain unamortized loan fees associated with the amendment of our revolving line of credit. For the year ended December 31, 2012, we recognized a net loss from retirement of debt of \$9.7 million due to the partial

repurchase of certain series of our senior unsecured notes and early payoff of certain mortgage loans.

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Equity in income of joint ventures decreased \$1.4 million, or 91.3%, during the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012 primarily due to a decrease in our pro rata share of gain on sale of real estate and earn-outs on property sales from the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, we recognized \$0.8 million of gain on change in control of interests related to the acquisition of the 85% equity interest in one property from the institutional investor in the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture. The \$0.8 million of gain represents the difference between our carrying value and fair value of our equity interest on the acquisition date.

The income tax provision (as allocated to continuing operations and gain on sale of real estate, as applicable) decreased \$5.5 million or 100.1% during the year ended December 31, 2013 compared to the year ended December 31, 2012 primarily due to a one-time IRS audit adjustment related to the 2009 liquidation of a former taxable REIT subsidiary that was recorded during the year ended December 31, 2012.

The following table summarizes certain information regarding the industrial properties included in discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

	2013	2012
	(\$ in 000's)	
Total Revenues	\$10,955	\$21,649
Property Expenses	(4,450)	(8,879)
Impairment of Real Estate	(1,605)	(1,438)
Depreciation and Amortization	(3,647)	(7,834)
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	34,344	12,665
Income from Discontinued Operations	\$35,597	\$16,163

Income from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2013 reflects the results of operations and gain on sale of real estate relating to 67 industrial properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2013. The impairment loss for the year ended December 31, 2013 of \$1.6 million relates to impairment charges recorded due to the carrying values of certain properties exceeding the estimated fair values based upon third party purchase contracts for properties held for sale during 2013.

Income from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2012 reflects the results of operations and gain on sale of real estate relating to 28 industrial properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2012 and the results of operations of 67 industrial properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2013. The impairment loss for the year ended December 31, 2012 of \$1.4 million relates to impairment charges recorded due to carrying values of certain properties exceeding the estimated fair values based upon third party purchase contracts for properties held for sale during 2012.

The \$1.1 million and \$3.8 million gain on sale of real estate for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, resulted from the sale of several land parcels that did not meet the criteria for inclusion in discontinued operations.

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Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2012 to Year Ended December 31, 2011

Our net loss available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s common stockholders was \$22.1 million and \$27.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Basic and diluted net loss available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s common stockholders was \$0.24 per share and \$0.34 per share for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The tables below summarize our revenues, property expenses and depreciation and other amortization by various categories for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. Same store properties are properties owned prior to January 1, 2011 and held as an operating property through December 31, 2012 and developments and redevelopments that were placed in service prior to January 1, 2011 or were substantially completed for the 12 months prior to January 1, 2011. Properties which are at least 75% occupied at acquisition are placed in service. Acquisitions that are less than 75% occupied at the date of acquisition, developments and redevelopments are placed in service as they reach the earlier of a) stabilized occupancy (generally defined as 90% occupied), or b) one year subsequent to acquisition or development/redevelopment construction completion. Properties are moved from the same store classification to the redevelopment classification when capital expenditures for a project are estimated to exceed 25% of the undepreciated gross book value of the property. Acquired properties are properties that were acquired subsequent to December 31, 2010 and held as an operating property through December 31, 2012. Sold properties are properties that were sold subsequent to December 31, 2010. (Re)Developments and land are land parcels and developments and redevelopments that were not: a) substantially complete 12 months prior to January 1, 2011 or b) stabilized prior to January 1, 2011. Other revenues are derived from the operations of our maintenance company, fees earned from our Joint Ventures and other miscellaneous revenues. Other expenses are derived from the operations of our maintenance company and other miscellaneous regional expenses.

During the period between January 1, 2011 and December 31, 2012, two industrial properties previously classified within same store, comprising approximately 0.1 million square feet, are included in the redevelopment classification as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2013, redevelopment activities for both properties are complete and are classified as in-service. These properties were moved back to the same store classification in 2013.

Our future financial condition and results of operations, including rental revenues, may be impacted by the future acquisition and sale of properties. Our future revenues and expenses may vary materially from historical rates.

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the average occupancy rates of our same store properties were 87.5% and 86.3%, respectively.

	2012	2011	\$ Change	% Change	
	(\$ in 000's)				
REVENUES					
Same Store Properties	\$319,845	\$313,411	\$6,434	2.1	%
Acquired Properties	4,378	1,396	2,982	213.6	%
Sold Properties	7,049	17,213	(10,164)	(59.0))%
(Re) Developments and Land, Not Included Above	1,521	673	848	126.0	%
Other	3,181	2,054	1,127	54.9	%
	\$335,974	\$334,747	\$1,227	0.4	%
Discontinued Operations	(21,649)	(32,079)	10,430	(32.5))%
Total Revenues	\$314,325	\$302,668	\$11,657	3.9	%

Revenues from same store properties increased \$6.4 million primarily due to an increase in average occupancy and an increase in lease cancellation fees. Revenues from acquired properties increased \$3.0 million due to the two industrial properties acquired subsequent to December 31, 2010 totaling approximately 1.1 million square feet of GLA.

Revenues from sold properties decreased \$10.2 million due to the 64 industrial properties sold subsequent to December 31, 2010 totaling approximately 7.1 million square feet of GLA. Revenues from (re)developments and land increased \$0.8 million primarily due to an increase in occupancy. Other revenues increased \$1.1 million primarily due to several one-time fees and the reversal of an allowance for deferred rent receivable related to certain tenants, partially offset by a decrease in fees earned from our Joint Ventures.

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	2012	2011	\$ Change	% Change
	(\$ in 000's)			
PROPERTY EXPENSES				
Same Store Properties	\$94,549	\$98,650	\$(4,101)	(4.2)%
Acquired Properties	888	261	627	240.2 %
Sold Properties	2,610	6,602	(3,992)	(60.5)%
(Re) Developments and Land, Not Included Above	1,255	696	559	80.3 %
Other	9,484	8,019	1,465	18.3 %
	\$108,786	\$114,228	\$(5,442)	(4.8)%
Discontinued Operations	(8,879)	(12,947)	4,068	(31.4)%
Total Property Expenses	\$99,907	\$101,281	\$(1,374)	(1.4)%

Property expenses include real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance, property management, utilities, insurance and other property related expenses. Property expenses from same store properties decreased \$4.1 million due primarily to a decrease in real estate tax expense resulting from an increase in refunds received relating to previous tax years and a decrease in repairs and maintenance expense resulting from lower snow removal costs incurred due to the mild 2012 winter. Property expenses from acquired properties increased \$0.6 million due to properties acquired subsequent to December 31, 2010. Property expenses from sold properties decreased \$4.0 million due to properties sold subsequent to December 31, 2010. Property expenses from (re)developments and land increased by \$0.6 million due to an increase in real estate tax expense related to developments being placed in service. Other expenses increased by \$1.5 million due to an increase in incentive compensation expense.

General and administrative expense increased \$4.5 million, or 21.6%, during the year ended December 31, 2012 compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 due primarily to the acceleration of expense recorded during 2012 related to restricted stock held by the Company's CEO in connection with the terms of his employment agreement that was entered into in December 2012. The increase was also due to an increase in incentive compensation expense and an increase in franchise tax expense due to the reversal of a state franchise tax reserve relating to the 1996-2001 tax years during the year ended December 31, 2011.

We committed to a plan to reduce organizational and overhead costs in October 2008 and have subsequently modified that plan with the goal of further reducing these costs. For the year ended December 31, 2011, we incurred \$1.6 million in restructuring charges to provide for costs associated with the termination of a certain office lease (\$1.2 million) and other costs (\$0.4 million) associated with implementing our restructuring plan.

The impairment reversal included in continuing operations for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 of \$0.2 million and \$8.9 million, respectively, is primarily comprised of a impairment reversal relating to certain industrial properties that no longer qualified for held for sale classification and land parcels that were either sold or no longer qualified for held for sale classification.

	2012	2011	\$ Change	% Change
	(\$ in 000's)			
DEPRECIATION AND OTHER AMORTIZATION				
Same Store Properties	\$116,719	\$116,949	\$(230)	(0.2)%
Acquired Properties	2,625	1,219	1,406	115.3 %
Sold Properties	1,248	3,482	(2,234)	(64.2)%
(Re) Developments and Land, Not Included Above	840	673	167	24.8 %
Corporate Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,077	1,426	(349)	(24.5)%
	\$122,509	\$123,749	\$(1,240)	(1.0)%
Discontinued Operations	(7,834)	(8,505)	671	(7.9)%
Total Depreciation and Other Amortization	\$114,675	\$115,244	\$(569)	(0.5)%

Depreciation and other amortization for same store properties decreased \$0.2 million primarily due to the accelerated depreciation and amortization taken during the year ended December 31, 2011 attributable to certain tenants who terminated their lease early, offset by an increase due to depreciation taken for properties that were classified as held for sale in 2011 but are no longer classified as held for sale in 2012. Depreciation and other amortization from

acquired properties increased \$1.4 million due to properties acquired subsequent to December 31, 2010. Depreciation and other amortization from sold properties decreased \$2.2 million due to properties sold subsequent to December 31, 2010. Depreciation and other amortization for (re)

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developments and land and other increased \$0.2 million due to an increase in substantial completion of developments. Corporate furniture, fixtures and equipment depreciation expense decreased \$0.3 million due to assets becoming fully depreciated.

Interest income decreased \$1.0 million, or 26.7%, primarily due to a decrease in the weighted average interest rate for notes receivable for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011.

Interest expense, inclusive of interest expense included in discontinued operations, decreased \$16.7 million, or 16.7%, primarily due to a decrease in the weighted average debt balance outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2012 (\$1,427.7 million) as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 (\$1,594.3 million), an increase in capitalized interest of \$1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 due to an increase in development activities and a decrease in the weighted average interest rate for the year ended December 31, 2012 (5.99%) as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 (6.31%).

Amortization of deferred financing costs decreased \$0.5 million, or 12.7%, due primarily to lower deferred financing costs due to the write-off of financing costs related to the repurchase and retirement of certain of our senior unsecured notes, the replacement of our previous credit facility with the Old Credit Facility in December 2011 and the early retirement of certain mortgage loans, partially offset by the costs associated with the origination of mortgage financings during 2012 and 2011.

We recorded \$0.3 million in mark-to-market net loss, inclusive of \$1.2 million in swap payments, for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to \$1.7 million in mark-to-market loss, inclusive of \$0.6 million in swap payments, for the year ended December 31, 2011.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, we recognized a net loss from retirement of debt of \$9.7 million due to the partial repurchase of a certain series of our senior unsecured notes and early payoff of certain mortgage loans. For the year ended December 31, 2011, we recognized a net loss from retirement of debt of \$5.5 million due primarily to the early payoff of certain mortgage loans, the partial repurchase of certain series of our senior unsecured notes, the write-off of a portion of unamortized fees associated with the previous unsecured credit facility and a loss on a transfer of a property to a lender in satisfaction of a mortgage loan.

Foreign currency exchange loss of \$0.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 relates to the substantial liquidation of operations in Canada.

Equity in income of joint ventures increased \$0.6 million, or 59.1%, during the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 primarily due to an increase in our pro rata share of gain on sale of real estate from the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture.

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, gain on change in control of interests relates to the acquisition of the 85% equity interest in one property in each of those periods from the institutional investor in the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, we recognized \$0.8 million gain and \$0.7 million gain, respectively, which is the difference between our carrying value and fair value of our equity interest in each of the properties on the respective acquisition date.

Income tax provision (as allocated to continuing operations, discontinued operations and gain on sale of real estate, as applicable) increased \$3.4 million, or 157.1%, during the year ended December 31, 2012 compared to the year ended December 31, 2011 due primarily to a one-time IRS audit adjustment on the 2009 liquidation of a former taxable REIT subsidiary, partially offset by a decrease in taxes related to the gain on sale of real estate in the new taxable REIT subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011.

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The following table summarizes certain information regarding the industrial properties included in discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

	2012	2011
	(\$ in 000's)	
Total Revenues	\$21,649	\$32,079
Property Expenses	(8,879)	(12,947)
Impairment of Real Estate	(1,438)	(6,214)
Depreciation and Amortization	(7,834)	(8,505)
Interest Expense	—	(63)
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	12,665	20,419
Provision for Income Taxes	—	(1,246)
Income from Discontinued Operations	\$16,163	\$23,523

Income from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2012 reflects the results of operations and gain on sale of real estate relating to 28 industrial properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2012 and the results of operations of 67 industrial properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2013. The impairment loss for the year ended December 31, 2012 of \$1.4 million relates to impairment charges recorded due to carrying values of certain properties exceeding the estimated fair values based upon third party purchase contracts for properties held for sale during 2012.

Income from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2011 reflects the results of operations and gain on sale of real estate relating to 36 industrial properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2011, the results of operations of 67 industrial properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2013 and the results of operations of 28 industrial properties that were sold during the year ended December 31, 2012. The impairment loss for the year ended December 31, 2011 of \$6.2 million relates to impairment charges recorded due to carrying values of certain properties exceeding the estimated fair values based upon third party purchase contracts for properties held for sale during 2011.

The \$3.8 million and \$1.4 million gain on sale of real estate for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, resulted from the sale of one land parcel in each respective year that did not meet the criteria for inclusion in discontinued operations.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At December 31, 2013, our cash and cash equivalents were approximately \$7.6 million. We also had \$452.0 million available for additional borrowings under our Unsecured Credit Facility.

We have considered our short-term (through December 31, 2014) liquidity needs and the adequacy of our estimated cash flow from operations and other expected liquidity sources to meet these needs. Our 2014 Notes, in the aggregate principal amount of \$81.8 million, are due June 2, 2014. Also, we have \$44.5 million in mortgage loans payable outstanding at December 31, 2013 that mature prior to December 31, 2014 or we anticipate prepaying during 2014. Additionally, as discussed in Subsequent Events, during the first quarter of 2014 we are redeeming all outstanding shares of the Series F Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock and Series G Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, for an aggregate payment of \$75.0 million plus all accumulated and unpaid distributions. We expect to satisfy these payment obligations prior to December 31, 2014 with borrowings under our Unsecured Credit Facility and the \$200.0 million unsecured term loan that we entered into during January 2014 (see Subsequent Events). With the exception of these payment obligations, we believe that our principal short-term liquidity needs are to fund normal recurring expenses, property acquisitions, developments, renovations, expansions and other nonrecurring capital improvements, debt service requirements, preferred dividends, the minimum distributions required to maintain our REIT qualification under the Code and distributions approved by our Board of Directors. We anticipate that these needs will be met with cash flows provided by operating activities as well as the disposition of select assets. These needs may also be met by the issuance of additional equity securities or long-term unsecured indebtedness, subject to market conditions and contractual restrictions or borrowings under our Unsecured Credit Facility.

We expect to meet long-term (after December 31, 2014) liquidity requirements such as property acquisitions, developments, scheduled debt maturities, major renovations, expansions and other nonrecurring capital improvements through the disposition of select assets, long-term unsecured and secured indebtedness and the issuance of additional equity securities, subject to market conditions.

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We also financed the development and acquisition of additional properties through borrowings under our Unsecured Credit Facility and may finance the development or acquisition of additional properties through such borrowings, to the extent capacity is available, in the future. At December 31, 2013, borrowings under our Unsecured Credit Facility bore interest at a weighted average interest rate of 1.666%. As of February 27, 2014, we had approximately \$604.0 million available for additional borrowings under our Unsecured Credit Facility. Our Unsecured Credit Facility contains certain financial covenants including limitations on incurrence of debt and debt service coverage. Our access to borrowings may be limited if we fail to meet any of these covenants. We believe that we were in compliance with our financial covenants as of December 31, 2013, and we anticipate that we will be able to operate in compliance with our financial covenants in 2014.

Our senior unsecured notes have been assigned credit ratings from Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch Ratings of BBB-/Ba2/BB+, respectively. In the event of a downgrade, we believe we would continue to have access to sufficient capital; however, our cost of borrowing would increase and our ability to access certain financial markets may be limited.

Year Ended December 31, 2013

Net cash provided by operating activities of approximately \$125.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, was comprised primarily of the non-cash adjustments of approximately \$98.3 million and net income of approximately \$41.4 million, offset by the net change in operating assets and liabilities of approximately \$8.9 million and payments of premiums, discounts and prepayment penalties associated with retirement of debt of approximately \$5.0 million. The adjustments for the non-cash items of approximately \$98.3 million are primarily comprised of depreciation and amortization of approximately \$128.2 million, the loss from retirement of debt of approximately \$6.6 million, the impairment of real estate of approximately \$2.7 million and the provision for bad debt of approximately \$0.7 million, offset by the gain on sale of real estate of approximately \$35.4 million and the effect of the straight-lining of rental income of approximately \$4.5 million.

Net cash used in investing activities of approximately \$61.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, was comprised primarily of the acquisition of two industrial properties and several land parcels, the development of real estate, capital expenditures related to the improvement of existing real estate and payments related to leasing activities offset by the net proceeds from the sale of real estate, repayments on our notes receivable, a decrease in escrows and contributions to, and investments in, our Joint Ventures.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we acquired two industrial properties comprising approximately 1.1 million square feet of GLA and several land parcels. The purchase price of these acquisitions totaled approximately \$73.6 million, including costs incurred in conjunction with the acquisition of the industrial properties and land parcels.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we sold 67 industrial properties comprising approximately 3.0 million square feet of GLA and several land parcels. Proceeds from the sales of the 67 industrial properties and several land parcels, net of closing costs, were approximately \$126.3 million. We are in various stages of discussions with third parties for the sale of additional properties and plan to continue to selectively market other properties for sale in 2014.

Net cash used in financing activities of approximately \$61.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, was comprised primarily of the redemption of our Series J Preferred Stock and Series K Preferred Stock, repayments on our senior unsecured notes and mortgage loans payable, common stock/unit and preferred stock dividends, payments of debt and equity issuance costs, the repurchase and retirement of restricted stock and payments on the interest rate swap agreement, offset by net proceeds from the issuance of common stock and net proceeds from our Unsecured Credit Facility.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we paid off and retired prior to maturity mortgage loans in the amount of \$72.3 million and we repurchased \$29.8 million of our unsecured notes at an aggregate purchase price of \$33.5 million. We may from time to time repay additional amounts of our outstanding debt. Any repayments would depend upon prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors we consider important. Future repayments may materially impact our liquidity, taxable income and results of operations. During the year ended December 31, 2013, we redeemed the remaining 4,000,000 Depositary Shares of the Series J Preferred Stock for \$25.00 per Depositary Share, or \$100.0 million in the aggregate, and paid a prorated second

quarter dividend of \$0.055382 per Depositary Share, totaling approximately \$0.2 million. Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2013, we redeemed all of the 2,000,000 outstanding Depositary Shares of the Series K Preferred Stock for \$25.00 per Depositary Share, or \$50.0 million in the aggregate, and paid a pro-rated third quarter dividend of \$0.090625 per Depositary Share, totaling approximately \$0.2 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we issued 8,400,000 shares of the Company's common stock through a public offering, resulting in proceeds, net of the underwriter's discount, of approximately \$132.3 million. Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2013, we issued 2,315,704 shares of the Company's common stock through the 2012 ATM, resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$41.7 million.

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Contractual Obligations and Commitments

The following table lists our contractual obligations and commitments as of December 31, 2013:

	Total	Payments Due by Period (In thousands)			
		Less Than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	Over 5 Years
Operating and Ground Leases ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$33,076	\$1,824	\$3,333	\$2,802	\$25,117
Real Estate Development Costs ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	23,900	23,900	—	—	—
Long Term Debt	1,297,671	113,321	310,380	510,064	363,906
Interest Expense on Long Term Debt ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	293,982	62,885	100,589	60,936	69,572
Total	\$1,648,629	\$201,930	\$414,302	\$573,802	\$458,595

(1) Not on balance sheet.

(2) Operating lease minimum rental payments have not been reduced by minimum sublease rentals of \$6.8 million due in the future under non-cancelable subleases.

(3) Represents estimated remaining costs on the completion of development projects.

(4) Does not include interest expense on our Unsecured Credit Facility.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At December 31, 2013, we had a letter of credit and several performance bonds outstanding, amounting to \$8.1 million in the aggregate. The letter of credit and performance bonds are not reflected as liabilities on our balance sheet. We have no other off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303 of Regulation S-K, other than those disclosed on the Contractual Obligations and Commitments table above, that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, results of operation or liquidity and capital resources.

Environmental

We paid approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million in 2013 and 2012, respectively, related to environmental expenditures. We estimate 2014 expenditures of approximately \$0.8 million. We estimate that the aggregate expenditures which need to be expended in 2014 and beyond with regard to currently identified environmental issues will not exceed approximately \$2.3 million.

Inflation

For the last several years, inflation has not had a significant impact on the Company because of the relatively low inflation rates in our markets of operation. Most of our leases require the tenants to pay their share of operating expenses, including common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance, thereby reducing our exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation. In addition, many of the outstanding leases have lease terms of six years which may enable us to replace existing leases with new leases at higher base rentals if rents of existing leases are below the then-existing market rate.

Market Risk

The following discussion about our risk-management activities includes "forward-looking statements" that involve risk and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Our business subjects us to market risk from interest rates, and to a much lesser extent, foreign currency fluctuations.

Interest Rate Risk

This analysis presents the hypothetical gain or loss in earnings, cash flows or fair value of the financial instruments and derivative instruments which are held by us at December 31, 2013 that are sensitive to changes in the interest rates. While this analysis may have some use as a benchmark, it should not be viewed as a forecast.

In the normal course of business, we also face risks that are either non-financial or non-quantifiable. Such risks principally include credit risk and legal risk and are not represented in the following analysis.

At December 31, 2013, \$1,123.8 million (86.7% of total debt at December 31, 2013) of our debt was fixed rate debt and \$173.0 million (13.3% of total debt at December 31, 2013) of our debt was variable rate debt. At December 31, 2012,

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\$1,237.8 million (92.7% of total debt at December 31, 2012) of our debt was fixed rate debt and \$98.0 million (7.3% of total debt at December 31, 2012) of our debt was variable rate debt. Currently, we do not enter into financial instruments for trading or other speculative purposes.

For fixed rate debt, changes in interest rates generally affect the fair value of the debt, but not our earnings or cash flows. Conversely, for variable rate debt, changes in the base interest rate used to calculate the all-in interest rate generally do not impact the fair value of the debt, but would affect our future earnings and cash flows. The interest rate risk and changes in fair market value of fixed rate debt generally do not have a significant impact on us until we are required to refinance such debt. See Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of the maturity dates of our various fixed rate debt.

Based upon the amount of variable rate debt outstanding at December 31, 2013 and 2012, a 10% increase or decrease in the interest rate on our variable rate debt would decrease or increase, respectively, future net income and cash flows by approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million per year, respectively. The foregoing calculation assumes an instantaneous increase or decrease in the rates applicable to the amount of borrowings outstanding under our Unsecured Credit Facility at December 31, 2013. Changes in LIBOR could result in a greater than 10% increase to such rates. In addition, the calculation does not account for other possible actions, such as prepayment, that we might take in response to any rate increase. A 10% increase in interest rates would decrease the fair value of the fixed rate debt at December 31, 2013 and 2012 by approximately \$20.2 million to \$1,147.5 million and by approximately \$25.0 million to \$1,306.8 million, respectively. A 10% decrease in interest rates would increase the fair value of the fixed rate debt at December 31, 2013 and 2012 by approximately \$21.0 million to \$1,188.7 million and by approximately \$25.9 million to \$1,357.8 million, respectively.

The use of derivative financial instruments allows us to manage risks of increases in interest rates with respect to the effect these fluctuations would have on our earnings and cash flows. There were no derivatives outstanding as of December 31, 2013 (see Subsequent Events).

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

Owning industrial property outside of the United States exposes us to the possibility of volatile movements in foreign exchange rates. Changes in foreign currencies can affect the operating results of international operations reported in U.S. dollars and the value of the foreign assets reported in U.S. dollars. The economic impact of foreign exchange rate movements is complex because such changes are often linked to variability in real growth, inflation, interest rates, governmental actions and other factors. At December 31, 2013, we owned one land parcel for which the U.S. dollar was not the functional currency. The land parcel is located in Ontario, Canada and uses the Canadian dollar as its functional currency.

IRS Tax Refund

On August 24, 2009, we received a private letter ruling from the IRS granting favorable loss treatment under Sections 331 and 336 of the Code on the tax liquidation of one of our former taxable REIT subsidiaries. On November 6, 2009, legislation was signed that allowed businesses with net operating losses for 2008 or 2009 to carry back those losses for up to five years. As a result, we received a refund from the IRS of \$40.4 million in the fourth quarter of 2009 (the "Refund") in connection with this tax liquidation. The IRS examination team, which is required by statute to review all refund claims in excess of \$2.0 million on behalf of the Joint Committee on Taxation, indicated to us that it disagreed with certain of the property valuations we obtained from an independent valuation expert in support of our fair value of the liquidated taxable REIT subsidiary and our claim for the Refund. During the year ended December 31, 2012, we reached an agreement with the regional office of the IRS on a proposed adjustment to the Refund. The total agreed-upon adjustment to taxable income was \$13.7 million, which equates to \$4.8 million of taxes owed. We were also required to pay accrued interest of approximately \$0.5 million. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company recorded the charge for the agreed-upon adjustment and the related estimated accrued interest which was reflected as a component of income tax expense. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the settlement amount was approved by the Joint Committee on Taxation and we paid the agreed upon taxes and related accrued interest. As a result of the Joint Committee on Taxation's approval, during 2013 we entered into closing agreements with the IRS that determined the timing of the settlement on the tax characterization of the limited partners of the Operating

Partnership and the stockholders of the Company. Pursuant to these closing agreements, \$8.2 million of the preferred stock distributions for the year ended December 31, 2012 are taxable as capital gain.

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Supplemental Earnings Measure

Investors in and industry analysts following the real estate industry utilize funds from operations ("FFO") and net operating income ("NOI") as supplemental operating performance measures of an equity REIT. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time through depreciation. Since real estate values instead have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry analysts and investors prefer to supplement operating results that use historical cost accounting with measures such as FFO and NOI, among others. We provide information related to FFO and same store NOI ("SS NOI") both because such industry analysts are interested in such information, and because our management believes FFO and SS NOI are important performance measures. FFO and SS NOI are factors used by management in measuring our performance, including for purposes of determining the compensation of our executive officers under our 2013 incentive compensation plan.

Neither FFO nor SS NOI should be considered as a substitute for net income (loss), or any other measures derived in accordance with GAAP. Neither FFO nor SS NOI represents cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and neither should be considered as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities as a measure of our liquidity, nor is either indicative of funds available for our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions.

