

Amtrust Financial Services, Inc.
Form PRE 14A
March 14, 2016
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SCHEDULE 14A

**Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934
(Amendment No.)**

Filed by the Registrant: Filed by a Party other than the Registrant:

Check the appropriate box:

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- Confidential, For Use of the Commission Only (as Permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))**
- Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

AMTRUST FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

(Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

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(1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:

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- (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:

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- (1) Amount Previously Paid:

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- (3) Filing Party:

- (4) Date Filed:

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**NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING
OF STOCKHOLDERS
AND
PROXY STATEMENT
MAY 19, 2016**

59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor

New York, NY 10038

Phone: 212.220.7120

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www.amtrustgroup.com

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AMTRUST FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor

New York, New York 10038

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

TO BE HELD ON MAY 19, 2016

March 29, 2016

Dear Stockholder:

You are cordially invited to attend the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders of AmTrust Financial Services, Inc. (AmTrust, AmTrust Financial, the Company, our, us, or we), which will be held on Thursday, May 19, 2016, commencing at 10:00 a.m. (Eastern time), at 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor, New York, New York 10038.

At the Annual Meeting, you will be asked to consider and act upon (1) the election of the seven directors named in the attached proxy statement, (2) approval of the 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended and restated, (3) approval of an amendment to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and (4) such other business as may properly come before the meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof. Each of the matters to be acted upon at the meeting is more fully described in the attached proxy statement.

Record holders of common stock at the close of business on March 23, 2016, the date fixed by our Board of Directors as the record date for the meeting, are entitled to notice of and to vote on any matters that properly come before the Annual Meeting and at any adjournment or postponement thereof.

We are mailing a copy of our Annual Report to Stockholders, which includes a copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, together with this Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders, proxy statement and proxy card to stockholders on or about April 5, 2016. Additional copies may be obtained by writing to AmTrust Financial Services, Inc., 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor, New York, New York 10038, Attention: Corporate Secretary.

On behalf of the officers, directors and employees of AmTrust Financial, I would like to express our appreciation for your continued support.

Sincerely,

Stephen Ungar

Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials

for the Annual Stockholders Meeting to Be Held on May 19, 2016:

The proxy statement and annual report to security holders are available at

<https://www.proxydocs.com/AFSI>

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PROXY STATEMENT

General Information

This proxy statement is furnished to you and other stockholders of AmTrust Financial Services, Inc. (AmTrust, the Company, our, us, or we) in connection with the solicitation of proxies by our Board of Directors to be used at our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which will be held at 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor, New York, New York 10038, on Thursday, May 19, 2016, at 10:00 a.m. (Eastern time) and any adjournment or postponement thereof. All stockholders are entitled and encouraged to attend the Annual Meeting in person. This proxy statement, together with the accompanying proxy card, is first being mailed to stockholders on or about April 5, 2016.

All shares of common stock represented by properly executed proxies received pursuant to this solicitation will be voted in accordance with the stockholder's directions specified on the proxy. If no directions have been specified by marking the appropriate squares on the accompanying proxy card, the shares will be voted FOR the slate of directors described herein, FOR approval of the 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended and restated, and FOR approval of an amendment to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as described in this proxy statement. In connection with any other business that may properly come before the Annual Meeting, all properly executed proxies delivered pursuant to this solicitation and not revoked will be voted in the discretion of persons appointed as proxies and named in the proxy. A stockholder signing and returning the accompanying proxy has the power to revoke it at any time prior to its exercise by giving written notice of revocation to our Corporate Secretary, by submitting a proxy bearing a later date, or by attending the Annual Meeting and voting in person. Attendance at the Annual Meeting will not constitute, in itself, revocation of a proxy.

We will pay all expenses in connection with this solicitation of proxies and such costs are those normally expended in connection with an annual proxy statement. Proxies will be solicited principally by mail, but directors, officers and certain employees authorized by us may personally solicit proxies by telephone, e-mail or facsimile or in person and will not be receiving any special compensation for taking such actions. We will reimburse custodians, nominees or other persons for their out-of-pocket expenses in sending proxy material to beneficial owners.

The Board has fixed the close of business on March 23, 2016 as the record date for determining the holders of common stock entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting. Each such stockholder is entitled to one vote per share. As of the record date, there were [] shares of common stock outstanding.

A majority of the outstanding common stock, represented in person or by proxy, constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business at the Annual Meeting. Stockholder abstentions and broker non-votes will be included in the number of shares of common stock present at the Annual Meeting for the purpose of determining the presence of a quorum but will be counted as unvoted for the purposes of determining the approval of any matter submitted to the stockholders for a vote. An abstention on the proposal to approve the amendment to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the proposal, but will have no effect on the proposal to approve the 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended and restated.

A broker non-vote occurs when a broker cannot vote a customer's shares registered in the broker's name because the customer did not send the broker instructions on how to vote on the matter and the broker is barred by law or stock exchange regulations from exercising its discretionary voting authority in the particular matter. Brokers will not have discretion to vote shares registered in their own name on any of the proposals. Therefore, a broker non-vote will have no effect on the voting outcome of Proposal 1 or 2, but will count as a vote against Proposal 3.

In voting by proxy with regard to the election of directors, stockholders may vote in favor of each nominee or withhold their votes as to each nominee. The seven candidates receiving the greatest number of votes will be

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elected as our directors. Should any nominee become unable to accept nomination or election, the persons appointed as proxies will vote for the election of such other person as a director as the present directors may recommend in the place of such nominee. The information set forth below regarding the nominees is based on information furnished by them.

In voting by proxy with regard to the approval of the 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended and restated, or the approval of the amendment to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, stockholders may vote in favor of or against the proposal or may abstain from voting. The affirmative vote of the majority of shares cast at the Annual Meeting, represented in person or by proxy, is necessary to approve the 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended and restated. The affirmative vote of a majority of outstanding shares entitled to vote is necessary to approve the amendment to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation.

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PROPOSAL 1: ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Our Board of Directors consists of seven members. All directors will be elected at the Annual Meeting, each to serve for a one-year term until the 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until the election or appointment and qualification of his or her successor, or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal. Upon recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Board of Directors has unanimously nominated Ms. Susan C. Fisch and Messrs. Donald T. DeCarlo, Abraham Gulkowitz, George Karfunkel, Michael Karfunkel, Jay J. Miller, and Barry D. Zyskind for re-election as directors at the Annual Meeting. Proxies cannot be voted for more than seven director nominees.

Each of the director nominees who is standing for re-election to the Board of Directors has consented to serve for a new term, if elected. The Board of Directors does not contemplate that any of the nominees will be unable to stand for election, but should any nominee become unable to serve or for good cause will not serve, all proxies (except proxies marked to the contrary) will be voted for the election of a substitute nominee as our Board of Directors may recommend.

Nominees for Election as Directors

Donald T. DeCarlo, 77, Director since 2006, is an attorney in private practice. Mr. DeCarlo served as the Chairman of the Board of Commissioners of the New York State Insurance Fund from 2011 until October 2012 and served as a Commissioner from 1997 through 2009. From 1996 to 2004, Mr. DeCarlo practiced in the New York offices of Lord, Bissell & Brook, LLP, a law firm, where he was managing partner prior to his departure. He is a director of Jackson National Life Insurance Co. of New York, Greater New York Mutual Insurance Company (an insurer that primarily underwrites large property coverages) and its subsidiaries, Greater New York Custom Insurance Company, Insurance Company of Greater New York and Strathmore Insurance Company, WRM America Indemnity Company Inc. and several of our subsidiaries. He is also a member of National General Holdings Corp.'s Board of Directors. From 1987 to 1997, Mr. DeCarlo held a number of positions with the Travelers Group's insurance companies, including serving as Senior Vice President and General Counsel of all of the companies from 1994 to 1997. From 1973 to 1986, Mr. DeCarlo was vice president and general counsel of the National Council on Compensation Insurance, a national association that collects, tabulates and provides data used in formulating rates for workers compensation insurance. Mr. DeCarlo has written three books and numerous articles on workers' compensation insurance.

Mr. DeCarlo has been selected to serve on the Board of Directors because he is a recognized expert in the workers' compensation industry. He has extensive experience representing insurance industry clients in corporate, regulatory and commercial matters.

Susan C. Fisch, 71, Director since 2010, has over 30 years of experience in the insurance industry as a reinsurance broker specializing in workers' compensation. From 2001 to 2009, Ms. Fisch was an executive at Willis Re, Inc., an insurance broker, where she created and directed the Workers' Compensation Practice Group that was responsible for the creation of new products, placement of workers' compensation programs, relationship coordination with reinsurers and new client prospecting. In addition, she provided guidance and strategic direction to Willis Re clients and prospects in all aspects of workers' compensation. From 1992 through 2001, Ms. Fisch was a senior vice president and team leader specializing in workers' compensation at Benfield Blanch. From 1987 through 1992, she was a reinsurance treaty broker focusing on workers' compensation at Enan & Company. From 1978 through 1987, she was employed by Thomas A. Greene Company as a facultative broker and, ultimately, as head of the casualty facultative department in the company's San Francisco office. She began her career with Towers Perrin, an actuarial company, in 1976. Ms. Fisch has been a frequent speaker at workers' compensation seminars.

Ms. Fisch has been selected to serve on the Board of Directors because of her extensive knowledge of and contacts in the industry, with a specialization in workers' compensation insurance.

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Abraham Gulkowitz, 67, Director since 2006, is a co-founder and partner of Brookville Advisory, an investment fund specializing in credit analysis whose predecessor is Brookville Capital, which was started in 2002 and in late 2006 was sold to Morgan Stanley Alternative Assets. Mr. Gulkowitz worked for Brookville Capital from 2002 until Brookville Advisory became independent in 2011. From 1978 to 2002, Mr. Gulkowitz served in various positions, including as a Senior Managing Director and a member of the partners management group, at Bankers Trust/Deutsche Bank, an investment bank. His responsibilities included the analysis of economic and business issues related to leveraged financing transactions as well as mergers and acquisitions, private equity and real estate investments. Mr. Gulkowitz joined Bankers Trust in 1978 from Chase Manhattan Bank where he was a financial market analyst. Prior to that, he was an economics research assistant to Alan Greenspan. Mr. Gulkowitz is also a member of the advisory board of Gryphon Investors Group, a San Francisco-based private equity firm specializing in middle market investment opportunities.

Mr. Gulkowitz has been selected to serve on the Board of Directors because of his diverse and extensive financial and management experience and because he qualifies as our Audit Committee financial expert.

George Karfunkel, 67, Director since 1998, is currently the Chairman of Sabr Group, a consulting company based in New York City. Mr. Karfunkel was a director, the former Senior Vice President and co-owner of American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, a stock transfer company, which he founded in 1971 with his brother, Michael Karfunkel, and sold in 2008. Mr. Karfunkel's real estate holdings include major office buildings in New York, Chicago and several other cities, which he holds through entities he controls with Michael Karfunkel. The Karfunkels also are co-owners of Worldwide TechServices, LLC, a computer maintenance and services company. Mr. Karfunkel serves as vice chairman of The Upstate Bank, a nationally-chartered community bank, co-chairman of CheckAlt Payment Solutions, a provider of automated and electronic check transaction processing, a director of The Berkshire Bank, an independent bank based in New York, and a director of Eastman Kodak Company, a technology company focused on imaging for business.

Mr. Karfunkel has been selected to serve on the Board of Directors because he is a successful businessman with 45 years of experience in the ownership and management of and investment in the financial services industry, including insurance, banking and real estate. In addition, Mr. Karfunkel, together with Michael Karfunkel and Mr. Zyskind, are our founding stockholders.

Michael Karfunkel, 73, Chairman of the Board of Directors since 1998, is a businessman with significant interests in the financial services industry, including insurance, banking and real estate. He is currently Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of National General Holdings Corp. (NGHC), an insurance holding company. He has held this position since NGHC was formed in 2009 (see Certain Relationships and Related Transactions). Mr. Karfunkel serves on the Board of Trustees for New York Medical College, and his real estate holdings include major office buildings in New York, Chicago and several other cities, which he holds through entities he controls with his brother, George Karfunkel. The Karfunkels also are co-owners of Worldwide TechServices, LLC, a computer maintenance and services company. Mr. Karfunkel was a director, the former President and co-owner, with George Karfunkel, of American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, a stock transfer company, which he founded in 1971 with George Karfunkel, and sold in 2008. Mr. Karfunkel is Mr. Zyskind's father-in-law.

Mr. Karfunkel has been selected to serve on the Board of Directors because he has a 45 year record of developing and managing successful businesses, including the Company, Maiden Holdings, Ltd. and NGHC. His experience includes the management of large investment portfolios, mergers and acquisitions, and corporate finance, all of which are integral to our success. In addition, Mr. Karfunkel, together with George Karfunkel and Mr. Zyskind, are our founding stockholders.

Jay J. Miller, 83, Director since 1998, has practiced law specializing in securities matters and corporate transactions for more than 50 years. Mr. Miller served as our Secretary (without compensation) from 1998 to 2005. Mr. Miller also serves as a director of a number of our wholly-owned subsidiaries, and is Chairman of the

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Board of Gulf USA Corporation, a property and natural resource company. He is also a director of Newport Group Holdings, Inc., a privately-held provider of 401(k) and other retirement plan services, and its affiliated non-depository trust company, Verisight Trust Company. From March 2009 until February 2014, Mr. Miller was a director and member of the Audit Committee of One West Bank, a federally-chartered bank.

Mr. Miller has been selected to serve on the Board of Directors because he is a corporate and securities lawyer with extensive experience representing clients in many industries, including financial services, and has been involved in transactions nationally and internationally. He has served on our Board of Directors, as well as the boards of directors of our significant subsidiaries, since Michael Karfunkel and George Karfunkel acquired the Company in 1998, has valuable historical knowledge of our development, and is a respected advisor to management and the other members of the Board.

Barry D. Zyskind, 44, Director since 1998, has held senior management positions with the Company since 1998 and currently serves as our Chief Executive Officer and President. Mr. Zyskind also serves as an officer and director of many of our wholly-owned subsidiaries. Mr. Zyskind serves as non-executive chairman of the board of Maiden Holdings, Ltd., an insurance holding company (see Certain Relationships and Related Transactions) and is a member of NGHC s board of directors. Prior to joining us, Mr. Zyskind was an investment banker at Janney Montgomery Scott, LLC in New York. Mr. Zyskind is Michael Karfunkel s son-in-law.

