FIRST FINANCIAL CORP /IN/ Form 10-Q August 05, 2015 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2015

Commission File Number 0-16759

#### FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

INDIANA 35-1546989
(State or other jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

One First Financial Plaza, Terre Haute, IN

(Address of principal executive office)

47807

(Zip Code)

(812)238-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No ".

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No ".

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x.

As of August 3, 2015, the registrant had outstanding 12,834,116 shares of common stock, without par value.

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## FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

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Part I – Financial Information

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Item 1. Financial Statements		
FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION		
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS		
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)		
	June 30,	December 31,
	2015	2014
	(unaudited)	
ASSETS	(unadanca)	
	Φ.CO. C12	Φ <b>7</b> 0 100
Cash and due from banks	\$60,613	\$78,102
Federal funds sold	2,000	8,000
Securities available-for-sale	901,550	897,053
Loans:		
Commercial	1,068,832	1,044,522
Residential		
	445,107	469,172
Consumer	267,884	266,656
	1,781,823	1,780,350
(Less) plus:		
Net deferred loan costs	1,965	1,078
Allowance for loan losses	(19,861	) (18,839
Titlowance for four rosses	1,763,927	1,762,589
Restricted stock	10,828	16,404
Accrued interest receivable	11,116	11,593
Premises and equipment, net	50,348	51,802
Bank-owned life insurance	81,568	80,730
Goodwill	39,489	39,489
Other intangible assets	3,572	3,901
Other real estate owned	3,625	3,965
Other assets	45,185	48,857
	•	•
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,973,821	\$3,002,485
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits:		
Non-interest-bearing	\$525,851	\$556,389
Interest-bearing:	, ,	, ,
Certificates of deposit exceeding the FDIC insurance limits	48,893	53,733
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
Other interest-bearing deposits	1,823,830	1,847,075
	2,398,574	2,457,197
Short-term borrowings	84,819	48,015
FHLB advances	10,738	12,886
Other liabilities	80,632	90,173
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,574,763	2,608,271
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,374,703	2,000,271
01 1 11 1 '		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock, \$.125 stated value per share;		
Authorized shares-40,000,000		
Issued shares-14,557,815 in 2015 and 14,538,132 in 2014		
Outstanding shares-12,834,116 in 2015 and 12,942,175 in 2014	1,816	1,815
	•	•
Additional paid-in capital	72,746	72,405

Retained earnings	386,363	377,970	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(14,048	) (14,529	)
Less: Treasury shares at cost-1,723,699 in 2015 and 1,595,957 in 2014	(47,819	) (43,447	)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	399,058	394,214	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$2,973,821	\$3,002,485	
See accompanying notes.			

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# FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Month June 30,	s Ended	Six Months I June 30,	Ended
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
INTEREST INCOME:	,	,	,	,
Loans, including related fees	\$20,763	\$21,625	\$41,570	\$43,843
Securities:				
Taxable	3,991	4,298	8,052	8,742
Tax-exempt	1,790	1,766	3,569	3,512
Other	433	426	864	842
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME	26,977	28,115	54,055	56,939
INTEREST EXPENSE:				
Deposits	997	1,233	2,017	2,523
Short-term borrowings	19	22	32	36
Other borrowings	37	254	87	632
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	1,053	1,509	2,136	3,191
NET INTEREST INCOME	25,924	26,606	51,919	53,748
Provision for loan losses	1,150	(356)	2,600	1,604
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION				
FOR LOAN LOSSES	24,774	26,962	49,319	52,144
NON-INTEREST INCOME:				
Trust and financial services	1,253	1,414	2,745	2,903
Service charges and fees on deposit accounts	2,543	2,761	4,869	5,245
Other service charges and fees	3,000	2,989	5,838	5,828
Securities gains/(losses), net	10	(1)	14	(1)
Insurance commissions	1,956	1,852	3,509	3,765
Gain on sales of mortgage loans	542	457	901	833
Other	474	93	1,963	1,103
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME	9,778	9,565	19,839	19,676
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE:				
Salaries and employee benefits	15,084	13,887	30,142	27,983
Occupancy expense	1,702	1,789	3,566	3,714
Equipment expense	1,702	1,904	3,474	3,562
FDIC Expense	450	473	880	960
Other	6,372	5,996	11,241	11,535
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	25,310	24,049	49,303	47,754
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	9,242	12,478	19,855	24,066
Provision for income taxes	2,319	3,990	5,171	7,747
NET INCOME	6,923	8,488	14,684	16,319
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Change in unrealized gains/losses on securities, net of	(7,564)	4,116	(2,802	9,419
reclassifications and taxes	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,110	(=,00=	, ,,,,,
Change in funded status of post retirement benefits, net of	819	115	3,283	230
taxes				
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$178	\$12,719	\$15,165	\$25,968
PER SHARE DATA				

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share	\$0.54	\$0.63	\$1.14	\$1.22
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in thousands)	12,903	13,355	12,925	13,352
See accompanying notes.				

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# FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Three Months Ended
June 30, 2015, and 2014
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

				Accumulated		
	Common	Additional	Retained	Other	Treasury	Total
	Stock	Capital	Earnings	Comprehensive	Stock	Total
				Income/(Loss)		
Balance, April 1, 2014	\$1,812	\$71,315	\$364,914	\$(8,551	) \$(30,161)	\$399,329
Net income		_	8,488	_	_	8,488
Other comprehensive income				4,231		4,231
Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan		242				242
Cash dividends, \$.49 per share			\$(6,544)			\$(6,544)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$1,812	\$71,557	\$366,858	\$(4,320	) \$(30,161)	\$405,746
Balance, April 1, 2015	\$1,815	\$72,576	\$385,731	\$(7,303	) \$(43,792)	\$409,027
Net income		_	6,923	_	_	6,923
Other comprehensive income (loss)		_	_	(6,745	) —	(6,745)
Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan	1	170			_	171
Treasury shares purchased (118,053					(4.027	(4.027
shares)	_	_		<del>_</del>	(4,027)	(4,027)
Cash dividends, \$.49 per share			\$(6,291)			\$(6,291)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$1,816	\$72,746	\$386,363	\$(14,048	) \$(47,819)	\$399,058
See accompanying notes.					,	