Funds From Operations

The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") created FFO as a supplemental measure of REIT operating performance that excludes historical cost depreciation, among other items, from net income (loss) determined in accordance with GAAP. FFO is a non-GAAP financial measure. FFO is calculated by us in accordance with the definition adopted by the Board of Governors of NAREIT and therefore may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

Management believes that the use of FFO available to common stockholders and participating securities, combined with net income (loss) (which remains the primary measure of performance), improves the understanding of operating results of REITs among the investing public and makes comparisons of REIT operating results more meaningful. Management believes that, by excluding gains or losses related to sales of previously depreciated real estate assets, real estate asset depreciation and amortization and impairment charges (reversals) recorded on depreciable real estate, investors and analysts are able to identify the operating results of the long-term assets that form the core of a REIT's activity and use these operating results for assistance in comparing these operating results between periods or to those of different companies.

The following table shows a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to common stockholders and participating securities to the calculation of FFO available to common stockholders and participating securities for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(In thousands)		
Net Income (Loss) Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders and Participating Securities	\$25,907	\$(22,069)	\$(27,010)
Adjustments:			
Depreciation and Other Amortization of Real Estate	110,413	113,598	113,818
Depreciation and Other Amortization of Real Estate Included in Discontinued Operations	3,647	7,834	8,505
Equity in Depreciation and Other Amortization of Joint Ventures	273	(20)	551
Impairment of Depreciated Real Estate	1,047	(192)	(1,755)
Impairment of Depreciated Real Estate Included in Discontinued Operations	1,605	1,438	6,214
Non-NAREIT Compliant Gain	(34,344)	(12,665)	(20,419)
Non-NAREIT Compliant Gain from Joint Ventures	(111)	(902)	(616)

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Gain on Change in Control of Interests	—	(776) (689)
Noncontrolling Interest Share of Adjustments	(3,426) (5,606) (6,448)
Funds from Operations Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders and Participating Securities	\$105,011	\$80,640	\$72,151	

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Same Store Net Operating Income

SS NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure that provides a measure of rental operations, and does not factor in depreciation and amortization, general and administrative expense, interest expense, impairment charges, interest income, equity in income from joint ventures, income tax expense, gains and losses on retirement of debt, sale of real estate and mark-to-market of interest rate protection agreements. We define SS NOI as revenues minus property expenses such as real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance, property management, utilities, insurance and other expenses, minus the NOI of properties that are not same store properties and minus the impact of straight-line rent, the amortization of lease inducements, the amortization of above/below market rent and lease termination fees. As so defined, SS NOI may not be comparable to same store net operating income or similar measures reported by other REITs that define same store properties or NOI differently. The major factors influencing SS NOI are occupancy levels, rental rate increases or decreases and tenant recoveries increases or decreases. Our success depends largely upon our ability to lease space and to recover the operating costs associated with those leases from our tenants. The following table shows a reconciliation of the same store revenues and property expenses disclosed in the results of operations (and reconciled to revenues and expenses reflected on the statements of operations) to SS NOI for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2013	2012
	(In thousands)	
Same Store Properties - Revenues	\$317,460	\$309,051
Same Store Properties - Property Expenses	95,591	89,472
Same Store Net Operating Income Before Adjustments	\$221,869	\$219,579
Adjustments:		
Lease Inducement Amortization	1,112	1,219
Straight-line Rent	(1,863)	(2,492)
Above / Below Market Rent Amortization	(551)	(788)
Lease Termination Fees	(1,004)	(3,804)
Same Store Net Operating Income	\$219,563	\$213,714
Subsequent Events		

From January 1, 2014 to February 27, 2014, we acquired one industrial property for a purchase price of approximately \$13.4 million, excluding costs incurred in conjunction with the acquisition and we sold one industrial property for approximately \$1.3 million. Additionally, during January 2014, the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture sold two industrial properties.

On January 29, 2014, we entered into a \$200.0 million unsecured loan with a seven-year term. The loan features interest-only payments and initially bears an interest rate of LIBOR plus 175 basis points. The rate is subject to adjustment based on our leverage ratio or credit ratings. We also entered into interest rate swap agreements, with an aggregate notional value of \$200.0 million, to convert the term loan's LIBOR rate to a fixed rate of approximately 4.04% per annum, based on the loan's current spread.

On February 3, 2014, we announced that we will redeem all 50,000 Depositary Shares of our Series F Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. The redemption price will be \$1,000.00 per Depositary Share, or \$50.0 million, plus all accumulated and unpaid distributions to and including the date of redemption, March 6, 2014. We also announced that we will redeem all 25,000 Depositary Shares of our Series G Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. The redemption price will be \$1,000.00 per Depositary Share, or \$25.0 million plus all accumulated and unpaid distributions to and including the date of redemption, March 31, 2014.

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Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Response to this item is included in Item 7 “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” above.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

See Index to Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules included in Item 15.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our periodic reports pursuant to the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required financial disclosure.

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Management’s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our management has assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013. In making its assessment of internal control over financial reporting, management used the criteria described in the Internal Control-Integrated Framework (1992) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Our management has concluded that, as of December 31, 2013, our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which appears herein within Item 15. See Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2013 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

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PART III

Item 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance, Executive Compensation, Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters, Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence and Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by Item 10, Item 11, Item 12, Item 13 and Item 14 is hereby incorporated or furnished, solely to the extent required by such item, from the Company's definitive proxy statement, which is expected to be filed with the SEC no later than 120 days after the end of the Company's fiscal year. Information from the Company's definitive proxy statement shall not be deemed to be "filed" or "soliciting material," or subject to liability for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to the maximum extent permitted under the Exchange Act.

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PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules and Exhibits

(1 & 2) See Index to Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules.

(3) Exhibits:

Exhibits	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
3.2	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, dated May 9, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company, filed May 10, 2013, File No. 1-13102)
3.3	Articles of Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, dated June 20, 1994 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
3.4	Articles of Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, dated May 31, 1996 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
3.5	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's 6.236% Series F Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
3.6	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's 7.236% Series G Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
3.7	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's Junior Participating Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.10 of Form S-3 of the Company and First Industrial, L.P. dated September 24, 1997, Registration No. 333-29879)
3.8	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's 7.25% Series J Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed January 17, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
3.9	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's 7.25% Series K Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.6 of the Form 8-A of the Company, as filed on August 18, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
3.10	Articles of Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, dated May 12, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed June 2, 2011, File No. 1-13102)
3.11	Articles of Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, dated May 9, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed May 10, 2013 File No. 1-13102)

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- 4.1 Deposit Agreement, dated May 27, 2004, by and among the Company, EquiServe Inc. and EquiServe Trust Company, N.A. and holders from time to time of Series F Depositary Receipts (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
- 4.2 Deposit Agreement, dated May 27, 2004, by and among the Company, EquiServe Inc. and EquiServe Trust Company, N.A. and holders from time to time of Series G Depositary Receipts (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
- 4.3 Remarketing Agreement, dated May 27, 2004, relating to 50,000 depositary shares, each representing 1/100 of a share of the Series F Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, by and among Lehman Brothers Inc., the Company and First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company, dated May 27, 2004, File No. 1-13102)

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Exhibits	Description
4.4	Remarketing Agreement, dated May 27, 2004, relating to 25,000 depository shares, each representing 1/100 of a share of the Series G Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, by and among Lehman Brothers Inc., the Company and First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.3 of the Form 8-K of the Company, dated May 27, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
4.5	Indenture, dated as of May 13, 1997, between First Industrial, L.P. and First Trust National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1997, as amended by Form 10-Q/A No. 1 of the Company filed May 30, 1997, File No. 1-13102)
4.6	Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of May 13, 1997, between First Industrial, L.P. and First Trust National Association as Trustee relating to \$100 million of 7.15% Notes due 2027 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1997, as amended by Form 10-Q/A No. 1 of the Company filed May 30, 1997, File No. 1-13102)
4.7	Supplemental Indenture No. 3 dated October 28, 1997 between First Industrial, L.P. and First Trust National Association providing for the issuance of Medium-Term Notes due Nine Months or more from Date of Issue (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P., dated November 3, 1997, as filed November 3, 1997, File No. 333-21873)
4.8	7.50% Medium-Term Note due 2017 in principal amount of \$100 million issued by First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.19 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997, File No. 1-13102)
4.9	Trust Agreement, dated as of May 16, 1997, between First Industrial, L.P. and First Bank National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 of the Form 10-Q of First Industrial, L.P. for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1997, File No. 333-21873)
4.10	7.60% Notes due 2028 in principal amount of \$200 million issued by First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P. dated July 15, 1998, File No. 333-21873)
4.11	Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated as of July 14, 1998, between First Industrial, L.P. and U.S. Bank Trust National Association, relating to First Industrial, L.P.'s 7.60% Notes due July 15, 2028 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P. dated July 15, 1998, File No. 333-21873)
4.12	Supplemental Indenture No. 7 dated as of April 15, 2002, between First Industrial, L.P. and U.S. Bank National Association, relating to First Industrial, L.P.'s 6.875% Notes due 2012 and 7.75% Notes due 2032 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P. dated April 4, 2002, File No. 333-21873)
4.13	Form of 7.75% Notes due 2032 in the principal amount of \$50.0 million issued by First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P., dated April 4, 2002, File No. 333-21873)
4.14	Supplemental Indenture No. 8, dated as of May 17, 2004, relating to 6.42% Senior Notes due June 1, 2014, by and between First Industrial, L.P. and U.S. Bank National Association (incorporated by

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reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P., dated May 27, 2004, File No. 333-21873)

- 4.15 Supplemental Indenture No. 10, dated as of January 10, 2006, relating to 5.75% Senior Notes due 2016, by and between the Operating Partnership and U.S. Bank National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company, filed January 11, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
- 4.16 Supplemental Indenture No. 11, dated as of May 7, 2007, relating to 5.95% Senior Notes due 2017, by and between the Operating Partnership and U.S. Bank National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company, filed May 5, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.1 Twelfth Amended and Restated Partnership Agreement of First Industrial, L.P. dated February 27, 2012 and effective March 17, 2012 (the "LP Agreement") (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.2 Sales Agreement by and among the Company, First Industrial, L.P. and Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. dated September 16, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company, dated September 16, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.3 Non-Competition Agreement between Jay H. Shidler and First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.4 Form of Non-Competition Agreement between each of Michael T. Tomasz, Paul T. Lambert, Michael J. Havala, Michael W. Brennan, Michael G. Damone, Duane H. Lund, and Johansson L. Yap and First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11, File No. 33-77804)

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Exhibits	Description
10.5†	1994 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.37 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994, File No. 1-13102)
10.6†	First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. Deferred Income Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
10.7	Contribution Agreement, dated March 19, 1996, among FR Acquisitions, Inc. and the parties listed on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company, dated April 3, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
10.8	Contribution Agreement, dated January 31, 1997, among FR Acquisitions, Inc. and the parties listed on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.58 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
10.9†	Separation and Release Agreement between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Michael W. Brennan dated November 26, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed November 28, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.10†	1997 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.62 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
10.11†	2001 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001, File No. 1-13102)
10.12†	Separation and Release Agreement between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Michael J. Havala dated December 22, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed December 23, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.13†	Employment Agreement, dated March 31, 2002, between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Johansson L. Yap (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 10-Q of First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2002, File No. 1-13102)
10.14†	Separation and Release Agreement between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and David P. Draft dated November 25, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed November 28, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.15†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
10.16†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
10.17†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
10.18†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)

- 10.19 Amended and Restated Unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of July 19, 2013 among First Industrial, L.P., First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc., Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and the other lenders thereunder (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed July 22, 2013, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.20† Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (Director's Annual Retainer) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed May 19, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.21† Amendment No. 1 to the Company's 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.22† Amendment No. 2 to the Company's 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.23† Amendment No. 1 to the Company's 1994 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.24† Amendment No. 1 to the Company's 1997 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.25† Form of Director Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)

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Exhibits	Description
10.26†	Form of Director Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
10.27†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
10.28†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.29 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
10.29†	Amendment No. 3 to the Company's 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.30†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.31†	First Amendment, dated as of December 29, 2008, to Employment Agreement, dated March 31, 2002, between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Johannson L. Yap (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.33 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.32†	Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement dated January 9, 2009 between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Bruce W. Duncan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed January 12, 2009 File No. 1-13102)
10.33†	Employment Agreement dated as of December 17, 2012 by and among the Company, First Industrial L.P. and Bruce W. Duncan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed December 19, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
10.34†	Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement dated as of December 17, 2012 by and between the Company and Bruce W. Duncan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed December 19, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
10.35†	2009 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2009, File No. 1-13102)
10.36†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed July 15, 2009, File No. 1-13102)
10.37†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed March 4, 2010, File No. 1-13102)
10.38†	Form of Employee Service Based Bonus Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed July 7, 2010, File No. 1-13102)
10.39†	Form of Employee Service Based Bonus Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed July 13, 2011, File No. 1-13102)

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- 10.40† 2011 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 8-K filed June 2, 2011, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.41† Amendment No. 1 to 2011 Stock Incentive Plan, dated April 28, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed on April 28, 2011, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.42† Form of Employee Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.43† Form of Employee Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.44† Form of Employee Service Based Bonus Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.45 Distribution Agreement among the Company, First Industrial, L.P. and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC dated March 1, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed on March 2, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.46† Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Bruce Duncan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.46 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, file No. 1-13102)
- 10.47† Form of 2013 Long-Term Incentive Program (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed June 25, 2013, File No. 1-13102)

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Exhibits	Description
10.48†	Form of 2013 Long-Term Incentive Program Performance Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed June 25, 2013, File No. 1-13102)
10.49	Unsecured Term Loan Agreement dated as of January 29, 2014 among First Industrial, L.P., First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc., Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and the other lenders thereunder (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed January 29, 2014, File No. 1-13102)
21.1*	Subsidiaries of the Registrant
23*	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
32**	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.1*	The following financial statements from First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, formatted in XBRL: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (audited), (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations (audited), (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (audited), (iv) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (audited), (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (audited) and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (audited).

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished herewith.

† Indicates a compensatory plan or arrangement contemplated by Item 15 a (3) of Form 10-K.

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibits	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
3.2	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, dated May 9, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company, filed May 10, 2013, File No. 1-13102)
3.3	Articles of Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, dated June 20, 1994 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
3.4	Articles of Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, dated May 31, 1996 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
3.5	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's 6.236% Series F Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
3.6	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's 7.236% Series G Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
3.7	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's Junior Participating Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.10 of Form S-3 of the Company and First Industrial, L.P. dated September 24, 1997, Registration No. 333-29879)
3.8	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's 7.25% Series J Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed January 17, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
3.9	Articles Supplementary relating to the Company's 7.25% Series K Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.6 of the Form 8-A of the Company, as filed on August 18, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
3.10	Articles of Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, dated May 12, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed June 2, 2011, File No. 1-13102)
3.11	Articles of Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, dated May 9, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed May 10, 2013, File No. 1-13102)
4.1	Deposit Agreement, dated May 27, 2004, by and among the Company, EquiServe Inc. and EquiServe Trust Company, N.A. and holders from time to time of Series F Depositary Receipts (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)

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- 4.2 Deposit Agreement, dated May 27, 2004, by and among the Company, EquiServe Inc. and EquiServe Trust Company, N.A. and holders from time to time of Series G Depositary Receipts (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
- 4.3 Remarketing Agreement, dated May 27, 2004, relating to 50,000 depositary shares, each representing 1/100 of a share of the Series F Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, by and among Lehman Brothers Inc., the Company and First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company, dated May 27, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
- 4.4 Remarketing Agreement, dated May 27, 2004, relating to 25,000 depositary shares, each representing 1/100 of a share of the Series G Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, by and among Lehman Brothers Inc., the Company and First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.3 of the Form 8-K of the Company, dated May 27, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
- 4.5 Indenture, dated as of May 13, 1997, between First Industrial, L.P. and First Trust National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1997, as amended by Form 10-Q/A No. 1 of the Company filed May 30, 1997, File No. 1-13102)
- 4.6 Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of May 13, 1997, between First Industrial, L.P. and First Trust National Association as Trustee relating to \$100 million of 7.15% Notes due 2027 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1997, as amended by Form 10-Q/A No. 1 of the Company filed May 30, 1997, File No. 1-13102)

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Exhibits	Description
4.7	Supplemental Indenture No. 3 dated October 28, 1997 between First Industrial, L.P. and First Trust National Association providing for the issuance of Medium-Term Notes due Nine Months or more from Date of Issue (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P., dated November 3, 1997, as filed November 3, 1997, File No. 333-21873)
4.8	7.50% Medium-Term Note due 2017 in principal amount of \$100 million issued by First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.19 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997, File No. 1-13102)
4.9	Trust Agreement, dated as of May 16, 1997, between First Industrial, L.P. and First Bank National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 of the Form 10-Q of First Industrial, L.P. for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1997, File No. 333-21873)
4.10	7.60% Notes due 2028 in principal amount of \$200 million issued by First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P. dated July 15, 1998, File No. 333-21873)
4.11	Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated as of July 14, 1998, between First Industrial, L.P. and U.S. Bank Trust National Association, relating to First Industrial, L.P.'s 7.60% Notes due July 15, 2028 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P. dated July 15, 1998, File No. 333-21873)
4.12	Supplemental Indenture No. 7 dated as of April 15, 2002, between First Industrial, L.P. and U.S. Bank National Association, relating to First Industrial, L.P.'s 6.875% Notes due 2012 and 7.75% Notes due 2032 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P. dated April 4, 2002, File No. 333-21873)
4.13	Form of 7.75% Notes due 2032 in the principal amount of \$50.0 million issued by First Industrial, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P., dated April 4, 2002, File No. 333-21873)
4.14	Supplemental Indenture No. 8, dated as of May 17, 2004, relating to 6.42% Senior Notes due June 1, 2014, by and between First Industrial, L.P. and U.S. Bank National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of First Industrial, L.P., dated May 27, 2004, File No. 333-21873)
4.15	Supplemental Indenture No. 10, dated as of January 10, 2006, relating to 5.75% Senior Notes due 2016, by and between the Operating Partnership and U.S. Bank National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company, filed January 11, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
4.16	Supplemental Indenture No. 11, dated as of May 7, 2007, relating to 5.95% Senior Notes due 2017, by and between the Operating Partnership and U.S. Bank National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company, filed May 5, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
10.1	Twelfth Amended and Restated Partnership Agreement of First Industrial, L.P. dated February 27, 2012 and effective March 17, 2012 (the "LP Agreement")(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, File No. 1-13102)

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- 10.2 Sales Agreement by and among the Company, First Industrial, L.P. and Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. dated September 16, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company, dated September 16, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.3 Non-Competition Agreement between Jay H. Shidler and First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.4 Form of Non-Competition Agreement between each of Michael T. Tomasz, Paul T. Lambert, Michael J. Havala, Michael W. Brennan, Michael G. Damone, Duane H. Lund, and Johannson L. Yap and First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11, File No. 33-77804)
- 10.5† 1994 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.37 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.6† First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. Deferred Income Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.7 Contribution Agreement, dated March 19, 1996, among FR Acquisitions, Inc. and the parties listed on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company, dated April 3, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.8 Contribution Agreement, dated January 31, 1997, among FR Acquisitions, Inc. and the parties listed on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.58 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996, File No. 1-13102)

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Exhibits	Description
10.9†	Separation and Release Agreement between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Michael W. Brennan dated November 26, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed November 28, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.10†	1997 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.62 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996, File No. 1-13102)
10.11†	2001 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001, File No. 1-13102)
10.12†	Separation and Release Agreement between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Michael J. Havala dated December 22, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed December 23, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.13†	Employment Agreement, dated March 31, 2002, between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Johansson L. Yap (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 10-Q of First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2002, File No. 1-13102)
10.14†	Separation and Release Agreement between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and David P. Draft dated November 25, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed November 28, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.15†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
10.16†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
10.17†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
10.18†	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, File No. 1-13102)
10.19	Amended and Restated Unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of July 19, 2013 among First Industrial, L.P., First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc., Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and the other lenders thereunder (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed July 22, 2013, File No. 1-13102)
10.20†	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (Director's Annual Retainer) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed May 19, 2006, File No. 1-13102)
10.21†	Amendment No. 1 to the Company's 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2006, File No. 1-13102)

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- 10.22† Amendment No. 2 to the Company's 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.23† Amendment No. 1 to the Company's 1994 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.24† Amendment No. 1 to the Company's 1997 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.25† Form of Director Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.26† Form of Director Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.27† Form of Employee Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.28† Form of Employee Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.29 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, File No. 1-13102)
- 10.29† Amendment No. 3 to the Company's 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2008, File No. 1-13102)

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Exhibits	Description
10.30†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.31†	First Amendment, dated as of December 29, 2008, to Employment Agreement, dated March 31, 2002, between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Johannson L. Yap (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.33 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, File No. 1-13102)
10.32†	Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement dated January 9, 2009 between First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and Bruce W. Duncan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed January 12, 2009 File No. 1-13102)
10.33†	Employment Agreement dated as of December 17, 2012 by and among the Company, First Industrial L.P. and Bruce W. Duncan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed December 19, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
10.34†	Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement dated as of December 17, 2012 by and between the Company and Bruce W. Duncan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed December 19, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
10.35†	2009 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2009, File No. 1-13102)
10.36†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed July 15, 2009, File No. 1-13102)
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10.39†	Form of Employee Service Based Bonus Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed July 13, 2011, File No. 1-13102)
10.40†	2011 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 8-K filed June 2, 2011, File No. 1-13102)
10.41†	Amendment No. 1 to 2011 Stock Incentive Plan, dated April 28, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed on April 28, 2011, File No. 1-13102)
10.42†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
10.43†	Form of Employee Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2012, File No. 1-13102)
10.44†	

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Form of Employee Service Based Bonus Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Form 10-Q of the Company for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2012, File No. 1-13102)

10.45 Distribution Agreement among the Company, First Industrial, L.P. and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC dated March 1, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed on March 2, 2012, File No. 1-13102)

10.46*† Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Bruce Duncan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.46 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, file No. 1-13102)

10.47† Form of 2013 Long-Term Incentive Program (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed June 25, 2013, File No. 1-13102)

10.48† Form of 2013 Long-Term Incentive Program Performance Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed June 25, 2013, File No. 1-13102)

10.49 Unsecured Term Loan Agreement dated as of January 29, 2014 among First Industrial, L.P., First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc., Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and the other lenders thereunder (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K of the Company filed January 29, 2014, File No. 1-13102)

21.1* Subsidiaries of the Registrant

23* Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

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Exhibits	Description
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
32**	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.1	The following financial statements from First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, formatted in XBRL: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (audited), (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations (audited), (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (audited), (iv) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (audited), (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (audited) and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (audited)

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished herewith.

† Indicates a compensatory plan or arrangement contemplated by Item 15 a (3) of Form 10-K.