Mr. Zyskind has been selected to serve on the Board of Directors because of his position as our Chief Executive Officer, his role in our profitable growth both before and after we became a public company, his knowledge of the industry and his experience in corporate finance. In addition, Mr. Zyskind, together with Michael Karfunkel and George Karfunkel, are our founding stockholders.

THE BOARD UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR THE ELECTION OF ALL THE NOMINEES NAMED ABOVE.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board of Directors

Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that our Board shall consist of not less than five directors and not more than thirteen directors, with the exact number to be set by the Board from time to time. Currently, our Board of Directors consists of seven members. Directors elected at the Annual Meeting will each serve for a one-year term until the 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until the election or appointment and qualification of his or her successor, or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal.

Our Board of Directors met on 15 occasions during 2015. Each of our directors attended 75% or more of the aggregate total of the Board meetings and Board committee meetings on which such director served. We encourage and expect all of the directors to attend each annual meeting of stockholders. To that end, and to the extent reasonably practicable, we regularly schedule a meeting of the Board on the day of the annual meeting of stockholders. All of our directors were present at the 2015 annual meeting of our stockholders.

Independence of Directors

Our Board of Directors has determined that four of our seven directors, Donald DeCarlo, Susan Fisch, Abraham Gulkowitz and Jay Miller, are independent directors under the NASDAQ Marketplace Rules. The remaining three directors, Barry Zyskind, George Karfunkel and Michael Karfunkel, do not qualify as independent directors.

Until November 10, 2015, we were a controlled company as defined in Rule 5615(c)(1) of NASDAQ's Marketplace Rules because George Karfunkel, Michael Karfunkel, Leah Karfunkel (Michael Karfunkel's spouse) and Barry Zyskind, directly or indirectly, collectively beneficially owned or controlled over 50% of our voting power. Therefore, we were previously exempt from the requirements of NASDAQ Marketplace Rule 5605 with respect to having:

- a majority of the members of our Board of Directors be independent;
- our Compensation and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees comprised solely of independent directors;
- the compensation of our executive officers determined by a majority of our independent directors or a Compensation Committee comprised solely of independent directors; and
- director nominees being selected or recommended for selection by our Board of Directors, either by a majority of our independent directors or by a nominating committee comprised solely of independent directors.

On November 10, 2015, the percentage of voting power held by George Karfunkel, Michael Karfunkel, Leah Karfunkel and Barry Zyskind decreased to 48%. As discussed above, a majority of the members of our Board of Directors is independent. We have elected to phase in the remaining independence requirements as authorized under NASDAQ Marketplace Rules.

Michael Karfunkel, who is not an independent director, is currently a member of our Compensation and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees.

Executive Sessions

As required under NASDAQ's Marketplace Rule 5605(b)(2), our independent directors have meetings throughout the year at which only they are present.

Table of Contents**Board Committees**

Our Board has established the following committees: Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Our Board may, from time to time, establish or maintain additional committees as it deems necessary or appropriate.

The membership of the existing committees as of March 23, 2016 is provided in the following table.

Director	Audit Committee	Compensation Committee	Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee
Donald DeCarlo	X	X*	X*
Susan Fisch	X	X	
Abraham Gulkowitz	X*		
George Karfunkel			
Michael Karfunkel		X	X
Jay Miller			X
Barry Zyskind			

* Chair

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee oversees our auditing, accounting, financial reporting, internal audit and internal control functions, appoints our independent public accounting firm and approves its services and fees. One of its functions is to assure that the independent public accountants have the freedom, cooperation and opportunity necessary to accomplish their functions. The Audit Committee also assures that appropriate action is taken on the recommendations of the independent public accountants. Our Audit Committee Charter, which describes all of the Audit Committee's responsibilities, is posted on the Investor Relations section of our website (<http://ir.amtrustgroup.com>) and is available in print to any stockholder who requests a copy.

The Audit Committee was established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). The Board has determined that each member of the Audit Committee meets the independence standards contained in NASDAQ's Marketplace Rules and that Mr. Gulkowitz and Ms. Fisch meet the independence requirements contained in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) of the Exchange Act. As permitted by Exchange Act Rule 10A-3(b)(1), we rely upon an exemption with respect to Mr. DeCarlo's independence given his membership on the board of directors of NGHC, one of our affiliates. Mr. DeCarlo otherwise meets the independence requirements of Exchange Act Rule 10A-3(b)(1) for both entities and the Board determined that Mr. DeCarlo's service on NGHC's board of directors did not, and would not, materially adversely affect the ability of the Audit Committee to act independently and to satisfy the other requirements of Exchange Act Rule 10A-3. In addition, the Board has determined that Mr. Gulkowitz qualifies as an audit committee financial expert within the meaning of Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) regulations and applicable NASDAQ Marketplace Rules.

The Audit Committee met 17 times in 2015.

Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee reviews and determines, together with the other directors if directed by the Board of Directors, the compensation of our named executive officers and reviews and approves employment and severance agreements with our named executive officers. The Compensation Committee also administers the grant of equity awards under our 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, administers the grant of performance-based

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compensation pursuant to the Amended and Restated 2007 Executive Performance Plan and establishes and reviews policies relating to the compensation and benefits of our employees and consultants. As permitted by the terms of our 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, the Compensation Committee has delegated authority to our Chief Executive Officer to designate individuals (employees who are not officers) who will receive equity awards upon initial hire and the size of such awards, up to a limited number of shares.

Final compensation decisions are made by our Chief Executive Officer in consultation with the Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors, other than with respect to the Chief Executive Officer's compensation, which is determined solely by the Compensation Committee (with Michael Karfunkel abstaining from any vote related to our Chief Executive Officer's compensation).

In 2015, the Compensation Committee hired Meridian Compensation Partners, LLC as its independent compensation consultant to assist with the formulation of the annual incentive compensation program for our named executive officers and also to consult on award architecture, structuring alternatives, performance criteria, tax consequences and other disclosure items. Meridian Compensation Partners, LLC provided no additional services to us in 2015. The Compensation Committee reviewed the independence of Meridian Compensation Partners, LLC and found no conflict of interest existed.

Our Compensation Committee Charter, which describes all of the Compensation Committee's responsibilities, is posted on the Investor Relations section of our website (<http://ir.amtrustgroup.com>) and is available in print to any stockholder who requests a copy.

The Compensation Committee met one time in 2015.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identifies and nominates members of the Board of Directors, develops and recommends to the Board of Directors a set of corporate governance principles applicable to it, and oversees the evaluation of the Board of Directors and management.

Our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Charter, which describes all of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee's responsibilities, is posted on the Investor Relations section of our website (<http://ir.amtrustgroup.com>) and is available in print to any stockholder who requests a copy.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee met one time in 2015.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

Mr. Zyskind, our President, Chief Executive Officer and a director, serves on NGHC's board of directors. He is not a member of NGHC's compensation committee. Mr. Michael Karfunkel, who is a member of our Compensation Committee, is the chairman, president and chief executive officer of NGHC. As discussed above under Board Committees Compensation Committee, the other members of our Compensation Committee are Mr. DeCarlo, who is the chairman of the committee, and Ms. Fisch.

Director Nomination Process

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee weighs the independence, skills, characteristics and experience of potential candidates for election to the Board and recommends nominees for director to the full Board for election. In considering candidates for the Board, the Committee assesses the overall composition of the Board taking into account its representation of skills, backgrounds, diversity and contacts in the insurance industry or other industries relevant to our business. As the application of these factors involves the exercise of judgment, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee does not have a standard set of fixed

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qualifications that is applicable to all director candidates, although the Committee does, at a minimum, assess each candidate's ability to satisfy any applicable legal requirements or listing standards, his or her strength of character, judgment, specific areas of expertise and his or her ability and willingness to commit adequate time to Board and Committee matters. While neither the Committee nor the Board has a formal policy with respect to the consideration of diversity in identifying director nominees, they do consider diversity when evaluating potential Board nominees. They consider diversity to include race, gender and national origin, as well as differences in viewpoint, background, experience and skills.

In identifying prospective director candidates, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee may seek referrals from other members of the Board, management, stockholders and other sources. The Committee also may, but need not, retain a professional search firm in order to assist it in these efforts. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee utilizes the same criteria for evaluating candidates regardless of the source of the referral. When considering director candidates, the Committee seeks individuals with backgrounds and qualities that, when combined with those of our incumbent directors, provide a blend of skills and experience to further enhance the Board's effectiveness.

In connection with its annual recommendation of a slate of nominees, the Committee also assesses the contributions of those directors recommended for re-election and other perceived needs of the Board. In 2016, this process resulted in the Committee's recommendation to the Board, and the Board's nomination, of the seven incumbent directors named in this proxy statement and proposed for election by you at the Annual Meeting.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider director candidates recommended by stockholders. Stockholders wishing to propose a candidate for consideration may do so by submitting the proposed candidate's full name and address, résumé and biographical information to the attention of the Corporate Secretary, AmTrust Financial Services, Inc., 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor, New York, New York 10038. All recommendations for nomination received by the Corporate Secretary that satisfy our bylaw requirements relating to such director nominations will be presented to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee for its consideration.

Oversight of Risk Management

We are exposed to a number of risks and undertake an enterprise risk management review to identify and evaluate these risks and to develop plans to manage them effectively. Our Global Chief Risk Officer is directly responsible for our enterprise risk management function and reports to our Chief Actuary, and for this purpose, directly to the Audit Committee. The Global Chief Risk Officer identifies, measures and aggregates key risk exposures within predetermined tolerance levels across the entire organization. Additionally, the Global Chief Risk Officer develops a process for management to utilize to ensure we optimize capital allocation and have sufficient capital to withstand stressed economic conditions. The Global Head of Internal Audit provides advice, consulting services on risk and control and promotes the development of a common language, framework and understanding of risk. In fulfilling their risk management responsibilities, the Global Chief Risk Officer and Global Head of Internal Audit work closely with members of senior management, including the Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Information Risk Management, Chief Actuary, Chief Legal Officer, General Counsel, Treasurer, Chief Compliance Officer and our Internal Audit department.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee plays a key role in the oversight of our enterprise risk management function. In that regard, the Global Chief Risk Officer, Global Head of Internal Audit, Chief Actuary, Chief Compliance Officer and Head of Information Risk Management meet with the Audit Committee several times a year to discuss the risks facing us, highlighting any new risks that may have arisen since they last met. The Audit Committee challenges methods and assumptions and reviews key reporting metrics.

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Leadership Structure

We have separate individuals serving in the roles of Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer in recognition of the differences between the two roles. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for setting our strategic direction and day-to-day leadership, while the Chairman of the Board provides guidance to the Chief Executive Officer and presides over meetings of the full board. This structure is appropriate to our business because it reflects the industry experience, vision and energy brought to the Board of Directors by our founder, Mr. Michael Karfunkel, and the day-to-day management direction under Mr. Zyskind. The Board's role in risk oversight does not have any effect on the Board's leadership structure.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

All directors, officers, and employees must act ethically at all times and in accordance with our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. This Code satisfies the definition of "code of ethics" pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC and complies with the requirements of NASDAQ. Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is posted on the Investor Relations section of our website (<http://ir.amtrustgroup.com>) and is available in print to any stockholder who requests a copy. We will disclose any amendments or waivers to the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics on our website.

Stockholder Communications

Stockholders and other interested persons may contact the non-management directors individually or as a group by writing to such director(s) at AmTrust Financial Services, Inc., c/o Corporate Secretary, 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor, New York, New York 10038. Stockholders may also send communications to one or more members of the Board by writing to such director(s) or to the whole Board at the same address. The Corporate Secretary delivers all such communications to the addressee(s) set forth in the communication.

Table of Contents**COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS**

In 2015, we paid an annual retainer of \$100,000 to each of our non-employee directors other than George Karfunkel and Michael Karfunkel. In addition to the annual retainer, we paid a per committee retainer of \$10,000 to chairpersons of committees, and reimbursed our directors for reasonable expenses incurred in attending Board of Directors and Committee meetings. In 2015, Mr. Miller and Mr. DeCarlo earned an additional \$72,500 and \$128,333, respectively, for serving as directors on the boards of our subsidiaries.

In addition to the cash compensation described above, in 2015, the Board of Directors, upon recommendation by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, determined that each of the non-employee directors other than George Karfunkel and Michael Karfunkel would receive a grant of restricted stock units valued at \$30,000 (1,114 post-stock split restricted stock units) that vest on the first anniversary of the grant date.

Effective January 1, 2016, we will continue to pay an annual retainer of \$100,000 to each of our non-employee directors other than George Karfunkel and Michael Karfunkel. In addition to the annual retainer, we will pay a retainer of \$25,000 to the chairperson of the Audit Committee and \$10,000 to chairpersons of the Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Non-chairperson Audit Committee members will receive a retainer of \$15,000. We will make a grant of restricted stock units valued at \$50,000, with a one-year vesting period, to each non-employee director other than George Karfunkel and Michael Karfunkel. For service on subsidiary boards, our non-employee directors are eligible to receive an annual retainer of \$5,000 for each domestic board, and \$20,000 for each international subsidiary board, with a \$100,000 annual cap on subsidiary board retainers. Should any non-employee director serve as chairperson of a subsidiary board, such director will receive an additional \$15,000 annual retainer for such service, regardless of the annual cap. George Karfunkel, Michael Karfunkel and Barry Zyskind do not receive any compensation for serving on our Board of Directors.

The following table sets forth compensation earned by the non-employee members of our Board of Directors during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015:

Name	Fees Earned or		Stock	Total
	Paid in Cash ⁽¹⁾		Awards ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	
Donald DeCarlo	\$	228,333	\$ 30,006	\$ 258,339
Susan Fisch		100,000	30,006	130,006
Abraham Gulkowitz		110,000	30,006	140,006
George Karfunkel				
Michael Karfunkel				
Jay Miller		172,500	30,006	202,506

- (1) The amounts in this column reflect Board and chairperson retainer fees earned in 2015 for service on our Board of Directors and its committees and, with respect to Mr. DeCarlo and Mr. Miller, for service on the boards of directors of several of our subsidiaries.
- (2) The dollar amounts represent the aggregate grant date fair value of awards of restricted stock units computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 as discussed in Note 16 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015. The grant date fair value of these awards is equal to the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant (\$26.935) multiplied by the number of restricted stock units awarded to each director. At December 31, 2015, each of Messrs. DeCarlo, Gulkowitz and Miller and Ms. Fisch had 7,314 outstanding restricted stock units. Unvested restricted stock units are forfeited upon termination of the director's service; however, if the director's termination of service is due to (i) retirement on or after his or her sixty-fifth birthday or, with our consent, on or after his or her fifty-fifth birthday; (ii) disability; or (iii) death, the restricted stock units become fully vested upon such termination of service. Each of Messrs. DeCarlo, Gulkowitz and Miller and Ms. Fisch were eligible to retire as of December 31, 2015. In addition, at December 31, 2015, the aggregate number of fully vested and exercisable option awards outstanding for each director was: Ms. Fisch 45,376 shares; Mr. Gulkowitz 75,630 shares; and Mr. Miller 317,630 shares.
- (3) On February 2, 2016, our stock split on a 2:1 basis. As a result, we retrospectively adjusted all share and per share amounts and stock prices to reflect the stock split.