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# FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Six Months Ended June 30, 2015, and 2014 (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

				Accumulated			
	Common	Additional	Retained	Other		Treasury	Total
	Stock	Capital	Earnings	Comprehensive	•	Stock	Total
				Income/(Loss)			
Balance, January 1, 2014	\$1,811	\$71,074	\$357,083	\$(13,969	)	\$(29,804)	\$386,195
Net income			16,319			_	16,319
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	9,649			9,649
Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan	1	483				_	484
Treasury shares purchased (9,776						(357)	(357)
shares)						(337 )	· ·
Cash dividends, \$.49 per share	_		(6,544)	_			(6,544)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$1,812	\$71,557	\$366,858	\$(4,320	)	\$(30,161)	\$405,746
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$1,815	\$72,405	\$377,970	\$(14,529	)	\$(43,447)	\$394,214
Net income	_		14,684	_			14,684
Other comprehensive income				481			481
Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan	1	341		_		_	342
Treasury shares purchased (127,742						(4,372)	(4,372)
shares)	_	_				(4,372 )	(4,372)
Cash dividends, \$.49 per share	_		(6,291)	_		_	(6,291)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$1,816	\$72,746	\$386,363	\$(14,048	)	\$(47,819)	\$399,058

See accompanying notes.

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# FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

(Donar amounts in mousands, except per share data)			
	Six Months En	nded	
	June 30,		
	2015	2014	
	(Unaudited)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net Income	\$14,684	\$16,319	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Net amortization (accretion) of premiums and discounts on investments	1,472	1,318	
Provision for loan losses	2,600	1,604	
Securities (gains) losses	(14	) 1	
(Gain) loss on sale of other real estate	(117	) 62	
Restricted stock compensation	342	484	
Depreciation and amortization	2,810	2,943	
Other, net	(1,515	) 1,394	
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	20,262	24,125	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale	1,900	355	
Calls, maturities and principal reductions on securities available-for-sale	70,694	65,595	
Purchases of securities available-for-sale	(82,893	) (50,051	)
Loans made to customers, net of repayment	(4,398	) (5,384	)
Redemption of restricted stock	5,576		
Purchase of restricted stock		(7	)
Purchase of customer list	(103	) —	
Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned	969	841	
Net change in federal funds sold	6,000	(5,094	)
Additions to premises and equipment	(924	) (2,701	)
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,179	) 3,554	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net change in deposits	(58,662	) (26,004	)
Net change in short-term borrowings	36,804	13,828	
Maturities of other borrowings	(2,000	) (95,000	)
Proceeds from other borrowings		100,000	
Purchase of treasury stock	(4,372	) (357	)
Dividends paid	(6,342	) (6,405	)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(34,572	) (13,938	)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(17,489	) 13,741	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	78,102	71,033	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$60,613	\$84,774	
See accompanying notes.			

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## FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying June 30, 2015 and 2014 consolidated financial statements are unaudited. The December 31, 2014 consolidated financial statements are as reported in the First Financial Corporation (the "Corporation") 2014 annual report. The information presented does not include all information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The following notes should be read together with notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Corporation and its subsidiaries for interim financial reporting are consistent with the accounting policies followed for annual financial reporting. All adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and are of a normal recurring nature. The Corporation reports financial information for only one segment, banking. Some items in the prior year financials were reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

The Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan is a long-term incentive plan that was designed to align the interests of participants with the interests of shareholders. Under the plan, awards may be made based on certain performance measures. The grants are made in restricted stock units that are subject to a vesting schedule. These shares vest over 3 years in increments of 33%, 33%, and 34% respectively. In 2015 and 2014, 19,683 and 22,019 shares were awarded, respectively. These shares had a grant date value of \$667 thousand and \$708 thousand for 2015 and 2014, vest over three years and their grant is not subject to future performance measures. Outstanding shares are increased at the award date for the total shares awarded.

#### 2. Allowance for Loan Losses

The following table presents the activity of the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended June 30.

Allowance for Loan Losses:	June 30, 2015								
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential		Consumer		Unallocated	Total		
Beginning balance	\$10,818	\$1,622		\$4,494		\$2,417	\$19,351		
Provision for loan losses	160	277		638		75	1,150		
Loans charged -off	(272)	(181	)	(1,026	)		(1,479	)	
Recoveries	225	42		572			839		
Ending Balance	\$10,931	\$1,760		\$4,678		\$2,492	\$19,861		
Allowance for Loan Losses:	June 30, 2014								
Allowance for Loan Losses: (Dollar amounts in thousands)	June 30, 2014 Commercial	Residential		Consumer		Unallocated	Total		
	*	Residential \$1,581		Consumer \$3,864		Unallocated \$2,510	Total \$20,408		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial		)					)	
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance	Commercial \$12,453	\$1,581		\$3,864	)	\$2,510	\$20,408	)	
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance Provision for loan losses*	Commercial \$12,453 (1,051)	\$1,581 (54		\$3,864 533	)	\$2,510 (248	\$20,408 (820	)	
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance Provision for loan losses* Loans charged -off	Commercial \$12,453 (1,051 ) (710 )	\$1,581 (54 (633		\$3,864 533 (982	)	\$2,510 (248	\$20,408 (820 (2,325	)	

\* Provision before increase of \$464 thousand in 2014 for decrease in FDIC indemnification asset

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The following table presents the activity of the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the six months ended June 30

Allowance for Loan Losses: (Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance Provision for loan losses Loans charged -off Recoveries Ending Balance	June 30, 2015 Commercial \$10,915 167 (608 ) 457 \$10,931	Residential \$1,374 653 (406 ) 139 \$1,760	Consumer \$4,370 1,468 (2,288 ) 1,128 \$4,678	Unallocated \$2,180 312 — — \$2,492	Total \$18,839 2,600 (3,302 ) 1,724 \$19,861
Allowance for Loan Losses:	June 30, 2014				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Beginning balance	\$12,450	\$1,585	\$3,650	\$2,383	\$20,068
Provision for loan losses*	(319)	12	1,333	(121)	905
Loans charged -off	(1,646 )	(805)	(2,035)	_	(4,486)
Recoveries	365	582	821	_	1,768
Ending Balance	\$10,850	\$1,374	\$3,769	\$2,262	\$18,255