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FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of
First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of operations, of comprehensive income, of changes in stockholders' equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") at December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedules listed in the index appearing under Item 15(a)(2) present fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (1992) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements and financial statement schedules, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements, on the financial statement schedules, and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chicago, Illinois

February 27, 2014

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(In thousands except share and per share data)	
ASSETS		
Assets:		
Investment in Real Estate:		
Land	\$ 703,478	\$ 691,726
Buildings and Improvements	2,390,566	2,403,654
Construction in Progress	25,503	26,068
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(748,044)	(732,635)
Net Investment in Real Estate	2,371,503	2,388,813
Real Estate and Other Assets Held for Sale, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization of \$0 and \$3,050	—	6,765
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,577	4,938
Tenant Accounts Receivable, Net	5,705	4,596
Investments in Joint Ventures	907	1,012
Deferred Rent Receivable, Net	56,417	54,563
Deferred Financing Costs, Net	11,406	12,028
Deferred Leasing Intangibles, Net	29,790	33,190
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets, Net	114,205	102,937
Total Assets	\$ 2,597,510	\$ 2,608,842
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Indebtedness:		
Mortgage Loans Payable, Net	\$ 677,890	\$ 763,616
Senior Unsecured Notes, Net	445,916	474,150
Unsecured Credit Facility	173,000	98,000
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	75,305	80,647
Deferred Leasing Intangibles, Net	13,626	15,522
Rents Received in Advance and Security Deposits	30,265	30,802
Dividend Payable	10,289	452
Total Liabilities	1,426,291	1,463,189
Commitments and Contingencies	—	—
Equity:		
First Industrial Realty Trust Inc.'s Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred Stock	—	—
Common Stock (\$0.01 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized, 114,304,964 and 103,092,027 shares issued and 109,980,850 and 98,767,913 shares outstanding)	1,143	1,031
Additional Paid-in-Capital	1,938,886	1,906,490
Distributions in Excess of Accumulated Earnings	(669,896)	(657,567)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	(3,265)	(6,557)
Treasury Shares at Cost (4,324,114 shares)	(140,018)	(140,018)
Total First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Stockholders' Equity	1,126,850	1,103,379
Noncontrolling Interest	44,369	42,274
Total Equity	1,171,219	1,145,653

Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 2,597,510	\$ 2,608,842
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Table of ContentsFIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
	(In thousands except per share data)		
Revenues:			
Rental Income	\$252,822	\$244,798	\$234,007
Tenant Recoveries and Other Income	75,404	69,527	68,661
Total Revenues	328,226	314,325	302,668
Expenses:			
Property Expenses	107,390	99,907	101,281
General and Administrative	23,152	25,103	20,638
Restructuring Costs	—	—	1,553
Impairment of Real Estate	1,047	(192)	(8,875)
Depreciation and Other Amortization	111,031	114,675	115,244
Total Expenses	242,620	239,493	229,841
Other Income (Expense):			
Interest Income	2,354	2,874	3,922
Interest Expense	(73,558)	(83,506)	(100,127)
Amortization of Deferred Financing Costs	(3,225)	(3,460)	(3,963)
Mark-to-Market Gain (Loss) on Interest Rate Protection Agreements	52	(328)	(1,718)
Loss from Retirement of Debt	(6,637)	(9,684)	(5,459)
Foreign Currency Exchange Loss	—	—	(332)
Total Other Income (Expense)	(81,014)	(94,104)	(107,677)
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Equity in Income of Joint Ventures, Gain on Change in Control of Interests and	4,592	(19,272)	(34,850)
Income Tax Benefit (Provision)			
Equity in Income of Joint Ventures	136	1,559	980
Gain on Change in Control of Interests	—	776	689
Income Tax Benefit (Provision)	213	(5,522)	(450)
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	4,941	(22,459)	(33,631)
Discontinued Operations:			
Income Attributable to Discontinued Operations	1,253	3,498	4,350
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	34,344	12,665	20,419
Provision for Income Taxes Allocable to Discontinued Operations	—	—	(1,246)
Income from Discontinued Operations	35,597	16,163	23,523
Income (Loss) Before Gain on Sale of Real Estate	40,538	(6,296)	(10,108)
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	1,100	3,777	1,370
Provision for Income Taxes Allocable to Gain on Sale of Real Estate	(210)	—	(452)
Net Income (Loss)	41,428	(2,519)	(9,190)
Less: Net (Income) Loss Attributable to the Noncontrolling Interest	(1,121)	1,201	1,745
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.	40,307	(1,318)	(7,445)
Less: Preferred Dividends	(8,733)	(18,947)	(19,565)
Less: Redemption of Preferred Stock	(5,667)	(1,804)	—
Net Income (Loss) Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders and Participating Securities	\$25,907	\$(22,069)	\$(27,010)

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Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share:

Loss from Continuing Operations Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(0.08)	\$(0.41)	\$(0.61)
Income from Discontinued Operations Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$0.32		\$0.17		\$0.27	
Net Income (Loss) Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$0.24		\$(0.24	)	\$(0.34)
Distributions Per Share	\$0.34		\$0.00		\$0.00	
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	106,995		91,468		80,616	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Table of ContentsFIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
	(In thousands)		
Net Income (Loss)	\$41,428	\$(2,519)	\$(9,190)
Amortization of Interest Rate Protection Agreements	2,411	2,271	2,166
Write-off of Unamortized Settlement Amounts of Interest Rate Protection Agreements	1,116	3,247	3,250
Reclassification of Foreign Exchange Loss on Substantial Liquidation of Foreign Entities, Net of Income Tax Benefit	—	—	179
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment, Net of Income Tax Benefit	(60)	32	(1,480)
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	44,895	3,031	(5,075)
Comprehensive (Income) Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest	(1,265)	913	1,494
Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.	\$43,630	\$3,944	\$(3,581)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Distributions in Excess of Accumulated Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Shares At Cost	Noncontrolling Interest	Total
(In thousands)								
Balance as of December 31, 2010	\$—	\$ 732	\$ 1,608,014	\$ (606,511)	\$ (15,339)	\$(140,018)	\$ 45,266	\$ 892,144
Issuance of Common Stock, Net of Issuance Costs	—	174	202,158	—	—	—	—	202,332
Stock Based Compensation Activity	—	4	3,088	(333)	—	—	—	2,759
Conversion of Units to Common Stock	—	1	1,108	—	—	—	(1,109)	—
Reallocation—Additional Paid in Capital	—	—	(3,019)	—	—	—	3,019	—
Preferred Dividends	—	—	—	(19,565)	—	—	—	(19,565)
Net Loss	—	—	—	(7,445)	—	—	(1,745)	(9,190)
Reallocation—Other Comprehensive Income	—	—	—	—	(237)	—	237	—
Other Comprehensive Income	—	—	—	—	3,864	—	251	4,115
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$—	\$ 911	\$ 1,811,349	\$ (633,854)	\$ (11,712)	\$(140,018)	\$ 45,919	1,072,595
Issuance of Common Stock, Net of Issuance Costs	—	109	134,327	—	—	—	—	134,436
Redemption of Preferred Stock	—	—	(48,240)	(1,804)	—	—	—	(50,044)
Stock Based Compensation Activity	—	6	6,220	(1,644)	—	—	—	4,582
Conversion of Units to Common Stock	—	5	4,758	—	—	—	(4,763)	—
Reallocation—Additional Paid in Capital	—	—	(1,924)	—	—	—	1,924	—
Preferred Dividends	—	—	—	(18,947)	—	—	—	(18,947)
Net Loss	—	—	—	(1,318)	—	—	(1,201)	(2,519)
Reallocation—Other Comprehensive Income	—	—	—	—	(107)	—	107	—
Other Comprehensive Income	—	—	—	—	5,262	—	288	5,550
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$—	\$ 1,031	\$ 1,906,490	\$ (657,567)	\$ (6,557)	\$(140,018)	\$ 42,274	1,145,653
Issuance of Common Stock, Net of Issuance Costs	—	107	173,678	—	—	—	—	173,785

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Redemption of Preferred Stock	—	—	(144,384)	(5,667)	—	—	—	(150,051)
Stock Based Compensation Activity	—	4	5,476	(948)	—	—	—	4,532
Conversion of Units to Common Stock	—	1	995	—	—	—	(996)	—
Reallocation—Additional Paid in Capital	—	—	(3,369)	—	—	—	3,369	—
Common Stock and Unit Distributions	—	—	—	(37,288)	—	—	(1,574)	(38,862)
Preferred Dividends	—	—	—	(8,733)	—	—	—	(8,733)
Net Income	—	—	—	40,307	—	—	1,121	41,428
Reallocation—Other Comprehensive Income	—	—	—	—	(31)	—	31	—
Other Comprehensive Income	—	—	—	—	3,323	—	144	3,467
Balance as of December 31, 2013	\$—	\$ 1,143	\$ 1,938,886	\$ (669,896)	\$ (3,265)	\$ (140,018)	\$ 44,369	\$ 1,171,219

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Table of ContentsFIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
	(In thousands)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net Income (Loss)	\$41,428	\$(2,519)	) \$(9,190)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	94,271	100,074	95,931
Amortization of Deferred Financing Costs	3,225	3,460	3,963
Other Amortization	30,632	35,097	36,390
Impairment of Real Estate	2,652	1,246	(2,661)
Provision for Bad Debt	726	542	1,110
Equity in Income of Joint Ventures	(136)	) (1,559)	) (980)
Distributions from Joint Ventures	177	1,580	1,033
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	(35,444)	) (16,442)	) (21,789)
Gain on Change in Control of Interests	—	(776)	) (689)
Loss from Retirement of Debt	6,637	9,684	5,459
Mark-to-Market (Gain) Loss on Interest Rate Protection Agreements	(52)	) 328	1,718
(Increase) Decrease in Tenant Accounts Receivable, Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets, Net	(3,192)	) 3,770	(2,933)
Increase in Deferred Rent Receivable	(4,516)	) (3,504)	) (7,733)
(Decrease) Increase in Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses, Other Liabilities, Rents Received in Advance and Security Deposits	(5,679)	) 10,791	(5,684)
Decrease in Restricted Cash	—	—	117
Payments of Premiums, Discounts and Prepayment Penalties Associated with Retirement of Debt	(4,978)	) (7,065)	) (6,528)
Cash Book Overdraft	—	1,715	—
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	125,751	136,422	87,534
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Acquisitions of Real Estate	(73,642)	) (55,508)	) (5,277)
Additions to Investment in Real Estate and Non-Acquisition Tenant Improvements and Lease Costs	(114,806)	) (83,222)	) (85,247)
Net Proceeds from Sales of Investments in Real Estate	126,250	82,503	75,953
Contributions to and Investments in Joint Ventures	(38)	) (190)	) (155)
Distributions from Joint Ventures	104	90	650
Repayments of Notes Receivable	615	14,365	10,394
Decrease (Increase) in Escrows	204	(273)	) (97)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(61,313)	) (42,235)	) (3,779)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Debt and Equity Issuance Costs	(3,575)	) (1,545)	) (7,162)
Proceeds from the Issuance of Common Stock, Net of Underwriter's Discount	174,081	134,905	202,845
Repurchase and Retirement of Restricted Stock	(2,968)	) (2,690)	) (1,001)
Common Stock and Unit Distributions	(29,025)) —	—
Preferred Dividends Paid	(8,733)) (23,258)) (15,254)

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Redemption of Preferred Stock	(150,000) (50,000) —
Payments on Interest Rate Swap Agreement	(1,079) (1,144) (489
Proceeds from Origination of Mortgage Loans Payable	—	100,599	255,900
Repayments on Mortgage and Other Loans Payable	(85,680	) (39,121	) (71,983
Repayments of Senior Unsecured Notes	(29,769	) (166,153	) (234,307
Proceeds from Unsecured Credit Facility	373,000	339,000	390,500
Repayments on Unsecured Credit Facility	(298,000	) (390,000	) (618,553
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(61,748	) (99,407	) (99,504
Net Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	(51	) 5	(61
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,690	(5,220	) (15,749
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	4,938	10,153	25,963
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$7,577	\$4,938	\$10,153

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in thousands except per share data)

1. Organization and Formation of Company

First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Company") was organized in the state of Maryland on August 10, 1993. The Company is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc., First Industrial, L.P. and their respective controlled subsidiaries. We refer to our operating partnership, First Industrial, L.P., as the "Operating Partnership."

We began operations on July 1, 1994. Our operations are conducted primarily through the Operating Partnership, of which we are the sole general partner, and through our taxable REIT subsidiaries. The Company also owns a preferred partnership interest in the Operating Partnership represented by preferred units with an aggregate liquidation priority of \$75,000 at December 31, 2013. We also conduct operations through other partnerships (the "Other Real Estate Partnerships") and limited liability companies, the operating data of which, together with that of the Operating Partnership and the taxable REIT subsidiaries, is consolidated with that of the Company as presented herein. First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. does not have any significant assets or liabilities other than its investment in the Operating Partnership and its 100% ownership interest in the general partner of the Other Real Estate Partnerships.

We also own noncontrolling equity interests in, and provide various services to, two joint ventures (the "2003 Net Lease Joint Venture" and the "2007 Europe Joint Venture"; collectively, the "Joint Ventures"). The Joint Ventures are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, the operating data of our Joint Ventures is not consolidated with that of the Company as presented herein. See Note 5 for more information on the Joint Ventures.

As of December 31, 2013, we owned 652 industrial properties located in 25 states, containing an aggregate of approximately 63.0 million square feet of gross leasable area ("GLA"). Of the 652 properties owned by the Company on a consolidated basis, none of them are directly owned by First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.

Any references to the number of buildings and square footage in the financial statement footnotes are unaudited.

2. Basis of Presentation

First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, with an approximate 96.0% and 95.5% ownership interest at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Noncontrolling interest of approximately 4.0% and 4.5% at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, represents the aggregate partnership interest in the Operating Partnership held by the limited partners thereof.

Our consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2013 and 2012 and for each of the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 include the accounts and operating results of the Company and our subsidiaries. Such financial statements present our noncontrolling equity interests in our Joint Ventures under the equity method of accounting. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

In order to conform with generally accepted accounting principles, we are required in preparation of our financial statements to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for each of the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications and Other Presentation Matters

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2012 Consolidated Balance Sheet to conform to the 2013 presentation. The results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 includes adjustments to depreciation and amortization expense of \$(1,640) and \$1,528, respectively, which should have been recorded during previous periods. Management evaluated the impact of the adjustments and does not believe they are material to the results of the current year or any previous period.

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Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash and liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less. The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short term maturity of these investments.

Investment in Real Estate and Depreciation

Investment in real estate is carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. We review our properties on a quarterly basis for impairment and provide a provision if impairments exist. To determine if an impairment may exist, we review our properties and identify those that have had either an event of change or event of circumstances warranting further assessment of recoverability (such as a decrease in occupancy or decline in general market conditions). If further assessment of recoverability is needed, we estimate the future net cash flows expected to result from the use of the property and its eventual disposition on an individual property basis. If the sum of the expected future net cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) is less than the carrying amount of the property on an individual property basis, we will recognize an impairment loss based upon the estimated fair value of such property. For properties we consider held for sale, we cease depreciating the properties and value the properties at the lower of depreciated cost or fair value, less costs to dispose. If circumstances arise that were previously considered unlikely, and, as a result, we decide not to sell a property previously classified as held for sale, we will reclassify such property as held and used. Such property is measured at the lower of its carrying amount (adjusted for any depreciation and amortization expense that would have been recognized had the property been continuously classified as held and used) or fair value at the date of the subsequent decision not to sell. We classify properties as held for sale when all criteria within the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (the "FASB") guidance on the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets are met.

Interest costs, real estate taxes, compensation costs of development personnel and other directly related costs incurred during construction periods are capitalized and depreciated commencing with the date the property is substantially completed. Upon substantial completion, we reclassify construction in progress to building, tenant improvements and leasing commissions. Such costs begin to be capitalized to the development projects from the point we are undergoing necessary activities to get the development ready for its intended use and ceases when the development projects are substantially completed and held available for occupancy.

Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method based on the following useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and Improvements	7 to 50
Land Improvements	3 to 20
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	4 to 10
Tenant Improvements	Shorter of Lease Term or Useful Life

Construction expenditures for tenant improvements, leasehold improvements and leasing commissions (inclusive of compensation costs of personnel attributable to leasing) are capitalized and amortized over the terms of each specific lease. Capitalized compensation costs of personnel attributable to leasing relate to time directly attributable to originating leases with independent third parties that result directly from and are essential to originating those leases and would not have been incurred had these leasing transactions not occurred. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense when incurred. Expenditures for improvements are capitalized.

Upon acquisition of a property, we allocate the purchase price of the property based upon the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which generally consists of land, buildings, tenant improvements, leasing commissions and intangible assets including in-place leases, above market and below market leases and tenant relationships. We allocate the purchase price to the fair value of the tangible assets of an acquired property by valuing the property as if it were vacant. Acquired above and below market leases are valued based on the present value of the difference between prevailing market rates and the in-place rates measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease for above market leases and the initial term plus the term of any below market fixed rate renewal options for below market leases. The above market lease values are amortized as a reduction of rental revenue over the

remaining term of the respective leases, and the below market lease values are amortized as an increase to base rental revenue over the remaining initial terms plus the terms of any below market fixed rate renewal options of the respective leases.

The purchase price is further allocated to in-place lease values and tenant relationships based on our evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant's lease and our overall relationship with the respective tenant. The value of in-place lease

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intangibles and tenant relationships, which are included as components of deferred leasing intangibles, net are amortized over the remaining lease term (and expected renewal periods of the respective lease for tenant relationships) as adjustments to depreciation and other amortization expense. If a tenant terminates its lease early, the unamortized portion of the tenant improvements, leasing commissions, above and below market leases, the in-place lease value and tenant relationships is immediately written off.

Deferred leasing intangibles, net of accumulated amortization, included in our total assets and total liabilities consist of the following:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
In-Place Leases	\$15,676	\$17,200
Above Market Leases	3,994	4,888
Tenant Relationships	10,120	11,102
Total Included in Total Assets, Net of \$30,017 and \$36,327 of Accumulated Amortization	\$29,790	\$33,190
Below Market Leases	\$13,626	\$15,522
Total Included in Total Liabilities, Net of \$8,240 and \$9,389 of Accumulated Amortization	\$13,626	\$15,522

Amortization expense related to in-place leases and tenant relationships, exclusive of amortization expense related to in-place leases and tenant relationships included in discontinued operations, was \$6,153, \$7,024 and \$10,550 for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Rental revenues increased by \$572, \$797 and \$1,456 related to net amortization of above/(below) market leases, exclusive of net amortization related to above/(below) market leases included in discontinued operations, for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. We will recognize net amortization related to deferred leasing intangibles over the next five years, for properties owned as of December 31, 2013 as follows:

	Estimated Amortization of In-Place Leases and Tenant Relationships	Estimated Net Increase to Rental Revenues Related to Above and Below Market Leases
2014	\$ 4,972	\$ 438
2015	\$ 4,329	\$ 425
2016	\$ 3,270	\$ 938
2017	\$ 2,976	\$ 878
2018	\$ 2,076	\$ 806

Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation

At December 31, 2013, we owned a land parcel located in Toronto, Canada for which the functional currency was determined to be the Canadian dollar. The assets and liabilities related to this land parcel are translated to U.S. dollars from the Canadian dollar based on the current exchange rate prevailing at each balance sheet date. The income statement accounts related to this land parcel are translated using the average exchange rate for the period. The resulting translation adjustments are included in accumulated other comprehensive income.

Deferred Financing Costs

Deferred financing costs include fees and costs incurred to obtain long-term financing. These fees and costs are being amortized over the terms of the respective loans. Accumulated amortization of deferred financing costs was \$17,122 and \$15,063 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Unamortized deferred financing costs are written-off when debt is retired before the maturity date.

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Investments in Joint Ventures

Investments in joint ventures represent our noncontrolling equity interests in our Joint Ventures. We account for our investments in joint ventures under the equity method of accounting, as we do not have a majority voting interest, operational control or financial control. Control is determined using accounting standards related to the consolidation of joint ventures and variable interest entities. In order to assess whether consolidation of a variable interest entity is required, an enterprise is required to qualitatively assess the determination of the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity ("VIE") based on whether the entity (1) has the power to direct matters that most significantly impact the activities of the VIE and (2) has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. Additionally, they require an ongoing reconsideration of the primary beneficiary and provide a framework for the events that trigger a reassessment of whether an entity is a VIE.

Under the equity method of accounting, our share of earnings or losses of our Joint Ventures is reflected in income as earned and contributions or distributions increase or decrease our investments in joint ventures as paid or received, respectively. Differences between our carrying value of our investments in joint ventures and our underlying equity of such Joint Ventures are amortized over the respective lives of the underlying assets.

On a continuous basis, we assess whether there are any indicators that the value of our investments in joint ventures may be impaired. An investment is impaired if our estimate of the fair value of the investment is less than the carrying value of the investment, and such decline in fair value is deemed to be other than temporary. To the extent impairment has occurred, the loss shall be measured as the excess of the carrying amount of the investment over the fair value of the investment. Our estimates of fair value for each investment are based on a number of subjective assumptions that are subject to economic and market uncertainties including, among others, demand for space, market rental rates and operating costs, the discount rate used to value the cash flows of the properties, the capitalization rate used to estimate the terminal value of the underlying properties and the discount rate used to value the Joint Ventures' debt. As these factors are difficult to predict and are subject to future events that may alter our assumptions, our fair values estimated in the impairment analyses may not be realized.

Stock Based Compensation

We measure compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognize compensation expense over the service period for awards expected to vest.

Net income, net of preferred dividends and redemption of preferred stock, is allocated to common stockholders and participating securities based upon their proportionate share of weighted average shares plus weighted average participating securities. Participating securities are unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents. Restricted stock awards granted to employees and directors are considered participating securities as they receive non-forfeitable dividend or dividend equivalents at the same rate as common stock. See Note 10 for further disclosure about participating securities.

Revenue Recognition

Rental income is recognized on a straight-line method under which contractual rent increases are recognized evenly over the lease term. Tenant recovery income includes payments from tenants for real estate taxes, insurance and other property operating expenses and is recognized as revenue in the same period the related expenses are incurred by us. Revenue is generally recognized on payments received from tenants for early lease terminations upon the effective termination of a tenant's lease and when we have no further obligations under the lease.

Interest income on notes receivable is recognized based on the accrual method unless a significant uncertainty of collection exists. If a significant uncertainty exists, interest income is recognized as collected.

We provide an allowance for doubtful accounts against the portion of tenant accounts receivable including deferred rent receivable, which is estimated to be uncollectible. Accounts receivable in the consolidated balance sheets are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,362 and \$1,875 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Deferred rent receivable in the consolidated balance sheets is shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,694 and \$1,733 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. For accounts receivable we deem uncollectible, we use the direct write-off method.

Gain on Sale of Real Estate

Gain on sale of real estate is recognized using the full accrual method, when appropriate. Gains relating to transactions which do not meet the full accrual method of accounting are deferred and recognized when the full accrual method of accounting criteria are met or by using the installment or deposit methods of profit recognition, as appropriate in the

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circumstances. As the assets are sold, their costs and related accumulated depreciation are written off with resulting gains or losses reflected in net income or loss. Estimated future costs to be incurred by us after completion of each sale are included in the determination of the gain on sales.

Notes Receivable

Notes receivable are primarily comprised of mortgage notes receivable that we have made in connection with sales of real estate assets. The notes receivable are recorded at fair value at the time of issuance. Discounts on notes receivable are accreted over the life of the related note receivable. Interest income is accrued as earned. Notes receivable are considered past due when a contractual payment is not remitted in accordance with the terms of the note agreement. On a quarterly basis, we evaluate the collectability of each mortgage note receivable on an individual basis based on various factors which may include payment history, expected fair value of the collateral and internal and external credit information. A loan is considered impaired when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due under the existing contractual terms. When a loan is considered impaired, the amount of the loss accrual is calculated by comparing the carrying amount of the note receivable to the present value of expected future cash flows. Since the majority of our notes receivable are collateralized by a first mortgage, the loans have risk characteristics similar to the risks in owning commercial real estate.

Income Taxes

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code. To qualify as a REIT, we must meet a number of organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of our adjusted taxable income to our stockholders. Management intends to continue to adhere to these requirements and to maintain our REIT status. As a REIT, we are entitled to a tax deduction for some or all of the dividends we pay to shareholders. Accordingly, we generally will not be subject to federal income taxes as long as we currently distribute to shareholders an amount equal to or in excess of our taxable income. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income taxes and may not be able to qualify as a REIT for four subsequent taxable years. REIT qualification reduces, but does not eliminate, the amount of state and local taxes we pay. In addition, our financial statements include the operations of taxable corporate subsidiaries that are not entitled to a dividends paid deduction and are subject to corporate federal, state and local income taxes. As a REIT, we may also be subject to certain federal excise and franchise taxes if we engage in certain types of transactions. A benefit/provision has been made for federal, state and local income taxes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. In accordance with FASB's guidance, the total benefit/provision has been separately allocated to income (loss) from continuing operations, income (loss) from discontinued operations and gain (loss) on sale of real estate. The provision for excise and franchise taxes has been reflected in general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of operations and has not been separately stated due to its insignificance.

During 2005, we recorded a \$745 franchise tax reserve related to a potential state franchise tax assessment for the 1996-2001 tax years. During the year ended December 31, 2011, we received a refund from the state, representing amounts paid during 2006 related to the 1996-2001 tax years. Based on the refund received and discussions with the taxing authorities, as of December 31, 2011, management believes that it is unlikely that any franchise tax amounts will be assessed by the state for such tax years. As such, during the year ended December 31, 2011, we reversed \$745 of franchise taxes. Franchise taxes are recorded within general and administrative expense.

Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and any dilutive non-participating securities for the period. See Note 10 for further disclosure about EPS.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Historically, we have used interest rate protection agreements ("Agreements") to fix the interest rate on anticipated offerings of senior unsecured notes or convert floating rate debt and preferred stock to fixed rate. Receipts or payments that result from the settlement of Agreements used to fix the interest rate on anticipated offerings of senior

unsecured notes are amortized over the life of the derivative or the life of the debt and included in interest expense. Receipts or payments resulting from Agreements used to convert floating rate debt to fixed rate debt are recognized as a component of interest expense. Agreements which qualify for hedge accounting are marked-to-market and any gain or loss that is effective is recognized in other comprehensive income (shareholders' equity). Agreements which do not qualify for hedge accounting are marked-to-market and any gain or loss is recognized in net income (loss) immediately. Amounts accumulated in other comprehensive

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income during the hedge period are reclassified to earnings in the same period during which the forecasted transaction or hedged item affects net income (loss). The credit risks associated with Agreements are controlled through the evaluation and monitoring of the creditworthiness of the counterparty. In the event that the counterparty fails to meet the terms of Agreements, our exposure is limited to the current value of the interest rate differential, not the notional amount, and our carrying value of Agreements on the balance sheet. See Note 15 for more information on the Agreements.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments other than our derivatives include tenant accounts receivable, notes receivable, accounts payable, other accrued expenses, mortgage loans payable, unsecured credit facility and senior unsecured notes. The fair values of the tenant accounts receivable, accounts payable and other accrued expenses approximate their carrying or contract values. See Note 6 for the fair values of the mortgage loans payable, unsecured credit facility and senior unsecured notes and see Note 4 for the fair value of our notes receivable.

Discontinued Operations

The FASB's guidance on financial reporting for the disposal of long lived assets requires that the results of operations and gains or losses on the sale of property or property held for sale be presented in discontinued operations if both of the following criteria are met: (a) the operations and cash flows of the property have been (or will be) eliminated from the ongoing operations of the Company as a result of the disposal transaction and (b) we will not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the property after the disposal transaction. The guidance also requires prior period results of operations for these properties to be reclassified and presented in discontinued operations in prior consolidated statements of operations.

Segment Reporting

Management views the Company as a single segment based on its method of internal reporting.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 requires that public companies present, either in a single note or parenthetically on the face of the financial statements, the effect of significant amounts reclassified from each component of accumulated other comprehensive income based on its source and the income statement line items affected by the reclassification. ASU 2013-02 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2012, and is to be applied prospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

4. Investment in Real Estate

Acquisitions

In 2011, we acquired one industrial property comprising approximately 0.7 million square feet of GLA through the purchase of the 85% equity interest in one property from the institutional investor in the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture (see Note 5). The gross agreed-upon fair value for the industrial property was \$30,625, excluding costs incurred in conjunction with the acquisition of the industrial property. The acquisition was funded through the assumption of a mortgage loan, whose carrying value approximated fair market value, in the amount of \$24,417 and a cash payment of \$5,277 (85% of the net fair value of the acquisition). We accounted for this transaction as a step acquisition utilizing the purchase method of accounting. Due to the change in control that occurred, we recorded a gain during the year ended December 31, 2011 of \$689 related to the difference between our carrying value and fair value of our equity interest on the acquisition date.

In 2012, we acquired one industrial property comprising approximately 0.4 million square feet of GLA through the purchase of the 85% equity interest in one property from the institutional investor in the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture (see Note 5) and several land parcels. The gross agreed-upon fair value for the industrial property was \$21,819, excluding costs incurred in conjunction with the acquisition of the industrial property. The acquisition was funded through the assumption of a mortgage loan, which was subsequently paid off on the date of acquisition and whose carrying value approximated fair market value, in the amount of \$12,026 and a cash payment of \$8,324 (85% of the net fair value of the acquisition). We accounted for this transaction as a step acquisition utilizing the purchase method of accounting. Due to the change in control that occurred, we recorded a gain during the year ended December 31,

2012 of \$776 related to the difference between our carrying value and fair value of our equity interest on the acquisition date. The purchase price of the land parcels was approximately \$46,695, excluding costs incurred in conjunction with the acquisition of the land parcels.

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In 2013, we acquired two industrial properties, one of which we acquired through the acquisition of 100% of the equity interest in the limited liability company that owned the industrial property, comprising approximately 1.1 million square feet of GLA and several land parcels. One of the two industrial properties was vacant upon acquisition. The purchase price of these acquisitions totaled approximately \$72,812, excluding costs incurred in conjunction with the acquisition of the industrial properties and land parcels.

We value third party acquisitions and acquisitions of unconsolidated joint venture partner interests in industrial properties on a similar basis, generally by applying an income capitalization approach. The fair value measurements are based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent Level 3 measurements, as discussed below. The fair value estimates for each industrial property acquired from our joint venture partner during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were based on a weighted average capitalization rate approximating 7.3% and 8.4%, respectively. The fair value measurements also include consideration of the fair market value of debt.

