

REX AMERICAN RESOURCES Corp  
Form 10-Q  
December 09, 2010

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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

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**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended October 31, 2010

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 001-09097

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**REX AMERICAN RESOURCES CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**31-1095548**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

**2875 Needmore Road, Dayton, Ohio**  
(Address of principal executive offices) **45414**  
(Zip Code)  
**(937) 276-3931**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

At the close of business on December 8, 2010 the registrant had 9,489,944 shares of Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding.

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REX AMERICAN RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## REX AMERICAN RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets

## Unaudited

	October 31, 2010	January 31, 2010
(In Thousands)		
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,563	\$ 100,398
Accounts receivable, net	12,242	9,123
Inventory, net	10,546	8,698
Refundable income taxes	7,442	12,813
Prepaid expenses and other	3,846	2,691
Deferred taxes, net	5,000	6,375
Total current assets	126,639	140,098
Property and equipment, net	231,101	246,874
Other assets	7,035	8,880
Deferred taxes, net	4,282	8,468
Equity method investments	64,360	44,071
Investments in debt instruments		1,014
Restricted investments and deposits	1,600	2,100
Total assets	\$ 435,017	\$ 451,505
Liabilities and equity:		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligations, alternative energy	\$ 13,160	\$ 12,935
Current portion of long-term debt, other	336	371
Accounts payable, trade	7,060	6,976
Deferred income	4,804	7,818
Accrued restructuring charges	444	511
Accrued real estate taxes	1,526	2,968
Derivative financial instruments	2,101	1,829
Other current liabilities	6,360	5,442
Total current liabilities	35,791	38,850
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations, alternative energy	103,167	124,093
Long-term debt, other	2,011	2,596
Deferred income	3,125	6,396
Derivative financial instruments	4,482	4,055
Other	4,822	419
Total long-term liabilities	117,607	137,559
Equity:		
REX shareholders' equity:		
Common stock	299	299
Paid-in capital	142,270	141,698

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Retained earnings	300,656	290,984
Treasury stock	(192,207)	(186,407)
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax		49
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total REX shareholders' equity	251,018	246,623
Noncontrolling interests	30,601	28,473
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total equity	281,619	275,096
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 435,017	\$ 451,505
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements.

**REX AMERICAN RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Consolidated Condensed Statements Of Operations**  
**Unaudited**

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)				
Net sales and revenue	\$ 70,343	\$ 61,679	\$ 206,738	\$ 93,061
Cost of sales	63,538	55,880	186,516	86,179
Gross profit	6,805	5,799	20,222	6,882
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(1,929)	(1,540)	(5,923)	(3,701)
Interest income	121	92	408	356
Interest expense	(1,375)	(1,642)	(4,135)	(3,116)
Loss on early termination of debt			(48)	(113)
Equity in income of unconsolidated ethanol affiliates	3,694	1,221	7,625	1,144
Other income	116	766	117	766
Losses on derivative financial instruments, net	(495)	(899)	(2,538)	(1,561)
Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes and discontinued operations	6,937	3,797	15,728	657
Provision for income taxes	(2,538)	(1,140)	(5,730)	(348)
Income from continuing operations including noncontrolling interests	4,399	2,657	9,998	309
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	546	628	1,593	1,144
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations, net of tax	156		209	123
Net income including noncontrolling interests	5,101	3,285	11,800	1,576
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(851)	(1,012)	(2,128)	(195)
Net income attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 4,250	\$ 2,273	\$ 9,672	\$ 1,381
Weighted average shares outstanding basic	9,541	9,161	9,723	9,229
Basic income per share from continuing operations attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.01
Basic income per share from discontinued operations attributable to REX common shareholders	0.06	0.07	0.16	0.13
Basic income per share on disposal of discontinued operations attributable to REX common shareholders	0.02		0.02	0.01
Basic net income per share attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.99	\$ 0.15
Weighted average shares outstanding diluted	9,682	9,464	9,900	9,478
Diluted income per share from continuing operations attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.01
	0.06	0.07	0.16	0.13

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Diluted income per share from discontinued operations attributable to REX common shareholders

Diluted income per share on disposal of discontinued operations attributable to REX common shareholders

	0.02		0.02	0.01
	<u>0.44</u>	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.98</u>	<u>0.15</u>

Diluted net income per share attributable to REX common shareholders

Amounts attributable to REX common shareholders:

Income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ 3,548	\$ 1,645	\$ 7,870	\$ 114
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	702	628	1,802	1,267
Net income	<u>\$ 4,250</u>	<u>\$ 2,273</u>	<u>\$ 9,672</u>	<u>\$ 1,381</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements.

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**REX AMERICAN RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Condensed Statements Of Equity**

**Unaudited**

(In Thousands)

**REX Shareholders**

	<b>Common Shares Issued</b>		<b>Treasury</b>		<b>Paid-in Capital</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>Noncontrolling Interests</b>	<b>Total Equity</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>					
Balance at January 31, 2010	29,853	\$ 299	20,045	\$ (186,407)	\$ 141,698	\$ 290,984	\$ 49	\$ 28,473	\$ 275,096
Net income						9,672		2,128	11,800
Treasury stock acquired			415	(6,666)					(6,666)
Reclassification adjustment for net gains included in net income, net of tax							(49)		(49)
Stock options and related tax effects			(93)	866	572				1,438
Balance at October 31, 2010	29,853	\$ 299	20,367	\$ (192,207)	\$ 142,270	\$ 300,656	\$	\$ 30,601	\$ 281,619

**REX Shareholders**

	<b>Common Shares Issued</b>		<b>Treasury</b>		<b>Paid-in Capital</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>Noncontrolling Interests</b>	<b>Total Equity</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>					
Balance at January 31, 2009	29,853	\$ 299	20,471	\$ (186,057)	\$ 142,486	\$ 282,332	\$	\$ 24,573	\$ 263,633
Net income						1,381		195	1,576
Treasury stock acquired			535	(5,543)					(5,543)
Stock based compensation					234				234
Unrealized holding gains, net of tax							49		49
Stock options and related tax effects			(148)	1,345	86				1,431
Balance at October 31, 2009	29,853	\$ 299	20,858	\$ (190,255)	\$ 142,806	\$ 283,713	\$ 49	\$ 24,768	\$ 261,380

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements.





**REX AMERICAN RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Consolidated Condensed Statements Of Cash Flows**  
**Unaudited**

	Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009
	(In Thousands)	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income including noncontrolling interests	\$ 11,800	\$ 1,576
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	12,836	6,489
Impairment charges	687	
Income from equity method investments	(7,625)	(1,144)
Gain on disposal of real estate and property and equipment	(461)	(51)
Dividends received from equity method investees	1,057	
Deferred income	(6,285)	(14,031)
Derivative financial instruments	699	514
Deferred income tax	5,512	(1,521)
Other		248
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(3,119)	(5,064)
Inventory	(1,848)	16,701
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,216	2,859
Other long-term assets	1,495	2,211
Accounts payable, trade	84	(6,208)
Other liabilities	(799)	(3,320)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	18,249	(741)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(3,799)	(34,532)
Purchase of equity method investment	(9,216)	(25)
Principal payments received on investment in debt instruments	1,014	
Proceeds from sale of real estate and property and equipment	6,966	1,002
Restricted cash		(1,025)
Proceeds from sale of restricted investments	500	184
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,535)	(34,396)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	(21,321)	(12,080)
Proceeds from long-term debt		43,974
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,438	1,243
Treasury stock acquired	(6,666)	(5,543)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(26,549)	27,594
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(12,835)	(7,543)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	100,398	91,991
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 87,563	\$ 84,448
Non cash investing activities		
Contingent consideration for purchase of equity method investment	\$ 4,611	\$

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements.

REX AMERICAN RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

October 31, 2010

**Note 1. Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements**

The consolidated condensed financial statements included in this report have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary to state fairly the information set forth therein. Any such adjustments were of a normal recurring nature. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. Financial information as of January 31, 2010 included in these financial statements has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2010 (fiscal year 2009). It is suggested that these unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2010. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year.

**Basis of Consolidation** The consolidated condensed financial statements in this report include the operating results and financial position of REX American Resources Corporation and its wholly and majority owned subsidiaries. The Company includes the results of operations of Levelland Hockley County Ethanol, LLC ( Levelland Hockley ) and One Earth Energy, LLC ( One Earth ) in its Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations on a delayed basis of one month.

**Nature of Operations** The Company operates in two reportable segments, alternative energy and real estate. The Company substantially completed the exit of its retail business during the second quarter of fiscal year 2009, although it will continue to recognize revenue and expense associated with administering extended service policies as discontinued operations.

**Reclassifications** Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation. In addition, during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2009, the Company identified an error in its classification of certain closed retail stores as continuing operations as of January 31, 2009 and for the interim periods subsequent to January 31, 2009 and for the classification of its extended warranty operations as continuing operations for interim periods subsequent to April 30, 2009. Management evaluated the effects of the error on the consolidated financial statements and concluded the error was not material; however, prior period results have been reclassified to correct the presentation of continuing and discontinued operations as disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2010. The error had no impact on net income or loss; however it did impact the classification of income or loss from continuing and discontinued operations.

**Note 2. Accounting Policies**

The interim consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies described in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K. While management believes that the procedures followed in the preparation of interim financial information are reasonable, the accuracy of some estimated amounts is dependent upon facts that will exist or calculations that will be accomplished at fiscal year end. Examples of such estimates include management bonuses, restructuring accruals, the fair value of financial instruments, lower of cost or market inventory calculations, reserves for bad debts and the provision for income taxes. Any adjustments pursuant to such estimates during the quarter were of a normal recurring nature. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Revenue Recognition**

The Company recognizes sales from the production of ethanol and distillers grains when title transfers to customers upon shipment from the ethanol plant. Shipping and handling charges to ethanol customers are included in net sales and revenue.

The Company includes income from real estate leasing activities in net sales and revenue. The Company accounts for these leases as operating leases. Accordingly, minimum rental revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Prior to exiting the retail business, the Company sold retail product service contracts covering periods beyond the normal manufacturers warranty periods, usually with terms of coverage (including manufacturers' warranty periods) of between 12 to 60 months. Contract revenues and sales commissions are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the contracts after the expiration of applicable manufacturers' warranty periods. The Company retains the obligation to perform warranty service and such costs are expensed as incurred. All related revenue and expense is classified as discontinued operations.

**Cost of Sales**

Ethanol cost of sales includes depreciation, costs of raw materials, inbound freight charges, purchasing and receiving costs, inspection costs, other distribution expenses, warehousing costs, plant management, certain compensation costs, and general facility overhead charges.

Real estate cost of sales includes depreciation, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance and other costs directly associated with operating the Company's portfolio of real property.