Table of Contents**SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS**

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock by each person or group known by us to own more than 5% of our common stock. Ownership percentages in this table and the following table are based on [] shares of common stock outstanding as of March 23, 2016. All of the greater than 5% owners or members of the group owning greater than 5% of our common stock have sole voting and investment power over the shares of common stock listed, except as otherwise provided below.

Name and Address	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Barry D. Zyskind ⁽¹⁾ 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor New York, New York 10038	37,432,709 ⁽²⁾	21.3%
George Karfunkel ⁽¹⁾ 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor New York, New York 10038	32,438,408 ⁽³⁾	18.4%
Michael Karfunkel ⁽¹⁾ 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor New York, New York 10038	2,192,824	1.2%
Leah Karfunkel ⁽¹⁾ 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor New York, New York 10038	20,059,274 ⁽⁴⁾	11.4%

- (1) The stockholders listed in the table above filed a Schedule 13D/A on November 11, 2015 indicating they are each a member of a group for purposes of beneficial ownership filings under Section 13 of the Exchange Act.
- (2) Mr. Zyskind holds 259,276 of these shares of common stock as a custodian for his children under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act and 783,234 of these shares of common stock in a family trust for which he has sole investment control. The Teferes Foundation, a charitable foundation controlled by Mr. Zyskind, owns 2,413,546 of these shares of common stock. Gevurah, a charitable organization for which Mr. Zyskind is a trustee and officer and over which he has voting power and investment authority, holds 12,020,000 of these shares. Mr. Zyskind is a co-trustee with shared voting and dispositive power of 7,959,274 shares of common stock held by the Michael Karfunkel Family 2005 Trust.
- (3) Mr. George Karfunkel holds 880,000 of these shares of common stock in a family trust for which he has sole voting and investment control. The Chesed Foundation of America, a charitable foundation controlled by Mr. George Karfunkel, owns 12,215,836 of these shares of common stock.
- (4) These shares of common stock are held by The Michael Karfunkel Family 2005 Trust (the Trust), for which Mr. Zyskind and Leah Karfunkel are co-trustees. ACP Re, Ltd., an asset of the Trust that is 100% owned by ACP Re Holdings, LLC, holds 12,100,000 of these shares. ACP Re Holdings, LLC is owned 99.9% by the Trust.

Table of Contents**SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT**

The following table sets forth information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock by each director, each person named in the Summary Compensation Table under Executive Compensation, and of all our directors and executive officers as a group as of March 23, 2016. For purposes of the table below, derivative securities that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of March 23, 2016 into common stock are considered outstanding and beneficially owned by the person holding the derivative securities for the purposes of computing beneficial ownership of that person, but are not treated as outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person. All of the directors and executive officers have sole voting and investment power over the shares of common stock listed or share voting and investment power with his or her spouse, except as otherwise provided below.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount & Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Donald T. DeCarlo	132,878 ⁽¹⁾	*
Susan C. Fisch	70,400 ⁽¹⁾	*
Abraham Gulkowitz	110,604 ⁽¹⁾	*
George Karfunkel	32,438,408 ⁽²⁾	18.4%
Michael Karfunkel	2,192,824	1.2%
Jay J. Miller	366,854 ⁽¹⁾	*
Barry Zyskind	37,432,709 ⁽³⁾	21.3%
Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr.	591,313 ⁽¹⁾	*
Max G. Caviet	379,829 ⁽¹⁾	*
Michael J. Saxon	605,434 ⁽¹⁾	*
Christopher M. Longo	629,116 ⁽¹⁾	*
All executive officers and directors as a group (15 persons)	75,488,723 ⁽¹⁾	42.8%

* Less than one percent.

- (1) Includes shares the individuals have the right to acquire upon the exercise of options or the vesting of restricted stock units within 60 days of March 23, 2016: Ms. Fisch 45,376 shares; Mr. Gulkowitz 75,630 shares; Mr. Miller 317,630 shares; all executive officers and directors as a group 616,550 shares.
- (2) The Chesed Foundation of America, a charitable foundation controlled by Mr. George Karfunkel, owns 12,215,836 of these shares of common stock.
- (3) Mr. Zyskind holds 259,276 of these shares of common stock as a custodian for his children under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act and 783,234 of these shares of common stock in a family trust for which he has sole investment control. The Teferes Foundation, a charitable foundation controlled by Mr. Zyskind, owns 2,413,546 of these shares of common stock. Gevurah, a charitable organization for which Mr. Zyskind is a trustee and officer and over which he has voting power and investment authority, holds 12,020,000 of these shares. Mr. Zyskind is a co-trustee with shared voting and dispositive power of 7,959,274 shares of Common Stock held by the Michael Karfunkel Family 2005 Trust. 1,400,000 of the shares of common stock owned by Mr. Zyskind directly are pledged as collateral for a line of credit.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers to file reports of ownership and changes of ownership of our common stock and derivative securities with the SEC. To our knowledge, based solely on our review of copies of reports furnished to us and written representations that no other reports were required, during fiscal year 2015, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to our directors and executive officers and greater than 10% stockholders were timely met.

Table of Contents**INFORMATION REGARDING INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS****Audit and Non-Audit Fees**

Our Audit Committee approves the fees and other significant compensation to be paid to our independent auditors for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or related work. Our Audit Committee also preapproves all auditing services and permitted non-audit services, including the fees and terms thereof, to be performed for us by our independent auditors, subject to the de minimis exceptions for non-audit services described in the Exchange Act. Our Audit Committee reviewed and discussed with BDO USA, LLP, our independent public accounting firm for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, the following fees for services rendered for the 2015 and 2014 fiscal years and considered the compatibility of non-audit services with BDO USA, LLP's independence. A representative of BDO USA, LLP will be present at the Annual Meeting and will have the opportunity to make a statement if he or she desires to do so and to respond to appropriate questions from stockholders.

The following table presents the aggregate fees billed or expected to be billed for professional services rendered to us by BDO USA, LLP and BDO International affiliate firms for 2015 and 2014. Other than as set forth below, no professional services were rendered or fees billed by BDO USA, LLP or its international affiliates during 2015 and 2014.

BDO USA, LLP	2015	2014
Audit Fees ⁽¹⁾	\$ 5,912,017	\$ 4,968,626
Audit-Related Fees ⁽²⁾	779,204	715,497
Tax Fees ⁽³⁾	77,655	69,072
All Other Fees		
Total	\$ 6,768,876	\$ 5,753,195

- (1) Audit fees relate to professional services rendered for: (i) the integrated audit of our annual financial statements and internal controls over financial reporting and (ii) the reviews of our consolidated financial statements included in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q.
- (2) Audit-related fees relate to: (i) the audits of service organization internal controls, (ii) services performed in connection with filings of registration statements and comfort letters, (iii) agreed-upon-procedures reports, and (iv) SEC related correspondence.
- (3) Tax fees relate to professional services rendered for: (i) tax compliance services, (ii) corporate due diligence and (iii) tax advice.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures of the Audit Committee

Pursuant to its charter, the Audit Committee pre-approves all audit and permitted non-audit services, including engagement fees and terms thereof, to be performed for us by the independent auditors, subject to the exceptions for certain non-audit services approved by the Audit Committee prior to the completion of the audit in accordance with Section 10A of the Exchange Act. The Audit Committee must also pre-approve all internal control-related services to be provided by the independent auditors. The Audit Committee will generally pre-approve a list of specific services and categories of services, including audit, audit-related and other services, for the upcoming or current fiscal year, subject to a specified cost level. In addition, from time to time, we may want the independent auditors to perform additional permitted services that the Audit Committee must pre-approve before the independent auditors can proceed with providing such services. In doing this, the Audit Committee has established a procedure whereby a BDO partner, in conjunction with our Treasurer/Senior Vice President of Finance, will contact the Audit Committee Chairperson and obtain pre-approval (verbally and via email) for such services, to be followed (where appropriate) by a written engagement letter confirming such arrangements, signed by both our Chief Executive Officer and Audit Committee Chairperson. In addition, all audit and

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permissible non-audit services in excess of 5% over the pre-approved cost level must be separately pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee may form and delegate to a subcommittee consisting of one or more members (provided that such person(s) are independent directors) its authority to grant pre-approvals of audit, permitted non-audit services and internal control-related services, provided that decisions of such subcommittee to grant pre-approvals shall be presented to the full Audit Committee at its next scheduled meeting.

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REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee's role includes the oversight of our financial, accounting and reporting processes; our system of internal accounting and financial controls; and our compliance with related legal and regulatory requirements. The Audit Committee oversees the appointment, engagement, compensation, termination and oversight of our independent auditors, including conducting a review of their independence, reviewing and approving the planned scope of our annual audit, overseeing our independent auditors' audit work, reviewing and pre-approving any audit and non-audit services (including the fees and terms thereof) that may be performed by our independent auditors, reviewing with management and our independent auditors the adequacy of our internal financial and disclosure controls, reviewing our critical accounting policies and the application of accounting principles, and ensuring the rotation of partners of our independent auditors on our audit engagement team as required by law. The Audit Committee establishes procedures, as required under applicable law, for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by us regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters and the confidential and anonymous submission by employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters. The Audit Committee's role also includes meeting to review our annual audited financial statements and quarterly financial statements with management and our independent auditors.

Each member of the Audit Committee meets the independence criteria prescribed by applicable law and the rules of the SEC and NASDAQ for audit committee membership and is an independent director within the meaning of applicable NASDAQ listing standards. Each Audit Committee member meets NASDAQ's financial literacy requirements, and the Board has further determined that Mr. Gulkowitz is an Audit Committee financial expert, as defined in Item 407(d)(5) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC and also meets NASDAQ's professional experience requirements. The Audit Committee acts pursuant to a written charter, which complies with the applicable provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and related rules of the SEC and NASDAQ, which can be found on the Investor Relations section of our website (<http://ir.amtrustgroup.com>).

We have reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements with management and with our independent auditors. We met with our independent auditors to discuss results of their examinations, their evaluation of our internal controls, and the overall quality of our financial reporting.

We have discussed with the independent auditors the matters required to be discussed by Auditing Standard No. 1301, Communications with Audit Committees, as adopted by the Public Accounting Oversight Board (the PCAOB). In addition, we received the written disclosures and the letter from the independent auditors pursuant to applicable requirements of the PCAOB regarding the independent auditors' communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence and have discussed with the independent auditors their independence, including a review of both audit and non-audit fees.

Based upon the review and discussions described in the preceding paragraph, we recommended to our Board that the audited financial statements of the Company be included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 for filing with the SEC.

February 22, 2016

Abraham Gulkowitz (Chairman)

Donald T. DeCarlo

Susan C. Fisch

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**PROPOSAL 2: APPROVAL OF THE 2010 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN,
AS AMENDED AND RESTATED**

The Board of Directors is requesting that our stockholders approve our 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the Plan), as amended and restated by the Board of Directors on March 11, 2016. The Plan was originally approved by our stockholders at our 2010 Annual Meeting, and amendments to the Plan were most recently approved at our 2012 Annual Meeting.

The number of shares reserved for issuance under the Plan has been restated to reflect our 2-for-1 stock split on February 2, 2016 and the ten percent stock dividends that were paid in September 2013 and September 2012. We are not asking stockholders to increase the maximum number of shares that may be issued pursuant to awards under the Plan.

We are seeking stockholder approval of the Plan in order to:

Allow us to continue to grant awards under the Plan that are intended to be exempt from Section 162(m). Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code (Section 162(m)) prohibits a publicly held corporation from claiming federal income tax deductions for compensation in excess of \$1 million per year paid to its chief executive officer or any of the three other most highly compensated executive officers (other than the chief financial officer). However, if certain conditions are met, compensation that qualifies as performance-based is excluded for purposes of calculating the \$1 million limit. Among other requirements, to qualify for the performance-based compensation exception, the material terms of the performance goals must be disclosed to and approved by stockholders every 5 years, or earlier if those terms have been materially modified. The material terms include the employees eligible to receive compensation under the Plan; a description of the business criteria on which performance goals may be based; and the maximum amount of compensation that could be paid to any employee under the Plan. Because the amended and restated Plan includes additional business criteria on which performance goals may be based, we are asking that our stockholders re-approve the Plan.

Impose limitations on awards granted to non-employee directors. As amended and restated, the Plan will impose limits on the number of shares that may be subject to awards granted in any one calendar year to any of our non-employee directors. These limits will be separate from, and in addition to, the limits that already apply to awards to other participants.

The Board of Directors believes it is very important that our eligible directors, employees and consultants receive part of their compensation in the form of equity awards as a way to foster their investment in the Company and reinforce the link between their financial interests and those of our other stockholders. The Plan provides us with flexibility in the types of awards we can grant by authorizing award types including restricted stock units, restricted stock, performance shares, performance units, stock options, stock appreciation rights, dividend equivalents, other stock-based awards, and cash awards. This provides us with the ability to structure our compensation programs to be economically attractive to participants, while maximizing our tax efficiency.

Summary of Material Changes

As amended and restated by the Board of Directors, the Plan:

Expands the list of performance criteria upon which performance goals may be based for awards that are intended to qualify as performance-based compensation for purposes of Section 162(m) to include: gross income, premium growth, earnings per share, expenses, operations and maintenance expenses, capital expenditures, and cash flow.

Limits the number of shares that may be subject to awards granted in any one calendar year to any of our non-employee directors, as follows:

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i The maximum aggregate number of shares subject to stock options and stock appreciation rights (or SARs) granted to any non-employee director in any calendar year may not exceed the

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greater of (a) 40,000 shares or (b) the number of shares subject to awards with an aggregate grant date fair value (for financial reporting purposes) of \$200,000.