<sup>\*</sup> Provision before increase of \$699 thousand in 2014 for decrease in FDIC indemnification asset

The following table presents the allocation of the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and based on the impairment method at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

portiono segment and based on the impai	illient method a	ii Julie 30, 2013	and December	31, 2014.	
Allowance for Loan Losses	June 30, 2015				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$1,305	\$27	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$1,332
Collectively evaluated for impairment	9,411	1,733	4,678	2,492	18,314
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	215		_	_	215
Ending Balance	\$10,931	\$1,760	\$4,678	\$2,492	\$19,861
Loans:	June 30, 2015				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer		Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$15,767	\$257	<b>\$</b> —		\$16,024
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,054,233	444,548	269,039		1,767,820
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	4,291	1,604			5,895
Ending Balance	\$1,074,291	\$446,409	\$269,039		\$1,789,739
Allowance for Loan Losses:	December 31,	2014			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	1,911			_	1,911
Collectively evaluated for impairment	8,733	1,365	4,370	2,180	16,648
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	271	9	_	_	280
Ending Balance	\$10,915	\$1,374	\$4,370	\$2,180	\$18,839

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Loans	December 31,	2014		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	14,573	33	<del></del>	14,606
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,030,949	468,872	267,880	1,767,701
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	4,887	1,631	<del></del>	6,518
Ending Balance	\$1,050,409	\$470,536	\$267,880	\$1,788,825

The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans.

	Unpaid Principal	Recorded	June 30, 20 Allowance for Loan Losses	15 Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest
(Dollar amounts in thousands) With no related allowance recorded:	Balance	Investment	Allocated	Investment	Recognized	Recognized
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$6,821	\$5,307	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,161	\$—	<b>\$</b> —
Farmland						
Non Farm, Non Residential	3,955	3,955	_	1,318	_	_
Agriculture	_	_	_	_	_	_
All Other Commercial	1,793	1,793		780		_
Residential						
First Liens	31	31		10		
Home Equity						
Junior Liens						
Multifamily						
All Other Residential	_	_	_	_	_	_
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	_	_		_		_
All Other Consumer	_	_		_		_
With an allowance recorded:						
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	2,102	1,809	294	4,900		
Farmland						
Non Farm, Non Residential	2,350	2,351	919	5,162	_	
Agriculture						
All Other Commercial	552	552	92	653	_	_
Residential	226	226				
First Liens	226	226	27	175	_	_
Home Equity	_	_	_	_		
Junior Liens	_	_				
Multifamily	_	_				
All Other Residential						
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	_					
All Other Consumer		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL	\$17,830	\$16,024	\$1,332	\$15,159	<b>\$</b> —	\$—

			December 3	31, 2014		
	Unpaid Principal	Recorded	Allowance for Loan Losses	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Balance	Investment	Allocated	Investment	Recognized	Recognized
With no related allowance						
recorded:						
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$1,200	\$926	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,589	\$—	\$—
Farmland						
Non Farm, Non Residential		_	_	58	_	_
Agriculture		_	_		_	_
All Other Commercial	292	292	_	58	_	_
Residential				_		
First Liens				5		
Home Equity				<del></del>		_
Junior Liens	<del></del>			_		
Multifamily	<del></del>			_		
All Other Residential						
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle						
All Other Consumer	_	_	_	_	_	_
With an allowance recorded: Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	7,388	5,874	1,056	6 177		
Farmland	7,300	3,874	1,030	6,177	<del></del>	_
Non Farm, Non Residential	6,654	6,654	<del></del>	6,698	<del></del>	<del></del>
Agriculture	0,034	0,034	133	0,096	<del></del>	
All Other Commercial	<del></del>	<del></del>	102	1,112	<del></del>	
Residential	027	027	102	1,112	_	_
First Liens	33	33		35		
Home Equity						
Junior Liens						
Multifamily						
All Other Residential						
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle						
All Other Consumer					_	_
TOTAL	\$16,394	\$14,606	\$1,911	\$16,732	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —
	,	. , ,	. ,-	,	•	•

	Three Month June 30, 201			Six Months I June 30, 201	Cash Pasis		
	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income	
(Dollar amounts in thousands) With no related allowance recorded:	Investment	Recognized	Recognized	Investment	Recognized	Recognized	
Commercial	<b>***</b>	•	Φ.	00161		Φ.	
Commercial & Industrial	\$2,779	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,161	\$—	\$—	
Farmland							
Non Farm, Non Residential	1,978			1,318			
Agriculture							
All Other Commercial	1,025			780			
Residential							
First Liens	16			10			
Home Equity							
Junior Liens		_	_	_	<del></del>		
Multifamily		_	_	_	<del></del>		
All Other Residential			_	_	_	_	
Consumer							
Motor Vehicle							
All Other Consumer							
With an allowance recorded: Commercial							
Commercial & Industrial	4,413			4,900	_		
Farmland	_	_				_	
Non Farm, Non Residential	4,417	_		5,162		_	
Agriculture					_		
All Other Commercial	566			653	_		
Residential							
First Liens	246			175			
Home Equity							
Junior Liens	_						
Multifamily	_						
All Other Residential							
Consumer							
Motor Vehicle	_						
All Other Consumer	_						
TOTAL	\$15,440	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$15,159	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	

	Three Month June 30, 201			Six Months I June 30, 201	Cook Doois		
	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income	
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Investment	Recognized	Recognized	Investment	Recognized	Recognized	
With no related allowance							
recorded:							
Commercial							
Commercial & Industrial	\$1,080	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,359	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	
Farmland	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Non Farm, Non Residential	93			97			
Agriculture							
All Other Commercial							
Residential							
First Liens							
Home Equity						_	
Junior Liens							
Multifamily						_	
All Other Residential						_	
Consumer							
Motor Vehicle		_			_		
All Other Consumer			_			_	
With an allowance recorded:							
Commercial							
Commercial & Industrial	7,466	_		7,850	_		
Farmland			_	_	_		
Non Farm, Non Residential	6,397	_		6,666	_		
Agriculture		_			_		
All Other Commercial	1,207		_	1,159		_	
Residential							
First Liens	36			36	_	_	
Home Equity		_			_		
Junior Liens		_			_		
Multifamily		_			_		
All Other Residential	_	_			_		
Consumer							
Motor Vehicle	_	_			_		
All Other Consumer	_	_			_		
TOTAL	\$16,279	<b>\$</b> —	\$	\$17,167	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	

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The tables below presents the recorded investment in non-performing loans.