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses**

The Company includes non-production related costs from its alternative energy segment such as certain payroll and related costs, professional fees and other general expenses in selling, general and administrative expenses.

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The Company includes costs not directly related to operating its portfolio of real property from its real estate segment such as certain payroll and related costs, professional fees and other general expenses in selling, general and administrative expenses.

The Company includes costs associated with its corporate headquarters such as certain payroll and related costs, professional fees and other general expenses in selling, general and administrative expenses.

### Interest Cost

No interest was capitalized for the nine months ended October 31, 2010. Interest expense of \$3,116,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2009 is net of approximately \$1,651,000 of interest capitalized. Cash paid for interest for the nine months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009 was approximately \$3,648,000 and \$1,620,000, respectively.

### Financial Instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage its balance of fixed and variable rate debt. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. Interest rate swap agreements involve the exchange of fixed and variable rate interest payments and do not represent an actual exchange of the notional amounts between the parties. The swap agreements were not designated for hedge accounting pursuant to ASC815. The interest rate swaps are recorded at their fair values and the changes in fair values are recorded as gain or loss on derivative financial instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations. The Company paid settlements of interest rate swaps of approximately \$1,839,000 and \$1,047,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Forward grain purchase and ethanol and distillers grain sale contracts are accounted for under the normal purchases and normal sales scope exemption of ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging* ( ASC 815 ) because these arrangements are for purchases of grain that will be delivered in quantities expected to be used by the Company and sales of ethanol and distillers grain quantities expected to be produced by the Company over a reasonable period of time in the normal course of business.

### Income Taxes

The Company applies an effective tax rate to interim periods that is consistent with the Company's estimated annual tax rate. The Company provides for deferred tax liabilities and assets for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. The Company provides for a valuation allowance if, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company paid no income taxes during the nine months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009. The Company received income tax refunds of \$5,541,000 and \$1,009,000 during the nine months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

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As of October 31, 2010, total unrecognized tax benefits were \$2,200,000 and accrued penalties and interest were \$223,000. If the Company were to prevail on all unrecognized tax benefits recorded, approximately \$129,000 of the reserve would benefit the effective tax rate. In addition, the impact of penalties and interest would also benefit the effective tax rate. Interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits are recorded within income tax expense. On a quarterly and annual basis, the Company accrues for the effects of open uncertain tax positions and the related potential penalties and interest.

### Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Alternative energy segment inventory includes direct production costs and certain overhead costs such as depreciation, property taxes and utilities related to producing ethanol and related by-products. Reserves are established for estimated net realizable value based primarily upon commodity prices. The components of inventory at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	October 31, 2010	January 31, 2010
Ethanol and other finished goods	\$ 2,135	\$ 1,784
Work in process	2,066	1,577
Grain and other raw materials	6,345	5,147
Retail merchandise, net		190
Total	\$ 10,546	\$ 8,698

### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Assets under capital leases are capitalized at the lower of the net present value of minimum lease payments or the fair market value of the leased asset. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are 15 to 40 years for buildings and improvements, and 3 to 20 years for fixtures and equipment.

In accordance with ASC 360-05 *Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, the carrying value of long-lived assets is assessed for recoverability by management when changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, based on an analysis of undiscounted future expected cash flows from the use and ultimate disposition of the asset. Impairment charges were approximately \$0.7 million in the first nine months of fiscal year 2010; \$0.5 million of this amount related to properties classified as discontinued operations and \$0.2 million related to the Company's real estate segment. No impairment charges were recorded in the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. Impairment charges result from the Company's management performing cash flow analysis and represent management's estimate of the excess of net book value over fair value. Fair value is estimated using expected future cash flows on a discounted basis, appraisals of specific properties, or pending sales contracts of specific properties as appropriate. Long-lived assets are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. Generally, declining cash flows from an ethanol plant or deterioration in local real

estate market conditions are indicators of possible impairment for assets held for use.

## Investments

In accordance with ASC 320-10 *Investments-Debt and Equity Securities*, the Company periodically evaluates its investments for impairment due to declines in market value considered to be other than temporary. Such impairment evaluations include, in addition to persistent, declining market prices, general economic and company-specific evaluations. If the Company determines that a decline in market value is other than temporary, then a charge to earnings is recorded in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for all or a portion of the unrealized loss and a new cost basis in the investment is established.

## Accounting Changes and Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued a new accounting standard that clarified how a company determines whether an entity, that is insufficiently capitalized or not controlled through voting (or similar rights), should be consolidated (ASC Topic 810). This determination of whether a company is required to consolidate an entity is based on, among other things, an entity's purpose and design and a company's ability to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. This standard requires an ongoing reassessment of whether a company is the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity. This standard also requires additional disclosures about a company's involvement in variable interest entities and any significant changes in risk exposure due to that involvement. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2009. The Company adopted this standard as of January 31, 2010. This standard did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ( ASU 2010-06 ), which adds new disclosure requirements for transfers into and out of Levels 1 and 2 in the fair value hierarchy and additional disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements relating to Level 3 fair value measurements. This ASU also clarifies existing fair value disclosures about the level of disaggregation about inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The ASU was effective February 1, except for the requirement to provide the Level 3 activity on a gross basis, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010 and interim periods within those years. This standard did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.



**Note 3. Comprehensive Income**

The components of comprehensive income are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	October 31, 2010	October 31, 2009	October 31, 2010	October 31, 2009
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Net income attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 4,250	\$ 2,273	\$ 9,672	\$ 1,381
Unrealized holding gains on available for sale securities, net of tax		12		49
Reclassification adjustment for net gains included in net income, net of tax			(49)	
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total comprehensive income	\$ 4,250	\$ 2,285	\$ 9,623	\$ 1,430
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**Note 4. Sale and Leaseback Transaction and Other Leases**

On April 30, 2007, the Company completed a transaction for the sale of 86 of its former store locations to KLAC REX, LLC ( Klac ) for \$74.5 million in cash, before selling expenses. The Company also entered into leases to leaseback 40 of the properties from Klac for initial lease terms expiring January 31, 2010. All of the leases with Klac had been terminated as of January 31, 2010.

This transaction resulted in a gain (realized and deferred) of \$14.8 million. Of this gain, \$3.9 million was recognized in the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. No gain was recognized in the first nine months of fiscal year 2010. As a result of the wind down of the Company's retail business, the term over which the deferred gain was being amortized was shortened and is based upon the Company abandoning, or otherwise ceasing use of, the leased property. See Note 13 for a discussion of restructuring related charges.

At October 31, 2010, the Company has leases, as landlord, for all or portions of 16 owned former retail store and warehouse locations, which are included in property and equipment, net on the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet. All of the leases are accounted for as operating leases.

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The following table is a summary of future minimum rentals on such leases (amounts in thousands):

Years Ended January 31,	Minimum Rentals
Remainder of 2011	\$ 321
2012	1,123
2013	1,069
2014	939
2015	920
Thereafter	1,979
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 6,351</b>

The Company leases, as lessee, certain real estate and equipment for its ethanol plants. The leases have been classified as capital leases. The following is a summary, at October 31, 2010, of the aggregate future minimum annual rental commitments for all capital leases (amounts in thousands):

Years Ended January 31,	Minimum Rentals
Remainder of 2011	\$ 148
2012	593
2013	529
2014	393
<b>Total minimum lease payments</b>	<b>1,663</b>
Less amount representing interest	104
<b>Present value of minimum capital lease payments</b>	<b>1,559</b>
Less current maturities of capital lease obligations	524
<b>Long term capital lease obligations</b>	<b>\$ 1,035</b>

### Note 5. Fair Value

The Company applies ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, ( ASC 820 ) which provides a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP. This accounting standard defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

The Company determines the fair market values of its financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy established by ASC 820. ASC 820 requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values which are provided below. The Company carries cash equivalents, investments in debt securities, restricted investments, derivative liabilities and contingent consideration liabilities at fair value.

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Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 1 assets and liabilities include debt and equity securities and derivative contracts that are traded in an active exchange market, as well as certain U.S. Treasury securities that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Level 2 assets and liabilities include derivative contracts whose value is determined using a pricing model with inputs that are observable in the market or can be derived principally or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methods, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation. Unobservable inputs shall be developed based on the best information available, which may include the Company's own data.

The fair values of interest rate swaps are determined by using quantitative models that discount future cash flows using the LIBOR forward interest rate curve. Estimation risk is greater for derivative asset and liability positions that are either option-based or have longer maturity dates where observable market inputs are less readily available or are unobservable, in which case interest rate, price or index scenarios are extrapolated in order to determine the fair value. The fair values of derivative assets and liabilities include adjustments for market liquidity, counterparty credit quality, the Company's own credit standing and other specific factors, where appropriate. To ensure the prudent application of estimates and management judgment in determining the fair value of derivative assets and liabilities, various processes and controls have been adopted, which include: model validation that requires a review and approval for pricing, financial statement fair value determination and risk quantification; periodic review and substantiation of profit and loss reporting for all derivative instruments.

The fair values of contingent consideration liabilities are determined using quantitative models that require the use of multiple market inputs including interest rates. In addition, inputs such as the Company's cost of capital and the timing of certain cash flows are estimated using management's assumptions and projections.

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Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at October 31, 2010 are summarized below (amounts in thousands):

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Cash equivalents	\$ 2	\$	\$	\$ 2
Restricted investments	857			857
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 859</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 859</b>
Interest rate swap liabilities	\$	\$ 6,583	\$	\$ 6,583
Contingent consideration			4,611	4,611
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 6,583</b>	<b>\$ 4,611</b>	<b>\$ 11,194</b>

Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis over various dates through October 31, 2010 are summarized below (amounts in thousands):

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total Losses</u>
Property and equipment, net	\$	\$	\$ 1,720	\$ 256

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at January 31, 2010 are summarized below (amounts in thousands):

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Cash equivalents	\$ 81,625	\$	\$	\$ 81,625
Investments in debt securities		1,014		1,014
Restricted investments	1,357			1,357
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 82,982</b>	<b>\$ 1,014</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 83,996</b>
Interest rate swap liabilities	\$	\$ 5,884	\$	\$ 5,884
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 5,884</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 5,884</b>

Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis over various dates through January 31, 2010 are summarized below (amounts in thousands):

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total Losses</u>
Property and equipment, net	\$	\$	\$ 6,161	\$ 1,533

The fair value of the Company's debt is approximately \$117.1 million and \$138.4 million at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010, respectively.