- i For awards other than options and SARs, the maximum aggregate number of shares subject to awards granted to any non-employee director in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of (x) 10,000 shares or (y) the number of shares subject to awards with an aggregate grant date fair value (for financial reporting purposes) of \$350,000.

However, these limitations will not apply to cash-based fees that a non-employee director elects to receive in the form of shares or share equivalents of equal value.

Prohibits the granting of dividend equivalents with respect to stock options and SARs stock appreciation rights (or SARs) awarded under the Plan.

Provides that the minimum vesting provisions of the Plan, which previously applied only to awards of restricted stock and restricted stock units, will apply to stock options and SARs that may be granted under the Plan.

Provides that the Board of Directors may reserve to itself any or all of the authority of the Compensation Committee under the Plan or may act as the administrator of the Plan.

Provides that awards granted under the Plan will be subject to forfeiture or recoupment pursuant to any clawback policy that we may adopt.

The amended and restated Plan also includes other minor clarifying, administrative and technical changes.

Summary of the 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended and restated

A description of the Plan's provisions, as amended and restated, follows below. This summary is qualified in its entirety by the detailed provisions of the Plan, as amended and restated, a copy of which is attached as Appendix A to this proxy statement.

Description of the Plan

Administration. The Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee. A majority of the members of the Compensation Committee qualify as outside directors within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, meet the requirements of Rule 16b-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and comply with the independence requirements of The NASDAQ Stock Market. The Compensation Committee may select eligible individuals to receive awards, determine award types and terms and conditions of awards, and interpret the Plan's provisions. The Compensation Committee may appoint one or more separate committees, composed of one or more directors who need not satisfy the independence requirements described above, that may administer the Plan with respect to participants, provided such grantees are not AmTrust executive officers or directors. The Compensation Committee also may delegate its authority under the Plan to one or more AmTrust officers, to the extent permitted by applicable law. The Board of Directors may reserve to itself any or all of the authority of the Compensation Committee under the Plan or may act as the administrator of the Plan.

Common Stock Reserved for Issuance Under the Plan. The total number of shares of AmTrust common stock reserved for issuance under the Plan (as adjusted for our recent two-for-one stock split and for prior stock dividends) is limited to 10,890,000 shares (no more than 8,470,000 of which may be granted for awards other than stock options or SARs), plus shares rolled over into the Plan from AmTrust's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. All of the shares authorized for issuance under the Plan may be granted with respect to incentive stock options.

The common stock reserved for issuance under the Plan consists of authorized but unissued shares or, to the extent permitted by law, issued shares that we have reacquired. If any shares covered by an award under the Plan are not purchased or are forfeited by participants, or if an award terminates without stock settlement, then such shares of common stock will not count against the aggregate number of shares available under the Plan and will

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be available for additional awards under the Plan. Shares withheld to pay the exercise price of an option or to satisfy tax withholding obligations are also treated as available for issuance under the Plan. The number of shares of common stock available for issuance under the Plan may also be increased by the number of shares subject to awards that are assumed or substituted in connection with the acquisition of another company.

Eligibility. Awards may be made under the Plan to non-employee directors of AmTrust and to employees (including potential employees) and consultants of AmTrust, its subsidiaries or affiliates. It is currently anticipated that approximately 6,200 employees and consultants and four non-employee directors will be eligible for awards under the Plan.

Amendment or Termination of the Plan. The Board of Directors may terminate the Plan at any time for any reason. The Plan is scheduled to terminate ten years after its original effective date (on May 14, 2020). The Board of Directors may also amend the Plan. Amendments are to be submitted to stockholders for approval to the extent required by the Internal Revenue Code or other applicable laws, rules or regulations. Amendments that would increase the benefits under the Plan or that would increase the aggregate number of shares that may be issued under the Plan must also be approved by our stockholders.

Options. The Plan permits the granting of stock options. Each stock option provides the option holder with the right to purchase one share of common stock at a fixed exercise price. These stock options may be intended to qualify as incentive stock options under the Internal Revenue Code, or may be issued as non-qualifying stock options.

The exercise price of a stock option must equal or exceed 100% of the fair market value of our common stock on the grant date. The fair market value is generally determined as the closing price of the common stock on the date of grant. As of March 11, 2016, the closing price per share of AmTrust's common stock was \$26.20. In the case of 10% stockholders who receive incentive stock options, the exercise price may not be less than 110% of the fair market value of our common stock on the grant date. An exception to these requirements is made for options that we grant in substitution for options held by employees of companies that we acquire. In that case, the exercise price may be appropriately adjusted to preserve the economic value of those employees' stock options from his or her prior employer.

The Compensation Committee determines the term of stock options at the time of grant, which term may not exceed ten years from the grant date. If the grantee is a 10% stockholder, an option intended to be an incentive stock option will expire after no more than five years. The Compensation Committee also determines at what time or times each option may be exercised and the period of time, if any, after retirement, death, disability or termination of employment during which options may be exercised. Options may become exercisable in periodic installments or in one lump sum. The Compensation Committee may accelerate a participant's ability to exercise options, subject to compliance with the Plan.

Upon exercise, optionees may satisfy their exercise price obligation by any method approved by the Compensation Committee, including by cash, certified check, by tendering shares of our common stock, or by means of a broker-assisted cashless exercise.

The Plan does not permit the repricing of stock options or SARs without stockholder approval.

Stock options and SARs granted under the Plan may not be sold, transferred, pledged or assigned other than by will or under applicable laws of descent and distribution.

Other Awards. The Compensation Committee may also award:

Stock Appreciation Rights – rights to receive a number of shares or an amount in cash (or a combination of both), based upon the increase in the fair market value of the shares underlying the right during a stated period.

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Restricted Stock shares of common stock subject to restrictions.

Restricted Stock Units rights to receive common stock after the lapse of restrictions.

Unrestricted Stock shares of common stock at no cost or for a purchase price free from any restrictions under the Plan. Unrestricted shares of common stock may be issued to participants in recognition of past services or other valid consideration, and may be issued in lieu of cash compensation to be paid to participants.

Performance and Annual Incentive Awards ultimately payable in common stock or cash, as determined by our Compensation Committee. Grants may be annual or multi-year awards subject to achievement of specified goals based upon satisfaction of performance goals.

Other Stock-Based Awards and Cash Awards other awards denominated or payable in, valued by reference to, or otherwise related to AmTrust common stock, as well as cash incentive awards.

Minimum Vesting Periods. The Plan generally provides that awards of restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock options and SARs may not vest fully in less than three years from the grant date. Restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock options and SARs subject to performance-based vesting conditions generally may not vest fully in less than one year from the grant date. However, these minimum vesting periods are subject to exceptions (i) where vesting occurs due to a participant's death, disability or retirement, or in connection with a change in control of AmTrust; and (ii) with respect to awards to non-employee directors. In addition, up to 5% of the shares authorized under the Plan can be granted with terms that do not satisfy these minimum vesting periods.

Effect of Certain Corporate Transactions. The Compensation Committee retains discretion under the Plan to determine the treatment of outstanding awards in connection with a change in control of AmTrust. For example, the Compensation Committee may cause awards granted under the Plan to vest upon a change in control, may cancel awards in exchange for a payment of cash (or without a payment, in the case of stock options or SARs with an exercise price that exceeds fair market value), or may cause awards to be continued or substituted in connection with a change in control.

Adjustments for Stock Splits, Stock Dividends and Similar Events. The Compensation Committee will make appropriate adjustments in outstanding awards and the number of shares available for issuance under the Plan, including the individual limitations on awards, to reflect stock splits, stock dividends and other equity restructuring transactions. In the event of other types of corporate transactions, such as mergers, the Compensation Committee may make similar equitable adjustments.

Section 162(m). The Plan is designed to permit the Compensation Committee to grant awards that are intended to qualify as performance-based for purposes of Section 162(m). Although the Compensation Committee designs certain awards under the Plan to be treated as performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), there is no guarantee that any awards will so qualify, and we may from time to time pay compensation that is not deductible under Section 162(m) if the Compensation Committee believes that doing so is in our stockholders' best interests.

Under the Plan, as amended, one or more of the following business criteria may be used by the Compensation Committee in establishing performance goals for awards that are intended to qualify as performance-based compensation for purposes of Section 162(m):

gross or net revenue, gross income, premiums collected, premium growth, new annualized premiums, and investment income any earnings or net income measure, including earnings from operations, earnings before taxes, earnings before interest and/or taxes and/or depreciation, statutory earnings before realized gains (losses), or net income available to common stockholders

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earnings per share or operating earnings per common share (either basic or diluted)
 return on assets, return on investment, return on capital, return on invested capital, return on equity, or return on tangible equity
 economic value created
 combined ratio, loss ratio or other financial ratios
 operating margin or profit margin
 expenses, operations and maintenance expenses or capital expenditures
 cash flow
 stock price or total stockholder return
 book value
 strategic business criteria, consisting of one or more objectives based on meeting specific market penetration, total market capitalization, business retention, new product generation, geographic business expansion goals, cost targets (including cost of capital), customer satisfaction, employee satisfaction, management of employment practices and employee benefits, supervision of litigation and information technology, and goals relating to acquisitions or divestitures of subsidiaries, affiliates or joint ventures.

The Compensation Committee determines targeted level or levels of performance with respect to performance criteria. Goals may be expressed in absolute terms, on a per share basis (either basic or diluted), as a goal relative to performance in prior periods, or as a goal compared to the performance of one or more comparable companies or an index covering multiple companies.

In addition to the annual limitations on awards to non-employee directors under the amended and restated Plan as described above, the following maximum award limitations (as adjusted for our recent two-for-one stock split and for prior stock dividends) apply to awards under the Plan, other than awards to non-employee directors:

Stock options or stock appreciation rights 968,000 shares per calendar year, per participant.

Annual incentive award \$4 million per operating period, per participant.

Performance awards:

- i Share-based performance award 484,000 shares for each year of duration of such award; provided that the amount of shares earned may not exceed 1,452,000 shares, per participant.
- i Cash-based performance award \$4.5 million for each year of duration of such awards; provided that the amount earned may not exceed \$9 million, per participant.

Share-based awards other than stock options, stock appreciation rights or performance share awards 605,000 shares per calendar year, per participant.

Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of awards made under the Plan, based upon the laws in effect on the date hereof. The discussion is general in nature and does not take into account a number of considerations which may apply in light of the circumstances of a particular participant under the Plan. The income tax consequences under applicable foreign, state or local tax laws may not be the same as under U.S. federal income tax law.

Incentive Stock Options. The grant of an incentive stock option will not be a taxable event for the grantee or for us. A grantee will not recognize taxable income upon exercise of an incentive stock option (alternative minimum tax may apply), and any gain realized upon a disposition of our common stock received pursuant to the exercise of an incentive stock option will be taxed as long-term capital gain if the grantee holds the shares of common stock for at least two years after the date of grant and for one year after the date of exercise (the holding period requirement). For exercised options to qualify for the foregoing tax treatment, the grantee

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generally must be employed by us or one of our subsidiaries from the grant date of the option through a date within three months before the exercise date of the options. We will not be entitled to any business expense deduction with respect to the exercise of an incentive stock option.

If the holding period requirement mentioned above is not met, the grantee will recognize ordinary income upon the disposition of the common stock received pursuant to an incentive stock option in an amount generally equal to the excess of the fair market value of the common stock at the time the option was exercised over the option exercise price (but not in excess of the gain realized on the sale). The balance of the realized gain, if any, will be capital gain. We will be allowed a business expense deduction to the extent the grantee recognizes ordinary income, subject to our compliance with Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code and to certain reporting requirements.

Non-Qualified Options. The grant of an option will not be a taxable event for the grantee or us. Upon exercising a non-qualified option, a grantee will recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the difference between the exercise price and the fair market value of the common stock on the date of exercise. Upon a subsequent sale or exchange of shares acquired pursuant to the exercise of a non-qualified option, the grantee will have taxable capital gain or loss, measured by the difference between the amount realized on the disposition and the tax basis of the shares of common stock (generally, the amount paid for the shares plus the amount treated as ordinary income at the time the option was exercised).

If we comply with applicable reporting requirements and with the restrictions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, we generally will be entitled to a business expense deduction in the same amount and at the same time as the grantee's recognition of ordinary income.

Restricted Stock. A grantee who is awarded restricted stock will not recognize any taxable income for federal income tax purposes in the year of the award, provided that the shares of common stock are subject to restrictions (that is, the restricted stock is nontransferable and subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture). However, the grantee may elect under Section 83(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to recognize compensation income in the year of the award in an amount equal to the fair market value of the common stock on the date of the award (less the purchase price, if any), determined without regard to the restrictions. If the grantee does not make such a Section 83(b) election, the fair market value of the common stock on the date the restrictions lapse (less the purchase price, if any) will be treated as compensation income to the grantee and will be taxable in the year the restrictions lapse and dividends paid while the common stock is subject to restrictions will be treated as ordinary compensation income subject to withholding taxes. If we comply with applicable reporting requirements and with the restrictions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, we generally will be entitled to a business expense deduction in the same amount and at the same time as the grantee recognizes ordinary income.

Restricted Stock Units. There are no immediate tax consequences of receiving an award of restricted stock units under the Plan. A grantee who is awarded restricted stock units will be required to recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the amount of cash and the fair market value of shares issued to such grantee at the end of the restriction period or, if later, the payment date. If we comply with applicable reporting requirements and with the restrictions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, we generally will be entitled to a business expense deduction in the same amount and at the same time as the grantee recognizes ordinary income.

Stock Appreciation Rights. There are no immediate tax consequences of receiving an award of stock appreciation rights under the Plan. Upon exercising a stock appreciation right, a grantee will recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the difference between the exercise price and amount of cash and the fair market value of the common stock received on the date of exercise. If we comply with applicable reporting requirements and with the restrictions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, we generally will be entitled to a business expense deduction in the same amount and at the same time as the grantee recognizes ordinary income.

Performance and Annual Incentive Awards. The award of a performance or annual incentive award will have no federal income tax consequences for us or for the grantee. The payment of the award is taxable to a

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grantee as ordinary income. If we comply with applicable reporting requirements and with the restrictions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, we generally will be entitled to a business expense deduction in the same amount and at the same time as the grantee recognizes ordinary income.