The tables below presents the recorded investment in non-pe	_			
	June 30, 2015	)		
	Loans Past	Troubled		
	Due Over	Debt		
(5.11)	90 Day Still			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Accruing	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Nonaccrual
Commercial				
Commercial & Industrial	\$—	\$5	\$4,793	\$4,002
Farmland				228
Non Farm, Non Residential	_	9	3,898	3,419
Agriculture	_	_		537
All Other Commercial	_	_	_	2,334
Residential				
First Liens	626	4,597	1,007	4,275
Home Equity	24	_		306
Junior Liens	63	_		157
Multifamily				
All Other Residential	_	_	_	99
Consumer				
Motor Vehicle	38	208	15	137
All Other Consumer	5	21	414	1,059
TOTAL	\$756	\$4,840	\$10,127	\$16,553
	December 31	, 2014	•	•
	Loans Past			
	Due Over	Troubled		
	90 Day Still	Debt		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Accruing	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Nonaccrual
Commercial	8	8		
Commercial & Industrial	<b>\$</b> —	\$7	\$4,961	\$3,720
Farmland	_	<del></del>	<del></del>	79
Non Farm, Non Residential		10	3,987	3,388
Agriculture			<del></del>	767
All Other Commercial				
				1.258
Residential	_	_		1,258
Residential First Liens	603	4.357	— 842	
First Liens	 603 88	4,357 —	842 —	3,861
First Liens Home Equity	88	4,357 —	842 —	3,861 404
First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens		4,357 — —	842 — —	3,861
First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily	88 12 —		842 — — —	3,861 404 275
First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential	88		842 — — —	3,861 404
First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer	88 12 — 5	_ _ _ _	_ _ _	3,861 404 275 — 111
First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer Motor Vehicle	88 12 — 5			3,861 404 275 — 111 210
First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer	88 12 — 5	_ _ _ _	_ _ _	3,861 404 275 — 111

There are no loans covered by loss share agreements with the FDIC included in loans past due over 90 days still on accrual at June 30, 2015 and there were \$37 thousand at December 31, 2014. There were \$271 thousand of covered loans included in non-accrual loans at June 30, 2015 and there were \$274 thousand at December 31, 2014. There were no covered loans at June 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014 that were deemed impaired.

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Non-performing loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans.

The following tables presents the aging of the recorded investment in loans by past due category and class of loans. June 30, 2015

	June 30, 201	.5				
	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	Greater than 90 days	Total		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due	Current	Total
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$386	\$125	\$3,568	\$4,079	\$495,992	\$500,071
Farmland					97,763	97,763
Non Farm, Non Residential	551	223	206	980	217,839	218,819
Agriculture	24	271	27	322	132,839	133,161
All Other Commercial	67			67	124,410	124,477
Residential						
First Liens	594	703	1,360	2,657	303,745	306,402
Home Equity	182	25	125	332	37,747	38,079
Junior Liens	191	17	158	366	30,533	30,899
Multifamily					64,051	64,051
All Other Residential					6,978	6,978
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	2,686	379	38	3,103	244,584	247,687
All Other Consumer	83	16	4	103	21,249	21,352
TOTAL	\$4,764	\$1,759	\$5,486	\$12,009	\$1,777,730	\$1,789,739
	December 3	31, 2014				
		·	Greater			
		31, 2014 s 60-89 Days	s than 90	Total		
	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	s than 90 days			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)		·	s than 90	Total Past Due	Current	Total
Commercial	30-59 Days Past Due	S 60-89 Days Past Due	s than 90 days Past Due	Past Due		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	s than 90 days		\$451,549	\$455,585
Commercial & Industrial Farmland	30-59 Days Past Due \$574	Past Due \$416	s than 90 days Past Due \$3,046	Past Due \$4,036	\$451,549 95,452	\$455,585 95,452
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 — 1,528	Past Due  \$416  68	s than 90 days Past Due \$3,046 — 202	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798	\$451,549 95,452 232,440	\$455,585 95,452 234,238
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 1,528 246	Past Due \$416	s than 90 days Past Due \$3,046	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798 766	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 — 1,528	Past Due  \$416  68	s than 90 days Past Due \$3,046 — 202	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798	\$451,549 95,452 232,440	\$455,585 95,452 234,238
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 — 1,528 246 255	Past Due  \$416  68  18	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046  202 502	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798 766 255	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 1,528 246 255 6,011	Past Due  \$416  68  18  963	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046  202 502 1,522	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798 766 255 8,496	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014 308,068	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269 316,564
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 1,528 246 255 6,011 141	Past Due  \$416  68  18  963  33	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046  202 502 1,522 310	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798 766 255 8,496 484	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014 308,068 40,043	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269 316,564 40,527
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 1,528 246 255 6,011	Past Due  \$416  68  18  963	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046  202 502 1,522	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798 766 255 8,496	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014 308,068 40,043 31,487	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269 316,564 40,527 32,057
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 1,528 246 255 6,011 141 270	Past Due  \$416  68  18  963  33	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046  202 502  1,522 310 217	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798 766 255 8,496 484 570 —	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014 308,068 40,043 31,487 72,310	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269 316,564 40,527 32,057 72,310
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 1,528 246 255 6,011 141	Past Due  \$416  68  18  963  33	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046  202 502 1,522 310	Past Due \$4,036 — 1,798 766 255 8,496 484	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014 308,068 40,043 31,487	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269 316,564 40,527 32,057
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer	30-59 Days Past Due \$574	Past Due  \$416  68  18  963  33  83  —	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046	Past Due \$4,036	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014 308,068 40,043 31,487 72,310 8,961	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269 316,564 40,527 32,057 72,310 9,078
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer Motor Vehicle	30-59 Days Past Due \$574 1,528 246 255 6,011 141 270 112 3,026	963 33 83 —	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046  202 502 1,522 310 217 5	Past Due \$4,036	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014 308,068 40,043 31,487 72,310 8,961 242,406	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269 316,564 40,527 32,057 72,310 9,078 246,169
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer	30-59 Days Past Due \$574	Past Due  \$416  68  18  963  33  83  —	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$3,046	Past Due \$4,036	\$451,549 95,452 232,440 149,099 115,014 308,068 40,043 31,487 72,310 8,961	\$455,585 95,452 234,238 149,865 115,269 316,564 40,527 32,057 72,310 9,078

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During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the terms of certain loans were modified as troubled debt restructurings (TDRs). The following tables present the activity for TDR's.