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**Note 6. Property and Equipment**

The components of property and equipment at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	October 31, 2010	January 31, 2010
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Land and improvements	\$ 24,061	\$ 26,405
Buildings and improvements	52,017	59,024
Machinery, equipment and fixtures	186,489	187,526
Leasehold improvements	554	569
Construction in progress	2,476	127
	<u>265,597</u>	<u>273,651</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(34,496)</u>	<u>(26,777)</u>
	<u>\$ 231,101</u>	<u>\$ 246,874</u>

**Note 7. Other Assets**

The components of other assets at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	October 31, 2010	January 31, 2010
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Deferred financing costs, net	\$ 2,943	\$ 3,633
Prepaid commissions, net	2,382	4,320
Other	1,710	927
	<u>7,035</u>	<u>8,880</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,035</u>	<u>\$ 8,880</u>

**Note 8. Long Term Debt and Interest Rate Swaps**

**Levelland Hockley Subsidiary Level Debt**

During the second quarter of fiscal year 2008, pursuant to the terms of the construction loan agreement with GE Capital ( the Bank ), Levelland Hockley converted its construction loan into a permanent term loan. Beginning with the first monthly payment on June 30, 2008, payments are due in 59 equal monthly payments of principal plus accrued interest with the principal portion calculated based on a 120 month amortization schedule. One final installment will be required on the maturity date (June 30, 2013) for the remaining unpaid principal balance with accrued interest. The term loan bears interest at a floating rate of 400 basis points above LIBOR (4.3% at October 31, 2010), adjusted monthly through the maturity date. Borrowings are secured by all of the assets of Levelland Hockley. This debt is recourse only to Levelland Hockley and not to REX American Resources Corporation or any of its wholly owned subsidiaries. As of October 31, 2010, approximately \$33.9 million was

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outstanding on the term loan. Levelland Hockley is also subject to certain financial covenants under the loan agreement, including required levels of EBITDAR, debt service coverage ratio requirements and other common covenants. On September 1, 2010, Levelland Hockley amended its loan agreement with the Bank to make certain covenants less restrictive and to waive defaults occurring prior to July 1, 2010. As a condition of the amendment of the loan agreement, which did not meet the requirements of a substantial modification, REX agreed to increase its line of credit facility to Levelland Hockley from \$3.0 million to \$4.0 million (inclusive of a \$1.0 million letter of credit) through January 31, 2011. In exchange for REX increasing the line of credit facility, REX received a warrant which entitles REX to subscribe for and purchase from Levelland Hockley 324,675 membership units at an exercise price of \$3.08 per membership unit.

Management believes, based on forecasts which are primarily based on estimates of plant production, the implicit crush spread obtained from outstanding forward contracts, prices of ethanol, milo, distillers grains and natural gas as well as other assumptions management believes to be reasonable, that it is not probable that Levelland Hockley will fail to maintain compliance with the requirements of its debt covenants for the next 12 months. However, if a material adverse change in the financial position or operations of Levelland Hockley should occur, or if actual sales, the availability of milo or if expenses are substantially different than forecasted, Levelland Hockley's liquidity and ability to fund future operating and capital requirements and compliance with debt covenants could be negatively impacted. Should Levelland Hockley fail to maintain such compliance and be unable to obtain a waiver from the Bank or refinance the debt, the related debt would become immediately due and payable. Ultimately, this could result in a material impairment charge.

Levelland Hockley paid approximately \$3.5 million in financing costs related to the original term loan. These costs are recorded as prepaid loan fees and are amortized ratably over the term of the loan.

The Company's proportionate share of restricted net assets related to Levelland Hockley was \$9.6 million and \$13.2 million at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010, respectively. Levelland Hockley's restricted net assets, which are 100% of total net assets, are approximately \$17.1 million and \$23.6 million at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010, respectively. Such assets may not be paid in the form of dividends or advances to the parent company or other members of Levelland Hockley per the terms of the loan agreement with the Bank.

### **One Earth Energy Subsidiary Level Debt**

In September 2007, One Earth entered into a \$111,000,000 financing agreement consisting of a construction loan agreement for \$100,000,000 together with a \$10,000,000 revolving loan and a \$1,000,000 letter of credit with First National Bank of Omaha (the Bank). The construction loan was converted into a term loan on July 31, 2009 as all of the requirements, for such conversion, of the construction and term loan agreement were fulfilled. The term loan bears interest at variable interest rates ranging from LIBOR plus 300 basis points to LIBOR plus 310 basis points (3.3% -3.5% at October 31, 2010). Beginning with the first quarterly payment on October 8, 2009, payments are due in 20 quarterly payments of principal plus accrued interest with the principal portion calculated based on a 120 month amortization schedule. One final installment will be required on the maturity date (July 31, 2014) for the remaining unpaid principal balance with accrued interest.

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Borrowings are secured by all of the assets of One Earth. This debt is recourse only to One Earth and not to REX American Resources Corporation or any of its wholly owned subsidiaries. As of October 31, 2010, approximately \$80.9 million was outstanding on the term loan. One Earth is also subject to certain financial covenants under the loan agreement, including required levels of EBITDA, debt service coverage ratio requirements, net worth requirements and other common covenants. One Earth was in compliance with all covenants at October 31, 2010. One Earth paid approximately \$1.4 million in financing costs. These costs are recorded as prepaid loan fees and are amortized ratably over the term of the loan.

The Company's proportionate share of restricted net assets related to One Earth was \$61.1 million and \$47.9 million at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010, respectively. One Earth's restricted net assets, which are less than 100% of total net assets, total approximately \$83.0 million and \$65.0 million at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010, respectively. Such assets may not be paid in the form of dividends or advances to the parent company or other members of One Earth per the terms of the loan agreement with the Bank.

### ***Note 9. Financial Instruments***

One Earth entered into two forward interest rate swaps in the notional amounts of \$50.0 million and \$25.0 million with the Bank. The swap settlements commenced as of July 31, 2009; the \$50.0 million swap terminates on July 8, 2014 and the \$25.0 million swap terminates on July 31, 2011. The \$50.0 million swap fixed a portion of the variable interest rate of the term loan subsequent to the plant completion date at 7.9% while the \$25.0 million swap fixed the rate at 5.49%. At October 31, 2010, the Company recorded a liability of approximately \$6.6 million related to the fair value of the swaps. The change in fair value is recorded in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations.

The notional amounts and fair values of derivatives, all of which are not designated as cash flow hedges at October 31, 2010, are summarized in the table below (amounts in thousands):

	Notional Amount	Fair Value Liability
Interest rate swaps	\$ 69,508	\$ 6,583

As the interest rate swaps are not designated as cash flow hedges, the unrealized gain and loss on the derivatives is reported in current earnings. The Company reported losses of \$495,000 and \$899,000 in the third quarters of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively. The Company reported losses of \$2,538,000 and \$1,561,000 in the first nine months of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively.

### ***Note 10. Stock Option Plans***

The Company has stock-based compensation plans under which stock options have been granted to directors, officers and key employees at the market price on the date of the grant. No options have been granted since fiscal year 2004.



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The fair values of options granted were estimated as of the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for grants in the fiscal year ended January 31, 2005: risk-free interest rate of 4.7%, expected volatility of 65.4% and a weighted average stock option life of nine years for all option grants.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the nine months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009 was approximately \$0.7 million and approximately \$0.5 million, respectively, resulting in tax deductions to realize benefits of approximately \$0.3 million and approximately \$0.2 million, respectively. The following table summarizes options granted, exercised and canceled or expired during the nine months ended October 31, 2010:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding at January 31, 2010	824,421	\$ 10.14		
Exercised	(92,518)	\$ 9.78		
Outstanding and exercisable at October 31, 2010	731,903	\$ 10.19	1.4	\$ 4,684

At October 31, 2010, there was no unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options.

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**Note 11. Income Per Share from Continuing Operations Attributable to REX Common Shareholders**

The following table reconciles the computation of basic and diluted net income per share from continuing operations for the periods presented (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended October 31, 2010			Three Months Ended October 31, 2009		
	Income	Shares	Per Share	Income	Shares	Per Share
Basic income per share from continuing operations attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 3,548	9,541	\$ 0.37	\$ 1,645	9,161	\$ 0.18
Effect of stock options		141			303	
Diluted income per share from continuing operations attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 3,548	9,682	\$ 0.36	\$ 1,645	9,464	\$ 0.17

	Nine Months Ended October 31, 2010			Nine Months Ended October 31, 2009		
	Income	Shares	Per Share	Income	Shares	Per Share
Basic income per share from continuing operations attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 7,870	9,723	\$ 0.81	\$ 114	9,229	\$ 0.01
Effect of stock options		177			249	
Diluted income per share from continuing operations attributable to REX common shareholders	\$ 7,870	9,900	\$ 0.80	\$ 114	9,478	\$ 0.01

For the three months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009, a total of 12,468 shares and 692,323 shares, respectively, and for the nine months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009, a total of 0 shares and 692,323 shares, respectively, subject to outstanding options were not included in the common equivalent shares outstanding calculation as the effect from these shares is antidilutive.

**Note 12. Investments and Restricted Deposits**

The following table summarizes investments in debt securities at January 31, 2010 (amounts in thousands):

Investment	Coupon Rate	Maturity	Classification	Fair Market Value	Initial Investment
Patriot Renewable Fuels, LLC Convertible Note	16.00%	11/25/2011	Available for Sale	\$ 1,014	\$ 933

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Unrealized holding gains were \$81,000 (\$49,000 net of income taxes) at January 31, 2010. During fiscal year 2010, Patriot Renewable Fuels, LLC ( Patriot ) repaid the Company the outstanding principal balance and accrued interest on the note.

The Company has approximately \$743,000 at October 31, 2010, and January 31, 2010 on deposit with the Florida Department of Financial Services to secure its obligation to fulfill future obligations related to extended warranty contracts sold in the state of Florida. As such, this deposit is restricted from use for general corporate purposes. The deposits earned 2.8% and 2.7% at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010, respectively.

In addition to the deposit with the Florida Department of Financial Services, the Company has \$857,000 and \$1,357,000 at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010, respectively, invested in a money market mutual fund to satisfy Florida Department of Financial Services regulations. As such, this investment is restricted from use for general corporate purposes. This investment earned 0.1% at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010.

The following table summarizes equity method investments at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010 (amounts in thousands):

### Equity Method Investments October 31, 2010

Entity	Ownership Percentage	Carrying Amount	Initial Investment
Big River Resources, LLC	10%	\$ 28,363	\$ 20,025
Patriot Renewable Fuels, LLC	23%	21,810	16,000
NuGen Energy, LLC	48%	14,187	13,827
Total Equity Method Investments		\$ 64,360	\$ 49,852

### Equity Method Investments January 31, 2010

Entity	Ownership Percentage	Carrying Amount	Initial Investment
Big River Resources, LLC	10%	\$ 25,660	\$ 20,025
Patriot Renewable Fuels, LLC	23%	18,411	16,000
Total Equity Method Investments		\$ 44,071	\$ 36,025

During the third quarters of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded income of \$1,543,000 and \$514,000 respectively as its share of earnings from Big River. During the first nine months of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded income of \$3,505,000 and \$688,000 respectively as its share of earnings from Big River.