Unrestricted Common Stock. Participants who are awarded unrestricted common stock will be required to recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the fair market value of the shares of common stock on the date of the award, reduced by the amount, if any, paid for such shares. If we comply with applicable reporting requirements and with the restrictions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, we generally will be entitled to a business expense deduction in the same amount and at the same time as the grantee recognizes ordinary income.

Section 280(G). To the extent payments that are contingent on a change in control are determined to exceed certain Internal Revenue Code limitations, they may be subject to a 20% excise tax imposed on the recipient and a portion of our deduction with respect to the associated compensation expense may be disallowed in whole or in part.

Section 409A. We intend for awards granted under the Plan to comply with, or be exempt from, Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, which imposes certain restrictions on nonqualified deferred compensation. However, we will not have any obligation to indemnify or otherwise hold any participant harmless from any taxes or penalties that may be imposed under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code.

Plan Benefits

Because it is within the discretion of the Compensation Committee to determine which non-employee directors, employees and consultants will receive awards and the amount and type of awards received, it is not presently possible to determine the number of individuals to whom awards will be made in the future under the Plan or the amount of the awards.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The table below shows information regarding awards outstanding and shares of common stock available for issuance as of December 31, 2015 under the Plan:

Plan Category	Number of Securities to Be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans ⁽³⁾
Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security Holders	5,389,862	\$ 6.99	8,296,448
Equity Compensation Plans Not Approved by Security Holders			
Total	5,389,862	\$ 6.99	8,296,448

(1) Includes restricted stock unit awards that, upon vesting, provide the holder with the right to receive common shares on a one-to-one basis. Performance share units are included at their target value.

(2) Only applies to outstanding options, as restricted stock units and performance share units do not have exercise prices.

(3) On February 2, 2016, our stock split on a 2:1 basis. As a result, we retrospectively adjusted all share and per share amounts and stock prices to reflect the stock split.

THE BOARD UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE 2010 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN, AS AMENDED AND RESTATED.

Table of Contents**EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**

The table below sets forth the names, ages (as of the date of this proxy statement) and positions of our executive officers:

Name	Age	Position(s)
Barry D. Zyskind	44	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr.	49	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Max G. Caviet	63	President of AmTrust International Insurance Limited (AAIL); Chief Executive Officer of AmTrust International Limited (AIL)
Michael J. Saxon	57	Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer
Christopher M. Longo	42	Executive Vice President and Chief Information Officer
David H. Saks	49	Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer
Adam Karkowsky	41	Executive Vice President Strategic Development and Mergers & Acquisitions
Harry C. Schlachter	59	Senior Vice President and Treasurer
Stephen B. Ungar	53	Senior Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel

Set forth below are descriptions of the backgrounds of each of our executive officers, other than Barry D. Zyskind, whose background is described above under Proposal 1 Election of Directors.

Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr. joined the Company in 2001 and has been Chief Financial Officer since 2005. From 1993 to 2001, Mr. Pipoly served as Financial Analyst, Assistant Controller, and ultimately Controller at PRS Group, Inc., a property and casualty insurance holding company in Beachwood, Ohio. Mr. Pipoly began his career at Coopers and Lybrand, an accounting firm, where he worked from 1988 through 1993.

Max G. Caviet joined the Company in January 2003 and has been President of AAIL since 2003, was Chief Executive Officer of AmTrust Europe, Ltd. from 2010-2015, and is now Chief Executive Officer of AIL. Mr. Caviet also serves as an officer and director of several of our subsidiaries. From 1994 to 2003, Mr. Caviet was Engineering and Underwriting Manager with Trenwick International Limited. From 1990 to 1994, Mr. Caviet was with Crowe Underwriting Agency Ltd. as its Engineering and Extended Warranty Underwriter. In 1982, Mr. Caviet joined CIGNA Insurance Company of North America (UK) Ltd. as a Senior Underwriter for Special Risks and was promoted to Engineering and Underwriting Manager. Between 1972 and 1982, Mr. Caviet was an underwriter and team leader, specializing in engineering risks, at British Engine Insurance Company.

Michael J. Saxon joined the Company in 2001 and has been Chief Operating Officer since 2005. Prior to joining the Company, he was Chief Claims Officer for Credit General Insurance Company, a property and casualty insurer. In 1984, Mr. Saxon began his career at Liberty Mutual, an insurance company. Thereafter, Mr. Saxon joined Progressive Insurance Company, where he held successively more responsible management positions in the Claims Department over an eight-year period.

Christopher M. Longo joined the Company in 2001 and has been Chief Information Officer since 2006. Previous to his employment with the Company, Mr. Longo performed a number of functions with Credit General Insurance Company including as a commercial lines underwriter, actuarial analyst and regulatory compliance officer.

David H. Saks, Chief Legal Officer, joined the Company in May 2009. From April 1999 to May 2009, Mr. Saks held a number of positions at American International Group, Inc., an insurance company. His responsibilities included overseeing the legal aspects of all of AIG's domestic and international mergers and acquisitions, joint ventures and strategic investments. In addition, Mr. Saks was responsible for overseeing the legal aspects of AIG's operations and systems, e-commerce, sourcing and real estate leasing. Mr. Saks began his career at Simpson Thacher & Bartlett, where he worked from December 1994 through March 1999.

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Adam Karkowsky, Executive Vice President Strategic Development and Mergers & Acquisitions, joined the Company in March 2011. Mr. Karkowsky also serves as an officer and director of several of our subsidiaries. From June 2009 to March 2011, Mr. Karkowsky was a mergers and acquisitions, insurance and business development consultant. From October 2005 to June 2009, Mr. Karkowsky served as President and Portfolio Manager for Hudson Equity Partners, a venture capital firm, and Chief Executive Officer of UPRS Group, LLC, an asset recovery company.

Harry C. Schlachter joined the Company in 2001 and has been Senior Vice President and Treasurer since 2007. In addition to his position as our Senior Vice President and Treasurer, Mr. Schlachter also serves as an officer and director of many of our subsidiaries. Mr. Schlachter began his career as Controller at Capri Optics Inc., and between 1982 and 1986 served as Tax Department Manager for Main Hurdman. From 1986 to 2000, he was at Saul N. Friedman & Co. where he held the position of Tax Partner. Mr. Schlachter is a Certified Public Accountant.

Stephen B. Ungar joined the Company in 2001 and has been Secretary since 2005 and General Counsel since 2001. Mr. Ungar also serves as an officer and director of many of our subsidiaries. From 1990 to 2001, Mr. Ungar served as Special Counsel and Managing Attorney with the State of New York Insurance Department Liquidation Bureau. Between 1987 to 1990, Mr. Ungar was an associate at Hendler and Murray and Kroll and Tract in New York.

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT

Our Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Item 402(b) of Regulation S-K with management and, based on such review and discussion, has recommended to the Board that the following Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in the Proxy Statement and incorporated by reference in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

March 11, 2016

Donald T. DeCarlo (Chairman)

Susan C. Fisch

Michael Karfunkel

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COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This compensation discussion and analysis explains the material elements of the compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to each of our named executive officers during the last completed fiscal year. In 2015, our named executive officers were Barry D. Zyskind (President and Chief Executive Officer), Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr. (Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer), Max G. Caviet (President of AIL and CEO of AIL), Michael J. Saxon (Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer) and Christopher M. Longo (Executive Vice President, Chief Information Officer).

Overview

The objectives of our executive compensation policy are to retain the executives who have been integral to our growth, to attract other talented and dedicated executives and to motivate each of our executives to increase our overall profitability and stockholder value. To achieve these goals, we offer each executive an overall compensation package, which is competitive and retentive and ties a meaningful portion of total compensation to the achievement of specific performance objectives and stock price appreciation.

Our overall strategy is to compensate our named executive officers with a mix of cash compensation, in the form of base salary and annual incentives, and equity compensation, in the form of performance shares, restricted stock or restricted stock units.

Our policy for setting compensation for our named executive officers has focused on levels we believe are, based on our independent competitive market research, competitive for executives at companies of similar size, performance and growth, operating primarily in the insurance industry. Compensation decisions have been made by our Chief Executive Officer in consultation with the Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors, other than with respect to the Chief Executive Officer's compensation, which is determined solely by the Compensation Committee (with Michael Karfunkel abstaining from any vote related to our Chief Executive Officer's compensation). In 2015, the Compensation Committee hired Meridian Compensation Partners, LLC as its independent compensation consultant to assist with the formulation of the annual incentive compensation award program for our named executive officers and also consulted on award architecture, structuring alternatives, performance criteria, tax consequences and other disclosure items contained in this proxy statement.

We believe that the compensation levels for our named executive officers are competitive and do not encourage them to take unnecessary or excessive risks. We expect that as we continue to progress, our compensation policies will evolve to reflect our achievements while remaining competitive and will take into account governance best practices.

Executive Compensation

Our executive compensation program includes the following pay elements:

Base Salary

We aim to provide each of our named executive officers with an annual salary at a level consistent with individual experience, skill and contribution to our business. When setting base salary, we consider the totality of the circumstances with respect to each individual as well as market data; however, we do not set base salaries to arrive at a targeted percentile based on peer group pay data. We believe our financial performance reflects the loyalty and commitment of our named executive officers, who all have been with us for at least 13 years and who joined us at lower, and what we believe was below market, compensation levels that reflected our small size at that time. These key members of our management team are essential to our organization and their salary levels reflect our determination of the appropriate compensation necessary to retain each of them.

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Pursuant to the terms of their respective employment agreements, the salaries of the named executive officers are reviewed on an annual basis. The Compensation Committee sets our Chief Executive Officer's base salary, which reflects his primary role in the growth of the Company. The Compensation Committee also sets base salaries of each of the other named executive officers primarily based on our Chief Executive Officer's recommendations and his assessment of individual performance. The assessment includes a consideration of the degree to which each named executive officer contributed to our overall profitability, and the operational performance of the segments or part of the business for which the named executive officer has responsibility. In addition, our Chief Executive Officer's recommendation on each named executive officer's base salary includes consideration of compensation data gathered from his discussions with newly hired senior managers and his knowledge of our industry.

As discussed later in Executive Compensation Employment Agreements, Mr. Zyskind's salary has not changed since 2010, Messrs. Caviet and Saxon's salaries were last increased in 2013 and Messrs. Longo and Pipoly's salaries were increased in 2015 by 8.3% and 16.7%, respectively. The 2015 increases were in recognition of Mr. Pipoly's and Mr. Longo's increased scope of responsibilities given our growth, Mr. Pipoly's contributions to our investor relations function and Mr. Longo's leadership role in systems integration as a result of acquisitions in 2014.

Annual Profit Bonus

We believe that bonuses should be dependent on and tied to our financial performance, and should be paid only when we have met pre-determined performance criteria. Our annual profit bonus program is designed to reward each named executive officer for his contributions to our profitability for the fiscal year. The employment agreements for our named executive officers specify the annual bonus targets for each executive, except for Mr. Pipoly. For a further discussion of the annual bonus targets contained in each named executive officer's employment agreement, see Executive Compensation Employment Agreements later in this proxy statement.

Annual profit bonuses paid to each named executive officer, other than Mr. Pipoly, are equal to a pre-determined percentage of profits and subject to an annual cap that is based on a multiple of the officer's base salary, as set forth in their respective employment agreements. The Compensation Committee selected the performance metrics in each named executive officer's employment agreement that they believed were most closely aligned to stockholder value creation. The annual profit bonuses for Messrs. Zyskind, Caviet, Saxon and Longo are subject to the Company meeting certain percentage increases over profit thresholds. Mr. Pipoly's bonus is determined in a different manner (as described below) because we do not believe it would be appropriate for the Chief Financial Officer's bonus to be directly based on our financial results. Each named executive officer is also eligible to receive a discretionary bonus, as determined by our Compensation Committee. The annual profit bonus payable to our named executive officers, other than Mr. Zyskind, can be paid in cash or stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units or other form of equity, as determined by our Compensation Committee in its sole discretion, provided that no less than one-third of the bonus will be payable in equity. Given Mr. Zyskind's current equity ownership of approximately 21% of the Company, his annual profit bonus is payable only in cash. However, he is eligible to receive special bonuses at the discretion of the Compensation Committee that could be payable in cash or equity.

Mr. Zyskind's 2015 Annual Profit Bonus. Mr. Zyskind's employment agreement provides an annual profit bonus equal to two percent of our pre-tax profits for the fiscal year, provided that our pre-tax profit equals or exceeds \$75 million, subject to an annual cap of four times his base salary. Profit is defined in Mr. Zyskind's employment agreement as our revenues less expenses, determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles on a consistent basis. Our pre-tax profits (Net income attributable to AmTrust Financial Services, Inc. before provision for income taxes in our financial statements) for fiscal year 2015 were \$569.9 million, which would have yielded an annual profit bonus to Mr. Zyskind of approximately \$11.4 million (the product of 2% and pre-tax profits for fiscal year 2015). For fiscal year 2015, Mr. Zyskind's annual base salary was \$975,000. Therefore, his 2015 annual profit bonus was capped at \$3.9 million.

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Mr. Caviet's 2015 Annual Profit Bonus. Mr. Caviet's annual profit bonus is equal to ten percent of our pre-tax net operating income arising from specialty risk and extended warranty business written by us and our affiliates under the direct or indirect supervision of Mr. Caviet, exclusive of extraordinary items and investment income or loss (referred to as subject profits). Mr. Caviet will receive an annual profit bonus as long as the subject profits are no less than 75% of the greater of the subject profits in the preceding calendar year or the base line subject profit from calendar year 2008. Mr. Caviet's annual profit bonus may not exceed the profit bonus cap, which is an amount equal to (x) three times Mr. Caviet's then current base salary if the subject profits are more than 110% of the profit target; (y) two times Mr. Caviet's then current base salary if the subject profits are 110% or less, but greater than 100% of the profit target; and (z) Mr. Caviet's then current base salary if the subject profits are 100% or less, but equal to or greater than 75% of the profit target.

For fiscal year 2015, the Compensation Committee set Mr. Caviet's subject profit target at \$54.0 million (actual subject profits in fiscal year 2014). Our subject profits for fiscal year 2015 were \$35.5 million, which was less than 75% of the subject profits. Therefore, Mr. Caviet did not receive an annual profit bonus for 2015. However, as permitted by his employment contract, the Compensation Committee awarded an annual incentive bonus to Mr. Caviet, as described under 2015 Annual Incentive Awards to Mr. Zyskind and Mr. Caviet.