(Dollar amounts in thousands) April 1, Added Charged Off Payments June 30,	Commercial 8,835 — (130 8,705	R 5. 7: - ) (1	015 Residential ,618 3 — 102 ,589	)	Consumer 575 140 — (58 657	)	Total 15,028 213 — (290 14,951	)
(Dollar amounts in thousands) January 1, Added Charged Off Payments June 30,	Commercial 8,955 ———————————————————————————————————	R 5. 6. (6.	015 Residential ,189 52 62 190 ,589	)	Consumer 614 189 (40 (106 657	)	Total 14,758 841 (102 (546 14,951	)
(Dollar amounts in thousands) April 1, Added Charged Off Payments June 30,	Commercial 9,343 441 — (578 9,206	R 4. 6. –	014 Residential .,362 68 — 74 .,956	)	Consumer 620 30 (19 (72 559	)	Total 21,285 1,139 (19 (724 14,721	)
(Dollar amounts in thousands) January 1, Added Charged Off Payments June 30,	Commercial 12,327 441 (1,069 (2,493 9,206	R 4. 80 ) — ) (1	014 Residential .,330 01 — 175 ,956	)	Consumer 644 98 (39 (144 559	)	Total 21,285 1,340 (1,108 (2,812 14,721	)

Modification of the terms of such loans typically include one or a combination of the following: a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan; an extension of the maturity date at a stated rate of interest lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk; or a permanent reduction of the recorded investment in the loan. No modification in 2015 or 2014 resulted in the permanent reduction of the recorded investment in the loan. Modifications involving a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan were for periods ranging from twelve months to five years. Modifications involving an extension of the maturity date were for periods ranging from twelve months to ten years. Troubled debt restructurings during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 did not result in any material charge-offs or additional provision expense.

The Corporation has allocated \$47 thousand and \$1.2 million of specific reserves to customers whose loan terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings at both June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Corporation has not committed to lend additional amounts as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 to customers with outstanding loans that are classified as troubled debt restructurings. The charge-offs during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were not of any restructurings that had taken place in the previous 12 months.

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#### Credit Quality Indicators:

The Corporation categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Corporation analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis includes non-homogeneous loans, such as commercial loans, with an outstanding balance greater than \$100 thousand. Any consumer loans outstanding to a borrower who had commercial loans analyzed will be similarly risk rated. This analysis is performed on a quarterly basis. The Corporation uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention: Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard: Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and debt service capacity of the borrower or of any pledged collateral. These loans have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses which have clearly jeopardized repayment of principal and interest as originally intended. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some future loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful: Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those graded substandard, with the added characteristic that the severity of the weaknesses makes collection or liquidation in full highly questionable or improbable based upon currently existing facts, conditions, and values.

Furthermore, non-homogeneous loans which were not individually analyzed, but are 90+ days past due or on non-accrual are classified as substandard. Loans included in homogeneous pools, such as residential or consumer may be classified as substandard due to 90+ days delinquency, non-accrual status, bankruptcy, or loan restructuring.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans. Loans listed as not rated are either less than \$100 thousand or are included in groups of homogeneous loans. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans are as follows:

June 30 2015

	June 30, 2013	)				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Not Rated	Total
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$429,845	\$36,520	\$23,715	\$2,755	\$5,689	\$498,524
Farmland	85,745	7,747	2,907	_	12	96,411
Non Farm, Non Residential	189,429	6,214	22,659	36		218,338
Agriculture	115,653	6,658	9,245	27	156	131,739
All Other Commercial	107,893	6,972	7,191	105	1,659	123,820
Residential						
First Liens	98,064	5,275	8,106	739	193,208	305,392
Home Equity	11,554	451	1,255	11	24,749	38,020
Junior Liens	7,815	120	490	60	22,329	30,814
Multifamily	61,357		2,540	_	22	63,919
All Other Residential	1,258	_	26	_	5,678	6,962
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	11,007	421	386	_	234,826	246,640
All Other Consumer	3,088	109	102	16	17,929	21,244

TOTAL \$1,122,708 \$70,487 \$78,622 \$3,749 \$506,257 \$1,781,823

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	December 31	, 2014				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Not Rated	Total
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$393,449	\$29,081	\$24,013	\$2,900	\$4,717	\$454,160
Farmland	85,772	7,618	436		13	93,839
Non Farm, Non Residential	186,346	21,765	25,613	36	_	233,760
Agriculture	138,713	7,399	1,746	177	67	148,102
All Other Commercial	101,942	4,356	7,055	33	1,275	114,661
Residential						
First Liens	104,854	5,929	7,733	1,035	196,008	315,559
Home Equity	12,592	375	1,374	6	26,116	40,463
Junior Liens	8,112	173	561	63	23,053	31,962
Multifamily	69,080	1,801	1,249		3	72,133
All Other Residential	1,799		28		7,228	9,055
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	11,135	402	224	_	233,302	245,063
All Other Consumer	3,169	141	87	21	18,175	21,593
TOTAL	\$1,116,963	\$79,040	\$70,119	\$4,271	\$509,957	\$1,780,350

## 3. Securities

The amortized cost and fair value of the Corporation's investments are shown below. All securities are classified as available-for-sale.