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During the third quarters of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded income of \$1,536,000 and \$707,000, respectively as its share of earnings from Patriot. During the first nine months of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded income of \$3,504,000 and \$456,000, respectively as its share of earnings or loss from Patriot.

Effective July 1, 2010, the Company purchased a 48% equity interest in NuGen Energy, LLC ( NuGen ) which operates an ethanol producing facility in Marion, South Dakota with an annual nameplate capacity of 100 million gallons. The Company's investment included \$2,410,361 paid at closing to the then sole shareholder of NuGen and \$6,805,055 contributed directly to NuGen. An additional \$6,451,300 is due based upon cash distributions from NuGen that the Company is entitled to until such balance is paid ( Contingent Consideration ). The Company determined that the fair value of the Contingent Consideration was \$4,611,000, of which \$374,000 is included in other current liabilities and \$4,237,000 is included in other long-term liabilities on the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet. The results of NuGen are recognized by the Company on a delayed basis of one month. During the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal year 2010, the Company recorded income of \$616,000 as its share of earnings from NuGen.

The Company has an option to purchase for a purchase price of \$1,138,389, (which is payable in cash, partially based upon cash distributions from NuGen that the Company is entitled to) additional ownership units from NuGen's majority shareholder, which, if exercised, would result in the Company owning 51% of the total outstanding voting and economic interests of NuGen on a fully diluted basis.

Summarized balance sheet information for NuGen is presented in the following table as of July 31, 2010, which approximates financial information as of the date of the investment (amounts in thousands):

Current assets	\$ 25,098
Long-term assets	86,526
	<hr/>
Total assets	\$ 111,624
	<hr/>
Current liabilities	\$ 3,663
Long-term liabilities	93,241
	<hr/>
Total liabilities	\$ 96,904
	<hr/>

Summarized income statement information for Patriot, Big River and NuGen is presented in the

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following table for the three and nine month periods ended October 31, 2010 and October 31, 2009 (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended October 31, 2010			Nine Months Ended October 31, 2010		
	Patriot	Big River	NuGen	Patriot	Big River	NuGen
Net sales and revenue	\$ 62,834	\$ 175,174	\$ 55,093	\$ 169,051	\$ 482,514	\$ 55,093
Gross profit	\$ 8,438	\$ 19,115	\$ 3,532	\$ 19,174	\$ 46,514	\$ 3,532
Income from continuing operations	\$ 6,585	\$ 15,756	\$ 1,616	\$ 15,027	\$ 35,923	\$ 1,616
Net income	\$ 6,585	\$ 15,756	\$ 1,616	\$ 15,027	\$ 35,923	\$ 1,616

The table above excludes results from the equity method investees prior to the Company acquiring an interest in them. Thus, the quarter and year to date results for NuGen are the same as the Company acquired its interest in NuGen on July 1, 2010.

	Three Months Ended October 31, 2009		Nine Months Ended October 31, 2009	
	Patriot	Big River	Patriot	Big River
Net sales and revenue	\$ 53,033	\$ 102,238	\$ 150,151	\$ 250,709
Gross profit	\$ 6,881	\$ 16,611	\$ 10,508	\$ 18,738
Income from continuing operations	\$ 3,033	\$ 5,264	\$ 1,955	\$ 7,050
Net income	\$ 3,033	\$ 5,264	\$ 1,955	\$ 7,050

Patriot, Big River and NuGen have debt agreements that limit and restrict amounts available to pay in the form of dividends or advances to owners. The restricted net assets of Patriot, Big River and NuGen combined at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010 are approximately \$348,768,000 and approximately \$298,076,000 (Patriot and Big River only), respectively. The Company's proportionate share of restricted net assets of Patriot, Big River and NuGen combined at October 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010 are approximately \$51,914,000 and approximately \$38,926,000 (Patriot and Big River only), respectively. Undistributed earnings of equity method investees totaled approximately \$13.6 million at October 31, 2010, and approximately \$6.8 million at January 31, 2010.

**Note 13. Restructuring and Other**

During the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2008, the Company entered into an agreement with Appliance Direct, Inc. pursuant to which (i) the Company agreed to sell certain appliance inventory, furniture, fixtures and equipment at the store locations to be taken over by Appliance Direct and (ii) subsidiaries of Appliance Direct leased 37 retail store locations owned by the Company.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2008, the Company recorded a restructuring charge of approximately \$4.2 million related to (i) a workforce reduction of a majority of employees located at its

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corporate headquarters, retail stores and distribution facilities and (ii) certain costs associated with the transition of the Company's retail business to Appliance Direct.

The Company substantially completed its exit of the retail business as of July 31, 2009. In addition, on September 30, 2009, the Company entered into a letter agreement with Appliance Direct pursuant to which (i) Appliance Direct agreed to vacate all properties leased from the Company and turn over possession of the leased premises to the Company and (ii) the Company and Appliance Direct agreed to release and discharge each other from all claims or causes of action whatsoever.

The following is a summary of restructuring charges and payments for the nine months ended October 31, 2010 (amounts in thousands):

	Employee Severance and Bonus Costs	Lease Termination Costs	Total Restructuring Accrual
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Balance, January 31, 2010	\$ 219	\$ 439	\$ 658
Restructuring charges			
Payment of restructuring liabilities	(7)	(75)	(82)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Balance, April 30, 2010	212	364	576
Restructuring charges			
Payment of restructuring liabilities	(30)	(71)	(101)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Balance, July 31, 2010	182	293	475
Restructuring charges	43		43
Payment of restructuring liabilities		(74)	(74)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Balance, October 31, 2010	\$ 225	\$ 219	\$ 444
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

All of the accrued balance of \$444,000 is classified within current liabilities. The restructuring charges are all classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations. The accrued balances at October 31, 2010 are management's best estimate of the amounts to be incurred for the related categories.

The following is a summary of restructuring charges and payments for the nine months ended

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October 31, 2009 (amounts in thousands):

	Employee Severance and Bonus Costs	Lease Termination Costs	Investment Banker Fees	ESP Credit	Total Restructuring Accrual
Balance, January 31, 2009	\$ 2,839	\$	\$ 834	\$ 498	\$ 4,171
Restructuring charges		1,460			1,460
Payment of restructuring liabilities	(436)	(409)			(845)
Balance, April 30, 2009	2,403	1,051	834	498	4,786
Restructuring charges	28	1,492			1,520
Restructuring benefits	(706)		(325)	(287)	(1,318)
Payment of restructuring liabilities	(838)	(975)		(211)	(2,024)
Balance, July 31, 2009	887	1,568	509		2,964
Restructuring charges	57				57
Reversal of restructuring charges		(41)			(41)
Payment of restructuring liabilities	(422)	(967)	(509)		(1,898)
Balance, October 31, 2009	\$ 522	\$ 560	\$	\$	\$ 1,082

**Note 14. Income Taxes**

The effective tax rate on consolidated pre-tax income from continuing operations was 36.4% for the nine months ended October 31, 2010, 33.5% for the year ended January 31, 2010 and 53.0% for the nine months ended October 31, 2009. Included in these amounts was the provision for state taxes which was approximately 5% for the nine months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009. The effective tax rate on consolidated pre-tax income from continuing operations was 36.6% for the three months ended October 31, 2010 and 30.0% for the three months ended October 31, 2009. The primary reason for the differences between the statutory and effective tax rates is the income of consolidated subsidiaries being presented in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations after the income tax provision or benefit.

The Company files a U.S. federal income tax return and income tax returns in various states. In general, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state or local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years ended January 31, 2007 and prior. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits, including interest and penalties, is as follows (amounts in thousands):

Unrecognized tax benefits, February 1, 2010	\$ 2,338
Changes for prior years tax positions	85
Changes for current year tax positions	
Unrecognized tax benefits, October 31, 2010	\$ 2,423

**Note 15. Discontinued Operations and Assets Held for Sale**

During fiscal year 2009, the Company completed the exit of its retail business. Accordingly, all operations of the Company's former retail segment and certain sold properties have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. Once real estate property has been sold, and no continuing involvement is expected, the Company classifies the results of the operations as discontinued operations. The results of operations were previously reported in the Company's retail or real estate segment, depending on when the store ceased operations. Below is a table reflecting certain items of the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations that were reclassified as discontinued operations for the period indicated:

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(In Thousands)			
Net sales and revenue	\$ 1,860	\$ 2,780	\$ 6,322	\$ 32,632
Cost of sales	304	522	1,082	22,899
Income before income taxes	886	988	2,510	1,799
Provision for income taxes	(340)	(360)	(917)	(655)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 546	\$ 628	\$ 1,593	\$ 1,144
Gain on disposal	\$ 253	\$	\$ 284	\$ 193
Provision for income taxes	(97)		(75)	(70)
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 156	\$	\$ 209	\$ 123

The Company has classified one property with a carrying value of approximately \$92,000 as held for sale at October 31, 2010, which is included in other assets in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet.

**Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company is involved in various legal actions arising in the normal course of business. After taking into consideration legal counsels evaluations of such actions, management is of the opinion that their outcome will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated condensed financial statements.

Levelland Hockley and One Earth have combined forward purchase contracts for 1,927,000 bushels of sorghum and corn, the principal raw materials for their ethanol plants. Levelland Hockley and One Earth expect to take delivery of the grain through November 2010. The unrealized loss of such contracts was approximately \$1,000 at September 30, 2010.

Levelland Hockley and One Earth have combined sales commitments for 7.1 million gallons of ethanol and 116,000 tons of distillers grains. Levelland Hockley and One Earth expect to deliver the



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ethanol and distillers grains through November 2010. The unrealized loss of such contracts was approximately \$1,116,000 at September 30, 2010.