Mr. Saxon's and Mr. Longo's Annual Profit Bonuses. The employment agreements for Mr. Saxon and Mr. Longo provide that their respective annual profit bonuses will be equal to one percent of our profits for the fiscal year, as long as the profit is no less than 75% of the greater of our profit for the preceding calendar year or the base line profit for the year ended December 31, 2009. The profit bonus may not exceed the profit bonus cap, which is an amount equal to (x) three times the executive's then current base salary if the subject profits are more than 110% of the profit target; (y) two times the executive's then current base salary if the subject profits are 110% or less, but greater than 100% of the profit target; and (z) the executive's then current base salary if the subject profits are 100% or less, but equal to or greater than 75% of the profit target. Subject profit is defined in Mr. Saxon's and Mr. Longo's employment agreements as our after tax net income, excluding investment gains and losses and extraordinary and non-recurring income.

For fiscal year 2015, the Compensation Committee set Mr. Saxon's and Mr. Longo's profit target at \$416.3 million (actual profit in fiscal year 2014). Our profit for fiscal year 2015 was \$478.6 million, which would have yielded an annual profit bonus of \$4.8 million (the product of 1% and profits for fiscal year 2015). Mr. Saxon's annual profit bonus cap was equal to three times his annual salary, or \$2.1 million. Mr. Longo's annual profit bonus cap was equal to three times his annual salary, or \$1.95 million. Upon recommendation of our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Longo also received a discretionary bonus of \$150,000. This bonus was comparable to the bonus paid to Mr. Saxon and reflected Mr. Longo's expanding role in the Company's operations and his invaluable leadership in the integration of acquisitions. Pursuant to the terms of their respective employment agreements, each of Mr. Saxon and Mr. Longo received two-thirds of their annual profit bonuses (and for Mr. Longo, two-thirds of his discretionary bonus) in cash and one-third in restricted stock units that vest over a four-year period.

Mr. Pipoly's Annual Profit Bonus. Mr. Pipoly's employment agreement provides that his annual bonus will be equal to an amount comparable to our other senior executives, subject to a cap of three times his annual salary. In addition to the annual incentive bonus, under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Pipoly is also eligible for a discretionary bonus, as determined each fiscal year by the Compensation Committee. For fiscal year 2015, Mr. Pipoly's bonus was \$2.5 million, reflecting an annual bonus capped at three times his annual salary (\$2.1 million) and, upon recommendation of our Chief Executive Officer, a discretionary bonus of \$400,000. This bonus was comparable to the bonus paid to Mr. Caviet and reflected Mr. Pipoly's expanded role interfacing with the Company's shareholders, the increase in the size of our finance department and his contributions in overseeing updates to certain accounting systems. Mr. Pipoly received two-thirds of his annual profit bonus in cash and one-third in restricted stock units that vest over a four-year period. Mr. Pipoly received one-fourth of his discretionary bonus in cash and three-fourths in restricted stock units that vest over a four-year period.

Table of Contents**2015 Annual Incentive Awards to Mr. Zyskind and Mr. Caviet**

As a complement to the annual profit bonuses each of our named executive officers are eligible to receive under their respective employment agreements, the Compensation Committee has also established an annual incentive plan that is payable in cash and equity. The Compensation Committee uses operating earnings (40% weighting), combined ratio (20% weighting) and return on equity (40% weighting) as the performance metrics to determine payouts under this annual incentive program. These are common metrics used to measure performance in the insurance industry and are indicative of an insurance company's financial health.

Operating Earnings

A non-GAAP financial measure that we believe is a useful indicator of trends in our underlying operations because it provides a more meaningful representation of our earnings power than net income, the comparable GAAP financial measure. For purposes of this annual incentive program, the Compensation Committee calculates operating income as net income attributable to AmTrust common stockholders less (a) after-tax realized investment gain (loss), (b) non-cash amortization of intangible assets, (c) non-cash impairment of goodwill, (d) non-cash interest on convertible senior notes, net of tax, (e) loss on extinguishment of debt, (f) foreign currency transaction gain (loss), (g) gain resulting from a decrease in the ownership percentage of an equity investment in an unconsolidated subsidiary (related party), net of tax, (h) acquisition gain, net of tax, and (i) gain on sale of a subsidiary, net of tax.

Combined Ratio

A standard insurance industry financial metric that represents a measure of our underwriting profitability where a value of less than 100% generally indicates an underwriting profit. The sum of the net loss ratio (the ratio of net losses and loss adjustment expenses incurred to net premiums earned) and the net expense ratio (the ratio of the sum of acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses to net premiums earned) based on our GAAP income statement.

Return on Equity

A commonly used annual metric that measures our profitability by reflecting, as a ratio, the amount of GAAP earnings generated within stockholders' equity. Calculated by dividing annual net income by the average of beginning and ending stockholders' equity.

The Compensation Committee established the following threshold, target and maximum performance measures:

	Performance Measures		
	Operating Earnings (in millions)	Combined Ratio	ROE
Maximum (200% payout)	120% growth	90%	20%
Target (100% payout)	115% growth	92%	17%
Threshold (50% payout)	110% growth	95%	15%
Actual Performance	115% growth	91%	23%

In setting these objectives and opportunities, the Compensation Committee considers, among other things, our strategic goals, corporate financial projections and the degree of difficulty in achieving the targets. It is the goal of the Compensation Committee to establish measurements and targets that are reasonable, but not easily achieved. The Compensation Committee considers reaching the maximum performance for each measure to be unlikely. Target performance is aligned with our budget for the year. For operating earnings, the threshold, target and maximum amounts were 110%, 115% and 120% of prior year's operating earnings (\$458 million),

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respectively. We have consistently expressed our overall financial objective of producing a return on equity of 15.0% or more over the long term. In addition, we target a net combined ratio of 95.0% or lower over the long term, while seeking to maintain optimal operating leverage in our insurance subsidiaries commensurate with our A.M. Best rating objectives. Operating earnings increased 15% as compared to 2014. Our combined ratio of 91% was four percentage points below our target combined ratio of 95%. Return on equity in fiscal year 2015 of 23% was three percentage points above the maximum to achieve 200% payout.

In 2015, the Compensation Committee utilized this incentive compensation award pool to award an additional incentive to Mr. Zyskind and an incentive to Mr. Caviet. When establishing the performance award, the Compensation Committee considered the totality of the circumstances with respect to Mr. Zyskind's and Mr. Caviet's performance and did not structure either incentive award to correspond to any specific percentile based on any peer group data.

The Compensation Committee established a target incentive award opportunity of \$6.0 million for Mr. Zyskind, taking into account his bonus payable under his employment agreement, his bonus level relative to the other named executive officers, his level of responsibility as compared to the other named executive officers and his pivotal role in our success. The Committee made this award in recognition that we, under Mr. Zyskind's leadership, continue to outperform the industry, have entered into several strategic transactions that the Committee believes will enable us to continue to grow and achieve industry leading results, and has strengthened our corporate governance practices and procedures to manage that growth. Based on our actual performance and the weighting of the three performance metrics detailed in the table above, Mr. Zyskind was eligible for an annual incentive payout of \$9.0 million, or 150% of his target opportunity. However, as described above, Mr. Zyskind's award under this annual incentive compensation plan was capped at \$8.5 million in cash and 400,000 shares of our common stock. The Compensation Committee used its discretion to adjust Mr. Zyskind's payout under the annual incentive compensation plan to \$6.0 million in cash and 116,596 restricted stock units that vest over a four-year period.

The Compensation Committee established a target incentive award opportunity of \$2.5 million for Mr. Caviet, in recognition of Mr. Caviet's indispensable leadership in the integration of the Company's European assets and the continued development of the European operations corporate governance and risk management functions, which the Company believes has positioned AmTrust International Limited for further growth. Also, the Compensation Committee considered that Mr. Caviet was not eligible for his annual profit bonus under his employment contract, in part due to the negative impact on the European business as a result of fluctuations in European currencies, but that the European business did contribute to our positive consolidated results. Based on our actual performance and the weighting of the three performance metrics detailed in the table above, Mr. Caviet was eligible for an annual incentive payout of \$3.75 million, or 150% of his target opportunity. The Compensation Committee used its discretion to reduce Mr. Caviet's payout under the annual incentive compensation plan to \$1.67 million in cash and 32,388 restricted stock units that vest over a four-year period.

The bonuses awarded to each named executive officer for 2015 are shown in the Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2015 in the Bonus, Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation and Stock Awards columns and in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards for Fiscal Year 2015 table.

Stock and Stock-Based Grants

Stock-based awards are a critical component of our executive compensation policy as equity ownership helps closely align our named executive officers' interests to those of our stockholders. We grant stock-based awards to our employees and named executive officers to provide an incentive to promote our success, to enhance stock price and to remain in our service. All of our full-time employees, including our named executive officers, are eligible to receive grants of stock-based awards at the discretion of our Compensation Committee, which oversees the administration of the Plan.

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The Compensation Committee has made, and may in the future elect to make, grants of restricted stock units to our named executive officers. Generally, 25% of the restricted stock units vest on each of the first four anniversaries of the grant date, based upon continued employment. As discussed above under Executive Compensation Annual Profit Bonus and 2015 Annual Incentive Awards to Mr. Zyskind and Mr. Caviet on March 5, 2016, the Compensation Committee granted 116,596 restricted stock units to Mr. Zyskind, 32,388 restricted stock units to Mr. Caviet, 27,206 restricted stock units to Mr. Saxon, 38,866 restricted stock units to Mr. Pipoly, and 27,206 restricted stock units to Mr. Longo, which in Messrs. Caviet, Saxon and Longo's case represents one-third of each officer's annual profit or incentive bonus and discretionary bonus for 2015. Mr. Pipoly received one-third of his annual incentive and three-fourths of his discretionary bonus in restricted stock units, while Mr. Zyskind received one-third of his annual incentive bonus in restricted stock units. Restricted stock units convey no dividend, dividend equivalent or voting rights.

Although we do not have formal stock ownership guidelines, we expect our named executive officers to hold meaningful amounts of our equity, and our compensation practices support this goal by weighting significant amounts of compensation toward equity. The table set forth below indicates each named executive officer's ownership as a multiple of his current annualized salary, assuming a market value of \$26.20, the closing price of our Common Stock on March 11, 2016.

Name	Number of Shares Owned Directly	Ownership Level as a Multiple of Base Salary
Max G. Caviet	376,829	12.58
Christopher M. Longo	629,116	25.36
Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr.	591,313	22.13
Michael J. Saxon	605,434	22.66
Barry Zyskind	13,997,379	376.13

Retirement Plan

We do not provide a qualified or non-qualified pension plan for our named executive officers. All of our U.S.-based employees who have been employed for at least three months, however, are eligible to participate in a defined contribution plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan allows eligible employees to defer up to 75% of their compensation to the plan on a pre-tax basis, subject to the applicable dollar limit set by the Internal Revenue Service. We make a Company contribution of up to 50% of an employee's contribution to the plan, up to 6% of eligible compensation. We may also make discretionary profit sharing contributions to all participants in the plan. No discretionary profit sharing contributions were made in 2015.

Change of Control and Severance Arrangements

The employment agreements in effect for each of our named executive officers do not contain change of control provisions, nor do we maintain change of control agreements with any of our named executive officers. However, our form of award agreements for stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance shares allow the Compensation Committee, in its discretion, to accelerate the vesting of unvested awards upon a change of control. Mr. Zyskind's and Mr. Caviet's employment agreements, which are discussed in more detail below, provide certain severance benefits should they be terminated without cause and, with respect to Mr. Zyskind, should he terminate his employment agreement for good reason. Mr. Caviet's severance benefits are tied to non-solicitation provisions. We do not provide any other severance benefits.

Perquisites and Other Benefits

We provided limited perquisites to our senior management. We do, however, cover the full cost of health insurance premiums for Mr. Zyskind and his family and Mr. Caviet, and provide Mr. Caviet with individual life

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insurance and permanent health insurance coverage should he become disabled. We also reimburse Mr. Zyskind and Mr. Caviet for use of an automobile and related expenses. The amount of Mr. Zyskind's and Mr. Caviet's health and automobile benefits are shown below in the Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2015.

We also maintain a number of health and welfare programs to provide life, health and disability benefits to our employees. Other than with respect to the benefits we provide to Mr. Zyskind discussed above, our named executive officers in the U.S. participate in these plans on the same terms as other U.S. employees. In addition to the benefits discussed above, Mr. Caviet participates in the employee benefits offered for employees of our U.K. affiliates.

Tax Deductibility of Executive Compensation

Limitations on deductibility of compensation may occur under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, which generally limits to \$1 million the tax deductibility of compensation paid by a public company to its chief executive officer and to any of the other three most highly compensated executive officers (other than the Chief Financial Officer). Section 162(m) provides an exception to this deduction limit for performance-based compensation that meets certain requirements. To the extent our compensation program can be implemented in a manner that maximizes the deductibility of compensation we pay, the Compensation Committee generally seeks to do so, subject to the contractual obligations to executives in particular cases. However, the Compensation Committee reserves the right to provide compensation that would not qualify as performance-based, and therefore may not be fully deductible, if, in its sole discretion, doing so advances our business objectives.