(Dollar amounts in thousands)  U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential  Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial  Collateralized Mortgage Obligations  State and Municipal Obligations  Collateralized Debt Obligations  TOTAL	June 30, 2015 Amortized Cost \$1,298 183,601 13 489,361 205,649 9,864 \$889,786	Unrealized Gains \$61 6,060 — 2,548 6,994 5,004 \$20,667	Unrealized Losses \$— (914 — (7,114 (873 (2 \$(8,903)	) ))))	Fair Value \$1,359 188,747 13 484,795 211,770 14,866 \$901,550
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities-residential  Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial  Collateralized mortgage obligations  State and municipal  Collateralized debt obligations  TOTAL	December 31, Amortized Cost \$1,411 180,673 17 489,765 198,875 10,205 \$880,946	2014 Unrealized Gains \$56 7,593 — 2,513 9,019 5,115 \$24,296	Unrealized Losses \$— (330 — (7,623 (219 (17 \$(8,189)	) )))))	Fair Value \$1,467 187,936 17 484,655 207,675 15,303 \$897,053

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Contractual maturities of debt securities at June 30, 2015 were as follows. Securities not due at a single maturity or with no maturity date, primarily mortgage-backed and equity securities are shown separately.

	Available-fo	r-Sale
	Amortized	Fair
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$3,855	\$3,885
Due after one but within five years	41,236	42,532
Due after five but within ten years	88,932	92,071
Due after ten years	82,788	89,507
	216,811	227,995
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	672,975	673,555
TOTAL	\$889,786	\$901,550

There were \$10 thousand in gross gains and no losses from investment sales realized by the Corporation for the three months ended June 30, 2015. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 there were \$14 thousand in gross gains and no losses. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 there were \$(1) thousand in gross losses on sales of investment securities.

The following tables show the securities' gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in continuous unrealized loss position, at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	June 30, 20	15							
	Less Than 1	2 Months		More Than	12 Months			Total	
		Unrealize	ed		Unrealize	d		Unrealize	d
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Fair Value	Losses		Fair Value	Losses		Fair Value	Losses	
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential	\$18,799	\$(478	)	\$45,963	\$(436	)	\$64,762	\$(914	)
Collateralized mortgage obligations	156,426	(5,449	)	151,452	(1,665	)	307,878	(7,114	)
State and municipal obligations	4,342	(145	)	34,636	(728	)	38,978	(873	)
Collateralized Debt Obligations				56	(2	)	56	(2	)
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$179,567	\$(6,072	)	\$232,107	\$(2,831	)	\$411,674	\$(8,903	)
	December 3 Less Than 1	2 Months	ad.	More Than				Total	d
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Less Than 1	2 Months Unrealize	ed		Unrealize		Fair Value	Unrealize	d
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential		2 Months	ed	More Than Fair Value \$23,849			Fair Value \$23,849		d )
	Less Than 1 Fair Value	2 Months Unrealize Losses	ed )	Fair Value	Unrealize Losses			Unrealize Losses	`
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential	Less Than 1 Fair Value \$—	2 Months Unrealize Losses \$—	ed )	Fair Value \$23,849	Unrealize Losses \$(330		\$23,849	Unrealize Losses \$(330	`
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential Collateralized mortgage obligations	Less Than 1 Fair Value \$— 50,832	2 Months Unrealize Losses \$— (128	ed )	Fair Value \$23,849 264,940	Unrealize Losses \$(330 (7,495		\$23,849 315,772	Unrealize Losses \$(330 (7,623	`

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such an evaluation. The investment securities portfolio is evaluated for OTTI by segregating the portfolio into two general segments and applying the appropriate OTTI model. Investment securities are generally evaluated for OTTI under FASB ASC 320, Investments - Debt and Equity Securities. However, certain purchased beneficial interests, including non-agency mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, and collateralized debt obligations, that had credit ratings at the time of purchase of below AA

are evaluated using the model outlined in FASB ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets.

When OTTI occurs under either model, the amount of the OTTI recognized in earnings depends on whether an entity intends to sell the security or it is more likely than not it will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, less any current-period credit loss. If an entity intends to sell or it is more likely than not it will be required to sell the security

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before recovery of its amortized cost basis, less any current-period credit loss, the OTTI shall be recognized in earnings equal to the entire difference between the investment's amortized cost basis and its fair value at the balance sheet date. If an entity does not intend to sell the security and it is not more likely than not that the entity will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis less any current-period loss, the OTTI shall be separated into the amount representing the credit loss and the amount related to all other factors. The amount of the total OTTI related to the credit loss is determined based on the present value of cash flows expected to be collected and is recognized in earnings. The amount of the total OTTI related to other factors is recognized in other comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes. The previous amortized cost basis less the OTTI recognized in earnings becomes the new amortized cost basis of the investment.

Gross unrealized losses on investment securities were \$8.9 million as of June 30, 2015 and \$8.2 million as of December 31, 2014. A majority of these losses represent negative adjustments to market value relative to the interest rate environment reflecting the increase in market rates and not losses related to the creditworthiness of the issuer. Based upon our review of the issuers, we do not believe these investments to be other than temporarily impaired. Management does not intend to sell these securities and it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell them before their anticipated recovery.

There are three collateralized debt obligations securities with previously recorded OTTI but there is no OTTI in 2015 or 2014.

Management has consistently used Standard & Poors pricing to value these investments. There are a number of other pricing sources available to determine fair value for these investments. These sources utilize a variety of methods to determine fair value. The result is a wide range of estimates of fair value for these securities. The Standard & Poors pricing ranges from 4.4 to 90.3 while Moody Investor Service pricing ranges from .32 to 90.5, with others falling somewhere in between. We recognize that the Standard & Poors pricing utilized is an estimate, but have been consistent in using this source and its estimate of fair value.

The table below presents a rollforward of the credit losses recognized in earnings for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Beginning balance	\$13,995	\$14,079	\$14,050	\$14,079
Increases to the amount related to the credit				
Loss for which other-than-temporary was previously recognized	_	_	_	_
Reductions for increases in cash flows collected			(55	) —
Amounts realized for securities sold during the period				
Ending balance	\$13,995	\$14,079	\$13,995	\$14,079

#### 4. Fair Value

FASB ASC No. 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) of identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level I prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The fair value of most securities available for sale is determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).