**Note 17. Segment Reporting**

Beginning in the second quarter of fiscal year 2009, the Company realigned its reportable business segments to be consistent with changes to its management structure and reporting. The Company has two segments: alternative energy and real estate. In prior years, the real estate segment was formerly included in the retail segment and historical amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year segment reporting presentation. For stores and warehouses closed for which the Company has a retained interest in the related real estate, operations are presented in the real estate segment when retail operations cease. Former retail operations results are classified as discontinued operations. The Company evaluates the performance of each reportable segment based on segment profit. Segment profit excludes income taxes, indirect interest expense, discontinued operations, indirect interest income and certain other items that are included in net income determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Segment profit includes realized and unrealized gains and losses on derivative financial instruments. The following table summarizes segment and other results and assets (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
<b>Net sales and revenue:</b>				
Alternative energy	\$ 69,974	\$ 61,368	\$ 205,797	\$ 92,296
Real estate	369	311	941	765
<b>Total net sales and revenues</b>	<b>\$ 70,343</b>	<b>\$ 61,679</b>	<b>\$ 206,738</b>	<b>\$ 93,061</b>
<b>Segment gross profit (loss):</b>				
Alternative energy	\$ 7,155	\$ 5,790	\$ 20,951	\$ 6,740
Real estate	(350)	9	(729)	142
<b>Total gross profit</b>	<b>\$ 6,805</b>	<b>\$ 5,799</b>	<b>\$ 20,222</b>	<b>\$ 6,882</b>

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	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
<b>Segment profit (loss):</b>				
Alternative energy	\$ 7,929	\$ 4,569	\$ 18,599	\$ 2,222
Real estate	(392)	(54)	(896)	(11)
Corporate expense	(605)	(740)	(2,099)	(1,592)
Interest expense	(81)	(60)	(231)	(192)
Investment income	86	82	355	230
<b>Income from continuing operations before income taxes and noncontrolling interests</b>	<b>\$ 6,937</b>	<b>\$ 3,797</b>	<b>\$ 15,728</b>	<b>\$ 657</b>
	<b>October 31,</b>	<b>January 31,</b>		
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2010</b>		
<b>Assets:</b>				
Alternative energy	\$ 314,730	\$ 302,228		
Real estate	25,220	31,796		
Corporate	95,067	117,481		
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 435,017</b>	<b>\$ 451,505</b>		
	<b>October 31,</b>	<b>January 31,</b>		
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2010</b>		
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Sales of products alternative energy segment:</b>				
Ethanol	83%	84%	83%	81%
Dried distillers grains	14%	12%	14%	12%
Wet distillers grains	3%	4%	3%	7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Sales of services real estate segment:</b>				
Lease revenue	100%	100%	100%	100%

Certain corporate costs and expenses, including information technology, employee benefits and other shared services are allocated to the business segments. The allocations are generally amounts agreed upon by management, which may differ from amounts that would be incurred if such services were purchased separately by the business segment. Corporate assets are primarily cash and deferred income tax benefits.

Cash, except for cash held by Levelland Hockley and One Earth, is considered to be fungible and available for both corporate and segment use dependent on liquidity requirements. Cash of approximately \$14.2 million held by Levelland Hockley and One Earth will be used to fund working capital and other needs for those entities.

**Note 18. Related-Party Transactions**

During the third quarter and first nine months of 2010, the Company purchased approximately \$38.0 million and approximately \$103.4 million, respectively, of corn from the Alliance Grain Elevator, an equity investor in One Earth. During the third quarter and first nine months of 2009, the Company purchased approximately \$30.5 million and approximately \$35.4 million, respectively, of corn from the Alliance Grain Elevator.

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

**Overview**

Historically, we were a specialty retailer in the consumer electronics/appliance industry serving small to medium-sized towns and communities. In addition, we have been an investor in various alternative energy entities beginning with synthetic fuel partnerships in 1998 and later ethanol production facilities beginning in 2006.

In fiscal year 2007 we began to evaluate strategic alternatives for our retail segment with a focus on closing unprofitable or marginally profitable retail stores and monetizing our retail-related real estate assets. We did not believe that we were generating an adequate return from our retail business due to the competitive nature of the consumer electronics and appliance industry and the overall economic conditions in the United States. Reflecting this focus, in fiscal year 2008, we commenced an evaluation of a broad range of alternatives intended to derive value from the remaining retail operations and our real estate portfolio. We engaged an investment banking firm to assist us in analyzing and ultimately marketing our retail operations. As part of those marketing efforts, late in fiscal year 2008 we leased 37 owned store locations to a third party. During fiscal year 2009, the lease agreements were terminated. We are marketing the vacant properties to lease or sell.

We completed our exit of the retail business as of July 31, 2009. Going forward, we expect that our only retail related activities will consist of the administration of previously sold extended service plans and the payment of related claims. All activities related to extended service plans are classified as discontinued operations.

We currently have approximately \$139 million of equity and debt investments in five ethanol limited liability companies, two of which we have a majority ownership interest in. We may consider making additional investments in the alternative energy segment or in other industrial operations during fiscal year 2010.

Our ethanol operations are highly dependent on commodity prices, especially prices for corn, sorghum, ethanol, distillers grains and natural gas. As a result of price volatility for these commodities, our operating results can fluctuate substantially. The price and availability of corn and sorghum are subject to significant fluctuations depending upon a number of factors that affect commodity prices in general, including crop planting and conditions, weather, federal policy and foreign trade. Because the market price of ethanol is not always directly related to corn and sorghum prices, at times ethanol prices may lag movements in corn prices and, in an environment of higher prices, reduce the overall

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margin structure at the plants. As a result, at times, we may operate our plants at negative or marginally positive operating margins.

We expect our ethanol plants to produce approximately 2.8 gallons of denatured ethanol for each bushel of grain processed in the production cycle. We refer to the difference between the price per gallon of ethanol and the price per bushel of grain (divided by 2.8) as the crush spread. Should the crush spread decline, it is possible that our ethanol plants will generate operating results that do not provide adequate cash flows for sustained periods of time. In such cases, production at the ethanol plants may be reduced or stopped altogether in order to minimize variable costs at individual plants. We expect these decisions to be made on an individual plant basis, as there are different market conditions at each of our ethanol plants.

We attempt to manage the risk related to the volatility of grain and ethanol prices by utilizing forward grain purchase and forward ethanol and distillers grain sale contracts. We attempt to match quantities of ethanol and distillers grains sale contracts with an appropriate quantity of grain purchase contracts over a given period of time when we can obtain an adequate gross margin resulting from the crush spread inherent in the contracts we have executed. However, the market for future ethanol sales contracts is not a mature market. Consequently, we generally execute contracts for no more than three months into the future at any given time. As a result of the relatively short period of time our contracts cover, we generally cannot predict the future movements in the crush spread for more than three months; thus, we are unable to predict the likelihood or amounts of future income or loss from the operations of our ethanol facilities.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

During the three months ended October 31, 2010, we did not change any of our critical accounting policies as disclosed in our 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 16, 2010. All other accounting policies used in preparing our interim fiscal year 2010 Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are the same as those described in our Form 10-K.

### **Fiscal Year**

All references in this report to a particular fiscal year are to REX's fiscal year ended January 31. For example, fiscal year 2010 means the period February 1, 2010 to January 31, 2011.

We are no longer presenting the comparable prior year quarter end balance sheet (October 31, 2009) which was included in prior year quarterly filings. With the exit of the retail business, and the lack of seasonality of working capital balances in the alternative energy and real estate segments, we believe such information is no longer useful to understand trends in our business.

### **Results of Operations**

For a detailed analysis of period to period changes, see the segment discussion that follows this section as this is how management views and monitors our business.

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### Comparison of Three Months and Nine Months Ended October 31, 2010 and 2009

Net sales and revenue in the quarter ended October 31, 2010 were approximately \$70.3 million compared to approximately \$61.7 million in the prior year's third quarter, representing an increase of approximately \$8.6 million. Net sales and revenue do not include sales from retail and real estate operations classified as discontinued operations. The increase was primarily caused by higher sales in our alternative energy segment of approximately \$8.6 million. Net sales and revenue from our real estate segment were consistent with the prior year's third quarter.

Net sales and revenue for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 were approximately \$206.7 million compared to approximately \$93.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. This represents an increase of approximately \$113.6 million. A majority of the increase was caused by higher sales in our alternative energy segment of approximately \$113.5 million, primarily a result of One Earth becoming fully operational during the third quarter of fiscal year 2009.

The following table reflects the approximate percent of net sales for each major product and service group for the following periods:

Product Category	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Ethanol	83%	83%	83%	81%
Dried distillers grains	13	12	13	12
Wet distillers grains	3	4	3	6
Leasing	1	1	1	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>

Gross profit of approximately \$6.8 million (9.7% of net sales and revenue) in the third quarter of fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$1.0 million higher than the approximately \$5.8 million (9.4% of net sales and revenue) recorded in the third quarter of fiscal year 2009. Gross profit for the third quarter of fiscal year 2010 increased by approximately \$1.4 million compared to the prior year from our alternative energy segment. Gross loss for the third quarter of fiscal year 2010 increased by approximately \$0.4 million compared to the prior year from our real estate segment.

Gross profit for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$20.2 million (9.8% of net sales and revenue) which was approximately \$13.3 million higher compared to approximately \$6.9 million (7.4% of net sales and revenue) for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. Gross profit for the nine months ended October 31, 2010 increased by approximately \$14.2 million compared to the prior year as a result of operations in the alternative energy segment. Gross profit for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 decreased by approximately \$0.9 million compared to the prior year from our real estate segment.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the third quarter of fiscal year 2010 were approximately \$1.9 million (2.7% of net sales and revenue), an increase of approximately \$0.4 million from approximately \$1.5 million (2.5% of net sales and revenue) for the third quarter of fiscal year

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2009. Selling, general and administrative expenses were approximately \$5.9 million (2.9% of net sales and revenue) for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 representing an increase of approximately \$2.2 million from approximately \$3.7 million (4.0% of net sales and revenue) for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. For the third quarter of fiscal year 2010, these expenses increased approximately \$0.5 million compared to the prior year in the alternative energy segment. For the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, these expenses increased approximately \$1.7 million and approximately \$0.5 million compared to the prior year in the alternative energy segment and the corporate and other category, respectively.

Interest income was \$121,000 and \$92,000 for the third quarters of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively. Interest income was \$408,000 and \$356,000 for the first nine months of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively. We expect interest income to remain consistent with the prior year results for the remainder of fiscal year 2010.

Interest expense was approximately \$1.4 million for the third quarter of fiscal year 2010, a decrease of approximately \$0.2 million from the prior year third quarter. Interest expense was approximately \$4.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 compared to approximately \$3.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009, an increase of approximately \$1.0 million. The increases were primarily attributable to the alternative energy segment as we had higher amounts of average debt outstanding upon the completion of construction of One Earth's ethanol plant. We expect interest expense, subsequent to the quarter ended October 31, 2010 to be consistent with prior year amounts as the construction of One Earth's ethanol plant was completed prior to the end of the second quarter of fiscal year 2009. Consequently, we ceased capitalizing interest related to such construction during the second quarter of fiscal year 2009.

During the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, we paid off real estate related debt prior to its maturity. As a result, we incurred prepayment penalties and the write off of prepaid loan fees of approximately \$48,000 compared to \$113,000 incurred during the first nine months of fiscal year 2009.