Intangible Assets (Liabilities) Subject To Amortization in the Period of Acquisition

The fair value at the date of acquisition of in-place leases, tenant relationships and below market leases recorded due to the real estate properties acquired for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, which are recorded as deferred leasing intangibles, are as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012
In-Place Leases	\$2,807	\$1,750
Tenant Relationships	\$1,914	\$1,012
Below Market Leases	\$(188)	\$(102)

The weighted average life in months of in-place leases, tenant relationships and below market leases recorded at the time of acquisition as a result of the real estate properties acquired for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012
In-Place Leases	52	118
Tenant Relationships	112	178
Below Market Leases	52	118

Sales and Discontinued Operations

In 2011, we sold 36 industrial properties comprising approximately 2.9 million square feet of GLA and one land parcel. Gross proceeds from the sales of the industrial properties and one land parcel were approximately \$86,643. Included in the 36 industrial properties sold is one industrial property totaling approximately 0.4 million square feet of GLA that we transferred title to a lender in satisfaction of a non-recourse mortgage loan. The gain on sale of real estate was approximately \$21,789, of which \$20,419 is shown in discontinued operations. The 36 sold industrial properties meet the criteria to be included in discontinued operations. Therefore the results of operations and gain on sale of real estate for the 36 sold industrial properties are included in discontinued operations. The results of operations and gain on sale of real estate for the one land parcel, which does not meet the criteria to be included in discontinued operations, is included in continuing operations.

In 2012, we sold 28 industrial properties comprising approximately 4.2 million square feet of GLA and one land parcel. Gross proceeds from the sales of the industrial properties and one land parcel were approximately \$85,561. The gain on sale of real estate was approximately \$16,442, of which \$12,665 is shown in discontinued operations. The 28 sold industrial properties meet the criteria to be included in discontinued operations. Therefore the results of operations and gain on sale of real estate for the 28 industrial properties sold are included in discontinued operations. The results of operations and gain on sale of real estate for the one land parcel, which does not meet the criteria to be

included in discontinued operations, is included in continuing operations.

In 2013, we sold 67 industrial properties comprising approximately 3.0 million square feet of GLA and several land parcels. Gross proceeds from the sales of the industrial properties and land parcels were approximately \$144,628. The gain on sale of real estate was approximately \$35,444, of which \$34,344 is shown in discontinued operations. The 67 sold industrial properties meet the criteria to be included in discontinued operations. Therefore the results of operations and gain on sale of

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real estate for the 67 industrial properties sold are included in discontinued operations. The results of operations and gain on sale of real estate for the several land parcels, which do not meet the criteria to be included in discontinued operations, are included in continuing operations.

The following table discloses certain information regarding the industrial properties included in our discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Total Revenues	\$10,955	\$21,649	\$32,079
Property Expenses	(4,450)	(8,879)	(12,947)
Impairment of Real Estate	(1,605)	(1,438)	(6,214)
Depreciation and Amortization	(3,647)	(7,834)	(8,505)
Interest Expense	—	—	(63)
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	34,344	12,665	20,419
Provision for Income Taxes	—	—	(1,246)
Income from Discontinued Operations	\$35,597	\$16,163	\$23,523

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, we had notes receivable and accrued interest outstanding, issued in connection with sales of industrial properties, of approximately \$52,605 and \$40,771, net of a discount of \$191 and \$255, respectively, which are included as a component of prepaid expenses and other assets, net. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the notes receivable, including accrued interest, was \$53,482 and \$44,352, respectively. The fair value of our notes receivable was determined by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans with similar remaining maturities would be made to other borrowers. The current market rates we utilized were internally estimated; therefore, we have concluded that our determination of fair value of our notes receivable was primarily based upon Level 3 inputs, as discussed below.

Impairment Charges

During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we recorded the following net non-cash impairment charges (reversals):

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Sold Operating Properties	\$1,605	\$1,438	\$6,214
Impairment—Discontinued Operations	\$1,605	\$1,438	\$6,214
Sold Land Parcels	\$—	\$—	\$(5,918)
Operating Properties Not Held for Sale Land Parcels	1,047	(192)	(1,755)
Impairment—Continuing Operations	—	—	(1,202)
Total Net Impairment	\$1,047	\$(192)	\$(8,875)
	\$2,652	\$1,246	\$(2,661)

The net impairment charges for assets that qualify to be classified as held for sale are calculated as the difference between the carrying value of the properties and land parcels and the estimated fair value, less costs to sell. The impairment charges for assets not held for sale are calculated as the difference between the carrying value of the properties and land parcels and the estimated fair value. The net impairment charges recorded during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 are due to marketing certain properties and land parcels for sale and our assessment of the likelihood and timing of a potential sale transaction. Catch-up depreciation and amortization has been recorded during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, if applicable, for certain assets that are no longer classified as held for sale.

The accounting guidance for the fair value measurement provisions for the impairment of long lived assets establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1,

defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which

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little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The real estate assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 were either sold or are recorded at carrying value at December 31, 2013.

The fair market values were determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analyses using expected cash flows, internal valuations of real estate and third party offers. For operational real estate assets, the most significant assumptions used in the discounted cash flow analyses included the discount rate, projected occupancy levels, market rental rates, capital expenditures and the terminal capitalization rate. For the valuation of land parcels, we reviewed recent comparable sales transactions, to the extent available, or if not available, we considered older comparable transactions, adjusted upward or downward to reflect management's assumptions about current market conditions. In all cases, members of our management team that were responsible for the individual markets where the land parcels were located determined the internal valuations. Valuations based on third party offers include bona fide contract prices and letter of intent amounts that we believe are indicative of fair value.

5. Investments in Joint Ventures

On May 16, 2003, we entered into the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture with an institutional investor to invest in industrial properties. We own a 15% equity interest in and provide property management services to the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture. At December 31, 2013, the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture owned four industrial properties comprising approximately 2.5 million square feet of GLA. During January 2014, the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture sold two properties comprising approximately 1.6 million square feet of GLA.

The 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture is considered a variable interest entity in accordance with the FASB guidance on the consolidation of variable interest entities. We continue to conclude that we are not the primary beneficiary of this venture. As of December 31, 2013, our investment in the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture is \$907. Our maximum exposure to loss is equal to our investment. We acquired the 85% equity interest in one property on February 13, 2012 and the 85% equity interest in another property on May 26, 2011, in each case from the institutional investor in the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture (see Note 4).

During December 2007, we entered into the 2007 Europe Joint Venture with an institutional investor to invest in, own, develop, redevelop and operate industrial properties. We continue to hold our 10% equity interest in the 2007 Europe Joint Venture. As of December 31, 2013, the 2007 Europe Joint Venture did not own any properties.

During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we recognized fees of \$231, \$516 and \$970, respectively, from our Joint Ventures.

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The combined summarized financial information of the investments in Joint Ventures is as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Condensed Combined Balance Sheets:		
Gross Investment in Real Estate	\$28,389	\$115,488
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(4,253	) (38,535
Net Investment in Real Estate	24,136	76,953
Real Estate and Other Assets Held for Sale, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization of \$40,387 and \$0	48,408	—
Other Assets	7,690	17,327
Total Assets	\$80,234	\$94,280
Indebtedness	\$24,656	\$81,764
Other Liabilities	1,615	4,817
Indebtedness, Accrued Interest Expense and Leasing Intangibles Held for Sale, Net of Accumulated Amortization of \$3,208 and \$0	48,651	—
Equity	5,312	7,699
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$80,234	\$94,280
Company's Share of Equity	\$896	\$1,252
Basis Differentials ⁽¹⁾	(200	) (448
Carrying Value of the Company's Investments in Joint Ventures	\$696	\$804

- (1) This amount represents the aggregate difference between our historical cost basis and the basis reflected at the joint venture level. Basis differentials are primarily comprised of impairments we recorded to reduce certain of our investments in the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture to fair value and certain deferred fees which are not reflected at the joint venture level.

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Condensed Combined Statements of Operations:			
Total Revenues	\$3,433	\$3,371	\$3,411
Expenses:			
Property Expenses and Other	1,070	1,096	1,226
Depreciation and Other Amortization	931	764	836
Interest Expense	1,532	1,633	1,643
Total Expenses	3,533	3,493	3,705
Discontinued Operations:			
Loss Attributable to Discontinued Operations	(1,300	) (1,607	) (1,587
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	513	4,974	3,137
(Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations	(787	) 3,367	1,550
Net (Loss) Income	\$(887) \$3,245	\$1,256
Equity in Income of Joint Ventures	\$136	\$1,559	\$980

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6. Indebtedness

The following table discloses certain information regarding our indebtedness:

	Outstanding Balance at		Interest	Effective	Maturity
	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Rate at December 31, 2013	Interest Rate at Issuance	Date
Mortgage Loans Payable, Net	\$677,890	\$763,616	4.03% – 8.26%	4.03% – 8.26%	October 2014 – September 2022
Unamortized Premiums	(115)	(161)			
Mortgage Loans Payable, Gross	\$677,775	\$763,455			
Senior Unsecured Notes, Net					
2016 Notes	\$159,566	\$159,510	5.750%	5.91%	1/15/2016
2017 Notes	54,960	55,385	7.500%	7.52%	12/1/2017
2027 Notes	6,066	6,066	7.150%	7.11%	5/15/2027
2028 Notes	31,883	55,261	7.600%	8.13%	7/15/2028
2032 Notes	10,514	11,500	7.750%	7.87%	4/15/2032
2014 Notes	81,149	79,683	6.420%	6.54%	6/1/2014
2017 II Notes	101,778	106,745	5.950%	6.37%	5/15/2017
Subtotal	\$445,916	\$474,150			
Unamortized Discounts	980	2,570			
Senior Unsecured Notes, Gross	\$446,896	\$476,720			
Unsecured Credit Facility*	\$173,000	\$98,000	1.666%	1.666%	9/29/2017

* The maturity date may be extended an additional year at our election, subject to certain restrictions.

Mortgage Loans Payable, Net

During the year ended December 31, 2012, we originated the following mortgage loans:

Mortgage Financing	Loan Principal	Interest Rate	Origination Date	Maturity Date	Amortization Period	Number of Industrial Properties Collateralizing Mortgage	GLA (In millions)	Properties Carrying Value at December 31, 2012
I-VI	\$100,599	4.03 %	August 2012	September 2022	30-year	31	3.8	\$103,671

For Mortgage Financings I through VI, principal prepayments were prohibited for 12 months after loan origination, after which prepayment premiums are calculated at the greater of yield maintenance or 1% of the outstanding balance. During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, we paid off and retired prior to maturity mortgage loans payable in the amount of \$72,261 and \$14,112, respectively. In connection with these pay offs prior to maturity, we recognized \$1,578 and \$361 as loss from retirement of debt for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

As of December 31, 2013, mortgage loans payable are collateralized, and in some instances cross-collateralized, by industrial properties with a net carrying value of \$826,754. We believe the Operating Partnership and the Company were in compliance with all covenants relating to mortgage loans payable as of December 31, 2013.

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Senior Unsecured Notes, Net

During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, we repurchased and retired the following senior unsecured notes prior to maturity:

	Principal Amount Repurchased		Purchase Price	
	For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	For the Year Ended December 31, 2012	For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	For the Year Ended December 31, 2012
2014 Notes	\$—	\$9,000	\$—	\$9,439
2017 Notes	430	4,223	482	4,632
2017 II Notes	5,000	—	5,300	—
2028 Notes	23,394	69,680	26,547	72,541
2032 Notes	1,000	23,400	1,163	24,001
Total	\$29,824	\$106,303	\$33,492	\$110,613

In connection with these repurchases prior to maturity, we recognized \$5,003 and \$9,323 as loss from retirement of debt for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, which is the difference between the repurchase price and the principal amount retired, net of the pro rata write-off of the unamortized debt issue discount, the unamortized deferred financing costs, the unamortized settlement amount of the interest rate protection agreements and the professional services fees related to the repurchases of \$28, \$191, \$1,116 and \$0 and \$598, \$728, \$3,247 and \$440, respectively. On April 16, 2012, we paid off and retired our 2012 Notes, at maturity, in the amount of \$61,829.

The indentures governing our senior unsecured notes contain certain financial covenants, including limitations on incurrence of debt and debt service coverage. We believe the Operating Partnership and the Company were in compliance with all covenants relating to senior unsecured notes as of December 31, 2013. However, these financial covenants are complex and there can be no assurance that these provisions would not be interpreted by our noteholders in a manner that could impose and cause us to incur material costs.

Unsecured Credit Facility

On July 19, 2013, we amended and restated our existing \$450,000 revolving credit agreement (the "Old Credit Facility"), increasing the borrowing capacity thereunder to \$625,000 (as amended and restated, the "Unsecured Credit Facility"). We may request that the borrowing capacity under the Unsecured Credit Facility be increased to \$825,000, subject to certain restrictions. The amendment extended the maturity date from December 12, 2014 to September 29, 2017 with an option to extend an additional one year at our election, subject to certain restrictions. At December 31, 2013, the Unsecured Credit Facility provides for interest only payments at LIBOR plus 150 basis points. The interest rate on the Unsecured Credit Facility varies based on our leverage ratio. In the event we achieve an investment grade rating from one of certain rating agencies, the rate may be decreased at our election, based on the investment grade rating. In connection with the amendment of the Old Credit Facility, we wrote off \$56 of unamortized deferred financing costs, which is included in loss from retirement of debt for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The Unsecured Credit Facility contains certain financial covenants, including limitations on incurrence of debt and debt service coverage. Under the Unsecured Credit Facility, an event of default can also occur if the lenders, in their good faith judgment, determine that a material adverse change has occurred which could prevent timely repayment or materially impair our ability to perform our obligations under the loan agreement. We believe that we were in compliance with all covenants relating to the Unsecured Credit Facility as of December 31, 2013. However, these financial covenants are complex and there can be no assurance that these provisions would not be interpreted by our lenders in a manner that could impose and cause us to incur material costs.

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Indebtedness

The following is a schedule of the stated maturities and scheduled principal payments of our indebtedness, exclusive of premiums and discounts, for the next five years ending December 31, and thereafter:

	Amount
2014	\$113,321
2015	37,762
2016	272,618
2017	341,723
2018	168,341
Thereafter	363,906
Total	\$1,297,671
Fair Value	

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of our indebtedness was as follows:

	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Mortgage Loans Payable, Net	\$677,890	\$684,914	\$763,616	\$814,915
Senior Unsecured Debt, Net	445,916	482,781	474,150	516,943
Unsecured Credit Facility	173,000	173,000	98,000	98,192
Total	\$1,296,806	\$1,340,695	\$1,335,766	\$1,430,050

The fair values of our mortgage loans payable were determined by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made based upon similar leverage levels and similar remaining maturities. The current market rates we utilized were internally estimated. The fair value of the senior unsecured debt was determined by using rates, as advised by our bankers in certain cases, that are based upon recent trades within the same series of the senior unsecured debt, recent trades for senior unsecured debt with comparable maturities, recent trades for fixed rate unsecured debt from companies with profiles similar to ours, as well as overall economic conditions. The fair value of the Unsecured Credit Facility was determined by discounting the future cash flows using current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining term, assuming no repayment until maturity. We have concluded that our determination of fair value for our mortgage loans payable, senior unsecured debt and Unsecured Credit Facility was primarily based upon Level 3 inputs.

7. Stockholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

On May 27, 2004, we issued 50,000 Depositary Shares, each representing 1/100th of a share of our 6.236%, Series F Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (the "Series F Preferred Stock"), at an initial offering price of \$1,000.00 per Depositary Share. Dividends on the Series F Preferred Stock are cumulative from the date of initial issuance and are payable quarterly in arrears. The coupon rate of our Series F Preferred Stock resets every quarter at 2.375% plus the greater of (i) the 30 year Treasury constant maturity treasury ("CMT") Rate, (ii) the 10 year Treasury CMT Rate or (iii) 3-month LIBOR. For the fourth quarter of 2013, the coupon rate was 6.065%. With respect to the payment of dividends and amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the Series F Preferred Stock ranks senior to payments on our Common Stock and pari passu with our Series G Preferred Stock (hereinafter defined). The Series F Preferred Stock is redeemable for cash at our option, in whole or in part, at a redemption price of \$1,000.00 per Depositary Share, or \$50,000 in the aggregate, plus dividends accrued and unpaid to the redemption date. The Series F Preferred Stock has no stated maturity and is not convertible into any other securities of the Company. In October 2008, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement to mitigate our exposure to floating interest rates related to the forecasted reset rate of the coupon rate of our Series F Preferred Stock, which matured on October 1, 2013 (see Note 15). On February 3, 2014, we called for the redemption of the Series F Preferred Stock (see Note 17).

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On May 27, 2004, we issued 25,000 Depositary Shares, each representing 1/100th of a share of our 7.236%, Series G Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (the "Series G Preferred Stock"), at an initial offering price of \$1,000.00 per Depositary Share. Dividends on the Series G Preferred Stock are cumulative from the date of initial issuance and are payable semi-annually in arrears for the period from the date of original issuance of the Series G Preferred Stock through March 31, 2014 (the "Series G Initial Fixed Rate Period"), commencing on September 30, 2004, at a rate of 7.236% per annum of the liquidation preference (the "Series G Initial Distribution Rate") (equivalent to \$72.36 per Depositary Share). On or after March 31, 2014, the Series G Initial Distribution Rate is subject to reset, at our option, subject to certain conditions and parameters, at fixed or floating rates and periods. Fixed rates and periods will be determined through a remarketing procedure. Floating rates during floating rate periods will equal 2.500% (the initial credit spread), plus the greater of (i) the 3-month LIBOR, (ii) the 10 year Treasury CMT Rate, and (iii) the 30 year Treasury CMT Rate, resetting quarterly. Dividends on the Series G Preferred Stock are payable quarterly in arrears for floating rate periods. With respect to the payment of dividends and amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the Series G Preferred Stock ranks senior to payments on our Common Stock and pari passu with our Series F Preferred Stock. On or after March 31, 2014, the Series G Preferred Stock is redeemable for cash at our option, in whole or in part, at a redemption price of \$1,000.00 per Depositary Share, or \$25,000 in the aggregate, plus dividends accrued and unpaid to the redemption date. The Series G Preferred Stock has no stated maturity and is not convertible into any other securities of the Company. On February 3, 2014, we called for the redemption of the Series G Preferred Stock (see Note 17).

On January 13, 2006, we issued 6,000,000 Depositary Shares, each representing 1/10,000th of a share of our 7.25%, Series J Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (the "Series J Preferred Stock"), at an initial offering price of \$25.00 per Depositary Share. The Series J Preferred Stock is redeemable for cash at our option, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equivalent to \$25.00 per Depositary Share, or \$150,000 in the aggregate, plus dividends accrued and unpaid to the redemption date. On December 21, 2012, we redeemed 2,000,000 Depositary Shares of the Series J Preferred Stock at a redemption price of \$25.00 per Depositary Share, and paid a pro-rated fourth quarter dividend of \$0.407812 per Depositary Share, totaling \$816. One-third of the initial offering costs associated with the issuance of the Series J Preferred Stock, as well as costs associated with the partial redemption, totaled \$1,804 and are reflected as a deduction from net loss in determining earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2012. The remaining 4,000,000 Depositary Shares of the Series J Preferred Stock were redeemed on April 11, 2013, at a redemption price of \$25.00 per Depositary Share, and paid a pro-rated second quarter dividend of \$0.055382 per Depositary Share, totaling \$221. The remaining initial offering costs associated with the issuance of the Series J Preferred Stock, as well as costs associated with the redemption, totaled \$3,546 and are reflected as a deduction from net income in determining earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2013.

On August 21, 2006, we issued 2,000,000 Depositary Shares, each representing 1/10,000th of a share of our 7.25%, Series K Flexible Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (the "Series K Preferred Stock"), at an initial offering price of \$25.00 per Depositary Share. The Series K Preferred Stock is redeemable for cash at our option, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equivalent to \$25.00 per Depositary Share, or \$50,000 in the aggregate, plus dividends accrued and unpaid to the redemption date. On July 18, 2013, we fully redeemed the Series K Preferred Stock at a redemption price of \$25.00 per Depositary Share, and paid a pro-rated third quarter dividend of \$0.090625 per Depositary Share, totaling \$181. The initial offering costs associated with the issuance of the Series K Preferred Stock, as well as costs associated with the redemption, totaled \$2,121 and are reflected as a deduction from net income in determining earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The Company has 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock authorized. All series of preferred stock have no stated maturity (although we may redeem all such preferred stock on or following their optional redemption dates at our option, in whole or in part).

The following table summarizes the preferred shares outstanding at December 31, 2013 and 2012:

Year Ended 2013		Year Ended 2012	
Shares	Liquidation	Shares	Liquidation
Outstanding	Preference	Outstanding	Preference

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Series F Preferred Stock	500	\$50,000	500	\$50,000
Series G Preferred Stock	250	\$25,000	250	\$25,000
Series J Preferred Stock	N/A	N/A	400	\$100,000
Series K Preferred Stock	N/A	N/A	200	\$50,000

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Shares of Common Stock

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, 105,028, 535,026, and 125,784 limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership ("Units"), respectively, were converted into an equivalent number of shares of common stock, resulting in a reclassification of \$996, \$4,763 and \$1,109, respectively, of noncontrolling interest to First Industrial Realty Trust Inc.'s stockholders' equity.

During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we issued 8,400,000, 9,400,000 and 17,300,000 shares of the Company's common stock in an underwritten public offering. Net proceeds to us for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, were \$132,050, \$116,715 and \$201,150, respectively.

On February 28, 2011, we entered into distribution agreements with sales agents to sell up to 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, for up to \$100,000 aggregate gross sale proceeds, from time to time in "at-the-market" offerings (the "2011 ATM"). During the year ended December 31, 2011, we issued 115,856 shares of the Company's common stock under the 2011 ATM resulting in net proceeds to us of \$1,391. On February 29, 2012, we terminated the 2011 ATM in preparation for the commencement of the 2012 ATM (defined hereafter).

On March 1, 2012, we entered into distribution agreements with sales agents to sell up to 12,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock, for up to \$125,000 aggregate gross sale proceeds, from time to time in "at-the-market" offerings (the "2012 ATM"). During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, we issued 2,315,704 and 1,532,598 shares, respectively, of the Company's common stock under the 2012 ATM resulting in net proceeds to us of \$41,735 and \$18,063.

Under the terms of the ATMs, sales are to be made primarily in transactions that are deemed to be "at-the-market" offerings, including sales made directly on the New York Stock Exchange or sales made through a market maker other than on an exchange or by privately negotiated transactions.

The following table is a roll-forward of our shares of common stock outstanding, including unvested restricted shares of common stock (see Note 14), for the three years ended December 31, 2013:

	Shares of Common Stock Outstanding
Balance at December 31, 2010	68,841,296
Issuance of Common Stock, Including Vesting of Restricted Stock Units	17,646,586
Issuance of Restricted Stock Shares	292,339
Repurchase and Retirement of Restricted Stock Shares	(98,603)
Conversion of Operating Partnership Units	125,784
Balance at December 31, 2011	86,807,402
Issuance of Common Stock, Including Vesting of Restricted Stock Units	11,085,905
Issuance of Restricted Stock Shares	565,137
Repurchase and Retirement of Restricted Stock Shares	(225,557)
Conversion of Operating Partnership Units	535,026
Balance at December 31, 2012	98,767,913
Issuance of Common Stock, Including Vesting of Restricted Stock Units	10,853,693
Issuance of Restricted Stock Shares	284,461
Repurchase and Retirement of Restricted Stock Shares	(30,245)
Conversion of Operating Partnership Units	105,028
Balance at December 31, 2013	109,980,850

Dividends/Distributions

The coupon rate of our Series F Preferred Stock resets every quarter at 2.375% plus the greater of (i) the 30 year Treasury CMT Rate, (ii) the 10 year Treasury CMT Rate or (iii) 3-month LIBOR. For the fourth quarter of 2013, the coupon rate was 6.065%. See Note 15 for additional derivative information related to the Series F Preferred Stock coupon rate reset.

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The following table summarizes dividends/distributions accrued during the past three years:

	2013	2012	2011
	Total Dividend/ Distribution *	Total Dividend/ Distribution *	Total Dividend/ Distribution
Common Stock/Operating Partnership Units	\$38,862	\$—	\$—
Series F Preferred Stock	\$2,896	\$2,728	\$3,256
Series G Preferred Stock	\$1,809	\$1,809	\$1,809
Series J Preferred Stock	\$2,034	\$10,785	\$10,875
Series K Preferred Stock	\$1,994	\$3,625	\$3,625

The second quarter 2013 and fourth quarter 2012 dividend related to redeemed Series J Preferred Stock was pro-rated as discussed in the "Preferred Stock" section. The third quarter 2013 dividend related to redeemed Series K Preferred Stock was pro-rated as discussed in the "Preferred Stock" section.

8. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following tables summarize the changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component and the reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Interest Rate Protection Agreements	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ (7,008)	\$ 138	\$ 313	\$ (6,557)
Other Comprehensive Loss Before Reclassifications	—	(60)	(175)	(235)
Amounts Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	3,527	—	—	3,527
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	3,527	(60)	(175)	3,292
Balance as of December 31, 2013	\$ (3,481)	\$ 78	\$ 138	\$ (3,265)
Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Components	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Operations		
Interest Rate Protection Agreements				
Amortization of Interest Rate Protection Agreements	\$2,411	Interest Expense		
Write-off of Unamortized Settlement Amounts of Interest Rate Protection Agreements	1,116	Loss from Retirement of Debt		
	\$3,527	Total		

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9. Supplemental Information to Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Interest Paid, Net of Interest Expense Capitalized in Connection with Development Activity	\$ 70,726	\$ 83,504	\$ 100,375
Interest Expense Capitalized in Connection with Development Activity	\$ 3,611	\$ 1,997	\$ 437
Income Taxes Paid (Refunded)	\$ 5,433	\$ (295)	\$ 1,876
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:			
Distribution Payable on Common Stock/Operating Partnership Units	\$ 9,837	\$ —	\$ —
Distribution Payable on Preferred Stock	\$ 452	\$ 452	\$ 4,763
Exchange of Operating Partnership Units for Common Stock:			
Noncontrolling Interest	\$ (996)	\$ (4,763)	\$ (1,109)
Common Stock	1	5	1
Additional Paid-in-Capital	995	4,758	1,108
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Property Transfer to Lender in Satisfaction of Non-Recourse Mortgage Loan:			
Net Investment in Real Estate	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (3,200)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets, Net	—	—	(1,987)
Mortgage Loan Payable, Net	—	—	5,040
Loss from Retirement of Debt	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (147)
Assumption of Indebtedness and Other Liabilities in Real Estate Acquisitions	\$ 483	\$ 12,026	\$ 24,417
Notes Receivable Issued in Conjunction with Certain Property Sales	\$ 12,520	\$ —	\$ 7,029
Accounts Payable Related to Construction in Progress and Additions to Investment in Real Estate	\$ 15,249	\$ 12,524	\$ 6,517
Write-off of Fully Depreciated Assets	\$ (62,281)	\$ (46,801)	\$ (58,357)

10. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The computation of basic and diluted EPS is presented below:

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Numerator:			
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	\$4,941	\$(22,459)	\$(33,631)
Gain on Sale of Real Estate, Net of Income Tax Provision	890	3,777	918
Noncontrolling Interest Allocable to Continuing Operations	356	2,038	3,185
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.	6,187	(16,644)	(29,528)
Preferred Dividends	(8,733)	(18,947)	(19,565)
Redemption of Preferred Stock	(5,667)	(1,804)	—
Loss from Continuing Operations Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(8,213)	\$(37,395)	\$(49,093)
Income from Discontinued Operations, Net of Income Tax Provision	\$35,597	\$16,163	\$23,523
Noncontrolling Interest Allocable to Discontinued Operations	(1,477)	(837)	(1,440)
Income from Discontinued Operations Allocable to Participating Securities	(162)	—	—
Income from Discontinued Operations Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.	\$33,958	\$15,326	\$22,083
Net Income (Loss) Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders and Participating Securities	\$25,907	\$(22,069)	\$(27,010)
Net Income Allocable to Participating Securities	(162)	—	—
Net Income (Loss) Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	25,745	(22,069)	(27,010)
Denominator:			
Weighted Average Shares—Basic and Diluted	106,995	91,468	80,616
Basic and Diluted EPS:			
Loss from Continuing Operations Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(0.08)	\$(0.41)	\$(0.61)
Income from Discontinued Operations Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$0.32	\$0.17	\$0.27
Net Income (Loss) Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$0.24	\$(0.24)	\$(0.34)

Participating securities include 488,861, 288,627 and 673,381 of unvested restricted stock awards outstanding at December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which participate in non-forfeitable dividends of the Company. Under the two class method, participating security holders are allocated income, in proportion to total weighted average shares outstanding, based upon the greater of net income (after reduction for preferred dividends and redemption of preferred stock) or common dividends declared. Since participating security holders are not obligated to share in losses and no common dividends were declared during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, there was no allocation of income to participating security holders for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

The number of weighted average shares—diluted is the same as the number of weighted average shares—basic for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, as the effect of LTIP Unit Awards (as defined in Note 14) which do not participate in non-forfeitable dividends of the Company was excluded as its inclusion would have been antidilutive to the loss from continuing operations available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s common stockholders. The following awards could be dilutive in future periods:

	Number of Awards Outstanding At December 31, 2013	Number of Awards Outstanding At December 31, 2012	Number of Awards Outstanding At December 31, 2011
Non-Participating Securities:			
Restricted Unit Awards	73,400	483,500	731,900
Options	—	—	25,201
LTIP Unit Awards	718,960	—	—

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11. Income Taxes

The components of income tax benefit (provision) for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 are comprised of the following:

	2013	2012	2011
Current:			
Federal	\$231	\$(5,210)	\$(622)
State	(264)	(253)	(502)
Foreign	—	(10)	(41)
Deferred:			
Federal	—	—	(284)
State	36	(49)	(2)
Foreign	—	—	(697)
	\$3	\$(5,522)	\$(2,148)

Deferred income taxes represent the tax effect of the temporary differences between the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets (liabilities) include the following as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	2013	2012
Impairment of Real Estate	\$5,185	\$5,519
Foreign Net Operating Loss Carryforward	1,312	854
Valuation Allowance	(5,357)	(5,244)
Other	696	617
Total Deferred Tax Assets, Net of Allowance	\$1,836	\$1,746
Straight-line Rent	(76)	(91)
Fixed Assets	(1,771)	(1,666)
Other	(122)	(158)
Total Deferred Tax Liabilities	\$(1,969)	\$(1,915)
Total Net Deferred Tax Liabilities	\$(133)	\$(169)

A valuation allowance is recorded if we believe it is more likely than not that all or some portion of our deferred tax assets will not be realized. We do not have projections of future taxable income or other sources of taxable income in the taxable REIT subsidiaries significant enough to allow us to believe it is more likely than not that we will realize our deferred tax assets. Therefore, we have recorded a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets. An increase or decrease in the valuation allowance that results from a change in circumstances, and which causes a change in our judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax assets, is included in the current tax provision.

The income tax benefit (provision) pertaining to income (loss) from continuing operations and gain on sale of real estate differs from the amounts computed by applying the applicable federal statutory rate as follows:

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	2013	2012	2011
Tax Benefit (Provision) at Federal Rate Related to Continuing Operations	\$286	\$557	\$(2,162)
State Tax Provision, Net of Federal Benefit (Provision)	(236)	(244)	(521)
Non-deductible Permanent Items, Net	21	32	(54)
IRS Audit Adjustment and Accrued Interest	58	(5,523)	—
Change in Valuation Allowance	(388)	(166)	1,853
Foreign Taxes, Net	—	(10)	(96)
Other	262	(168)	78
Net Income Tax Benefit (Provision)	\$3	\$(5,522)	\$(902)

We evaluate tax positions taken in the financial statements on a quarterly basis under the interpretation for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. As a result of this evaluation, we may recognize a tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is "more-likely-than-not" that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities. As of December 31, 2013, we do not have any unrecognized tax benefits.

We file income tax returns in the U.S., and various states and foreign jurisdictions. In general, the statutes of limitations for income tax returns remain open for the years 2010 through 2013.

IRS Tax Refund

On August 24, 2009, we received a private letter ruling from the IRS granting favorable loss treatment under Sections 331 and 336 of the Code on the tax liquidation of one of our former taxable REIT subsidiaries. On November 6, 2009, legislation was signed that allowed businesses with net operating losses for 2008 or 2009 to carry back those losses for up to five years. As a result, we received a refund from the IRS of \$40,418 in the fourth quarter of 2009 (the "Refund") in connection with this tax liquidation. The IRS examination team, which is required by statute to review all refund claims in excess of \$2,000 on behalf of the Joint Committee on Taxation, indicated to us that it disagreed with certain of the property valuations we obtained from an independent valuation expert in support of our fair value of the liquidated taxable REIT subsidiary and our claim for the Refund. During the year ended December 31, 2012, we reached an agreement with the regional office of the IRS on a proposed adjustment to the Refund. The total agreed-upon adjustment to taxable income was \$13,700, which equates to \$4,806 of taxes owed. We were also required to pay accrued interest of approximately \$500. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company recorded a charge for the agreed-upon adjustment and the related estimated accrued interest which was reflected as a component of income tax expense. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the settlement amount was approved by the Joint Committee on Taxation and we paid the agreed upon taxes and related accrued interest.

As a result of the Joint Committee on Taxation's approval during 2013, we entered into closing agreements with the IRS that determined the timing of the settlement on the tax characterization of the limited partners of the Operating Partnership and the stockholders of the Company. Pursuant to these closing agreements, \$8,238 of the preferred stock distributions for the year ended December 31, 2012 are taxable as capital gain. As revised, for income tax purposes, 35.42% of our 2012 preferred stock distributions are classified as long term capital gains and 64.58% are classified as return of capital.

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Federal Income Tax Treatment of Share Distributions

For income tax purposes, distributions paid to common shareholders are classified as ordinary income, capital gain, return of capital or qualified dividends. We did not pay common share distributions for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the distributions per common share were classified as follows:

Common Stock	2013	As a Percentage of Distributions	
Ordinary Income	\$0.3088	100.00	%
Long-term Capital Gains	—	0.00	%
Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain	—	0.00	%
Return of Capital	—	0.00	%
Qualified Dividends	—	0.00	%
	\$0.3088	100.00	%

For income tax purposes, distributions paid to preferred shareholders are classified as ordinary income, capital gain, return of capital or qualified dividends. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the preferred distributions per depositary share were classified as follows:

Series J Preferred Stock	2013 (1)	As a Percentage of Distributions (1)	2012	As a Percentage of Distributions	2011	As a Percentage of Distributions	
Ordinary Income	\$0.5085	100.00	% \$—	0.00	% \$0.3130	23.02	%
Long-term Capital Gains	—	0.00	% 0.8025	35.42	% —	0.00	%
Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain	—	0.00	% —	0.00	% —	0.00	%
Return of Capital	—	0.00	% 1.4632	64.58	% 1.0402	76.52	%
Qualified Dividends	—	0.00	% —	0.00	% 0.0062	0.46	%
	\$0.5085	100.00	% \$2.2657	100.00	% \$1.3594	100.00	%

- (1) The remaining 4,000,000 Depositary Shares of the Series J Preferred Stock were redeemed on April 11, 2013. The 2013 redemption had no impact on the 2012 or 2011 allocations included in the table above.

Series J Preferred Stock – Depositary Shares Redeemed (2)	2012	As a Percentage of Distributions	
Ordinary Income	\$—	0.00	%
Long-term Capital Gains	0.7864	35.42	%
Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain	—	0.00	%
Return of Capital	1.4339	64.58	%
Qualified Dividends	—	0.00	%
	\$2.2203	100.00	%

- (2) Schedule relates to the 2,000,000 Depositary Shares of the Series J Preferred Stock that were redeemed on December 21, 2012. The 2012 redemption had no impact on the 2011 allocation.

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Series K Preferred Stock	2013 (3)	As a Percentage of Distributions (3)	2012	As a Percentage of Distributions	2011	As a Percentage of Distributions
Ordinary Income	\$0.9969	100.00	% \$—	0.00	% \$0.3130	23.02 %
Long-term Capital Gains	—	0.00	% 0.8025	35.42	% —	0.00 %
Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain	—	0.00	% —	0.00	% —	0.00 %
Return of Capital	—	0.00	% 1.4632	64.58	% 1.0402	76.52 %
Qualified Dividends	—	0.00	% —	0.00	% 0.0062	0.46 %
	\$0.9969	100.00	% \$2.2657	100.00	% \$1.3594	100.00 %

(3) Schedule relates to the 2,000,000 Depositary Shares of the Series K Preferred Stock that were redeemed on July 18, 2013. The 2013 redemption had no impact on the 2012 or 2011 allocations included in the table above.

12. Restructuring Costs

We committed to a plan to reduce organizational and overhead costs in October 2008 and had subsequently modified that plan during 2011 with the goal of further reducing those costs. During the year ended December 31, 2011, we recognized \$1,553 in restructuring costs, of which \$1,200 related to the termination of certain office leases and \$353 related to other expenses. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, \$1,130 and \$1,464, respectively, relating to unpaid restructuring expense was included in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities.

13. Future Rental Revenues

Our properties are leased to tenants under net and semi-net operating leases. Minimum lease payments receivable, excluding tenant reimbursements of expenses, under non-cancelable operating leases in effect as of December 31, 2013 are approximately as follows:

2014	\$242,261
2015	210,117
2016	167,903
2017	134,636
2018	102,717
Thereafter	298,738
Total	\$1,156,372

14. Stock Based Compensation

We maintain five stock incentive plans, (the "Stock Incentive Plans") which are administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. There are 11,500,000 shares authorized for issuance under the Stock Incentive Plans. Only officers, certain employees, our Independent Directors and our affiliates generally are eligible to participate in the Stock Incentive Plans.

The Stock Incentive Plans authorize (i) the grant of stock options that qualify as incentive stock options under Section 422 of the Code, (ii) the grant of stock options that do not so qualify, (iii) restricted stock/unit awards (including awards subject to performance conditions), and (iv) dividend equivalent rights. The exercise price of the stock options is determined by the Compensation Committee. Special provisions apply to awards granted under the Stock Incentive Plans in the event of a change in control in the Company. As of December 31, 2013, awards covering 373,243 shares of common stock were available to be granted under the Stock Incentive Plans.

In September 1994, the Board of Directors approved and we adopted a 401(k)/Profit Sharing Plan. Under our 401(k)/Profit Sharing Plan, all eligible employees may participate by making voluntary contributions. We may make, but are not required to make, matching contributions. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, matching contributions of \$300, \$284 and \$197, respectively, were recorded.

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For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we awarded 284,461, 565,137 and 292,339 shares, respectively, of restricted stock awards to certain employees, which had a fair value of \$4,719, \$7,065 and \$3,248 on the date of approval by

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the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and/or the Board of Directors. These restricted stock awards generally vest over a period of three years. Compensation expense will be charged to earnings over the vesting period for the shares expected to vest except if the recipient is not required to provide future service in exchange for vesting of the share. If vesting of a recipient's restricted stock awards is not contingent upon future service, the expense is recognized immediately at the date of grant. During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, we recognized \$1,008 and \$3,649 of compensation expense related to restricted stock awards granted to our Chief Executive Officer for which future service was not required.

The Board of Directors adopted the 2013 Long-Term Incentive Program ("LTIP") and effective July 1, 2013, certain officers and employees were granted 718,960 performance units ("LTIP Unit Awards"). The LTIP Unit Awards had a fair value of \$5,411 on the grant date as determined by a lattice-binomial option-pricing model based on a Monte Carlo simulation. The LTIP Unit Awards vest based upon the relative total shareholder return ("TSR") of our common stock compared to the TSRs of the MSCI US REIT Index and the NAREIT Industrial Index. The TSR for half of the granted units is calculated based upon the performance from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014 and the other half is calculated based upon the performance from July 1, 2013 through December 31, 2015. Compensation expense will be charged to earnings on a straight-line basis over the respective performance periods. At the end of the respective performance periods, each participant will be issued shares of our common stock equal to the maximum shares issuable to the participant for the performance period multiplied by a percentage, ranging from 0% to 100% , based on our TSR as compared to the TSR of the MSCI US REIT Index and the NAREIT Industrial Index. The participants will also be entitled to dividend equivalents for shares issued pursuant to vested LTIP Unit Awards, of which dividend equivalents represent any common dividends that would have been paid with respect to such issued shares after the grant of the LTIP Unit Awards and prior to the date of settlement.

As mentioned above, the fair value of the LTIP Unit Awards at issuance was determined by a lattice-binomial option-pricing model based on a Monte Carlo simulation using the following assumptions:

Expected dividend yield	2.22	%
Expected volatility - range used	24.28% - 34.66%	
Expected volatility - weighted average	30.61	%
Risk-free interest rate	0.03% - 0.71%	
Expected term	1 - 2.5 years	

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we recognized \$6,202, \$8,559 and \$3,759 in amortization related to restricted stock and unit awards and LTIP Unit Awards, of which \$43, \$32 and \$0, respectively, was capitalized in connection with development activities. At December 31, 2013, we had \$7,319 in unrecognized compensation related to unvested restricted stock and LTIP Unit Awards. The weighted average period that the unrecognized compensation is expected to be recognized is 0.83 years.

Restricted stock and unit award and LTIP Unit Award transactions for the year ended December 31, 2013 are summarized as follows:

	Awards	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2012 (Restricted Stock and Unit)	772,127	\$7.02
Issued (Restricted Stock and Unit and LTIP Unit Award)	1,003,421	\$10.10
Forfeited (Restricted Stock and Unit)	(201,719)	\$4.58
Vested (Restricted Stock and Unit)	(292,608)	\$7.41
Outstanding at December 31, 2013 (Restricted Stock and Unit and LTIP Unit Award)	1,281,221	\$9.72

15. Derivatives

Our objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense or preferred stock dividends and to manage our cash flow volatility and exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, we primarily use interest rate swaps as part of our interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for fixed-rate payments

over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

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Our Series F Preferred Stock is subject to a coupon rate reset. The coupon rate resets every quarter at 2.375% plus the greater of i) the 30 year Treasury CMT Rate, ii) the 10 year Treasury CMT Rate or iii) 3-month LIBOR. For the fourth quarter of 2013, the new coupon rate was 6.065%. In October 2008, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a notional value of \$50,000 to mitigate our exposure to floating interest rates related to the forecasted reset rate of the coupon rate of our Series F Preferred Stock (the "Series F Agreement"). This Series F Agreement fixes the 30 year Treasury CMT rate at 5.2175%. Accounting guidance for derivatives does not permit hedge accounting treatment related to equity instruments and therefore the mark-to-market gains or losses related to this agreement are recorded in the statement of operations. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, gains of \$52 and losses of \$328, respectively, are recognized as mark-to-market gain (loss) on interest rate protection agreements. Quarterly payments are treated as a component of the mark-to-market gains or losses and totaled \$774 and \$1,169 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The Series F Agreement matured on October 1, 2013. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in other comprehensive income ("OCI") and is subsequently reclassified to earnings through interest expense over the life of the derivative or over the life of the debt. In the next 12 months, we expect to amortize approximately \$1,358 into net income by increasing interest expense for interest rate protection agreements we settled in previous periods.

The following is a summary of the terms of our Series F Agreement and its fair value, which is included in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets:

Hedge Product	Notional Amount	Strike	Trade Date	Maturity Date	Fair Value As of December 31, 2013	Fair Value As of December 31, 2012
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:						
Series F Agreement*	\$50,000	5.2175	% October 1, 2008	October 1, 2013	N/A	\$(826)

* Fair value excludes quarterly settlement payment due on Series F Agreement. As of December 31, 2012, the outstanding payable was \$305.

The following is a summary of the impact of the derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships on the statements of operations and the statements of OCI for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

Interest Rate Products	Location on Statement	Year Ended December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Amortization Reclassified from OCI into Income (Loss)	Interest Expense	\$(2,411)	\$(2,271)

The guidance for fair value measurement of financial instruments includes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

The following table sets forth our financial liability related to the Series F Agreement that is accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012:

Description	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using:	
	Fair Value Quoted Prices in	Unobservable

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	Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)
Liabilities:			
Series F Agreement at December 31, 2012	\$(826) —	—	\$(826)

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The following table presents the quantitative information about the Level 3 fair value measurements at December 31, 2012:

Description	Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements:			
	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range
Series F Agreement at December 31, 2012	\$(826)	Discounted Cash Flow	Long Dated Treasuries (A) Own Credit Risk (B)	2.82% - 2.91% 0.98% - 1.59%

(A) Represents the forward 30 year Treasury CMT Rate.

(B) Represents credit default swap spread curve used in the valuation analysis at December 31, 2012.

The valuation of the Series F Agreement was determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of the instrument. This analysis reflected the contractual terms of the agreement including the period to maturity. In adjusting the fair value of the Series F Agreement for the effect of nonperformance risk, we had considered the impact of netting and any applicable credit enhancement. To comply with the provisions of fair value measurement, we calculated a credit valuation adjustment to appropriately reflect both our own nonperformance risk and our counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. We considered the Series F Agreement to be classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy due to a significant number of unobservable inputs. The Series F Agreement swapped a fixed rate of 5.2175% for floating rate payments based on 30 year Treasury CMT rate. No market observable prices exist for long dated Treasuries. Therefore, we have classified the Series F Agreement in its entirety as Level 3.

The following table presents a reconciliation of our liability classified as Level 3 at December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) Derivatives
Ending Liability Balance at December 31, 2011	\$(1,667)
Mark-to-Market of the Series F Agreement	841
Ending Liability Balance at December 31, 2012	\$(826)
Mark-to-Market of the Series F Agreement	826
Ending Liability Balance at December 31, 2013	\$—

16. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, we are involved in legal actions arising from the ownership of our industrial properties. In our opinion, the liabilities, if any, that may ultimately result from such legal actions are not expected to have a materially adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, operations or liquidity.

Three properties have leases granting the tenants options to purchase the property. Such options are exercisable at various times at appraised fair market value or at a fixed purchase price in excess of our depreciated cost of the asset. We have no notice of any exercise of any tenant purchase option.

At December 31, 2013, we had an outstanding letter of credit and performance bonds in the aggregate amount of \$8,054.

In conjunction with the development of industrial properties, we have entered into agreements with general contractors for the construction of industrial buildings. At December 31, 2013, we have three industrial buildings totaling approximately 0.8 million square feet of GLA that are under construction. The estimated total construction costs as of December 31, 2013, are approximately \$49,200 (unaudited). Of this amount, approximately \$23,900 (unaudited) remains to be funded. There can be no assurance that the actual completion cost will not exceed the estimated completion cost stated above.

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Ground and Operating Lease Agreements

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we recognized \$1,440, \$1,565 and \$1,955, respectively, in operating and ground lease expense.

Future minimum rental payments under the terms of all non-cancelable ground and operating leases under which we are the lessee as of December 31, 2013 are as follows:

2014	\$1,824
2015	1,660
2016	1,673
2017	1,702
2018	1,100
Thereafter	25,117
Total*	\$33,076

* Minimum rental payments have not been reduced by minimum sublease rentals of \$6,832 due in the future under non-cancelable subleases.

17. Subsequent Events

From January 1, 2014 to February 27, 2014, we acquired one industrial property for a purchase price of approximately \$13,400, excluding costs incurred in conjunction with the acquisition and we sold one industrial property for approximately \$1,335. Additionally, in January 2014 the 2003 Net Lease Joint Venture sold two industrial properties (see Note 5).

On January 29, 2014, we entered into a \$200,000 unsecured loan with a seven-year term. The loan features interest-only payments and initially bears an interest rate of LIBOR plus 175 basis points. The rate is subject to adjustment based on our leverage ratio or credit ratings. We also entered into interest rate swap agreements, with an aggregate notional value of \$200,000, to convert the term loan's LIBOR rate to a fixed rate of approximately 4.04% per annum, based on the loan's current spread.

On February 3, 2014, we announced that we will redeem all 50,000 Depositary Shares of our Series F Preferred Stock. The redemption price will be \$1,000.00 per Depositary Share, or \$50,000, plus all accumulated and unpaid distributions to and including the date of redemption, March 6, 2014. We also announced that we will redeem all 25,000 Depositary Shares of our Series G Preferred Stock. The redemption price will be \$1,000.00 per Depositary Share, or \$25,000 plus all accumulated and unpaid distributions to and including the date of redemption, March 31, 2014.

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18. Quarterly Financial Information (unaudited)

The following tables summarize our quarterly financial information. The first, second and third fiscal quarters of 2013 and all fiscal quarters in 2012 have been revised in accordance with guidance on accounting for discontinued operations. Net (Loss) Income Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders and Participating Securities and basic and diluted EPS from Net (Loss) Income Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders have not been affected.

	Year Ended December 31, 2013			
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Total Revenues	\$80,698	\$82,098	\$81,294	\$84,136
Equity in Income of Joint Ventures	20	27	72	17
Noncontrolling Interest Allocable to Continuing Operations	128	293	39	(67)
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations, Net of Noncontrolling Interest	1,027	(984)	2,592	2,699
(Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations	(2,284)	12,639	5,919	19,323
Noncontrolling Interest Allocable to Discontinued Operations	104	(538)	(246)	(797)
Gain on Sale of Real Estate, Net of Income Tax	262	—	291	337
Noncontrolling Interest Allocable to Gain on Sale of Real Estate	(12)	—	(12)	(13)
Net (Loss) Income Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.	(903)	11,117	8,544	21,549
Preferred Dividends	(3,837)	(2,277)	(1,392)	(1,227)
Redemption of Preferred Stock	—	(3,546)	(2,121)	—
Net (Loss) Income Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders and Participating Securities	(4,740)	5,294	5,031	20,322
Income from Continuing Operations Allocable to Participating Securities	(36)	—	—	(8)
Income from Discontinued Operations Allocable to Participating Securities	—	(42)	(42)	(82)
Net (Loss) Income Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(4,776)	\$5,252	\$4,989	\$20,232
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share:				
(Loss) Income from Continuing Operations Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(0.03)	\$(0.06)	\$0.00	\$0.01
(Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(0.02)	\$0.11	\$0.05	\$0.17
Net (Loss) Income Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(0.05)	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.18
Weighted Average Shares – Basic	100,774	108,117	109,474	109,490
LTIP Unit Awards	—	—	—	485
Weighted Average Units —Diluted	100,774	108,117	109,474	109,975

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	Year Ended December 31, 2012			
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Total Revenues	\$77,523	\$78,946	\$76,636	\$81,220
Equity in Income of Joint Ventures	91	37	28	1,403
Noncontrolling Interest Allocable to Continuing Operations	538	1,005	204	487
Loss from Continuing Operations, Net of Noncontrolling Interest	(4,396	) (12,502	) (246	) (3,081
Income from Discontinued Operations	5,989	3,141	5,869	1,164
Noncontrolling Interest Allocable to Discontinued Operations	(331	) (167	) (285	) (54
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	—	—	3,777	—
Noncontrolling Interest Allocable to Gain on Sale of Real Estate	—	—	(196) —
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.	1,262	(9,528	) 8,919	(1,971
Preferred Dividends	(4,762	) (4,798	) (4,725	) (4,662
Redemption of Preferred Stock	—	—	—	(1,804
Net (Loss) Income Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders and Participating Securities	(3,500	) (14,326	) 4,194	(8,437
Income from Discontinued Operations Allocable to Participating Securities	—	—	(33) —
Net (Loss) Income Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(3,500	) \$(14,326	) \$4,161	\$(8,437
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share:				
Loss from Continuing Operations Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(0.11	) \$(0.19	) \$(0.02	) \$(0.10
Income from Discontinued Operations Attributable to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$0.07	\$0.03	\$0.06	\$0.01
Net (Loss) Income Available to First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.'s Common Stockholders	\$(0.04) \$(0.16) \$0.04	\$(0.09
Weighted Average Shares – Basic and Diluted	86,575	87,981	93,488	97,738

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SCHEDULE III:
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
As of December 31, 2013

Building Address	Location (City/State)	(a) Land and Encumbrances	(b) Building and Improvements	(c) Gross Amount Carried Costs At Close of Period		Building and Improvements	Total	Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/2013	Year Acquired/ Constructed	Depreciable Lives (Years)	
				Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition or Completion and Valuation Provision	and						
(In thousands)											
Atlanta 4250 River Green Parkway	Duluth, GA	\$—	\$264	\$ 1,522	\$ 32	\$ 214	\$ 1,604	\$ 1,818	\$ 813	1994	(j)
3450 Corporate Way	Duluth, GA	—	506	2,904	(705)	284	2,421	2,705	1,319	1994	(j)
1650 Highway 155	McDonough, GA	—	788	4,544	(817)	365	4,150	4,515	2,368	1994	(j)
1665 Dogwood	Conyers, GA	—	635	3,662	946	635	4,608	5,243	2,064	1994	(j)
1715 Dogwood	Conyers, GA	—	288	1,675	801	228	2,536	2,764	1,006	1994	(j)
11235 Harland Drive	Covington, GA	—	125	739	164	125	903	1,028	422	1994	(j)
4051 Southmeadow Parkway	Atlanta, GA	—	726	4,130	889	726	5,019	5,745	2,238	1994	(j)
4071 Southmeadow Parkway	Atlanta, GA	—	750	4,460	1,688	828	6,070	6,898	2,733	1994	(j)
4081 Southmeadow Parkway	Atlanta, GA	—	1,012	5,918	1,457	1,157	7,230	8,387	3,214	1994	(j)
5570 Tulane Dr	(d) Atlanta, GA	2,285	527	2,984	1,046	546	4,011	4,557	1,546	1996	(j)
955 Cobb Place	Kennesaw, GA	3,008	780	4,420	809	804	5,205	6,009	1,929	1997	(j)
1005 Sigman Road	Conyers, GA	2,166	566	3,134	433	574	3,559	4,133	1,224	1999	(j)
2050 East Park Drive	Conyers, GA	—	452	2,504	143	459	2,640	3,099	932	1999	(j)
1256 Oakbrook Drive	Norcross, GA	1,290	36	1,907	334	339	2,238	2,577	673	2001	(j)
1265 Oakbrook Drive	Norcross, GA	1,167	7	1,742	281	309	2,021	2,330	631	2001	(j)
1280 Oakbrook Drive	Norcross, GA	1,128	1	1,592	286	283	1,876	2,159	563	2001	(j)
1300 Oakbrook Drive	Norcross, GA	1,644	20	2,381	248	423	2,626	3,049	797	2001	(j)
		1,362	32	1,879	322	334	2,199	2,533	681	2001	(j)