For those securities that cannot be priced using quoted market prices or observable inputs a Level 3 valuation is determined. These securities are primarily trust preferred securities, which are priced using Level 3 due to current market illiquidity and certain investments in state and municipal securities. The fair value of the trust preferred securities is obtained from a third party provider without adjustment. As described previously, management obtains values from other pricing sources to validate the Standard &

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Poors pricing that they currently utilize. The fair value of state and municipal obligations are derived by comparing the securities to current market rates plus an appropriate credit spread to determine an estimated value. Illiquidity spreads are then considered. Credit reviews are performed on each of the issuers. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Corporation's state and municipal obligations are credit spreads related to specific issuers. Significantly higher credit spread assumptions would result in significantly lower fair value measurement. Conversely, significantly lower credit spreads would result in a significantly higher fair value measurements.

The fair value of derivatives is based on valuation models using observable market data as of the measurement date (Level 2 inputs).

I.... 20 2015

	June 30, 2015 Fair Value Measurements Using Significant				
	Unobservable	3)			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
U.S. Government agencies	\$—	\$1,359	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,359	
Mortgage Backed Securities-residential		188,747		188,747	
Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial	_	13	_	13	
Collateralized mortgage obligations	_	484,795	_	484,795	
State and municipal	_	207,045	4,725	211,770	
Collateralized debt obligations	_	_	14,866	14,866	
TOTAL	<b>\$</b> —	\$881,959	\$19,591	\$901,550	
Derivative Assets		997			
Derivative Liabilities		(997	)		
	December 31, 2014				
	December 31	, 2014			
			sing Significant		
	Fair Value M				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Fair Value M	leasurements U		Total	
(Dollar amounts in thousands) U.S. Government agencies	Fair Value M Unobservable	leasurements U e Inputs (Level	3)		
	Fair Value M Unobservable Level 1	leasurements U e Inputs (Level Level 2	3) Level 3	Total	
U.S. Government agencies	Fair Value M Unobservable Level 1	Ieasurements U e Inputs (Level Level 2 \$1,467	3) Level 3	Total \$1,467	
U.S. Government agencies Mortgage Backed Securities-residential	Fair Value M Unobservable Level 1	Ieasurements U e Inputs (Level Level 2 \$1,467 187,936	3) Level 3	Total \$1,467 187,936	
U.S. Government agencies Mortgage Backed Securities-residential Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial	Fair Value M Unobservable Level 1	Ieasurements U e Inputs (Level Level 2 \$1,467 187,936 17	3) Level 3	Total \$1,467 187,936 17	
U.S. Government agencies Mortgage Backed Securities-residential Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial Collateralized mortgage obligations	Fair Value M Unobservable Level 1	Ieasurements U e Inputs (Level Level 2 \$1,467 187,936 17 484,655	3) Level 3 \$— — — —	Total \$1,467 187,936 17 484,655	
U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities-residential  Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial  Collateralized mortgage obligations  State and municipal	Fair Value M Unobservable Level 1	Ieasurements U e Inputs (Level Level 2 \$1,467 187,936 17 484,655	3) Level 3 \$— — — 5,900	Total \$1,467 187,936 17 484,655 207,675	
U.S. Government agencies Mortgage Backed Securities-residential Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial Collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal Collateralized debt obligations	Fair Value M Unobservable Level 1 \$— — — —	Ieasurements U e Inputs (Level Level 2 \$1,467 187,936 17 484,655 201,775	3) Level 3 \$—   5,900 15,303	Total \$1,467 187,936 17 484,655 207,675 15,303	

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during 2015 and 2014.

The tables below presents a reconciliation and income statement classification of gains and losses for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014.

Beginning balance, April 1 Total realized/unrealized gains or losses Included in earnings Included in other comprehensive income	Unobserv		2015	)	
Transfers Settlements	_	— (92	<u> </u>	)	
Ending balance, June 30	\$4,725	\$14,866	\$19,591	,	
Beginning balance, January 1	Fair Value Measu Inputs (Level 3) Six Months Ende State and municipal obligations \$5,900	d June 30, 2015 Collateralized debt obligations \$15,303	ificant Unobservab  Total  \$ 21,203	ble	
Total realized/unrealized gains or losses		,	,		
Included in earnings				`	
Included in other comprehensive income Transfers	_	(185	) (185	)	
Settlements	(1,175	) (252	) (1,427	)	
Ending balance, June 30	\$4,725	\$14,866	\$19,591		
Beginning balance, January 1	Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) Year Ended December 31, 2014 State and Collateralized municipal debt Total obligations \$4,525 \$9,044 \$13,569				
Total realized/unrealized gains or losses					
Included in earnings	_	7 100	— 7 100		
Included in other comprehensive income Purchases	4,000	7,100	7,100 4,000		
Settlements	(2,625	) (841	) (3,466	)	
Ending balance, December 31	\$5,900	\$15,303	\$21,203	,	

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The following table presents quantitative information about recurring and non-recurring Level 3 fair value measurements at June 30, 2015.

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	Range
State and municipal obligations	\$4,725	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate Probability of default	3.05%-5.50% 0%
Other real estate	\$3,625	Sales comparison/income approach	Discount rate for age of appraisal and market conditions	5.00%-20.00%
Impaired Loans	\$3,605	Sales comparison/income approach	Discount rate for age of appraisal and market conditions	0.00%-50.00%

The following table presents quantitative information about recurring and non-recurring Level 3 fair value measurements at December 31, 2014.

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	Range
State and municipal obligations	\$5,900	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate Probability of default	3.05%-5.50% 0%
Other real estate	\$3,965	Sales comparison/income approach	Discount rate for age of appraisal and market conditions	5.00%-20.00%
Impaired Loans	11,477	Sales comparison/income approach	Discount rate for age of appraisal and market conditions	0.00%-50.00%

Impaired loans disclosed in footnote 2, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of collateral, are valued at Level 3. They are carried at a fair value of \$3.6 million, after a valuation allowance of \$1.3 million at June 30, 2015 and at a fair value of \$11.5 million, net of a valuation allowance of \$1.9 million at December 31, 2014. The impact to the provision for loan losses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and for the 12 months ended December 31, 2014 was a \$579 thousand decrease and a \$1.2 million decrease, respectively. Other real estate owned is valued at Level 3. Other real estate owned at June 30, 2015 with a value of \$3.6 million was reduced \$0.9 million for fair value adjustment. At June 30, 2015 other real estate owned was comprised of \$2.9 million from commercial loans and \$0.7 million from residential loans. Other real estate owned at December 31, 2014 with a value of \$4.0 million was reduced \$1.1 million for fair value adjustment. At December 31, 2014 other real estate owned was comprised of \$3.0 million from commercial loans and \$1.0 million from residential loans.