During the third quarters of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, we recognized income of approximately \$3,694,000 and \$1,221,000, respectively, from our equity investments in Big River, Patriot and NuGen. During the first nine months of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, we recognized income of approximately \$7,625,000 and \$1,144,000, respectively, from our equity investments in Big River, Patriot and NuGen. Big River has a 92 million gallon plant which has been in operation since 2004. Big River opened an additional 100 million gallon plant during the second quarter of fiscal year 2009 and acquired a 50.5% ownership in a 100 million gallon plant in August 2009. Patriot has a 100 million gallon plant which has been in operation since the second quarter of fiscal year 2008. We acquired a 48% ownership interest in NuGen, which operates a 100 million gallon plant, on July 1, 2010.

Due to the inherent volatility of the crush spread, we cannot predict the likelihood of future operating results from Big River, Patriot and NuGen being similar to fiscal year 2010 results.

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2009, Levelland Hockley entered into an agreement with Layne Christensen Company ( Layne ) to settle litigation between the two parties. As a result of the settlement agreement, Layne paid Levelland Hockley approximately \$1.5 million. Of the proceeds received, approximately \$0.3 million was recognized as other income during the third quarter of fiscal

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year 2009. The remainder of the settlement offset contingent legal expenses and reduced the carrying amount of certain plant equipment.

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2009, Levelland Hockley received notification from the United States Department of Agriculture that Levelland Hockley had been approved to receive funds under the Advanced Biofuel Producer Program. As a result, approximately \$0.5 million was recognized as other income during the third quarter of fiscal year 2009. We recognized income of approximately \$0.1 million during the third quarter of fiscal year 2010 related to residual payments of the 2009 grant.

We recognized losses of approximately \$0.5 million and approximately \$0.9 million during the third quarters of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively, related to forward starting interest rate swap agreements that One Earth and Levelland Hockley entered into during fiscal year 2007. We recognized a loss related to the swaps of approximately \$2.5 million during the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 compared to approximately \$1.6 million during the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. Levelland Hockley's swap expired in April 2010 while One Earth's swaps will expire in July 2011 and July 2014. In general, declining interest rates have a negative effect on our interest rate swaps as our swaps fixed the interest rate of variable rate debt. Should interest rates continue to decline, we would expect to experience continued losses on the interest rate swaps. We would expect to incur gains on the interest rate swaps should interest rates increase. We cannot predict the future movements in interest rates; thus, we are unable to predict the likelihood or amounts of future gains or losses related to interest rate swaps.

Our effective tax rate was 36.6% and 30.0% for the third quarters of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively. Our effective tax rate for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 was 36.4% compared to 53.0% for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. Our effective tax rate decreased, as the noncontrolling interests in the income or loss of consolidated subsidiaries is presented in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations after the income tax provision or benefit. The noncontrolling interests in the income or loss of Levelland and One Earth were a higher proportion of pre-tax income in fiscal year 2009 compared to the pre-tax income for fiscal year 2010. In addition, the provision for uncertain tax positions increased the tax provision recognized during fiscal year 2009.

As a result of the foregoing, income from continuing operations including noncontrolling interests was approximately \$4.4 million for the third quarter of fiscal year 2010 versus approximately \$2.7 million for the third quarter of fiscal year 2009. Income from continuing operations including noncontrolling interests was approximately \$10.0 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 versus approximately \$0.3 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009.

During fiscal year 2009, we closed our remaining retail stores and warehouse operations and reclassified all retail related results as discontinued operations. As a result of these closings and certain other retail store and real estate property closings from prior years, we had income from discontinued operations, net of tax, of approximately \$0.5 million in the third quarter of fiscal year 2010 and approximately \$0.6 million in the third quarter of fiscal year 2009. We had income from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit, of approximately \$1.6 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 compared to approximately \$1.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. The improvement in profitability in the current year nine months results from no unprofitable retail

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operations in the current year since we exited the retail business during fiscal year 2009. Going forward, we expect current year results to be lower than historical results as our extended warranty policies continue to expire, thus reducing the related recognition of deferred income. Eight properties classified as discontinued operations were sold during the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, resulting in gains, net of taxes of \$209,000, compared to gains, net of tax of \$123,000 during the first nine months of fiscal year 2009.

Income related to noncontrolling interests was approximately \$0.9 million and approximately \$1.0 million during the third quarters of fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively, and approximately \$2.1 million and approximately \$0.2 million for the nine months ended October 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and represents the owners' (other than us) share of the income or loss of Levelland Hockley and One Earth.

As a result of the foregoing, net income attributable to REX common shareholders for the third quarter of fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$4.3 million, an increase of approximately \$2.0 million from approximately \$2.3 million for the third quarter of fiscal year 2009. Net income attributable to REX common shareholders for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$9.7 million, an increase of approximately \$8.3 million from approximately \$1.4 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009.

### **Business Segment Results**

During fiscal year 2009, we realigned our reportable business segments to be consistent with changes to our management structure and reporting. We presently have two segments: alternative energy and real estate. The real estate segment was previously included in the former retail segment. For former retail stores and warehouses closed which we have a retained interest in the related real estate, operations are currently presented in the real estate segment based upon when retail operations ceased. Historical results from retail store operations have been reclassified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

The following sections discuss the results of operations for each of our business segments and corporate and other. As discussed in Note 17, our chief operating decision maker (as defined by ASC280, *Segment Reporting*) evaluates the operating performance of our business segments using a measure we call segment profit. Segment profit includes gains and losses on derivative financial instruments. Segment profit excludes income taxes, indirect interest expense, discontinued operations, indirect interest income and certain other items that are included in net income determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Management believes these are useful financial measures; however, they should not be construed as being more important than other comparable GAAP measures.

Items excluded from segment profit generally result from decisions made by corporate executives. Financing, divestiture and tax structure decisions are generally made by corporate executives. Excluding these items from our business segment performance measure enables us to evaluate business segment operating performance based upon current economic conditions.



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The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, sales and profits by segment (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
<b>Net sales and revenue:</b>				
Alternative energy	\$ 69,974	\$ 61,368	\$ 205,797	\$ 92,296
Real estate	369	311	941	765
<b>Total net sales and revenues</b>	<b>\$ 70,343</b>	<b>\$ 61,679</b>	<b>\$ 206,738</b>	<b>\$ 93,061</b>
<b>Segment gross profit (loss):</b>				
Alternative energy	\$ 7,155	\$ 5,790	\$ 20,951	\$ 6,740
Real estate	(350)	9	(729)	142
<b>Total gross profit</b>	<b>\$ 6,805</b>	<b>\$ 5,799</b>	<b>\$ 20,222</b>	<b>\$ 6,882</b>
<b>Segment profit (loss):</b>				
Alternative energy	\$ 7,929	\$ 4,569	\$ 18,599	\$ 2,222
Real estate	(392)	(54)	(896)	(11)
Corporate expense	(605)	(740)	(2,099)	(1,592)
Interest expense	(81)	(60)	(231)	(192)
Investment income	86	82	355	230
<b>Income from continuing operations before income taxes and noncontrolling interests</b>	<b>\$ 6,937</b>	<b>\$ 3,797</b>	<b>\$ 15,728</b>	<b>\$ 657</b>

### Alternative Energy

The alternative energy segment includes the consolidated financial statements of Levelland Hockley and One Earth, our equity method investments in ethanol facilities, the income related to those investments and certain administrative expenses. One Earth began limited production operations late in the second quarter of fiscal year 2009 and became fully operational during the third quarter of fiscal year 2009. We acquired a 48% interest in NuGen during the second quarter of fiscal year 2010.

#### *Trends and Uncertainties Impacting the Ethanol Industry and Our Operations*

##### *Government Legislation and Regulations*

The ethanol industry and our business are assisted by various federal ethanol supports and tax incentives, including those included in the Energy Policy Act of 2005 and the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007. Government incentives for ethanol production, including federal tax incentives, may be reduced or eliminated in the future, which could hinder our ability to operate at a profit. Federal ethanol supports, such as the renewable fuels standard ( RFS ), help support a market for ethanol that might disappear without this incentive; as such, a waiver of minimum levels of renewable fuels included in gasoline could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. The elimination or reduction of tax incentives to the ethanol industry, such as the VEETC available to

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gasoline refiners and blenders, could reduce the market for ethanol, causing prices, revenues, and profitability to decrease. VEETC is set to expire on December 31, 2010, unless extended.

On September 1, 2010, Levelland Hockley amended its loan agreement with the Bank to make certain covenants less restrictive and to waive defaults occurring prior to July 1, 2010. As a condition of the modification of the loan agreement, REX agreed to increase its line of credit facility to Levelland Hockley from \$3.0 million to \$4.0 million (inclusive of a \$1.0 million letter of credit) through January 31, 2011. In exchange for REX increasing the line of credit facility, REX received a warrant which entitles REX to subscribe for and purchase from Levelland Hockley 324,675 membership units at an exercise price of \$3.08 per membership unit.

Management believes, based on forecasts which are primarily based on estimates of plant production, the implicit crush spread obtained from outstanding forward contracts, prices of ethanol, milo, distillers grains and natural gas as well as other assumptions management believes to be reasonable, that it is not probable that Levelland Hockley will fail to maintain compliance with the requirements of its debt covenants for the next 12 months. However, if a material adverse change in the financial position or operations of Levelland Hockley should occur, or if actual sales, the availability of milo or if expenses are substantially different than forecasted, Levelland Hockley's liquidity and ability to fund future operating and capital requirements and compliance with debt covenants could be negatively impacted. Should Levelland Hockley fail to maintain such compliance and be unable to obtain a waiver from the Bank or refinance the debt, the related debt would become immediately due and payable. Ultimately, this could result in a material impairment charge.

We completed an impairment analysis of the long lived assets of Levelland Hockley as of October 31, 2010. This analysis resulted in no impairment charges being recorded as the estimated future gross undiscounted cash flows generated by Levelland Hockley, over the estimated remaining useful life of the assets, exceeded the carrying value. However, a significant change in the estimates used in this analysis could result in the carrying value of Levelland Hockley's long lived assets exceeding its estimated future gross undiscounted cash flows, which would require further analysis of fair value and could require an impairment charge in the near term. The impairment charge could be material.