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1325 Oakbrook Drive	Norcross, GA										
1351 Oakbrook Drive	Norcross, GA	—	370	2,099	(940)	146	1,383	1,529	687	2001	(j)
1346 Oakbrook Drive	Norcross, GA	—	740	4,192	(699)	352	3,881	4,233	1,719	2001	(j)
3060 South Park Blvd	Ellenwood, GA	—	1,600	12,464	2,386	1,604	14,846	16,450	4,514	2003	(j)
Greenwood Industrial Park	McDonough, GA	4,523	3,550	—	7,485	1,550	7,485	9,035	1,761	2004	(j)
46 Kent Drive	Cartersville GA	1,757	794	2,252	6	798	2,254	3,052	725	2005	(j)
605 Stonehill Drive	Atlanta, GA	1,534	485	1,979	(23)	490	1,951	2,441	1,521	2005	(j)
5095 Phillip Lee Drive	Atlanta, GA	5,007	885	3,627	451	740	4,073	4,813	2,086	2005	(j)
6514 Warren Drive	Norcross, GA	—	510	1,250	114	513	1,361	1,874	390	2005	(j)
6544 Warren Drive	Norcross, GA	—	711	2,310	298	715	2,604	3,319	799	2005	(j)
5356 E. Ponce De Leon	Stone Mountain, GA	2,576	104	3,888	288	610	4,170	4,780	1,724	2005	(j)
5390 E. Ponce De Leon	Stone Mountain, GA	—	397	1,791	42	402	1,828	2,230	622	2005	(j)
195 & 197 Collins Boulevard	Athens, GA	—	1,410	5,344	(1,742)	989	4,023	5,012	3,142	2005	(j)
1755 Enterprise Drive	Buford, GA	1,377	712	2,118	(200)	716	1,914	2,630	533	2006	(j)
4555 Atwater Court	Buford, GA	2,268	881	3,550	96	885	3,642	4,527	1,002	2006	(j)

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80 Liberty Industrial Parkway	McDonough, GA	—	756	3,695	(1,428)	467	2,556	3,023	800	2007	(j)
596 Bonnie Valentine	Pendergrass, GA	—	2,580	21,730	2,870	2,594	24,586	27,180	5,013	2007	(j)
11415 Old Roswell Road	Alpharetta, GA	3,148	2,403	1,912	628	2,428	2,515	4,943	784	2008	(j)
Baltimore 9700 Martin Luther King Hwy	Lanham, MD	—	700	1,920	734	700	2,654	3,354	961	2003	(j)
9730 Martin Luther King Hwy	Lanham, MD	—	500	955	500	500	1,455	1,955	498	2003	(j)
4621 Boston Way	Lanham, MD	—	1,100	3,070	466	1,100	3,536	4,636	1,235	2003	(j)
4720 Boston Way	Lanham, MD	—	1,200	2,174	630	1,200	2,804	4,004	903	2003	(j)
22520 Randolph Drive	Dulles, VA	7,301	3,200	8,187	(850)	3,208	7,329	10,537	1,508	2004	(j)
22630 Dulles Summit Court	Dulles, VA	—	2,200	9,346	(820)	2,206	8,520	10,726	1,793	2004	(j)
4201 Forbes Boulevard	Lanham, MD	—	356	1,823	156	375	1,960	2,335	518	2005	(j)
4370-4383 Lottsford Vista Road	Lanham, MD	—	279	1,358	107	296	1,448	1,744	399	2005	(j)
4400 Lottsford Vista Road	Lanham, MD	—	351	1,955	206	372	2,140	2,512	481	2005	(j)
4420 Lottsford Vista Road	Lanham, MD	—	539	2,196	(14)	568	2,153	2,721	522	2005	(j)
11204 McCormick Road	Hunt Valley, MD	—	1,017	3,132	(59)	1,038	3,052	4,090	1,043	2005	(j)
11110 Pepper Road	Hunt Valley, MD	—	918	2,529	337	938	2,846	3,784	1,070	2005	(j)
11100-11120 Gilroy Road	Hunt Valley, MD	—	901	1,455	(55)	919	1,382	2,301	490	2005	(j)
318 Clubhouse Lane	Hunt Valley, MD	—	701	1,691	53	718	1,727	2,445	592	2005	(j)
10709 Gilroy Road	Hunt Valley, MD	2,436	913	2,705	(143)	913	2,562	3,475	1,030	2005	(j)
10707 Gilroy Road	Hunt Valley, MD	—	1,111	3,819	502	1,136	4,296	5,432	1,267	2005	(j)

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38 Loveton Circle 7120-7132	Sparks, MD	—	1,648	2,151	(241)	1,690	1,868	3,558	642	2005	(j)
Ambassador Road 7142	Baltimore, MD	—	829	1,329	1,155	847	2,466	3,313	648	2005	(j)
Ambassador Road 7144-7162	Hunt Valley, MD	—	924	2,876	4,274	942	7,132	8,074	1,363	2005	(j)
Ambassador Road 7223-7249	Baltimore, MD	—	979	1,672	181	1,000	1,832	2,832	613	2005	(j)
Ambassador Road 7200	Woodlawn, MD	—	1,283	2,674	392	1,311	3,038	4,349	1,175	2005	(j)
Rutherford Road 2700 Lord Baltimore Road	Baltimore, MD	—	1,032	2,150	330	1,054	2,458	3,512	840	2005	(j)
1225 Bengies Road Central Pennsylvania	Baltimore, MD	—	2,640	270	14,439	2,823	14,526	17,349	2,902	2008	(j)
1214-B Freedom Road 401 Russell Drive 2700 Commerce Drive 2701 Commerce Drive 2780 Commerce Drive	Cranberry Township, PA	1,402	31	994	613	200	1,438	1,638	1,211	1994	(j)
	Middletown, PA	1,191	262	857	1,696	287	2,528	2,815	1,882	1994	(j)
	Middletown, PA	—	196	997	935	206	1,922	2,128	1,393	1994	(j)
	Middletown, PA	1,937	141	859	1,263	164	2,099	2,263	1,384	1994	(j)
	Middletown, PA	1,700	113	743	1,131	209	1,778	1,987	1,348	1994	(j)
350 Old Silver Spring Road 16522	Mechanicsburg, PA	—	510	2,890	6,863	541	9,722	10,263	3,615	1997	(j)
Hunters Green Parkway 18212 Shawley Drive	Hagerstown, MD	11,893	1,390	13,104	3,948	1,863	16,579	18,442	4,302	2003	(j)
	Hagerstown, MD	6,461	1,000	5,847	702	1,016	6,533	7,549	1,491	2004	(j)
37 Valley View Drive	Jessup, PA	3,046	542	—	3,017	532	3,027	3,559	675	2004	(j)
		—	1,181	4,447	2,647	1,328	6,947	8,275	2,606	2005	(j)

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301 Railroad Avenue	Shiremanstown, PA											
431 Railroad Avenue	Shiremanstown, PA	8,503	1,293	7,164	1,611	1,341	8,727	10,068	3,129	2005	(j)	
6951 Allentown Blvd	Harrisburg, PA	—	585	3,176	306	601	3,466	4,067	1,045	2005	(j)	
320 Reliance Road	Washington, PA	—	201	1,819	(283)	178	1,559	1,737	660	2005	(j)	
1351 Eisenhower Blvd., Bldg. 1	Harrisburg, PA	1,931	382	2,343	55	387	2,393	2,780	752	2006	(j)	

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1351 Eisenhower Blvd., Bldg. 2	Harrisburg, PA	1,393	436	1,587	7	443	1,587	2,030	521	2006	(j)	
1490 Dennison Circle	Carlisle, PA	—	1,500	—	14,234	2,341	13,393	15,734	2,527	2008	(j)	
298 First Avenue	Gouldsboro, PA	—	7,022	—	58,462	7,019	58,465	65,484	8,269	2008	(j)	
225 Cross Farm Lane	York, PA	17,796	4,718	—	23,567	4,715	23,570	28,285	3,689	2008	(j)	
105 Steamboat Blvd	Manchester, PA	—	4,085	14,464	1	4,070	14,480	18,550	1,116	2012	(j)	
20 Leo Lane	York County, PA	—	6,884	—	23,731	6,886	23,729	30,615	99	2013	(j)	
Chicago 720-730 Landwehr Drive	Northbrook, IL	—	521	2,982	759	521	3,741	4,262	1,600	1994	(j)	
1385 101st Street	Lemont, IL	4,298	967	5,554	1,692	968	7,245	8,213	3,151	1994	(j)	
6750 South Sayre Avenue	Bedford Park, IL	—	224	1,309	584	224	1,893	2,117	862	1994	(j)	
585 Slawin Court	Mount Prospect, IL	—	611	3,505	1,697	525	5,288	5,813	3,093	1994	(j)	
2300 Windsor Court	Addison, IL	3,652	688	3,943	1,173	696	5,108	5,804	2,492	1994	(j)	
305-311 Era Drive	Northbrook, IL	—	200	1,154	1,012	205	2,161	2,366	733	1994	(j)	
365 North Avenue	Carol Stream, IL	6,046	1,042	6,882	2,631	1,073	9,482	10,555	4,806	1994	(j)	
11241 Melrose Street	Franklin Park, IL	—	332	1,931	44	208	2,099	2,307	1,240	1995	(j)	
11939 South Central Avenue	Alsip, IL	—	1,208	6,843	2,685	1,305	9,431	10,736	3,672	1997	(j)	
1010-50 Sesame Street	Bensenville, IL	—	979	5,546	3,998	1,048	9,475	10,523	3,211	1997	(j)	
2120-24 Roberts	Broadview, IL	—	220	1,248	277	231	1,514	1,745	583	1998	(j)	
800 Business Drive	Mount Prospect, IL	—	631	3,493	328	666	3,786	4,452	1,230	2000	(j)	
		818	233	1,292	(37)	162	1,326	1,488	505	2000	(j)

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580 Slawin Court	Mount Prospect, IL											
1005 101st Street	Lemont, IL	6,141	1,200	6,643	918	1,220	7,541	8,761	2,406	2001	(j)	
175 Wall Street	Glendale Heights, IL	1,478	427	2,363	163	433	2,520	2,953	799	2002	(j)	
800-820 Thorndale Avenue	Bensenville, IL	—	751	4,159	1,464	761	5,613	6,374	1,971	2002	(j)	
251 Airport Road	North Aurora, IL	5,171	983	—	6,696	983	6,696	7,679	1,999	2002	(j)	
1661 Feehanville Drive	Mount Prospect, IL	—	985	5,455	2,725	1,044	8,121	9,165	2,599	2004	(j)	
400 Crossroads Pkwy	Bolingbrook, IL	—	1,178	9,453	1,130	1,181	10,580	11,761	3,078	2005	(j)	
7609 W. Industrial Drive	Forest Park, IL	—	1,207	2,343	103	1,213	2,440	3,653	963	2005	(j)	
7801 W. Industrial Drive	Forest Park, IL	—	1,215	3,020	468	1,220	3,483	4,703	1,230	2005	(j)	
825 E. 26th Street	LaGrange, IL	—	1,547	2,078	2,665	1,617	4,673	6,290	2,224	2005	(j)	
725 Kimberly Drive	Carol Stream, IL	—	793	1,395	154	801	1,541	2,342	505	2005	(j)	
17001 S. Vincennes	Thornton, IL	—	497	504	37	513	525	1,038	332	2005	(j)	
1111 Davis Road	Elgin, IL	2,777	998	1,859	1,028	1,046	2,839	3,885	1,690	2006	(j)	
2900 W. 166th Street	Markham, IL	—	1,132	4,293	723	1,134	5,014	6,148	2,093	2007	(j)	
555 W. Algonquin Rd	Arlington Heights, IL	—	574	741	1,936	579	2,672	3,251	608	2007	(j)	
7000 W. 60th Street	Chicago, IL	—	609	932	100	667	974	1,641	511	2007	(j)	
9501 Nevada	Franklin Park, IL	—	2,721	5,630	(199)	2,737	5,415	8,152	1,182	2008	(j)	
1501 Oakton Street	Elk Grove Village, IL	7,283	3,369	6,121	(117)	3,482	5,891	9,373	1,291	2008	(j)	
16500 W. 103rd Street	Woodridge, IL	2,448	744	2,458	366	762	2,806	3,568	738	2008	(j)	
8505 50th Street	Kenosha, WI	—	3,212	—	24,960	3,212	24,960	28,172	3,905	2008	(j)	
4100 Rock Creek Blvd	Joliet, IL	—	4,476	16,061	77	4,476	16,138	20,614	380	2013	(j)	
10100 58th Place	Kenosha, WI	—	4,201	17,604	1,363	4,201	18,967	23,168	247	2013	(j)	

Cincinnati
9900-9970
Princeton

Cincinnati,
OH

3,743	545	3,088	1,706	566	4,773	5,339	1,993	1996	(j)
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2940 Highland	Cincinnati, OH	—	1,717	9,730	94	952	10,589	11,541	5,167	1996	(j)	
4700-4750 Creek Road	Blue Ash, OH	—	1,080	6,118	1,351	1,109	7,440	8,549	3,066	1996	(j)	
4436 Muhlhauser Road	Hamilton, OH	3,715	630	—	5,276	630	5,276	5,906	1,490	2002	(j)	
4438 Muhlhauser Road	Hamilton, OH	4,575	779	—	6,517	779	6,517	7,296	1,886	2002	(j)	
420 Wards Corner Road	Loveland, OH	—	600	1,083	574	606	1,651	2,257	515	2003	(j)	
422 Wards Corner Road	Loveland, OH	—	600	1,811	(137)	592	1,682	2,274	511	2003	(j)
4663 Dues Drive	Westchester, OH	—	858	2,273	543	875	2,799	3,674	2,195	2005	(j)	
9345 Princeton-Glendale Road	Westchester, OH	1,555	818	1,648	380	840	2,006	2,846	953	2006	(j)	
9525 Glades Drive	Westchester, OH	—	347	1,323	115	355	1,430	1,785	485	2007	(j)	
9774-9792 Windisch Road	Westchester, OH	—	392	1,744	29	394	1,771	2,165	469	2007	(j)	
9808-9830 Windisch Road	Westchester, OH	—	395	2,541	47	397	2,586	2,983	521	2007	(j)	
9842-9862 Windisch Road	Westchester, OH	—	506	3,148	143	508	3,289	3,797	710	2007	(j)	
9872-9898 Windisch Road	Westchester, OH	—	546	3,039	137	548	3,174	3,722	722	2007	(j)	
9902-9922 Windisch Road Cleveland	Westchester, OH	—	623	4,003	694	627	4,693	5,320	1,244	2007	(j)	
30311 Emerald Valley Parkway	Glenwillow, OH	9,320	681	11,838	988	691	12,816	13,507	3,523	2006	(j)	
30333 Emerald Valley Parkway	Glenwillow, OH	4,693	466	5,447	186	475	5,624	6,099	1,812	2006	(j)	
7800 Cochran Road	Glenwillow, OH	—	972	7,033	337	991	7,351	8,342	2,131	2006	(j)	
7900 Cochran Road	Glenwillow, OH	4,808	775	6,244	10	792	6,237	7,029	1,652	2006	(j)	
7905 Cochran Road	Glenwillow, OH	—	920	6,174	341	921	6,514	7,435	1,913	2006	(j)	
30600 Carter Street	Solon, OH	—	989	3,042	652	1,022	3,661	4,683	2,139	2006	(j)	
8181 Darrow Road	Twinsburg, OH	7,100	2,478	6,791	2,016	2,496	8,789	11,285	2,805	2008	(j)	
Dallas 2406-2416 Walnut Ridge	Dallas, TX	—	178	1,006	633	172	1,645	1,817	545	1997	(j)	
2401-2419 Walnut Ridge	Dallas, TX	—	148	839	403	142	1,248	1,390	398	1997	(j)	
		—	237	1,342	638	270	1,947	2,217	756	1997	(j)	

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900-906 Great Southwest Pkwy 3000 West Commerce	Arlington, TX Dallas, TX	—	456	2,584	1,032	469	3,603	4,072	1,363	1997	(j)
3030 Hansboro	Dallas, TX	—	266	1,510	(664)	87	1,025	1,112	628	1997	(j)
405-407 113th	Arlington, TX	—	181	1,026	588	185	1,610	1,795	624	1997	(j)
816 111th Street	Arlington, TX	882	251	1,421	195	258	1,609	1,867	633	1997	(j)
7427 Dogwood Park	Richland Hills, TX	—	96	532	302	102	828	930	274	1998	(j)
7348-54 Tower Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	88	489	213	94	696	790	246	1998	(j)
7339-41 Tower Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	98	541	174	104	709	813	245	1998	(j)
7437-45 Tower Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	102	563	287	108	844	952	268	1998	(j)
7331-59 Airport Freeway	Richland Hills, TX	1,669	354	1,958	340	372	2,280	2,652	829	1998	(j)
7338-60 Dogwood Park	Richland Hills, TX	—	106	587	244	112	825	937	265	1998	(j)
7450-70 Dogwood Park	Richland Hills, TX	—	106	584	99	112	677	789	250	1998	(j)
7423-49 Airport Freeway	Richland Hills, TX	1,487	293	1,621	449	308	2,055	2,363	712	1998	(j)
7400 Whitehall Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	109	603	95	115	692	807	249	1998	(j)
1602-1654 Terre Colony	Dallas, TX	1,831	458	2,596	822	468	3,408	3,876	1,043	2000	(j)
2351-2355 Merritt Drive	Garland, TX	—	101	574	157	92	740	832	257	2000	(j)
2220 Merritt Drive	Garland, TX	—	352	1,993	507	316	2,536	2,852	896	2000	(j)
2010 Merritt Drive	Garland, TX	—	350	1,981	55	318	2,068	2,386	608	2000	(j)

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2363 Merritt Drive	Garland, TX	—	73	412	10	47	448	495	200	2000	(j)
2447 Merritt Drive	Garland, TX	—	70	395	(115)	23	327	350	190	2000	(j)
2465-2475 Merritt Drive	Garland, TX	—	91	514	39	71	573	644	206	2000	(j)
2485-2505 Merritt Drive	Garland, TX	—	431	2,440	762	426	3,207	3,633	1,055	2000	(j)
2110 Hutton Drive	Carrolton, TX	—	374	2,117	100	255	2,336	2,591	717	2001	(j)
2025 McKenzie Drive	Carrolton, TX	1,439	437	2,478	130	442	2,603	3,045	831	2001	(j)
2019 McKenzie Drive	Carrolton, TX	1,734	502	2,843	324	507	3,162	3,669	1,031	2001	(j)
2029-2035 McKenzie Drive	Carrolton, TX	1,512	306	1,870	236	306	2,106	2,412	675	2001	(j)
2015 McKenzie Drive	Carrolton, TX	2,527	510	2,891	352	516	3,237	3,753	1,015	2001	(j)
2009 McKenzie Drive	Carrolton, TX	2,448	476	2,699	460	481	3,154	3,635	1,011	2001	(j)
900-1100 Avenue S	Grand Prairie, TX	2,577	623	3,528	1,304	629	4,826	5,455	1,538	2002	(j)
Plano Crossing	(f) Plano, TX	9,504	1,961	11,112	1,039	1,981	12,131	14,112	3,464	2002	(j)
7413A-C Dogwood Park	Richland Hills, TX	—	110	623	255	111	877	988	265	2002	(j)
7450 Tower Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	36	204	103	36	307	343	101	2002	(j)
7436 Tower Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	57	324	196	58	519	577	150	2002	(j)
7426 Tower Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	76	429	249	76	678	754	230	2002	(j)
7427-7429 Tower Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	75	427	146	76	572	648	189	2002	(j)
2840-2842 Handley Ederville Rd	Richland Hills, TX	—	112	635	55	113	689	802	192	2002	(j)
7451-7477 Airport Freeway	Richland Hills, TX	1,387	256	1,453	495	259	1,945	2,204	541	2002	(j)

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7450 Whitehall Street	Richland Hills, TX	—	104	591	339	105	929	1,034	223	2002	(j)
3000 Wesley Way	Richland Hills, TX	907	208	1,181	18	211	1,196	1,407	337	2002	(j)
7451 Dogwood Park	Richland Hills, TX	671	133	753	184	134	936	1,070	224	2002	(j)
825-827 Avenue H	(d) Arlington, TX	2,568	600	3,006	58	604	3,060	3,664	1,094	2004	(j)
1013-31 Avenue M	Grand Prairie, TX	—	300	1,504	243	302	1,745	2,047	527	2004	(j)
1172-84 113th Street	(d) Grand Prairie, TX	1,992	700	3,509	5	704	3,510	4,214	1,091	2004	(j)
1200-16 Avenue H	(d) Arlington, TX	1,733	600	2,846	222	604	3,064	3,668	847	2004	(j)
1322-66 W. North Carrier Parkway	(e) Grand Prairie, TX	4,633	1,000	5,012	598	1,006	5,604	6,610	1,571	2004	(j)

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SCHEDULE III:
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
As of December 31, 2013

Building Address	Location (City/State)	(a) Encumbrances	(b) Initial Cost		(c) Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition or Completion and Valuation Provision		Gross Amount Carried At Close of Period 12/31/13		Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/2013	Year Acquired/ Constructed	Depreciable Lives (Years)
			Land	Building and Improvements	Land	Building and Improvements	Building and Improvements	Total			
(In thousands)											
2401-2407 Centennial Dr	Arlington, TX	2,107	600	2,534	(93)	604	2,437	3,041	909	2004	(j)
3111 West Commerce Street	Dallas, TX	3,731	1,000	3,364	517	1,011	3,870	4,881	1,201	2004	(j)
13800 Senlac Drive	Farmers Ranch, TX	3,399	823	4,042	(16)	825	4,024	4,849	1,204	2005	(j)
801-831 S Great Southwest Pkwy (g)	Grand Prairie, TX	—	2,581	16,556	15	2,586	16,566	19,152	6,938	2005	(j)
801 Heinz Way	Grand Prairie, TX	2,697	599	3,327	360	601	3,685	4,286	1,227	2005	(j)
901-937 Heinz Way	Grand Prairie, TX	2,065	493	2,758	31	481	2,801	3,282	970	2005	(j)
3301 Century Circle	Irving, TX	2,173	760	3,856	(16)	771	3,829	4,600	746	2007	(j)
3901 W Miller Road Denver	Garland, TX	—	1,912	—	16,444	1,947	16,409	18,356	3,234	2008	(j)
4785 Elati	Denver, CO	—	173	981	203	175	1,182	1,357	448	1997	(j)
4770 Fox Street	Denver, CO	—	132	750	216	134	964	1,098	378	1997	(j)
3851-3871 Revere	Denver, CO	1,309	361	2,047	363	368	2,403	2,771	909	1997	(j)
4570 Ivy Street	Denver, CO	1,120	219	1,239	279	220	1,517	1,737	587	1997	(j)
5855 Stapleton Drive North	Denver, CO	1,398	288	1,630	249	290	1,877	2,167	742	1997	(j)
5885 Stapleton Drive North	Denver, CO	1,741	376	2,129	195	380	2,320	2,700	919	1997	(j)
5977 North Broadway	Denver, CO	1,438	268	1,518	500	271	2,015	2,286	719	1997	(j)
5952-5978 North Broadway	Denver, CO	2,301	414	2,346	898	422	3,236	3,658	1,307	1997	(j)
4721 Ironton Street	Denver, CO	—	232	1,313	305	236	1,614	1,850	624	1997	(j)
7003 E 47th Ave Drive	Denver, CO	—	441	2,689	16	441	2,705	3,146	1,099	1997	(j)
9500 West 49th Street - A	Wheatridge, CO	—	283	1,625	112	287	1,733	2,020	762	1997	(j)

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9500 West 49th Street - B	Wheatridge, CO	—	225	1,272	132	227	1,402	1,629	556	1997	(j)
9500 West 49th Street - C	Wheatridge, CO	—	600	3,409	123	601	3,531	4,132	1,460	1997	(j)
9500 West 49th Street - D	Wheatridge, CO	—	246	1,537	390	247	1,926	2,173	812	1997	(j)
451-591 East 124th Avenue	Littleton, CO	—	383	2,145	466	383	2,611	2,994	989	1997	(j)
15000 West 6th Avenue	Golden, CO	—	913	5,174	1,097	918	6,266	7,184	2,593	1997	(j)
14998 West 6th Avenue Bldg E	Golden, CO	—	565	3,199	341	570	3,535	4,105	1,370	1997	(j)
14998 West 6th Avenue Bldg F	Englewood, CO	—	269	1,525	96	273	1,617	1,890	650	1997	(j)
6547 South Racine Circle	Englewood, CO	2,930	739	4,241	346	739	4,587	5,326	1,925	1997	(j)
11701 East 53rd Avenue	Denver, CO	—	416	2,355	399	422	2,748	3,170	1,041	1997	(j)
5401 Oswego	Denver, CO	—	273	1,547	254	278	1,796	2,074	722	1997	(j)
14818 West 6th Avenue Bldg A	Golden, CO	—	468	2,799	131	468	2,930	3,398	1,176	1997	(j)
14828 West 6th Avenue Bldg B	Golden, CO	—	503	2,942	386	503	3,328	3,831	1,334	1997	(j)
445 Bryant Street	Denver, CO	6,904	1,829	10,219	2,564	1,829	12,783	14,612	4,935	1998	(j)