2014 Say on Pay Vote

At our 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, we held our second triennial stockholder advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers, referred to as say on pay. In that vote, stockholders approved the compensation of our named executive officers, with over 95% of the shares voted on this matter casting votes in favor of our program. The Compensation Committee reviewed these results with management and with the full Board of Directors. Due to the strong level of stockholder support, the Compensation Committee determined that no specific actions were warranted as a result of the 2014 say on pay vote. Our next say on pay vote will occur at our 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Table of Contents**EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION****Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2015**

The following table sets forth information with respect to the annual and long-term compensation earned in fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013 by our named executive officers. Historical stock awards and closing prices of our common stock on the date of grant reflect our 2012 and 2013 stock dividends. On February 2, 2016, our stock split on a 2:1 basis. As a result, we retrospectively adjusted all share and per share amounts and stock prices to reflect the stock split.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Bonus (\$) ⁽²⁾	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽³⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽⁶⁾	Total (\$)
Barry D. Zyskind President and Chief Executive Officer	2015	\$ 1,012,500	\$	\$ 3,000,015	\$ 9,900,000 ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 29,690	\$ 13,942,205
	2014	975,000		9,540,000	11,580,000	35,044	22,130,044
	2013	975,000			3,900,000	41,858	4,916,858
Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr. Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer	2015	705,769	100,000	1,000,022	1,400,000 ⁽⁵⁾	9,390	3,215,181
	2014	600,000	200,000	700,041	1,200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	9,240	2,709,281
	2013	576,923	200,000	700,007	1,200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	8,592	2,685,521
Max G. Caviet President of AILL; Chief Executive Officer of AEL	2015	810,480 ⁽⁴⁾		833,343	1,666,667 ⁽⁵⁾	29,616 ⁽⁴⁾	3,340,106
	2014	856,735 ⁽⁴⁾		856,748	1,713,470 ⁽⁵⁾	32,192 ⁽⁴⁾	3,459,145
	2013	870,142 ⁽⁴⁾	200,000	1,707,790	1,215,436 ⁽⁵⁾	51,750 ⁽⁴⁾	4,045,118
Michael J. Saxon Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer	2015	726,923		700,010	1,400,000 ⁽⁵⁾	9,390	2,836,324
	2014	700,000		700,041	1,400,000 ⁽⁵⁾	9,240	2,809,281
	2013	676,923		700,007	1,400,000 ⁽⁵⁾	8,592	2,785,522
Christopher M. Longo Executive Vice President, Chief Information Officer	2015	664,423	100,000	700,010	1,300,000 ⁽⁵⁾	9,390	2,773,824
	2014	600,000		600,004	1,200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	9,240	2,409,244
	2013	576,923		600,028	1,200,000 ⁽⁵⁾	8,592	2,385,542

- (1) The information in this column reflects 27 pay periods occurring in 2015 instead of the standard 26 bi-weekly pay periods.
- (2) This column includes discretionary cash bonuses paid to Messrs. Pipoly and Longo in 2015, Mr. Pipoly in 2014, and Messrs. Pipoly and Caviet in 2013. As described in Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the amounts presented in this column for Messrs. Caviet and Longo for all years presented and for Mr. Pipoly in 2013 and 2014 represent the two-thirds cash portion of the named executive officer's discretionary bonus. The remaining one-third of the discretionary bonus was paid in restricted stock units and is presented in the Stock Awards column (see footnote 3). In 2015, the amount presented in this column for Mr. Pipoly represents the one-fourth cash portion of his discretionary bonus, while the remaining three-fourths of his 2015 discretionary bonus was paid in restricted stock units and is presented in the Stock Awards column (see footnote 3).
- (3) Represents the aggregate grant date fair value of awards of restricted stock and restricted stock units computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 as discussed in Note 16 to our financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. The grant date fair value of these awards is equal to the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant (March 5, 2016 \$25.73; March 5, 2015 \$26.935; March 5, 2014 \$19.08; September 9, 2013 \$17.36) multiplied by the number of restricted stock units awarded to each named executive officer.
- (4) Salary and all other compensation were paid in British pounds, but converted to U.S. dollars using the spot market currency exchange rate in effect on December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, which was \$1.4736, \$1.5577 and \$1.657413 to £1.00, respectively. All other amounts are paid in U.S. dollars.
- (5) As described in Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the amounts presented in this column for Messrs. Pipoly, Caviet, Saxon and Longo for all years presented and for Mr. Zyskind in 2015 represent the two-thirds cash portion of the named executive officer's annual profit (other than Mr. Zyskind) or incentive bonus. The remaining one-third of the annual profit or incentive bonus was paid in restricted stock units and is presented in the Stock Awards column (see footnote 3).
- (6) The amounts in this column for Messrs. Pipoly, Saxon and Longo reflect matching contributions made by us under our 401(k) plan (\$7,950) and employer-paid parking privileges. The amount shown in this column for Mr. Zyskind includes matching contributions made by us under our 401(k) plan (\$7,950), payments made by us for Mr. Zyskind's use of an automobile (\$12,000), the cost of health and dental coverage paid by us for Mr. Zyskind and his covered dependents (\$8,357), and the annual premium paid by us for group life insurance coverage for the benefit of Mr. Zyskind's beneficiaries (\$1,383). The amount shown in this column for Mr. Caviet includes

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reimbursement of payments on an automobile leased by Mr. Caviet (\$2,833), the cost of health and dental coverage paid by us for Mr. Caviet (\$1,815), the annual premium paid by us for individual life insurance, permanent health insurance and travel insurance coverage for Mr. Caviet (\$17,723), and \$7,245 for serving as a director of our subsidiary, AmTrust Insurance Underwriters Limited.

Table of Contents**Grants of Plan-Based Awards for Fiscal Year 2015**

Name	Grant Date	Approval Date	Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾			All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of Stock or Units (#) ⁽¹⁾	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock Awards (\$) ⁽⁸⁾
			Threshold	Target	Maximum		
Barry D. Zyskind							
<i>Annual Bonus</i> ⁽²⁾				\$ 1,500,000	\$ 3,900,000		
<i>Annual Incentive</i> ⁽³⁾	3/5/16	2/23/16	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 8,500,000	116,596	\$ 3,000,015
Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr.							
<i>Annual Bonus</i> ⁽⁴⁾	3/5/16	2/23/16			2,100,000	38,866	1,000,022
Max G. Caviet							
<i>Annual Bonus</i> ⁽⁵⁾	3/5/16	2/23/16		1,620,960	2,431,440		
<i>Annual Incentive</i> ⁽⁶⁾	3/5/16	2/23/16	1,250,000	2,500,000	3,750,000	32,388	833,343
Michael J. Saxon							
<i>Annual Bonus</i> ⁽⁷⁾	3/5/16	2/23/16		700,000	2,100,000	27,206	700,010
Christopher M. Longo							
<i>Annual Bonus</i> ⁽⁷⁾	3/5/16	2/23/16		650,000	1,950,000	27,206	700,010

- (1) Each named executive officer's employment agreement, other than Mr. Pipoly's, provides for an annual bonus equal to a pre-determined percentage of the company's profits. See Compensation Discussion and Analysis Executive Compensation Annual Profit Bonus and Compensation Discussion and Analysis Executive Compensation 2015 Annual Incentive Award to Mr. Zyskind and Mr. Caviet for further explanation of the calculation of these bonuses for 2015. In 2015, Mr. Pipoly and Mr. Longo also received a discretionary bonus. Each named executive officer, other than Mr. Zyskind, received one-third of the bonus listed in this column of the table and any discretionary bonus in restricted stock units as shown in the All Other Stock Awards column of this table. For the portion of the annual incentive and discretionary bonus paid in cash, see the Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation and Bonus columns, respectively, of the Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2015.
- (2) Mr. Zyskind is entitled to an annual bonus of 2% of our pre-tax profits for the fiscal year, provided that our pre-tax profits equals or exceeds \$75 million, which would give him a bonus in the amount of \$1,500,000, and subject to a cap of four times his annual base salary, which would give him a bonus in the maximum amount of \$3,900,000. For fiscal year 2015, our pre-tax profits were \$569.9 million, so the maximum bonus Mr. Zyskind could receive was four times his annual base salary.
- (3) On March 5, 2016, Mr. Zyskind received a 2015 annual incentive payable in \$6,000,000 of cash and 116,596 restricted stock units. See Compensation Discussion and Analysis Executive Compensation 2015 Annual Incentive Awards to Mr. Zyskind and Mr. Caviet.
- (4) Mr. Pipoly's annual bonus has no threshold or target, but cannot be more than three times his annual base salary. In 2015, one-third of Mr. Pipoly's annual bonus was paid in restricted stock units.
- (5) Mr. Caviet is entitled to an annual bonus of 10% of the pre-tax net operating income arising from the specialty risk and extended warranty business under his direct or indirect supervision, provided that the pre-tax net operating income equals or exceeds 75% of the greater of the profit for the preceding calendar year or the base line profit in 2008, subject to a cap of a multiple of Mr. Caviet's annual base salary. Since the pre-tax net operating income arising from the specialty risk and extended warranty business under Mr. Caviet's direct or indirect supervision for fiscal year 2015 was less than 75% of the profit target, Mr. Caviet did not receive an annual profit bonus for 2015.
- (6) On March 5, 2016, Mr. Caviet received a 2015 annual incentive payable in \$1,666,667 of cash and 32,388 restricted stock units. See Compensation Discussion and Analysis Executive Compensation 2015 Annual Incentive Awards to Mr. Zyskind and Mr. Caviet.
- (7) Mr. Saxon and Mr. Longo are entitled to annual bonuses of 1% of our profits for the fiscal year, as long as the profit is no less than 75% of the greater of our profit for the preceding calendar year or our base line profit for fiscal year 2009. Since the profits for fiscal year 2015 were greater than 110% of the profit for the preceding calendar year, both Mr. Saxon's and Mr. Longo's annual bonuses were capped at three times their respective current annual salaries, with one-third of the bonus paid in restricted stock units.
- (8) The grant date fair value of the restricted stock unit awards is equal to the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant, multiplied by the number of restricted stock units granted to each named executive officer. The restricted stock units listed for Mr. Longo include one-third of his discretionary bonus received for 2015 and the restricted stock units listed for Mr. Pipoly include three-fourths of his discretionary bonus received for 2015. The restricted stock units listed for Mr. Caviet represent one-third of his annual incentive received for 2015.

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Employment Agreements

Barry D. Zyskind

Under Mr. Zyskind's employment agreement, dated as of January 1, 2005 and amended as of October 6, 2010 and March 22, 2013, Mr. Zyskind serves as our President and Chief Executive Officer. On December 31, 2015, Mr. Zyskind's employment agreement renewed for a three-year term until December 31, 2018, at which time the employment agreement will continue to renew for successive three-year terms, unless we or Mr. Zyskind provide 180 days' written notice of an intention not to renew. His salary is subject to review by the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee annually. For calendar year 2015, Mr. Zyskind received an annual base salary in the amount of \$975,000. Mr. Zyskind is also entitled to an annual profit bonus equal to two percent (2%) of our pre-tax profit if certain financial goals are met, subject to a cap equal to four times his salary. Mr. Zyskind is also eligible to receive special bonuses at the discretion of the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee and to participate in any long-term incentive compensation plan established for his benefit or in any such plan established for the benefit of our senior management. See Compensation Discussion and Analysis Executive Compensation Annual Profit Bonus for further details regarding the calculation of Mr. Zyskind's bonus.

If Mr. Zyskind's employment terminates due to death or disability, his heirs are entitled to his salary payable for the remainder of his term of employment or one year, whichever is greater, at the rate in effect immediately before such termination, any annual or special bonus earned or awarded through the date of termination, any deferred compensation under any incentive or other deferred compensation plan, any other compensation or benefits that have vested through the date of termination or to which he may then be entitled according to the terms and conditions of each grant, plan or award and any reimbursements of expenses due him through the date of termination.

We may terminate Mr. Zyskind's employment for cause upon written notice to Mr. Zyskind at least 30 days prior to the intended termination. If Mr. Zyskind's employment were terminated for cause, he would be entitled to his salary through the date of termination, any annual or special bonus earned or awarded through the date of termination, any deferred compensation under any incentive or other deferred compensation plan, any other compensation or benefits which may have vested through the date of termination or to which he then may be entitled according to the terms and conditions of each grant, plan or award and any reimbursements of expenses due him through the date of termination. Cause is defined in Mr. Zyskind's employment agreement as (i) the conviction of a felony involving an act or acts of dishonesty on his part and resulting in gain or personal enrichment at our expense; (ii) willful and continued failure of Mr. Zyskind to perform his obligations under the employment agreement, resulting in demonstrable material economic harm to us; or (iii) Mr. Zyskind's willful and material breach of the noncompetition and nonsolicitation provisions of the employment agreement to our demonstrable and material detriment.

If we terminate Mr. Zyskind's employment without cause or if Mr. Zyskind terminates his employment with good reason, then Mr. Zyskind is entitled, in addition to the compensation and benefits specified in the paragraph above, to (i) a lump-sum payment equal to the salary payable to him for the remainder of his employment term at the rate in effect immediately before the termination; (ii) a lump-sum payment equal to the annual profit bonuses for the remainder of his term of employment (to be prorated for any partial fiscal year) equal to the greater of the average of the bonuses awarded to him during the three fiscal years preceding the fiscal year of termination or the bonus awarded to him for the fiscal year immediately preceding termination; (iii) continued participation, for the remainder of his term of employment, in all employee benefit plans or programs in which he was participating on the date of his termination; or, if such participation is prohibited, he shall be entitled to the after-tax economic equivalent of any such benefit which shall be determined by the lowest cost Mr. Zyskind would incur in obtaining such benefit individually; (iv) continued payment of 100% of the cost of health insurance through our group health plan for himself, his spouse and dependent children; and (v) other benefits in accordance with our applicable plans and programs. Good reason is defined in Mr. Zyskind's employment

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agreement as one of the following actions taken without Mr. Zyskind's prior written consent or his acquiescence: (i) a reduction in his then current salary; (ii) a diminution, reduction or other adverse change in the level of bonus or incentive compensation opportunities, the applicable performance criteria and otherwise the manner in which the bonuses and incentive compensation are determined for Mr. Zyskind; (iii) our failure to pay Mr. Zyskind any amounts otherwise vested and due him hereunder or under any of our plans or policies; (iv) a diminution of Mr. Zyskind's titles, position, authorities or responsibilities, including not serving on the Board of Directors; (v) the assignment of duties incompatible with Mr. Zyskind's position of President; (vi) imposition of a requirement that Mr. Zyskind report other than to the full Board of Directors; or (vii) a material breach of the employment agreement by us that is not cured within 30 business days after written notification by Mr. Zyskind of such breach.

Mr. Zyskind has agreed to keep confidential all information regarding the Company that he receives during the term of his employment and thereafter. He also agreed that, upon termination of employment, other than a termination without cause or due to good reason, he will not solicit any of our customers or employees for one year after termination.

Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr.

Pursuant to Mr. Pipoly's employment agreement, dated as of March 1, 2010 and amended as of March 1, 2012, he has agreed to serve as our Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Pipoly's term of employment under his agreement continues until February 28, 2018, at which time the employment agreement will continue to automatically renew for successive three-year terms, unless we or Mr. Pipoly provide 90 days' written notice of an intention not to renew. Mr. Pipoly's last salary increase from \$600,000 to \$700,000 was effective in March 2015. Mr. Pipoly is entitled to a salary review each March during the term of his employment agreement. Mr. Pipoly is entitled to an annual bonus comparable to our other senior executives, subject to a cap equal to three times his then current salary. Mr. Pipoly is also entitled to other bonus payments in the discretion of the Board of Directors.