The following table summarizes sales from Levelland Hockley and One Earth by product group (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Ethanol	\$ 58,394	\$ 51,332	\$ 171,677	\$ 75,108
Dried distillers grains	9,612	7,636	28,129	10,925
Wet distillers grains	1,910	2,268	5,639	5,958
Other	58	132	352	305
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 69,974</b>	<b>\$ 61,368</b>	<b>\$ 205,797</b>	<b>\$ 92,296</b>

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The following table summarizes certain operating data from Levelland Hockley and One Earth:

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Average selling price per gallon of ethanol	\$ 1.71	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.59
Average selling price per ton of dried distillers grains	\$ 118.88	\$ 100.94	\$ 117.30	\$ 113.39
Average selling price per ton of wet distillers grains	\$ 36.53	\$ 43.67	\$ 33.63	\$ 48.04
Average cost per bushel of grain	\$ 3.81	\$ 3.63	\$ 3.70	\$ 3.61
Average cost of natural gas (per mmbtu)	\$ 4.81	\$ 3.63	\$ 5.00	\$ 4.17

### Segment Results Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2010 Compared to Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2009

Net sales and revenue increased approximately \$8.6 million to approximately \$70.0 million primarily as a result of approximately 1.7 million more gallons of ethanol and approximately 6,000 more tons of distillers grains sold during the current year compared to the prior year. The increases in gallons of ethanol and tons of distillers grains sold primarily relate to production efficiencies realized at One Earth during the current year over the prior year as One Earth becoming fully operational during the third quarter of fiscal year 2009. The average selling price per gallon of ethanol increased from the prior year level of \$1.59 to \$1.71 in the current year. Our ethanol sales were based upon approximately 34.1 million gallons of ethanol in the current year compared to approximately 32.4 million gallons of ethanol in the prior year. The average selling price per ton of dried distillers grains increased from the prior year level of \$100.94 to \$118.88 in the current year. Our sales were based upon approximately 81,000 tons of dried distillers grains in the current year compared to approximately 76,000 tons of dried distillers grains in the prior year. The average selling price per ton of wet distillers grains decreased from the prior year level of \$43.67 to \$36.53 in the current year. Our sales were based upon approximately 52,000 tons of wet distillers grains in the current year compared to approximately 51,000 tons of wet distillers grains in the prior year. We expect that net sales and revenue in future periods will be based upon annual production of approximately 130 million to 140 million gallons of ethanol and approximately 300,000 tons to 330,000 tons of dried distillers grains per year. This expectation assumes that One Earth and Levelland will operate at or near nameplate capacity, which is dependent upon the crush spread realized at each respective plant.

Gross profit from these sales was approximately \$7.2 million (10.2% of net sales and revenue) during the current year compared to approximately \$5.8 million (9.4% of net sales and revenue) during the prior year. Gross profit improved primarily because of the volume increases in ethanol and distillers grains sold discussed above and because of an improved spread between ethanol and grain prices in the current year compared to the prior year. Grain accounted for approximately 75.4% (\$47.4 million) of our cost of sales during the current year compared to 76.0% (\$42.2 million) during the prior year. Natural gas accounted for approximately 7.1% (\$4.5 million) of our cost of sales during the current year compared to 6.2% (\$3.4 million) during the prior year. Given the inherent volatility in ethanol and grain

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prices, we cannot predict the trend of the spread between ethanol and grain prices in future periods compared to historical periods.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were approximately \$1.3 million in the current year, an increase of \$0.6 million over the \$0.7 million incurred during the prior year. A majority of the increase results from higher incentive compensation during the current year, commensurate with the higher profitability levels in 2010.

Interest expense decreased approximately \$0.3 million in the current year compared to the prior year to \$1.4 million, as our average outstanding debt has decreased related to principal repayments. Based on current interest rates, we expect interest expense in future quarters to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 amounts based on current debt levels.

Income from equity method investments in Big River, Patriot and NuGen increased from \$1.2 million in the prior year to \$3.7 million in the current year. We recognized approximately \$1.5 million of income from Big River in the current year compared to approximately \$0.5 million in the prior year. We recognized approximately \$1.5 million of income from Patriot in the current year compared to approximately \$0.7 million in the prior year. We recognized approximately \$0.6 million of income from NuGen in the current year; this was the first quarter we reported income from NuGen given that our acquisition of our interest in NuGen was effective July 1, 2010. The improvement in Big River's and Patriot's profitability over the prior year levels is primarily a result of improved crush spreads. Given the inherent volatility in the factors that affect the crush spread, we cannot predict the likelihood that the trend with respect to income from equity method investments will continue in future periods.

Losses on derivative financial instruments held by One Earth were approximately \$0.5 million in the current year compared to approximately \$0.9 million in the prior year for derivatives held by One Earth and Levelland, driven by declining interest rates. Since the gains or losses on these derivative financial instruments are primarily a function of the movement in interest rates, we cannot predict the likelihood that such gains or losses in future periods will be consistent with current year results.

As a result of the factors discussed above, segment profit increased to approximately \$7.9 million in the current year compared to approximately \$4.6 million in the prior year.

### **Segment Results Nine Months Ended October 31, 2010 Compared to Nine Months Ended October 31, 2009**

Net sales and revenue in the current year increased approximately \$113.5 million, compared to the prior year, to approximately \$205.8 million, primarily a result of One Earth becoming fully operational during the third quarter of fiscal year 2009. The average selling price per gallon of ethanol increased to \$1.67 in the current year from \$1.59 in the prior year. Our sales were based upon approximately 103.0 million gallons of ethanol in the current year compared to approximately 75.1 million gallons of ethanol in the prior year. The average selling price per ton of dried distillers grains increased from the prior year level of \$113.39 to

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\$117.30 in the current year. Our sales were based upon approximately 240,000 tons of dried distillers grains in the current year compared to approximately 97,000 tons of dried distillers grains in the prior year. We expect that net sales and revenue in future periods will be based upon annual production of approximately 130 million to 140 million gallons of ethanol and approximately 300,000 tons to 330,000 tons of dried distillers grains per year. This expectation assumes that One Earth and Levelland will operate at or near nameplate capacity, which is dependent upon the crush spread realized at each respective plant.

Gross profit from these sales was approximately \$21.0 million (10.2% of net sales and revenue) during the current year compared to approximately \$6.7 million (7.3% of net sales and revenue) during the prior year. Gross profit improved primarily because of the volume increases in ethanol and distillers grains sold discussed above and because of an improved spread between ethanol and grain prices in the current year compared to the prior year. Grain accounted for approximately 74.6% (\$137.9 million) of our cost of sales during the current year compared to 75.0% (\$64.2 million) during the prior year. Natural gas accounted for approximately 7.8% (\$14.4 million) of our cost of sales during the current year compared to 6.9% (\$5.9 million) during the prior year. Given the inherent volatility in ethanol and grain prices, we cannot predict the trend of the spread between ethanol and grain prices in future periods compared to historical periods.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were approximately \$3.7 million in the current year, a \$1.7 million increase from approximately \$2.0 million in the prior year. Incentive compensation was the primary reason for the increase as this expense was approximately \$0.9 million higher compared to the prior year, as profitability from this segment during the current year exceeded the prior year. In addition, expenses increased approximately \$0.3 million over the prior year, primarily related to One Earth commencing production operations subsequent to the first quarter of fiscal year 2009. Professional fees increased approximately \$0.2 million over the prior year, primarily related to higher tax planning fees and costs incurred related to the acquisition of our interest in NuGen.

Interest expense increased approximately \$0.9 million in the current year over the prior year to approximately \$4.0 million, as we no longer capitalize interest on the One Earth credit facility subsequent to the commencement of operations at the plant. In addition, One Earth borrowed approximately \$49.0 million during fiscal year 2009 as it completed construction of its ethanol plant; the resulting higher outstanding debt amount also contributed to the increase in interest expense. Based on current interest rates, we expect interest expense in future quarters to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 based on current debt levels.

Income from equity method investments in Big River, Patriot and NuGen increased from approximately \$1.1 million in the prior year to approximately \$7.6 million in the current year. We recognized approximately \$3.5 million of income from Big River in the current year compared to approximately \$0.7 million in the prior year. We recognized approximately \$3.5 million of income from Patriot in the current year compared to approximately \$0.5 million in the prior year. We recognized approximately \$0.6 million of income from NuGen in the current year; this was the first period we reported income from NuGen given that our acquisition of our interest in NuGen was effective July 1, 2010. The improvement in Big River's and Patriot's

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profitability over the prior year levels is primarily a result of improved crush spreads. Given the inherent volatility in the factors that affect the crush spread, we cannot predict the likelihood that the trend with respect to income from equity method investments will continue in future periods.

Losses on derivative financial instruments held by One Earth and Levelland were approximately \$2.5 million in the current year compared to approximately \$1.6 million in the prior year. Since the gains or losses on these derivative financial instruments are primarily a function of the movement in interest rates, we cannot predict the likelihood that such gains or losses in future periods will be consistent with current year results.

As a result of the factors discussed above, segment profit increased to approximately \$18.6 million in the current year compared to approximately \$2.2 million in the prior year.

### **Real Estate**

The real estate segment includes all owned and sub-leased real estate including those previously used as retail store and distribution center operations, our real estate leasing activities and certain administrative expenses. It excludes results from discontinued operations.

At October 31, 2010, we have lease agreements, as landlord, for all or parts of 15 owned former retail stores (100,000 square feet leased and 20,000 square feet vacant). Of these lease agreements, six are temporary, seasonal leases. We have 19 owned former retail stores (229,000 square feet) that are vacant at October 31, 2010. In addition, one former distribution center is partially leased (156,000 square feet), partially occupied by our corporate office personnel (10,000 square feet) and partially vacant (300,000 square feet). We are marketing all of our fully and partially vacant properties for lease or sale.

### **Segment Results Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2010 Compared to Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2009**

Net sales and revenue of \$369,000 were consistent with the prior year amount of \$311,000. We expect lease revenue for the remainder of fiscal year 2010 to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 based upon leases currently executed.

Gross loss in the current year was \$350,000 compared to gross profit of \$9,000 in the prior year. The increase in gross loss compared to the prior year is primarily a result of impairment charges of \$256,000 related to three locations. We expect our gross loss for the remainder of fiscal year 2010 to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 based upon leases currently executed. If we are successful in our marketing efforts related to vacant properties, we would expect gross profit (loss) to improve over the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 results.

As a result of the factors discussed above, segment loss increased to \$392,000 in the current year from \$54,000 in the prior year.

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### **Segment Results    Nine Months Ended October 31, 2010 Compared to Nine Months Ended October 31, 2009**

Net sales and revenue increased in the current year to \$941,000 from \$765,000 in the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of a lease we entered into for a portion of one of our distribution centers which began during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2009. We expect lease revenue for the remainder of fiscal year 2010 to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 based upon leases currently executed.

Gross loss in the current year was approximately \$0.7 million compared to gross profit of \$0.1 million in the prior year. Gross profit declined compared to the prior year as a result of expenses associated with vacant properties and impairment charges. A majority of the vacant properties were being used in our retail segment during the first quarter of fiscal year 2009. Impairment charges were \$256,000 in fiscal year 2010 and related to three properties. We expect gross loss for the remainder of fiscal year 2010 to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 based upon leases currently executed. If we are successful in our marketing efforts related to vacant properties, we would expect gross profit (loss) to improve over the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 results.