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3811 Joliet 12055 E 49th Ave/4955 Peoria 4940-4950 Paris	Denver, CO	—	735	4,166	543	752	4,692	5,444	1,802	1998	(j)
4970 Paris 7367 South Revere Parkway 8200 East Park Meadows Drive 3250	Denver, CO	—	298	1,688	481	305	2,162	2,467	802	1998	(j)
Quentin Street	Denver, CO	—	152	861	285	156	1,142	1,298	427	1998	(j)
Highpoint Bus Ctr B 1130 W. 124th Ave. 1070 W. 124th Ave. 1020 W. 124th Ave. 8810 W. 116th Circle 960 W. 124th Ave 8820 W. 116th Circle 8835 W. 116th Circle 18150 E. 32nd Place	Denver, CO	—	95	537	101	97	636	733	239	1998	(j)
3400 Fraser Street	Englewood, CO	3,273	926	5,124	877	934	5,993	6,927	2,444	1998	(j)
7005 E. 46th Avenue Drive	(d) Lone Tree, CO	—	1,297	7,348	1,281	1,304	8,622	9,926	2,817	2000	(j)
4001 Salazar Way 5909-5915 N. Broadway Detroit 1731 Thorncroft	(d) Aurora, CO	—	1,220	6,911	937	1,230	7,838	9,068	2,612	2000	(j)
	Littleton, CO	—	739	—	3,500	781	3,458	4,239	1,020	2000	(j)
	Westminster, CO	—	441	—	3,382	441	3,382	3,823	1,154	2000	(j)
	Westminster, CO	—	374	—	2,902	374	2,902	3,276	924	2000	(j)
	Westminster, CO	—	374	—	2,825	374	2,825	3,199	859	2000	(j)
	Broomfield, CO	—	312	—	1,462	370	1,404	1,774	407	2001	(j)
	Westminster, CO	—	441	—	3,432	442	3,431	3,873	1,070	2001	(j)
	Broomfield, CO	—	338	1,918	317	372	2,201	2,573	597	2003	(j)
	Broomfield, CO	—	1,151	6,523	1,628	1,304	7,998	9,302	2,205	2003	(j)
	Aurora, CO	1,913	563	3,188	298	572	3,477	4,049	1,052	2004	(j)
	Aurora, CO	2,111	616	3,593	(184)	620	3,405	4,025	900	2005	(j)
	Denver, CO	1,448	512	2,025	94	517	2,114	2,631	674	2005	(j)
	Frederick, CO	—	1,271	6,508	(88)	1,276	6,415	7,691	1,818	2006	(j)
	Denver, CO	913	495	1,268	80	500	1,343	1,843	514	2006	(j)
	Troy, MI	—	331	1,904	189	331	2,093	2,424	993	1994	(j)

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47461 Clipper	Plymouth Township, MI	—	122	723	54	122	777	899	387	1994	(j)
449 Executive Drive	Troy, MI	—	125	425	1,060	218	1,392	1,610	1,244	1994	(j)
501 Executive Drive	Troy, MI	—	71	236	610	129	788	917	634	1994	(j)
451 Robbins Drive	Troy, MI	—	96	448	877	192	1,229	1,421	1,093	1994	(j)
1416 Meijer Drive	Troy, MI	—	94	394	399	121	766	887	695	1994	(j)
1624 Meijer Drive	Troy, MI	—	236	1,406	967	373	2,236	2,609	1,967	1994	(j)
1972 Meijer Drive	Troy, MI	—	315	1,301	787	372	2,031	2,403	1,478	1994	(j)
1621 Northwood Drive	Troy, MI	—	85	351	1,014	215	1,235	1,450	1,171	1994	(j)
1707 Northwood Drive	Troy, MI	—	95	262	1,720	239	1,838	2,077	1,302	1994	(j)
1788 Northwood Drive	Troy, MI	—	50	196	483	103	626	729	564	1994	(j)
1826 Northwood Drive	Troy, MI	—	55	208	472	103	632	735	554	1994	(j)
1864 Northwood Drive	Troy, MI	—	57	190	489	107	629	736	572	1994	(j)
2451 Elliott Avenue	Troy, MI	—	78	319	742	164	975	1,139	781	1994	(j)
2730 Research Drive	Rochester Hills, MI	—	903	4,215	829	903	5,044	5,947	3,918	1994	(j)
2791 Research Drive	Rochester Hills, MI	—	557	2,731	1,000	560	3,728	4,288	2,360	1994	(j)
2871 Research Drive	Rochester Hills, MI	—	324	1,487	437	327	1,921	2,248	1,350	1994	(j)
3011 Research Drive	Rochester Hills, MI	—	457	2,104	475	457	2,579	3,036	1,994	1994	(j)
2870 Technology Drive	Rochester Hills, MI	—	275	1,262	342	279	1,600	1,879	1,220	1994	(j)
2900 Technology	Rochester Hills, MI	—	214	977	564	219	1,536	1,755	970	1994	(j)

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Drive 2930 Technology Drive	Rochester Hills, MI	—	131	594	435	138	1,022	1,160	663	1994	(j)
Drive 2950 Technology Drive	Rochester Hills, MI	—	178	819	305	185	1,117	1,302	754	1994	(j)

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23014 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	39	203	197	56	383	439	318	1994	(j)
23028 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	98	507	285	125	765	890	676	1994	(j)
23035 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	71	355	237	93	570	663	497	1994	(j)
23042 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	67	277	273	89	528	617	477	1994	(j)
23065 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	71	408	338	93	724	817	553	1994	(j)
23079 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	68	301	290	79	580	659	491	1994	(j)
23093 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	211	1,024	1,219	295	2,159	2,454	1,635	1994	(j)
23135 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	146	701	392	158	1,081	1,239	849	1994	(j)
23163 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	111	513	382	138	868	1,006	682	1994	(j)
23177 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	175	1,007	608	254	1,536	1,790	1,239	1994	(j)
23206 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	125	531	367	137	886	1,023	693	1994	(j)
23370 Commerce Drive	Farmington Hills, MI	—	59	233	175	66	401	467	374	1994	(j)
1451 East Lincoln Avenue	Madison Heights, MI	—	299	1,703	(182)	148	1,672	1,820	821	1995	(j)
4400 Purks Drive	Auburn Hills, MI	—	602	3,410	3,300	612	6,700	7,312	2,859	1995	(j)
32450 N Avis Drive	Madison Heights, MI	—	281	1,590	529	286	2,114	2,400	963	1996	(j)
12707 Eckles Road	Plymouth Township, MI	—	255	1,445	220	267	1,653	1,920	687	1996	(j)
9300-9328 Harrison Rd	Romulus, MI	—	147	834	407	159	1,229	1,388	493	1996	(j)
		—	81	456	242	89	690	779	270	1996	(j)

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9330-9358 Harrison Rd	Romulus, MI											
28420-28448 Highland Rd	Romulus, MI	—	143	809	641	154	1,439	1,593	464	1996	(j)	
28450-28478 Highland Rd	Romulus, MI	—	81	461	457	90	909	999	314	1996	(j)	
28421-28449 Highland Rd	Romulus, MI	—	109	617	480	119	1,087	1,206	414	1996	(j)	
28451-28479 Highland Rd	Romulus, MI	—	107	608	413	117	1,011	1,128	364	1996	(j)	
28825-28909 Highland Rd	Romulus, MI	—	70	395	393	78	780	858	277	1996	(j)	
28933-29017 Highland Rd	Romulus, MI	—	112	634	592	122	1,216	1,338	371	1996	(j)	
28824-28908 Highland Rd	Romulus, MI	—	134	760	577	145	1,326	1,471	472	1996	(j)	
28932-29016 Highland Rd	Romulus, MI	—	123	694	582	133	1,266	1,399	436	1996	(j)	
9710-9734 Harrison Rd	Romulus, MI	—	125	706	432	135	1,128	1,263	425	1996	(j)	
9740-9772 Harrison Rd	Romulus, MI	—	132	749	398	143	1,136	1,279	441	1996	(j)	
9840-9868 Harrison Rd	Romulus, MI	—	144	815	296	155	1,100	1,255	429	1996	(j)	
9800-9824 Harrison Rd	Romulus, MI	—	117	664	362	127	1,016	1,143	362	1996	(j)	
29265-29285 Airport Dr	Romulus, MI	—	140	794	258	151	1,041	1,192	431	1996	(j)	
29185-29225 Airport Dr	Romulus, MI	—	140	792	514	151	1,295	1,446	519	1996	(j)	
29149-29165 Airport Dr	Romulus, MI	—	216	1,225	295	231	1,505	1,736	629	1996	(j)	
29101-29115 Airport Dr	Romulus, MI	—	130	738	290	141	1,017	1,158	440	1996	(j)	
29031-29045 Airport Dr	Romulus, MI	—	124	704	157	134	851	985	345	1996	(j)	
29050-29062 Airport Dr	Romulus, MI	—	127	718	221	137	929	1,066	386	1996	(j)	
29120-29134 Airport Dr	Romulus, MI	—	161	912	522	173	1,422	1,595	503	1996	(j)	
29200-29214 Airport Dr	Romulus, MI	—	170	963	376	182	1,327	1,509	555	1996	(j)	
9301-9339 Middlebelt Rd	Romulus, MI	—	124	703	481	130	1,178	1,308	504	1996	(j)	
32975 Capitol Avenue	Livonia, MI	—	135	748	(183) 77	623	700	291	1998	(j)	
32920 Capitol Avenue	Livonia, MI	—	76	422	(91) 27	380	407	197	1998	(j)	

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11923

Brookfield Livonia, MI — 120 665 (324) 32 429 461 281 1998 (j)
 Avenue

13405 Stark Livonia, MI — 46 254 (3) 30 267 297 127 1998 (j)
 Road

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450 Robbins Drive 12886	Troy, MI	—	166	920	231	178	1,139	1,317	433	1998	(j)
Westmore Avenue 33025	Livonia, MI	—	190	1,050	(351)	86	803	889	424	1998	(j)
Industrial Road 47711	Livonia, MI	—	80	442	(324)	6	192	198	168	1998	(j)
Clipper Street 32975	Plymouth Township, MI	—	539	2,983	299	575	3,246	3,821	1,255	1998	(j)
Industrial Road 32985	Livonia, MI	—	160	887	(192)	92	763	855	365	1998	(j)
Industrial Road 32995	Livonia, MI	—	137	761	(329)	46	523	569	303	1998	(j)
Industrial Road 12874	Livonia, MI	—	160	887	(409)	53	585	638	349	1998	(j)
Westmore Avenue 1775	Livonia, MI	—	137	761	(302)	58	538	596	289	1998	(j)
Bellingham 1785 East Maple	Troy, MI	—	344	1,902	329	367	2,208	2,575	835	1998	(j)
1807 East Maple	Troy, MI	—	92	507	200	98	701	799	237	1998	(j)
980 Chicago 1840	Troy, MI	—	321	1,775	(437)	191	1,468	1,659	692	1998	(j)
Enterprise Drive 1885	Troy, MI	—	206	1,141	272	220	1,399	1,619	498	1998	(j)
Enterprise Drive 1935-55	Rochester Hills, MI	—	573	3,170	(2,261)	49	1,433	1,482	1,176	1998	(j)
Enterprise Drive 5500	Rochester Hills, MI	—	209	1,158	200	223	1,344	1,567	498	1998	(j)
Enterprise Court 750 Chicago Road	Rochester Hills, MI	—	1,285	7,144	1,352	1,371	8,410	9,781	3,318	1998	(j)
800 Chicago Road	Warren, MI	—	675	3,737	671	721	4,362	5,083	1,636	1998	(j)
850 Chicago Road	Troy, MI	—	323	1,790	373	345	2,141	2,486	824	1998	(j)
	Troy, MI	—	283	1,567	370	302	1,918	2,220	713	1998	(j)
	Troy, MI	—	183	1,016	218	196	1,221	1,417	462	1998	(j)
		—	888	4,915	(1,234)	332	4,237	4,569	2,211	1998	(j)

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8505 N Loop East 4749-4799 Eastpark Dr 4851	Houston, TX Houston, TX	2,481	594	3,368	1,290	611	4,641	5,252	1,741	1997	(j)
Homestead Road 3365-3385 Rauch Street	Houston, TX Houston, TX	3,264	491	2,782	1,573	504	4,342	4,846	1,560	1997	(j)
		1,613	284	1,611	677	290	2,282	2,572	936	1997	(j)

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5050 Campbell Road	Houston, TX	1,928	461	2,610	1,009	470	3,610	4,080	1,200	1997	(j)
4300 Pine Timbers	Houston, TX	2,804	489	2,769	741	499	3,500	3,999	1,369	1997	(j)
2500-2530 Fairway Park Drive	Houston, TX	3,371	766	4,342	2,027	792	6,343	7,135	2,290	1997	(j)
6550 Longpointe	Houston, TX	1,617	362	2,050	1,010	370	3,052	3,422	1,000	1997	(j)
1815 Turning Basin Dr	Houston, TX	1,859	487	2,761	687	531	3,404	3,935	1,337	1997	(j)
1819 Turning Basin Dr	Houston, TX	—	231	1,308	543	251	1,831	2,082	697	1997	(j)
1805 Turning Basin Dr	Houston, TX	2,203	564	3,197	902	616	4,047	4,663	1,599	1997	(j)
9835A Genard Road	Houston, TX	—	1,505	8,333	3,162	1,581	11,419	13,000	3,629	1999	(j)
9835B Genard Road	Houston, TX	—	245	1,357	827	256	2,173	2,429	788	1999	(j)
11505 State Highway 225	LaPorte City, TX	4,639	940	4,675	606	940	5,281	6,221	1,658	2005	(j)
1500 E. Main Street 700	Houston, TX	—	201	1,328	(26)	204	1,299	1,503	765	2005	(j)
Industrial Blvd	Sugar Land, TX	3,162	608	3,679	259	617	3,929	4,546	1,019	2007	(j)
7230-7238 Wynnwood	Houston, TX	—	254	764	152	259	911	1,170	315	2007	(j)
7240-7248 Wynnwood	Houston, TX	—	271	726	27	276	748	1,024	289	2007	(j)

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SCHEDULE III:
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
As of December 31, 2013

Building Address	Location (City/State)	(a) Encumbrances	(b) Initial Cost		(c) Gross Amount Costs Carried Subsequent to Acquisition or Completion and Valuation Provision		At Close of Period 12/31/13		Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/2013	Year Acquired/ Constructed	Depreciable Lives (Years)
			Land	Building and Improvements	Land	Building and Improvements	Land	Building and Improvements				Total
(In thousands)											
7250-7260 Wynnwood	Houston, TX	—	200	481	115	203	593	796	191	2007	(j)
6400 Long Point	Houston, TX	—	188	898	(87)	188	811	999	248	2007	(j)
12705 S. Kirkwood, Ste 100-150	Stafford, TX	—	154	626	80	155	705	860	215	2007	(j)
12705 S. Kirkwood, Ste 200-220	Stafford, TX	—	404	1,698	282	393	1,991	2,384	643	2007	(j)
8850 Jameel	Houston, TX	—	171	826	41	171	867	1,038	289	2007	(j)
8800 Jameel	Houston, TX	—	163	798	(105)	124	732	856	249	2007	(j)
8700 Jameel	Houston, TX	—	170	1,020	(265)	120	805	925	201	2007	(j)
8600 Jameel	Houston, TX	—	163	818	58	163	876	1,039	280	2007	(j)
7967 Blankenship	Houston, TX	—	307	1,166	335	307	1,501	1,808	278	2010	(j)
8800 City Park Loop East Indianapolis	Houston, TX	23,585	3,717	19,237	—	3,717	19,237	22,954	2,570	2011	(j)
2900 N Shadeland Avenue	Indianapolis, IN	—	2,057	13,565	3,267	2,057	16,832	18,889	6,969	1996	(j)
1445 Brookville Way	Indianapolis, IN	—	459	2,603	1,007	476	3,593	4,069	1,476	1996	(j)
1440 Brookville Way	Indianapolis, IN	3,521	665	3,770	588	685	4,338	5,023	1,914	1996	(j)
1240 Brookville Way	Indianapolis, IN	—	247	1,402	369	258	1,760	2,018	792	1996	(j)
1345 Brookville Way	Indianapolis, IN	—	586	3,321	794	601	4,100	4,701	1,756	1996	(j)
1350 Brookville Way	Indianapolis, IN	—	205	1,161	310	212	1,464	1,676	681	1996	(j)

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1341 Sadlier Circle South 1322-1438	Indianapolis, IN	—	131	743	198	136	936	1,072	386	1996	(j)
Sadlier Circle East 1327-1441	Indianapolis, IN	—	145	822	301	152	1,116	1,268	479	1996	(j)
Sadlier Circle West 1304 Sadlier Circle West	Indianapolis, IN	—	218	1,234	558	225	1,785	2,010	674	1996	(j)
1402-1430 Sadlier Circle West	Indianapolis, IN	—	71	405	189	75	590	665	261	1996	(j)
1504 Sadlier Circle South 1365-1367	Indianapolis, IN	—	165	934	371	171	1,299	1,470	535	1996	(j)
Sadlier Way Circle East 1352-1354	Indianapolis, IN	—	219	1,238	(112)	115	1,230	1,345	701	1996	(j)
Sadlier Circle West 1335 Sadlier Circle East	Indianapolis, IN	—	121	688	136	91	854	945	351	1996	(j)
1425 Sadlier Circle West 6951 East 30th St	Indianapolis, IN	—	178	1,008	187	166	1,207	1,373	508	1996	(j)
6701 East 30th St 6737 East 30th St	Indianapolis, IN	—	81	460	197	85	653	738	260	1996	(j)
6555 East 30th St 8402-8440 E 33rd St	Indianapolis, IN	—	21	117	37	23	152	175	67	1996	(j)
8520-8630 E 33rd St	Indianapolis, IN	—	256	1,449	213	265	1,653	1,918	707	1996	(j)
	Indianapolis, IN	—	78	443	98	82	537	619	229	1996	(j)
	Indianapolis, IN	1,738	385	2,181	195	398	2,363	2,761	1,046	1996	(j)
	Indianapolis, IN	—	484	4,760	1,971	484	6,731	7,215	2,630	1996	(j)
	Indianapolis, IN	—	222	1,260	603	230	1,855	2,085	812	1996	(j)
	Indianapolis, IN	—	326	1,848	270	281	2,163	2,444	926	1996	(j)

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8710-8768 E 33rd St	Indianapolis, IN	—	175	993	397	180	1,385	1,565	538	1996	(j)
3316-3346 N. Pagosa Court	Indianapolis, IN	—	325	1,842	458	332	2,293	2,625	921	1996	(j)
7901 West 21st St.	Indianapolis, IN	5,128	1,048	6,027	240	1,048	6,267	7,315	2,531	1997	(j)
1225 Brookville Way	Indianapolis, IN	—	60	—	416	68	408	476	166	1997	(j)
6751 E 30th St	Indianapolis, IN	2,391	728	2,837	235	741	3,059	3,800	1,213	1997	(j)
6575 East 30th Street	Indianapolis, IN	1,880	118	—	2,079	128	2,069	2,197	839	1998	(j)
6585 East 30th Street	Indianapolis, IN	2,875	196	—	3,163	196	3,163	3,359	1,193	1998	(j)
5705-97 Park Plaza Ct.	Indianapolis, IN	2,517	600	2,194	797	609	2,982	3,591	935	2003	(j)
9319-9341 Castlegate Drive	Indianapolis, IN	—	530	1,235	690	544	1,911	2,455	578	2003	(j)
1133 Northwest L Street	Richmond, IN	—	201	1,358	(195)	208	1,156	1,364	561	2006	(j)
14425 Bergen Blvd Miami	Noblesville, IN	—	647	—	3,455	743	3,359	4,102	512	2007	(j)
4700 NW 15th Avenue	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	—	908	1,883	256	912	2,135	3,047	662	2007	(j)
4710 NW 15th Avenue	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	—	830	2,722	260	834	2,978	3,812	733	2007	(j)
4720 NW 15th Avenue	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	—	937	2,455	456	942	2,906	3,848	755	2007	(j)
4740 NW 15th Avenue	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	—	1,107	3,111	320	1,112	3,426	4,538	820	2007	(j)
4750 NW 15th Avenue	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	—	947	3,079	785	951	3,860	4,811	1,075	2007	(j)
4800 NW 15th Avenue	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	—	1,092	3,308	238	1,097	3,541	4,638	898	2007	(j)
6891 NW 74th Street	Medley, FL	—	857	3,428	3,986	864	7,407	8,271	1,346	2007	(j)
12601 &12605 NW 115th Avenue	Medley, FL	—	2,521	—	651	828	2,344	3,172	247	2008	(j)

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Milwaukee N25 W23255 Paul Road	Pewaukee, WI	2,705	569	3,270	1,832	450	5,221	5,671	1,613	1994	(j)
5355 South Westridge Drive	New Berlin, WI	5,334	1,630	7,058	(108)	1,646	6,934	8,580	1,481	2004	(j)
320-334 W. Vogel Avenue	Milwaukee, WI	2,731	506	3,199	(189)	508	3,008	3,516	1,312	2005	(j)
4950 South 6th Avenue	Milwaukee, WI	1,491	299	1,565	263	301	1,826	2,127	880	2005	(j)
17005 W. Ryerson Road	New Berlin, WI	2,971	403	3,647	245	405	3,890	4,295	1,346	2005	(j)
W140 N9059 Lilly Road	Menomonee Falls, WI	—	343	1,153	99	366	1,229	1,595	361	2005	(j)
200 W. Vogel Avenue-Bldg B	Milwaukee, WI	1,689	301	2,150	(42)	302	2,107	2,409	916	2005	(j)
4921 S. 2nd Street	Milwaukee, WI	—	101	713	(214)	58	542	600	272	2005	(j)
1500 Peebles Drive	Richland Center, WI	—	1,577	1,018	(278)	1,528	789	2,317	640	2005	(j)
16600 West Glendale Ave	New Berlin, WI	2,360	704	1,923	877	715	2,789	3,504	1,286	2006	(j)
2905 S. 160th Street	New Berlin, WI	—	261	672	346	265	1,014	1,279	395	2007	(j)
2855 S. 160th Street	New Berlin, WI	—	221	628	120	225	744	969	244	2007	(j)
2485 Commerce Drive	New Berlin, WI	1,514	483	1,516	249	491	1,757	2,248	748	2007	(j)
14518 Whittaker Way	Menomonee Falls, WI	—	437	1,082	396	445	1,470	1,915	456	2007	(j)
N58W15380 Shawn Circle	Menomonee Falls, WI	—	1,188	—	16,949	1,204	16,933	18,137	2,473	2008	(j)
Minneapolis/St. Paul											
6201 West 111th Street	Bloomington, MN	3,627	1,358	8,622	13,463	1,519	21,924	23,443	10,288	1994	(j)
7251-7267 Washington Avenue	Edina, MN	—	129	382	733	182	1,062	1,244	787	1994	(j)
7301-7325 Washington Avenue	Edina, MN	—	174	391	(1)	193	371	564	104	1994	(j)
7101 Winnetka Avenue South	Brooklyn Park, MN	5,765	2,195	6,084	3,923	2,228	9,974	12,202	6,834	1994	(j)
9901 West 74th Street	Eden Prairie, MN	3,306	621	3,289	3,089	639	6,360	6,999	5,278	1994	(j)
1030 Lone Oak Road	Eagan, MN	2,560	456	2,703	642	456	3,345	3,801	1,489	1994	(j)

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1060 Lone Oak Road	Eagan, MN	3,290	624	3,700	560	624	4,260	4,884	1,985	1994	(j)
5400 Nathan Lane	Plymouth, MN	2,850	749	4,461	822	757	5,275	6,032	2,481	1994	(j)
6655 Wedgwood Road	Maple Grove, MN	6,316	1,466	8,342	3,436	1,466	11,778	13,244	5,104	1994	(j)
10120 W 76th Street	Eden Prairie, MN	—	315	1,804	1,876	315	3,680	3,995	1,748	1995	(j)
12155 Nicollet Ave.	Burnsville, MN	—	286	—	1,827	288	1,825	2,113	796	1995	(j)
4100 Peavey Road	Chaska, MN	—	277	2,261	806	277	3,067	3,344	1,268	1996	(j)
5205 Highway 169	Plymouth, MN	—	446	2,525	767	578	3,160	3,738	1,409	1996	(j)
7100-7198 Shady Oak Road	Eden Prairie, MN	4,828	715	4,054	2,400	736	6,433	7,169	2,524	1996	(j)
7500-7546 Washington Avenue	Eden Prairie, MN	—	229	1,300	847	235	2,141	2,376	842	1996	(j)
7550-7586 Washington Avenue	Eden Prairie, MN	—	153	867	281	157	1,144	1,301	484	1996	(j)
5240-5300 Valley Industrial Blvd	Shakopee, MN	2,270	362	2,049	827	371	2,867	3,238	1,115	1996	(j)
500-530 Kasota Avenue SE	Minneapolis, MN	—	415	2,354	1,042	434	3,377	3,811	1,334	1998	(j)
2530-2570 Kasota Avenue	St. Paul, MN	—	407	2,308	836	441	3,110	3,551	1,186	1998	(j)
5775 12th Avenue	Shakopee, MN	4,108	590	—	5,270	590	5,270	5,860	1,871	1998	(j)
1157 Valley Park Drive	Shakopee, MN	—	760	—	6,592	888	6,464	7,352	2,352	1999	(j)
9600 West 76th Street	Eden Prairie, MN	2,317	1,000	2,450	378	1,034	2,794	3,828	848	2004	(j)
9700 West 76th Street	Eden Prairie, MN	3,243	1,000	2,709	871	1,038	3,542	4,580	1,072	2004	(j)
7600 69th Avenue	Greenfield, MN	—	1,500	8,328	1,387	1,510	9,705	11,215	3,234	2004	(j)
5017 Boone Avenue North	New Hope, MN	—	1,000	1,599	(100)	1,009	1,490	2,499	721	2005	(j)