In the event of disability, we may terminate Mr. Pipoly's employment upon five days' written notice; however, Mr. Pipoly will be entitled to receive his salary and any unreimbursed expenses following the disability termination date for a period that is the greater of one year or the remainder of the term of his employment agreement, except that his salary shall be offset by the amount of any long term disability insurance benefit we may have elected to provide for him. In the event Mr. Pipoly dies during his term of employment, his heirs will be entitled to receive his salary following the date of death for a period that is the greater of one year or the remainder of the term of his employment agreement.

We may terminate Mr. Pipoly's employment at any time for cause and, upon such an event, we will have no further compensation or benefit obligation to Mr. Pipoly after the date of termination. Cause is defined in Mr. Pipoly's employment agreement as (i) habitual or gross negligence in the performance of his duties and responsibilities for us, including a failure to perform such duties and responsibilities, provided such performance or neglect is not corrected (assuming it is correctable) by Mr. Pipoly within twenty (20) business days after receipt of written notice from us; (ii) any material breach by Mr. Pipoly of the employment agreement or any other agreement with us or any of our affiliates to which Mr. Pipoly is a party, provided such performance or neglect is not corrected (assuming a reasonable person would believe it is correctable) by Mr. Pipoly within twenty (20) business days after receipt of written notice from us; (iii) breach of a fiduciary duty to us or failure to act in our best interests; (iv) the arrest (following an investigation of the facts that results in a determination by us of Mr. Pipoly's culpability) of, conviction of, or admission by, Mr. Pipoly of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude, whether or not committed in the course of performing services for us; (v) the commission by Mr. Pipoly of any acts of moral turpitude, including the commission by Mr. Pipoly of embezzlement, theft or any other fraudulent act; or (vi) violation of our policies, provided such violation is not corrected (assuming a reasonable person would believe it is correctable) by Mr. Pipoly within twenty (20) business days after receipt of written notice from us.

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Mr. Pipoly has agreed to keep confidential all information regarding the Company that he receives during the term of his employment and thereafter. Mr. Pipoly has also agreed that upon termination of employment he will not compete with us for a period of one year following the date of termination and will not solicit any of our customers or employees or solicit any entity that has been contacted by us regarding a possible acquisition of that entity, for three years after termination.

Max G. Caviet

Under Mr. Caviet's employment agreement, dated as of November 22, 2010, Mr. Caviet serves as one of our senior executives, as President and a director of our wholly-owned subsidiary, AIL, and as an officer and director of other of our subsidiaries. Mr. Caviet's term of employment under his employment agreement continues until December 31, 2016, at which time the employment agreement will automatically renew for successive three-year terms, unless we or Mr. Caviet provide 180 days' written notice of an intention not to renew.

Mr. Caviet is entitled to an annual salary review each January during the term of his employment agreement. Mr. Caviet's last salary increase from £450,000 to £550,000 was effective in March 2013. Mr. Caviet is entitled to an annual profit bonus equal to ten percent (10%) of the subject profits of the specialty risk and extended warranty business written by us and our affiliates under Mr. Caviet's direct or indirect supervision, provided that the net pre-tax profit is no less than 75% of the profit target for that year. See Compensation Discussion and Analysis Executive Compensation Annual Profit Bonus for further details regarding the calculation of Mr. Caviet's bonus. Mr. Caviet may also receive other bonus payments determined at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors.

In the event of disability, we may terminate Mr. Caviet's employment upon five days' written notice; however, he will be entitled to receive his salary for a period that is the greater of one year or the remainder of the term of his employment agreement, his profit bonus earned through the disability termination date but not yet paid, and any unreimbursed expenses due him through the disability termination date. In addition, we must provide Mr. Caviet permanent health insurance, which is intended to provide benefits to him in the event of termination for disability, except that the amount of any salary we owe to Mr. Caviet will be offset by the amount of any insurance provided. In the event Mr. Caviet dies during his term of employment, his heirs will be entitled to receive his salary for the remainder of the term of his employment agreement or one year, whichever is greater, his profit bonus earned through his date of death but not yet paid to him, as well as any unreimbursed expenses due him through the date of termination.

If we terminate or do not renew Mr. Caviet's employment for gross misconduct, we will not be obligated to pay any other compensation or benefits to Mr. Caviet after the date of termination. Gross misconduct is defined as (i) a material or serious breach of the agreement by Mr. Caviet, but only if such breach is not cured within 30 days following our written notice to Mr. Caviet of such breach, assuming such breach may be cured; (ii) conviction of any act or course of conduct involving moral turpitude; or (iii) engagement in any willful act or willful course of conduct constituting an abuse of office or authority that significantly adversely affects our business or reputation or that of Mr. Caviet.

If we terminate or non-renew Mr. Caviet's employment for any reason other than gross misconduct, he will be entitled to receive (i) his salary for a period of one year from the original expiration date of the term of employment, or one year from the effective date of termination or non-renewal, whichever is greater and (ii) his profit bonus on all specialty risk and extended warranty business written by us and our affiliates under his direct or indirect supervision through the date of termination, through the expiration of such business, for a maximum period of five years from the date of termination.

If Mr. Caviet does not renew his employment agreement for the purpose of retirement (as defined under U.K. law), he will be entitled to his profit bonus on all specialty risk and extended warranty business written by

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us and our affiliates under his direct or indirect supervision through the end of the term of his employment agreement, through the expiration of such business, for a maximum period of five years from the end of the term of his employment agreement.

Mr. Caviet has agreed to keep confidential all information regarding the Company that he receives during the term of his employment and thereafter. Mr. Caviet has also agreed that, upon termination of employment, he will not solicit any of our customers or employees or solicit any entity that has been contacted us regarding a possible acquisition of that entity, for two years after termination.

Michael J. Saxon

Under Mr. Saxon's employment agreement, dated as of March 1, 2010 and amended as of November 3, 2010, March 1, 2012 and March 22, 2013, Mr. Saxon serves as our Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Saxon's term of employment under this agreement continues until February 28, 2018, at which time the employment agreement will continue to automatically renew for successive three-year terms, unless we or Mr. Saxon provide 90 days' written notice of an intention not to renew.

Mr. Saxon is entitled to a salary review each March during the term of his employment agreement. Mr. Saxon's last salary increase from \$600,000 to \$700,000 was effective in March 2013. Mr. Saxon is entitled to an annual profit bonus, equal to one percent (1%) of our profit for the fiscal year, provided that the annual profit is no less than 75% of the greater of our profit for the preceding calendar year or the base line profit for the year ended December 31, 2009. See Compensation Discussion and Analysis Executive Compensation Annual Profit Bonus for further details regarding the calculation of Mr. Saxon's bonus.

The terms of Mr. Saxon's employment agreement relating to termination in the event of disability, death, or at any time for cause, and the confidentiality, non-compete and non-solicit provisions in the employment agreement, are identical to those contained in Mr. Pipoly's and Mr. Longo's employment agreements.

Christopher M. Longo

Under Mr. Longo's employment agreement, dated March 1, 2010 and amended November 3, 2010, March 1, 2012 and March 22, 2013, Mr. Longo serves as our Chief Information Officer. Mr. Longo's term of employment under this agreement continues until February 28, 2018, at which time the employment agreement will continue to automatically renew for successive three-year terms, unless we or Mr. Longo provide 90 days' written notice of an intention not to renew.

Mr. Longo's last salary increase from \$600,000 to \$650,000 was effective in March 2015. Mr. Longo is entitled to an annual salary review each March during the term of his employment agreement. Mr. Longo is entitled to an annual profit bonus that is calculated in the same manner as Mr. Saxon's annual bonus.

The terms of Mr. Longo's employment agreement relating to termination in the event of disability, death, or at any time for cause, and the confidentiality, non-compete and non-solicit provisions in the employment agreement, are identical to those contained in Mr. Pipoly's and Mr. Saxon's employment agreements.

Risk Assessment of Compensation Policies and Procedures

Our Compensation Committee has reviewed our material compensation policies and practices applicable to our employees, including our named executive officers, and concluded that these policies and practices do not create risks that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on us. Included in its review was a discussion of the four-year vesting schedules applicable to time-vested restricted stock units awarded to senior management, incentive-based vesting and clawbacks of restricted stock units awarded to certain managers whose annual bonuses are tied to underwriting performance, caps on annual profit bonuses payable to our named executive officers and requirements for increased performance, year over year, to be eligible for year-end bonuses.

Table of Contents**Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End**

The following table sets forth the outstanding equity awards for each of our named executive officers as of December 31, 2015:

Name	Stock Awards	
	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that have not Vested (#) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Market Value of Shares or Units or Stock that have not Vested (\$) ⁽³⁾
Barry D. Zyskind	526,250 ⁽³⁾	\$ 16,203,238
Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr.	82,554	2,541,838
Max G. Caviet	123,894	3,814,696
Michael J. Saxon	85,160	2,622,076
Christopher M. Longo	74,382	2,290,222

(1) On February 2, 2016, our stock split on a 2:1 basis. As a result, we retrospectively adjusted all share and per share amounts and stock prices to reflect the stock split.

(2) Grantee

Name	Grant Date	Number of Unvested Shares/Units	Vesting Schedule
R. Pipoly	February 15, 2012	11,104	25% per year until fully vested on 2/15/16
M. Caviet	February 15, 2012	12,880	25% per year until fully vested on 2/15/16
M. Saxon	February 15, 2012	12,654	25% per year until fully vested on 2/15/16
C. Longo	February 15, 2012	11,104	25% per year until fully vested on 2/15/16
B. Zyskind	February 15, 2012	151,250	25% per year until fully vested on 2/15/16
R. Pipoly	March 5, 2013	17,944	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/17
M. Caviet	March 5, 2013	22,584	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/17
M. Saxon	March 5, 2013	19,000	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/17
C. Longo	March 5, 2013	17,416	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/17
M. Caviet	September 9, 2013	28,804	25% per year until fully vested on 9/9/17
B. Zyskind	March 5, 2014	375,000	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/18
R. Pipoly	March 5, 2014	27,516	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/18
M. Caviet	March 5, 2014	27,818	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/18
M. Saxon	March 5, 2014	27,516	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/18
C. Longo	March 5, 2014	23,586	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/18
R. Pipoly	March 5, 2015	25,990	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/19
M. Caviet	March 5, 2015	31,808	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/19
M. Saxon	March 5, 2015	25,990	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/19
C. Longo	March 5, 2015	22,276	25% per year until fully vested on 3/5/19

- (3) The value of restricted stock and restricted stock units that have not vested is calculated by multiplying the number of the non-vested shares and units by \$30.79, the closing market price of our common stock at December 31, 2015.

Table of Contents**Option Exercises and Stock Vested**

The following table summarizes the exercise of stock options and the vesting of restricted stock and unit awards during 2015. On February 2, 2016, our stock split on a 2:1 basis. As a result, we retrospectively adjusted all share and per share amounts and stock prices to reflect the stock split.

Name	Option Awards		Stock Awards	
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)	Value Realized on Vesting (\$) ⁽²⁾
Barry D. Zyskind		\$	624,126	\$ 18,282,727
Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr.	55,676	1,338,599	40,840	1,119,657
Max G. Caviet	90,800	2,038,539	58,990	1,643,158
Michael J. Saxon			43,968	1,206,159
Christopher M. Longo	327,866	8,120,610	38,210	1,047,905

- (1) The value realized on exercise of options is the number of options exercised multiplied by the excess of the fair market value of the underlying shares on the date of exercise over the exercise price.
- (2) The value realized on vesting of restricted stock and units is the number of shares of restricted stock or the number of units that vested multiplied by the fair value of our common stock on the date of vesting.

Table of Contents**Potential Payments upon Termination or Change-In-Control**

The table below sets forth the potential payments to our named executive officers under various termination scenarios including termination without cause, termination for good reason, termination as a result of death or disability and termination as a result of retirement, as per their respective employment agreements. See *Executive Compensation Employment Agreements* for a further discussion of the termination events. The potential payments to our named executive officers assume that the termination event occurs as of the last day of our fiscal year (December 31, 2015), but we retrospectively adjusted all share and per share amounts and stock prices to reflect our February 2, 2016 two-for-one stock split. All amounts provided for Mr. Caviet would be paid in British pounds, but for purposes of this table have been converted to U.S. dollars using the spot market currency exchange rate in effect on December 31, 2015, which was \$1.4736 to £1.00. Since the Board of Directors has discretion as to whether or not to accelerate the vesting of unvested stock options and restricted stock awards granted under both the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan and the 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan upon a change in control of the Company or upon retirement before a named executive officer's sixty-fifth birthday, the financial effect of such events has not been included in this table. We do not include the financial effect of a termination for cause or gross misconduct (as defined in the named executive officer's employment agreement) because the named executive officers are not entitled to any further compensation or benefits following such a termination.

Name and Principal Position	Without Cause	For Good Reason	Death	Disability	Retirement
Barry D. Zyskind					
<i>Salary Continuation/Bonus</i>	\$ 14,625,000 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 14,625,000 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 2,925,000 ⁽³⁾	\$ 2,925,000 ⁽⁴⁾	\$
<i>Benefits</i>	317,566 ⁽²⁾	317,566 ⁽²⁾			
<i>Vesting of Stock Awards</i> ⁽⁶⁾	8,505,738	8,505,738	8,505,738	8,505,738	
Total	\$ 23,448,304	\$ 23,448,304	\$ 11,480,738	\$ 11,480,738	\$
Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr.					
<i>Salary Continuation</i> ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 1,516,667	\$	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$
<i>Vesting of Stock Awards</i> ⁽⁶⁾			1,100,619	1,100,619	
Total	\$ 1,516,667	\$	\$ 1,800,619	\$ 1,800,619	\$
Max G. Caviet					
<i>Salary Continuation/Bonus</i>	\$ 14,719,740 ⁽⁷⁾	\$	\$ 810,480 ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 810,480 ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 13,098,780 ⁽⁹⁾
<i>Benefits</i>				119,693 ⁽¹⁰⁾	
<i>Vesting of Stock Awards</i> ⁽⁶⁾			1,274,644	1,274,644	
Total	\$ 14,719,740	\$	\$ 2,528,562	2,648,255	\$ 13,098,780
Michael J. Saxon					
<i>Salary Continuation</i> ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 1,516,667	\$	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$
<i>Vesting of Stock Awards</i> ⁽⁶⁾			1,164,601	1,164,601	
Total	\$ 1,516,667	\$	\$ 1,864,601	\$ 1,864,601	\$
Christopher M. Longo					
<i>Salary Continuation</i> ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 1,408,333	\$	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$
<i>Vesting of Stock Awards</i> ⁽⁶⁾			1,023,583	1,023,583	