As a result of the factors discussed above, segment loss increased to \$896,000 in the current year from \$11,000 in the prior year.

### **Corporate and Other**

Corporate and other includes certain administrative expenses of the corporate headquarters, interest expense and investment income not directly allocated to the alternative energy or real estate segments.

### **Corporate and Other Results    Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2010 Compared to Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2009**

Selling, general and administrative expenses were approximately \$0.6 million in the current year consistent with approximately \$0.7 million in the prior year. We expect selling, general and administrative expenses for the remainder of fiscal year 2010 to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 results.

Interest income was approximately \$86,000 in the current year consistent with approximately \$82,000 in the prior year. Interest expense was approximately \$81,000 in the current year consistent with approximately \$60,000 in the prior year. We expect interest income and interest expense for the remainder of fiscal year 2010 to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 results.

### **Corporate and Other Results    Nine Months Ended October 31, 2010 Compared to Nine Months Ended October 31, 2009**

Selling, general and administrative expenses were approximately \$2.1 million in the current year compared to approximately \$1.6 million in the prior year. Professional fees and insurance were

the categories primarily responsible for the increase in expenses. We expect selling, general and administrative expenses for the remainder of fiscal year 2010 to be consistent with the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 results.

Interest income and interest expense were consistent with the prior year amounts.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$18.2 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, compared to cash used of approximately \$0.7 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. For the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, cash was provided by net income of approximately \$11.8 million, adjusted for non-cash items of approximately \$5.4 million, which consisted of depreciation and amortization, impairment charges, income from equity method investments, gain on disposal of real estate and property and equipment, deferred income, losses on derivative financial instruments and the deferred income tax provision. Dividends received from our equity method investees were approximately \$1.1 million in the first nine months of fiscal year 2010. In addition, prepaid expense and other current and long term assets provided cash of approximately \$5.7 million, primarily a result of federal income tax refunds received. Accounts receivable and inventory used cash of approximately \$3.1 million and approximately \$1.9 million, respectively, a result of normal variations in production and sales levels. A decrease in other liabilities also used cash of approximately \$0.8 million which is the result of paying certain real estate taxes.

Net cash used in operating activities was approximately \$0.7 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. For the first nine months of fiscal year 2009, cash was provided by net income of approximately \$1.6 million, non-cash items of approximately \$(9.4) million, which consisted of depreciation and amortization, income from equity method investments, deferred income, losses on derivative financial instruments, other items and the deferred income tax provision. In addition, inventory and other assets provided cash of approximately \$16.7 million and approximately \$5.1 million, respectively, primarily a result of the wind down of our retail business. The primary use of cash was a decrease in accounts payable of approximately \$6.2 million as we finalized several outstanding retail vendor accounts associated with the wind down of our retail business. Accounts receivable increased approximately \$5.1 million as a result of production and sales from both of our consolidated ethanol entities. Other liabilities decreased approximately \$3.3 million as we paid certain payroll and other accrued expenses in connection with the wind down of our retail business.

At October 31, 2010, working capital was approximately \$90.8 million compared to approximately \$101.2 million at January 31, 2010. This decrease is primarily a result of repayments of long term debt and our purchase of a minority interest in NuGen. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 3.5 to 1 at October 31, 2010 and 3.6 to 1 at January 31, 2010.

Cash of approximately \$4.5 million was used in investing activities for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, compared to approximately \$34.4 million of cash used during the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. We acquired a 48% interest in NuGen during the second quarter of fiscal year 2010, which used approximately \$9.2 million of cash. During the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, we had capital expenditures of approximately \$3.8 million, primarily related to additional grain storage infrastructure at the One Earth ethanol plant, improvements at the Levelland Hockley ethanol plant and



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certain real estate properties. We received approximately \$1.0 million from Patriot as repayments on their promissory note and received approximately \$7.0 million from proceeds of sales of real estate and property and equipment.

Cash of approximately \$34.4 million was used in investing activities for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. During the first nine months of fiscal year 2009, we received proceeds of approximately \$1.0 million from the sale of real estate and property and equipment. We had capital expenditures of approximately \$34.5 million during the first nine months of fiscal year 2009, primarily related to construction at the One Earth ethanol plant. We deposited approximately \$1.0 million into a restricted account as collateral for a letter of credit on behalf of Levelland Hockley to secure grain purchasing.

Cash used in financing activities totaled approximately \$26.5 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010 compared to cash provided of approximately \$27.6 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. Cash was used by debt payments of approximately \$21.3 million, primarily on Levelland Hockley's and One Earth's term loans. Stock option activity generated cash of approximately \$1.4 million. In addition, cash of approximately \$6.7 million was used to repurchase approximately 415,000 shares of our common stock.

As of October 31, 2010, we had approximately 568,000 authorized shares remaining available for purchase under the stock buy-back program.

Cash provided by financing activities totaled approximately \$27.6 million for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009. Cash of approximately \$12.1 million was used to repay debt and capital lease obligations. Cash was provided by debt borrowings of approximately \$44.0 million on One Earth's construction loan and stock option activity of approximately \$1.2 million. Cash of approximately \$5.5 million was also used to acquire 535,000 shares of our common stock.

One Earth will be completing, during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2010, the construction of additional grain storage silos at its ethanol plant, expected to cost approximately \$5.0 million. Through October 31, 2010, One Earth had spent approximately \$2.0 million on the grain storage silos.

We expect that our primary sources of cash for the remainder of the year will be cash generated by operations and cash and cash equivalents on hand. We expect that our ethanol plants' uses of cash for the remainder of the year will include repayments of debt and related interest, capital expenditures and to fund working capital requirements. We plan to seek and evaluate various investment opportunities at the parent company level. We can make no assurances that we will be successful in our efforts to find such opportunities.

We believe the Company has sufficient working capital and credit availability, at the parent level, to fund our commitments and to maintain our operations at their current levels for at least the next twelve months and foreseeable future.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This Form 10-Q contains or may contain forward-looking statements as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements can be identified by use of forward-looking terminology such as may, expect, believe, estimate, anticipate or continue or negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. Readers are cautioned that there are risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those referred to in such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include the risk factors set forth from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and include among other things: the impact of legislative changes, the price volatility and availability of corn, sorghum, distillers grains, ethanol, gasoline and natural gas, ethanol plants operating efficiently and according to forecasts and projections, changes in the national or regional economies, weather, the effects of terrorism or acts of war and changes in real estate market conditions. The Company does not intend to update publicly any forward-looking statements except as required by law. Other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are set forth in Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2010 (File No. 001-09097).

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

We are exposed to the impact of market fluctuations associated with interest rates and commodity prices as discussed below.

#### ***Interest Rate Risk***

We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates. Exposure to interest rate risk results primarily from holding term and revolving loans that bear variable interest rates. Specifically, we have approximately \$117.1 million outstanding in debt as of October 31, 2010, all of which is variable-rate. Interest rates on our variable-rate debt are determined based upon the market interest rate of LIBOR plus 300 to 400 basis points. A 10% adverse change (for example from 4.0% to 4.4%) in market interest rates would affect our interest cost on such debt by approximately \$0.4 million per year in the aggregate.

One Earth entered into two forward interest rate swaps in the notional amounts of \$50.0 million and \$25.0 million with the First National Bank of Omaha during fiscal years 2008 and 2007. The \$50.0 million swap fixed the variable interest rate of a portion of One Earth's term loan at 7.9%, while the \$25.0 million swap fixed the variable interest rate of a portion of One Earth's term loan at 5.49%. The swap settlements commenced on July 31, 2009; the \$50.0 million swap terminates on July 8, 2014 and the \$25.0 million swap terminates on July 31, 2011. A hypothetical 10% change (for example, from 4.0% to 3.6%) in market interest rates at October 31, 2010 would change the fair value of the interest rate swaps by approximately \$0.7 million.

**Commodity Price Risk**

We generally do not employ derivative instruments such as futures and options to hedge our commodity price risk. Our strategy is to flat price a portion of our electricity and natural gas requirements, and to purchase the remainder on a floating index. A sensitivity analysis has been prepared to estimate our exposure to ethanol, grain and natural gas price risk. Market risk related to these factors is estimated as the potential change in income resulting from a hypothetical 10% adverse change in our average corn, natural gas price and ethanol prices as of October 31, 2010. The volumes are based on our actual use and sale of these commodities for the quarter and nine months ended October 31, 2010. The results of this analysis are as follows:

	Volume for the Quarter Ended October 31, 2010	Unit of Measure	Hypothetical Adverse Change in Price	Approximate Adverse Change to Income
Natural Gas	925,888	MMBtu	10%	\$ 445,000
Ethanol	34,074,236	Gallons	10%	\$ 5,840,000
Grain	12,438,252	Bushels	10%	\$ 4,735,000

	Volume for the Nine Months ended October 31, 2010	Unit of Measure	Hypothetical Adverse Change in Price	Approximate Adverse Change to Income
Natural Gas	2,873,348	MMBtu	10%	\$ 1,438,000
Ethanol	102,985,782	Gallons	10%	\$ 17,173,000
Grain	37,109,756	Bushels	10%	\$ 13,718,000

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

During the quarter ended October 31, 2010, there have been no material changes to the risk factors discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2010.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds****Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased</b>	<b>Average Price Paid per Share</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)</b>	<b>Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (1)</b>
August 1-31, 2010	156,288	\$ 15.09	156,288	137,143
September 1-30, 2010	51,127	14.22	51,127	86,016
October 1-31, 2010	17,972	14.95	17,972	568,044
Total	225,387	\$ 14.88	225,387	568,044

- (1) On October 7, 2010, our Board of Directors increased our share repurchase authorization by an additional 500,000. At October 31, 2010, a total of 568,044 shares remained available to purchase under this authorization.

**Item 6. Exhibits.**

The following exhibits are filed with this report:

- 4(a) Fourth Amendment of Construction Loan Agreement dated June 1, 2010 among One Earth Energy, LLC, First National Bank of Omaha, as a Bank and as Administrative Agent, Accounts Bank and Collateral Agent, and the other Banks party thereto .
- 31 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
- 32 Section 1350 Certifications

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

REX AMERICAN RESOURCES CORPORATION  
Registrant

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Stuart A. Rose</u> (Stuart A. Rose)	Chairman of the Board (Chief Executive Officer)	December 9, 2010
<u>/s/ Douglas L. Bruggeman</u> (Douglas L. Bruggeman)	Vice President, Finance and Treasurer (Chief Financial Officer)	December 9, 2010