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2300 West Highway 13	Burnsville, MN	—	2,517	6,069	(1,692)	1,296	5,598	6,894	3,092	2005	(j)
1087 Park Place	Shakopee, MN	4,196	1,195	4,891	(666)	1,198	4,222	5,420	961	2005	(j)
5391 12th Avenue SE	Shakopee, MN	4,510	1,392	8,149	(501)	1,395	7,645	9,040	1,700	2005	(j)
4701 Valley Industrial Blvd S	Shakopee, MN	5,660	1,296	7,157	(379)	1,299	6,775	8,074	2,166	2005	(j)
6455 City West Parkway	Eden Prairie, MN	—	659	3,189	949	665	4,132	4,797	701	2006	(j)
7035 Winnetka Avenue North	Brooklyn Park, MN	4,260	1,275	—	6,469	1,343	6,401	7,744	1,081	2007	(j)
139 Eva Street	St. Paul, MN	—	2,132	3,105	90	2,175	3,152	5,327	806	2008	(j)
21900 Dodd Boulevard	Lakeville, MN	9,203	2,289	7,952	—	2,289	7,952	10,241	1,349	2010	(j)
Nashville 1621 Heil Quaker Boulevard	Nashville, TN	1,955	413	2,383	940	430	3,306	3,736	1,484	1995	(j)
3099 Barry Drive	Portland, TN	—	418	2,368	(680)	248	1,858	2,106	988	1996	(j)
1931 Air Lane Drive	Nashville, TN	2,398	489	2,785	286	493	3,067	3,560	1,230	1997	(j)
4640 Cummings Park	Nashville, TN	2,113	360	2,040	613	365	2,648	3,013	884	1999	(j)
1740 River Hills Drive	Nashville, TN	2,898	848	4,383	558	888	4,901	5,789	1,681	2005	(j)
211 Ellery Court	Nashville, TN	2,832	606	3,192	258	616	3,440	4,056	902	2007	(j)
130 Maddox Road	Gallatin, TN	16,406	1,778	—	24,298	1,778	24,298	26,076	3,465	2008	(j)
Northern New Jersey 14 World's Fair Drive	Franklin, NJ	—	483	2,735	704	503	3,419	3,922	1,371	1997	(j)
12 World's Fair Drive	Franklin, NJ	—	572	3,240	1,014	593	4,233	4,826	1,713	1997	(j)
22 World's Fair Drive	Franklin, NJ	—	364	2,064	379	375	2,432	2,807	954	1997	(j)
26 World's Fair Drive	Franklin, NJ	—	361	2,048	508	377	2,540	2,917	979	1997	(j)
24 World's Fair Drive	Franklin, NJ	—	347	1,968	471	362	2,424	2,786	948	1997	(j)
20 World's Fair Drive	Sumerset, NJ	—	9	—	2,555	691	1,873	2,564	603	1999	(j)

Lot 13

45 Route 46	Pine Brook, NJ	—	969	5,491	906	978	6,388	7,366	2,048	2000	(j)
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43 Route 46	Pine Brook, NJ	—	474	2,686	553	479	3,234	3,713	1,108	2000	(j)
39 Route 46	Pine Brook, NJ	—	260	1,471	196	262	1,665	1,927	536	2000	(j)
26 Chapin Road	Pine Brook, NJ	4,654	956	5,415	796	965	6,202	7,167	2,100	2000	(j)
30 Chapin Road	Pine Brook, NJ	4,494	960	5,440	521	969	5,952	6,921	1,961	2000	(j)
20 Hook Mountain Road	Pine Brook, NJ	—	1,507	8,542	2,815	1,534	11,330	12,864	4,276	2000	(j)
30 Hook Mountain Road	Pine Brook, NJ	—	389	2,206	540	396	2,739	3,135	883	2000	(j)
16 Chapin Rod	Pine Brook, NJ	3,538	885	5,015	569	901	5,568	6,469	1,819	2000	(j)
20 Chapin Road	Pine Brook, NJ	4,437	1,134	6,426	550	1,154	6,956	8,110	2,218	2000	(j)
2500 Main Street	Sayreville, NJ	3,534	944	—	4,535	944	4,535	5,479	1,244	2002	(j)
2400 Main Street	Sayreville, NJ	—	996	—	5,527	996	5,527	6,523	1,323	2003	(j)
309-313 Pierce Street Philadelphia	Somerset, NJ	3,478	1,300	4,628	1,020	1,309	5,639	6,948	1,743	2004	(j)
230-240 Welsh Pool Road	Exton, PA	—	154	851	355	170	1,190	1,360	407	1998	(j)
264 Welsh Pool Road	Exton, PA	—	147	811	147	162	943	1,105	355	1998	(j)
254 Welsh Pool Road	Exton, PA	—	75	418	205	91	607	698	238	1998	(j)
243-251 Welsh Pool Road	Exton, PA	—	144	796	364	159	1,145	1,304	402	1998	(j)
151-161 Philips Road	Exton, PA	—	191	1,059	285	229	1,306	1,535	503	1998	(j)
216 Philips Road	Exton, PA	—	199	1,100	499	220	1,578	1,798	618	1998	(j)
14 McFadden Road	Palmer, PA	1,440	600	1,349	(274	) 625	1,050	1,675	231	2004	(j)
2801 Red Lion Road	Philadelphia, PA	—	950	5,916	(62	) 964	5,840	6,804	1,977	2005	(j)
3240 S. 78th Street	Philadelphia, PA	—	515	1,245	(513	) 423	824	1,247	222	2005	(j)
200 Cascade Drive, Bldg. 1	Allen Town, PA	17,193	2,133	17,562	38	2,769	16,964	19,733	4,264	2007	(j)

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200 Cascade Drive, Bldg. 2	Allen Town, PA	2,407	310	2,268	174	316	2,436	2,752	592	2007	(j)
6300 Bristol Pike	Levittown, PA	—	1,074	2,642	(424)	964	2,328	3,292	1,254	2008	(j)
2455 Boulevard of Generals	Norristown, PA	3,548	1,200	4,800	1,088	1,226	5,862	7,088	1,849	2008	(j)
Phoenix 1045 South Edward Drive	Tempe, AZ	—	390	2,160	155	396	2,309	2,705	805	1999	(j)
50 South 56th Street	Chandler, AZ	—	1,206	3,218	1,362	1,252	4,534	5,786	1,003	2004	(j)
4701 W. Jefferson	Phoenix, AZ	2,526	926	2,195	443	929	2,635	3,564	1,272	2005	(j)
7102 W. Roosevelt	Phoenix, AZ	—	1,613	6,451	389	1,620	6,833	8,453	1,971	2006	(j)
4137 West Adams Street	Phoenix, AZ	—	990	2,661	467	1,038	3,080	4,118	883	2006	(j)
245 W. Lodge	Tempe, AZ	—	898	3,066	(1,890)	362	1,712	2,074	650	2007	(j)
1590 E Riverview Dr.	Phoenix, AZ	4,809	1,293	5,950	401	1,292	6,352	7,644	1,171	2008	(j)
14131 N. Rio Vista Blvd	Peoria, AZ	—	2,563	9,388	1,160	2,563	10,548	13,111	2,294	2008	(j)
8716 W. Ludlow Drive	Peoria, AZ	—	2,709	10,970	935	2,709	11,905	14,614	2,347	2008	(j)
3815 W. Washington St.	Phoenix, AZ	3,725	1,675	4,514	149	1,719	4,619	6,338	814	2008	(j)
9180 W. Buckeye Road	Tolleson, AZ	6,872	1,904	6,805	2,251	1,923	9,037	10,960	1,357	2008	(j)
Salt Lake City 1270 West 2320 South	West Valley, UT	—	138	784	144	143	923	1,066	334	1998	(j)
1275 West 2240 South	West Valley, UT	—	395	2,241	275	408	2,503	2,911	962	1998	(j)
1288 West 2240 South	West Valley, UT	—	119	672	128	123	796	919	293	1998	(j)
2235 South 1300 West	West Valley, UT	—	198	1,120	346	204	1,460	1,664	541	1998	(j)
1293 West 2200 South	West Valley, UT	—	158	896	248	163	1,139	1,302	412	1998	(j)

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1279 West 2200 South	West Valley, UT	—	198	1,120	360	204	1,474	1,678	636	1998	(j)
1272 West 2240 South	West Valley, UT	—	336	1,905	415	347	2,309	2,656	891	1998	(j)
1149 West 2240 South	West Valley, UT	—	217	1,232	248	225	1,472	1,697	550	1998	(j)
1142 West 2320 South	West Valley, UT	—	217	1,232	168	225	1,392	1,617	518	1998	(j)
1152 West 2240 South	West Valley, UT	—	1,652	—	2,577	669	3,560	4,229	1,352	2000	(j)
2323 South 900 W	Salt Lake City, UT	—	886	2,995	429	898	3,412	4,310	1,698	2006	(j)
1815-1957 South 4650 West 2100	Salt Lake City, UT	7,372	1,707	10,873	451	1,713	11,318	13,031	2,650	2006	(j)
Alexander Street 2064	West Valley, UT	1,287	376	1,670	293	376	1,963	2,339	421	2007	(j)
Alexander Street Seattle 1901	West Valley, UT	2,076	864	2,771	138	869	2,904	3,773	819	2007	(j)
Raymond Ave SW 19014 64th Avenue South 18640 68th Avenue South 3480	Renton, WA	1,362	4,458	2,659	722	4,594	3,245	7,839	827	2008	(j)
Marginal Way Southern California	Kent, WA	3,164	1,990	3,979	352	2,042	4,279	6,321	914	2008	(j)
1944 Vista Bella Way	Kent, WA	544	1,218	1,950	374	1,258	2,284	3,542	630	2008	(j)
2000 Vista Bella Way	Seattle, WA	—	9,139	5,881	1,228	9,340	6,908	16,248	918	2008	(j)
2835 East Ana Street	Rancho Domingue, CA	3,824	1,746	3,148	562	1,822	3,634	5,456	1,248	2005	(j)
16275 Technology Drive	Rancho Domingue, CA	1,390	817	1,673	287	853	1,924	2,777	653	2005	(j)
	Rancho Domingue, CA	3,049	1,682	2,750	96	1,772	2,756	4,528	804	2005	(j)
	San Diego, CA	—	2,848	8,641	244	2,859	8,874	11,733	2,002	2005	(j)
		4,470	2,124	5,219	1,587	2,143	6,787	8,930	2,145	2006	(j)

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665 N. Baldwin Park Blvd. 27801 Avenue Scott	City of Industry, CA	7,499	2,890	7,020	788	2,902	7,796	10,698	2,084	2006	(j)
2610 & 2660 Columbia St	Torrance, CA	4,796	3,008	5,826	748	3,031	6,551	9,582	1,517	2006	(j)
433 Alaska Avenue	Torrance, CA	—	681	168	19	684	184	868	95	2006	(j)
4020 S. Compton Ave	Los Angeles, CA	—	3,800	7,330	71	3,825	7,376	11,201	1,629	2006	(j)

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SCHEDULE III:
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
As of December 31, 2013

Building Address	Location (City/State)	(a) Encumbrances	(b) Initial Cost		(c) Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition or Completion and Provision		Gross Amount Carried At Close of Period 12/31/13			Year Acquired/ Constructed	Depreciable Lives (Years)
			Land	Building and Improvements	Land	Building and Improvements	Land	Building and Total Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/2013		
(In thousands)											
6305 El Camino Real	Carlsbad, CA	—	1,590	6,360	7,730	1,590	14,090	15,680	2,965	2006	(j)
2325 Camino Vida Roble	Carlsbad, CA	2,049	1,441	1,239	706	1,446	1,940	3,386	483	2006	(j)
2335 Camino Vida Roble	Carlsbad, CA	1,115	817	762	263	821	1,021	1,842	355	2006	(j)
2345 Camino Vida Roble	Carlsbad, CA	720	562	456	88	565	541	1,106	238	2006	(j)
2355 Camino Vida Roble	Carlsbad, CA	596	481	365	139	483	502	985	182	2006	(j)
2365 Camino Vida Roble	Carlsbad, CA	1,204	1,098	630	261	1,102	887	1,989	280	2006	(j)
2375 Camino Vida Roble	Carlsbad, CA	1,412	1,210	874	185	1,214	1,055	2,269	385	2006	(j)
6451 El Camino Real	Carlsbad, CA	—	2,885	1,931	728	2,895	2,649	5,544	852	2006	(j)
8572 Spectrum Lane	San Diego, CA	2,237	806	3,225	439	807	3,663	4,470	753	2007	(j)
13100 Gregg Street	Poway, CA	—	1,040	4,160	341	1,073	4,468	5,541	1,153	2007	(j)
21730-21748 Marilla St.	Chatsworth, CA	2,988	2,585	3,210	99	2,608	3,286	5,894	833	2007	(j)
8015 Paramount	Pico Rivera, CA	—	3,616	3,902	61	3,657	3,922	7,579	1,215	2007	(j)
3365 E. Slauson	Vernon, CA	—	2,367	3,243	40	2,396	3,254	5,650	1,062	2007	(j)
3015 East Ana	Rancho Domingue, CA	—	19,678	9,321	6,271	20,144	15,126	35,270	2,954	2007	(j)
19067 Reyes Ave	Rancho Domingue, CA	—	9,281	3,920	40	9,381	3,860	13,241	1,389	2007	(j)
24870 Nandina Avenue	Moreno Valley, CA	—	13,543	—	20,904	6,482	27,965	34,447	848	2012	(j)
1250 Rancho Conejo Blvd.	Thousand Oaks, CA	—	1,435	779	42	1,441	815	2,256	280	2007	(j)

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1260 Rancho Conejo Blvd.	Thousand Oaks, CA	—	1,353	722	(844)) 675	556	1,231	219	2007	(j)
1270 Rancho Conejo Blvd.	Thousand Oaks, CA	—	1,224	716	21	1,229	732	1,961	258	2007	(j)
1280 Rancho Conejo Blvd.	Thousand Oaks, CA	2,971	2,043	3,408	(233)	) 2,051	3,167	5,218	586	2007	(j)
1290 Rancho Conejo Blvd	Thousand Oaks, CA	2,559	1,754	2,949	(204)	) 1,761	2,738	4,499	512	2007	(j)
100 West Sinclair Street	Riverside, CA	—	4,894	3,481	(4,546)	) 1,819	2,010	3,829	1,165	2007	(j)
14050 Day Street	Moreno Valley, CA	3,376	2,538	2,538	290	2,565	2,801	5,366	668	2008	(j)
12925 Marlay Avenue	Fontana, CA	9,265	6,072	7,891	762	6,090	8,635	14,725	2,669	2008	(j)
18201-18291 Santa Fe	Rancho Domingue, CA	10,015	6,720	—	9,197	6,897	9,020	15,917	1,409	2008	(j)
1011 Rancho Conejo	Thousand Oaks, CA	5,629	7,717	2,518	(187)	) 7,752	2,296	10,048	852	2008	(j)
2300 Corporate Center Drive	Thousand Oaks, CA	—	6,506	4,885	(5,433)	) 3,236	2,722	5,958	803	2008	(j)
20700 Denker Avenue	Rancho Domingue, CA	5,399	5,767	2,538	1,470	5,964	3,811	9,775	1,388	2008	(j)
18408 Laurel Park Road	Rancho Domingue, CA	—	2,850	2,850	722	2,874	3,548	6,422	736	2008	(j)
19021 S. Reyes Ave.	Rancho Domingue, CA	—	8,183	7,501	761	8,545	7,900	16,445	1,390	2008	(j)
6185 Kimball Ave	Chino, CA	—	6,385	—	12,335	6,382	12,338	18,720	297	2013	(j)
5555 Bandini Blvd	Bell, CA	—	32,536	—	20,668	32,540	20,664	53,204	128	2013	(j)
Southern New Jersey											

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2060 Springdale Road	Cherry Hill, NJ	—	258	1,436	795	258	2,231	2,489	916	1998	(j)
111 Whittendale Drive	Morrestown, NJ	1,933	522	2,916	425	522	3,341	3,863	1,095	2000	(j)
7851 Airport Highway	Pennsauken, NJ	—	160	508	381	162	887	1,049	313	2003	(j)
103 Central Avenue	Mt. Laurel, NJ	—	610	1,847	1,239	619	3,077	3,696	935	2003	(j)
7890 Airport Hwy/7015 Central	Pennsauken, NJ	1,182	300	989	543	425	1,407	1,832	814	2006	(j)
600 Creek Road	Delanco, NJ	—	2,125	6,504	(4,089)	1,557	2,983	4,540	596	2007	(j)
St. Louis 8921-8971 Frost Avenue	Hazelwood, MO	—	431	2,479	835	431	3,314	3,745	1,398	1994	(j)
9043-9083 Frost Avenue	Hazelwood, MO	—	319	1,838	2,318	319	4,156	4,475	1,397	1994	(j)
10431 Midwest Industrial Blvd	Olivette, MO	1,284	237	1,360	444	237	1,804	2,041	789	1994	(j)
10751 Midwest Industrial Boulevard	Olivette, MO	—	193	1,119	294	194	1,412	1,606	542	1994	(j)
6951 N Hanley	(d) Hazelwood, MO	—	405	2,295	2,465	419	4,746	5,165	1,656	1996	(j)
1067-1083 Warson-Bldg A	St. Louis, MO	1,685	246	1,359	798	251	2,152	2,403	510	2002	(j)
1093-1107 Warson-Bldg B	St. Louis, MO	2,877	380	2,103	1,622	388	3,717	4,105	929	2002	(j)
1113-1129 Warson-Bldg C	St. Louis, MO	2,404	303	1,680	1,446	310	3,119	3,429	993	2002	(j)
1131-1151 Warson-Bldg D	St. Louis, MO	2,188	353	1,952	817	360	2,762	3,122	919	2002	(j)
6821-6857 Hazelwood Avenue	Berkeley, MO	—	985	6,205	556	985	6,761	7,746	1,946	2003	(j)
13701 Rider Trail North	Earth City, MO	—	800	2,099	710	804	2,805	3,609	883	2003	(j)
1908-2000 Innerbelt	(d) Overland, MO	7,343	1,590	9,026	1,018	1,591	10,043	11,634	3,515	2004	(j)

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9060 Latty Avenue 21-25 Gateway Commerce Center	Berkeley, MO	—	687	1,947	(241)	694	1,699	2,393	1,354	2006	(j)
6647 Romiss Court	Edwardsville, IL	—	1,874	31,958	(470)	1,902	31,460	33,362	6,418	2006	(j)
Tampa	St. Louis, MO	—	230	681	(8)	241	662	903	210	2008	(j)
5313 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	—	204	1,159	541	257	1,647	1,904	546	1997	(j)
5525 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	—	192	1,086	263	200	1,341	1,541	499	1997	(j)
5709 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	—	192	1,086	170	200	1,248	1,448	501	1997	(j)
5711 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	—	243	1,376	159	255	1,523	1,778	599	1997	(j)
5453 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	71	402	147	82	538	620	217	1997	(j)
5455 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	307	1,742	724	326	2,447	2,773	931	1997	(j)
5553 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	307	1,742	353	326	2,076	2,402	822	1997	(j)
5501 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	215	871	300	242	1,144	1,386	455	1997	(j)
5503 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	98	402	313	110	703	813	321	1997	(j)
5555 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	213	1,206	277	221	1,475	1,696	627	1997	(j)
5557 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	59	335	52	62	384	446	150	1997	(j)
5463 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	497	2,751	673	560	3,361	3,921	1,260	1998	(j)
5461 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	261	—	1,305	265	1,301	1,566	495	1998	(j)
5481 W Waters Avenue	Tampa, FL	—	558	—	2,498	561	2,495	3,056	977	1999	(j)
4515-4519 George Road	Tampa, FL	2,532	633	3,587	838	640	4,418	5,058	1,404	2001	(j)
6089 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	932	180	987	114	186	1,095	1,281	380	2004	(j)

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6091 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	649	140	730	48	144	774	918	269	2004	(j)
6103 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	978	220	1,160	2	226	1,156	1,382	339	2004	(j)
6201 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	932	200	1,107	10	205	1,112	1,317	396	2004	(j)
6203 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	1,331	300	1,460	122	311	1,571	1,882	705	2004	(j)

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6205 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	1,260	270	1,363	149	278	1,504	1,782	387	2004	(j)
6101 Johns Road	Tampa, FL	739	210	833	1	216	828	1,044	276	2004	(j)
4908 Tampa West Blvd	Tampa, FL	—	2,622	8,643	(820)	2,635	7,810	10,445	2,421	2005	(j)
7201-7281 Bryan Dairy Road	(d)Largo, FL	—	1,895	5,408	(1,524)	1,365	4,414	5,779	1,006	2006	(j)
11701 Belcher Road South	Largo, FL	—	1,657	2,768	(1,656)	852	1,917	2,769	637	2006	(j)
4900-4914 Creekside Drive	(h) Clearwater, FL	—	3,702	7,338	(3,252)	2,245	5,543	7,788	1,867	2006	(j)
12345 Starkey Road	Largo, FL	—	898	2,078	(643)	599	1,734	2,333	606	2006	(j)
Other 5050 Kendrick Court	Grand Rapids, MI	—	1,721	11,433	(2,272)	988	9,894	10,882	7,052	1994	(j)
2250 Delaware Ave.	Des Moines, IA	—	277	1,609	(58)	173	1,655	1,828	771	1998	(j)
9601A Dessau Road	Austin, TX	1,225	255	—	1,884	366	1,773	2,139	637	1999	(j)
9601C Dessau Road	Austin, TX	1,355	248	—	2,119	355	2,012	2,367	1,029	1999	(j)
9601B Dessau Road	Austin, TX	1,209	248	—	1,863	355	1,756	2,111	595	2000	(j)
6266 Hurt Road	Horn Lake, MS	—	427	—	3,782	387	3,822	4,209	806	2004	(j)
6301 Hazeltine National Drive	Orlando, FL	3,809	909	4,613	203	920	4,805	5,725	1,693	2005	(j)
12626 Silicon Drive	San Antonio, TX	2,580	768	3,448	(216)	779	3,221	4,000	1,024	2005	(j)
3100 Pinson Valley Parkway	Birmingham, AL	—	303	742	(285)	225	535	760	186	2005	(j)
3730 Wheeler Avenue	Fort Smith, AR	—	720	2,800	(589)	583	2,348	2,931	736	2006	(j)

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3200 Pond Station 581	Jefferson County, KY	—	2,074	—	9,896	2,120	9,850	11,970	1,734	2007	(j)
Welltown Road/Tyson Blvd	Winchester, VA	—	2,320	—	10,885	2,401	10,804	13,205	1,767	2007	(j)

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SCHEDULE III:
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
As of December 31, 2013

Building Address	Location (City/ State)	(a) Encumbrances	(b) Initial Cost		(c) Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition or Completion and Valuation Provision	Gross Amount Carried At Close of Period 12/31/13			Accumul Deprecia 12/31/20	
			Land	Building and Improvements		Land	Building and Improvements	Total		
			(In thousands)							
7501 NW 106th Terrace	Kansas City, MO	11,200	4,152	—	13,649	4,228	13,573	17,801	1,767	
600 Greene Drive	Greenville, KY	—	294	8,570	(727)	296	7,841	8,137	3,509	
Developments / Land Parcels										
Developments / Land Parcels	(i)	—	147,085	430	2,897	(k) 137,641	12,771	150,412	1,714	
Total		\$677,890	\$730,667	\$1,652,430	\$710,947	\$703,478	\$2,390,566	\$3,094,044	\$748,044	

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FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.

SCHEDULE III:

REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

As of December 31, 2013

NOTES:

- (a) See description of encumbrances in Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- (b) Initial cost for each respective property is tangible purchase price allocated in accordance with FASB's guidance on business combinations.
- (c) Improvements are net of the write-off of fully depreciated assets and impairment of real estate.
- (d) Comprised of two properties.
- (e) Comprised of three properties.
- (f) Comprised of four properties.
- (g) Comprised of five properties.
- (h) Comprised of eight properties.
- (i) These properties represent developable land and land parcels for which we receive ground lease income.
- (j) Depreciation is computed based upon the following estimated lives:

Buildings and Improvements	7 to 50 years
Land Improvements	3 to 20 years
Tenant Improvements	Shorter of Lease Term or Useful Life

- (k) Includes foreign currency translation adjustments.

At December 31, 2013, the aggregate cost of land and buildings and equipment for federal income tax purpose was approximately \$3.1 billion (excluding construction in progress).

The changes in investment in real estate, including investment in real estate held for sale, for the three years ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	2013	2012	2011
	(In thousands)		
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$3,130,942	\$3,115,050	\$3,140,649
Acquisition of Real Estate Assets	69,481	65,770	22,953
Construction Costs and Improvements	100,207	74,116	72,822
Disposition of Real Estate Assets	(142,369)	(94,093)	(91,312)
Impairment of Real Estate	(2,652)	(1,246)	2,661
Write-off of Fully Depreciated Assets	(36,062)	(28,655)	(32,723)
Balance, End of Year	\$3,119,547	\$3,130,942	\$3,115,050

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The changes in accumulated depreciation, including accumulated depreciation for real estate held for sale, for the three years ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	2013	2012	2011
	(In thousands)		
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$735,593	\$695,931	\$663,310
Depreciation for Year	94,271	100,074	95,931
Disposition of Assets	(45,758)	(31,757)	(30,587)
Write-off of Fully Depreciated Assets	(36,062)	(28,655)	(32,723)
Balance, End of Year	\$748,044	\$735,593	\$695,931

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SCHEDULE IV:
MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE
As of December 31, 2013
(In thousands)

Description	Interest rate	Final Maturity Date	Periodic Payment Terms	Prior Liens	Face Amount of Mortgages	Carrying Amount of Mortgages *	Principal Amount of Loans Subject to Delinquent Principal or Interest
Borrower A	4.75	% 3/31/2014	Interest monthly and principal at maturity	N/A	\$9,800	\$9,800	N/A
Borrower B	4.75	% 12/26/2014	Interest monthly and principal at maturity	N/A	2,720	2,720	N/A
Borrower C	6.75	% 6/30/2015	Interest and principal monthly	N/A	10,325	9,821	N/A
Borrower D	7.50	% 12/22/2016	Interest and principal monthly	N/A	8,030	7,165	N/A
Borrower E	6.35	% 6/30/2017	Interest and principal monthly	N/A	24,207	23,099	N/A
					\$55,082	\$52,605	

* Carrying amount includes all applicable accrued interest and accretion of discount to date, net of amounts reserved for loan losses.

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Balance at Beginning of Period	\$40,771	\$47,420	\$50,687
Additions During Period:			
New Mortgage Loans	12,520	—	7,029
Accretion of Discount	64	64	64
Deductions During Period:			
Provision for Loan Loss Reserve	(150) —	—
Collections of Principal	(598) (6,707) (10,304
Interest	(2) (6) (56
Balance at Close of Period	\$52,605	\$40,771	\$47,420

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST, INC.
 By: /S/ BRUCE W. DUNCAN
 Bruce W. Duncan
 President, Chief Executive Officer and
 Director (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 27, 2014

By: /S/ SCOTT A. MUSIL
 Scott A. Musil
 Chief Financial and Accounting Officer
 (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: February 27, 2014

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/S/ W. EDWIN TYLER W. Edwin Tyler	Chairman of the Board of Directors	February 27, 2014
/S/ BRUCE W. DUNCAN Bruce W. Duncan	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	February 27, 2014
/S/ MATTHEW DOMINSKI Matthew Dominski	Director	February 27, 2014
/S/ H. PATRICK HACKETT, JR. H. Patrick Hackett, Jr.	Director	February 27, 2014
/S/ JOHN E. RAU John E. Rau	Director	February 27, 2014
/S/ L. PETER SHARPE L. Peter Sharpe	Director	February 27, 2014