Fair value is measured based on the value of the collateral securing those loans, and is determined using several methods. Generally the fair value of real estate is determined based on appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers. Appraisals for real estate generally use three methods to derive value: cost, sales or market comparison and income approach. The cost method bases value on the cost to replace current property. The market comparison evaluates the sales price of similar properties in the same market area. The income approach considers net operating income generated by the property and the investor's required return. The final fair value is based on a reconciliation of these three approaches. If an appraisal is not available, the fair value may be determined by using a cash flow analysis, a broker's opinion of value, the net present value of future cash flows, or an observable market price from an active market. Fair value of other real estate is based upon the current appraised values of the properties as determined by qualified licensed appraisers and the Company's judgment of other relevant market conditions. Appraisals are obtained annually and reductions in value are recorded as a valuation through a charge to expense. The primary unobservable input used by management in estimating fair value are additional discounts to the appraised value to consider market conditions and the age of the appraisal, which are based on management's past experience in resolving these types of properties. These discounts range from 0% to 50%. Values for non-real estate collateral, such as business equipment,

are based on appraisals performed by qualified licensed appraisers or the customers financial statements. Values for non real estate collateral use much higher discounts that real estate collateral. Other real estate and impaired loans carried at fair value are primarily comprised of smaller balance properties.

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The following tables presents loans identified as impaired by class of loans as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, which are all considered Level 3.

,	June 30, 2015		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Carrying Value	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Fair Value
Commercial	¢1.000	Φ204	φ1.515
Commercial & Industrial	\$1,809	\$294	\$1,515
Farmland Non Form Non Residential	<del></del>	— 919	1 421
Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture	2,330	919	1,431
All Other Commercial	<del></del>	92	460
Residential	332	92	400
First Liens	226	27	199
Home Equity			199
Junior Liens			
Multifamily		<u></u>	
All Other Residential			
Consumer			
Motor Vehicle	_		
All Other Consumer	_		_
TOTAL	\$4,937	\$1,332	\$3,605
101.12	·		•
	December 31.		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	·	, 2014	Fair Value
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial	December 31. Carrying	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial	December 31. Carrying	Allowance for Loan Losses	
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland	December 31.  Carrying Value  \$5,874	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056	Fair Value \$4,818
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential	December 31.  Carrying  Value	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Fair Value
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818 5,901
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial	December 31.  Carrying Value  \$5,874	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056	Fair Value \$4,818
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654  827	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818  5,901 725
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818 5,901
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654  827	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818  5,901 725
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654  827	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818  5,901 725
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654  827	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818  5,901 725
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654  827	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818  5,901 725
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654  827	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818  5,901 725
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer Motor Vehicle	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654  827	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818  5,901 725
(Dollar amounts in thousands)  Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer	Carrying Value  \$5,874  6,654  827	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated  \$1,056  753	Fair Value \$4,818  5,901 725

The carrying amounts and estimated fair value of financial instruments at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, are shown below. Carrying amount is the estimated fair value for cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, short-term borrowings, accrued interest receivable and payable, demand deposits, short-term debt and variable-rate loans or deposits that reprice frequently and fully. Security fair values were described previously. For fixed-rate, non-impaired

loans or deposits, variable rate loans or deposits with infrequent repricing or repricing limits, and for longer-term borrowings, fair value is based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life and considering credit risk. The valuation of impaired loans was described previously. Loan fair value estimates do not necessarily represent an exit price. Fair values of loans held for sale are based on

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market bids on the loans or similar loans. It was not practicable to determine the fair value of Federal Home Loan Bank stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability. Fair value of debt is based on current rates for similar financing. The fair value of off-balance sheet items is not considered material.

	June 30, 2015					
	Carrying	Fair Value				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Cash and due from banks	\$60,613	\$20,743	\$39,870	\$—	\$60,613	
Federal funds sold	2,000	_	2,000		2,000	
Securities available-for-sale	901,550	_	881,959	19,591	901,550	
Restricted stock	10,828	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Loans, net	1,763,927		_	1,812,200	1,812,200	
Accrued interest receivable	11,116	_	3,296	7,820	11,116	
Deposits	(2,398,574)		(2,400,793)		(2,400,793	)
Short-term borrowings	(84,819)		(84,819)		(84,819	)
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(10,738)		(11,213)		(11,213	)
Accrued interest payable	(382)		(382)		(382	)
	December 31,	2014				
	Carrying	Fair Value				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Cash and due from banks	\$78,102	\$22,597	\$55,505	<b>\$</b> —	\$78,102	
Federal funds sold	8,000	_	8,000		8,000	
Securities available-for-sale	897,053		875,850	21,203	897,053	
Restricted stock	16,404	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Loans, net	1,762,589	_		1,810,885	1,810,885	
FDIC Indemnification Asset	(74)	_	(74)		(74	)
Accrued interest receivable	11,593	_	3,183	8,410	11,593	
Deposits	(2,457,197)		(2,459,703)		(2,459,703	)
Short-term borrowings	(48,015)		(48,015)		(48,015	)
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(12,886)		(13,605)		(13,605	)
Accrued interest payable	( ) /		(,		(10,000	,

#### 5. Short-Term Borrowings

Period-end short-term borrowings were comprised of the following:

	(8′ 000)	
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Federal Funds Purchased	\$64,064	\$21,192
Repurchase Agreements	20,755	26,823
	\$84,819	\$48,015

The Corporation enters into sales of securities under agreements to repurchase. The amounts received under these agreements represent short-term borrowings and are reflected as a liability in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The securities underlying these agreements are included in investment securities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Corporation has no control over the market value of the securities, which fluctuates due to market conditions. However, the Corporation is obligated to promptly transfer additional securities if the market value of the securities falls below the repurchase agreement price. The Corporation manages this risk by maintaining an unpledged securities portfolio that it believes is sufficient to cover a decline in the market value of the securities sold under agreements to repurchase.

June 30, 2015

days

\$5,748

continuous

\$14,787

days

\$5,670

days

\$618

\$26,823

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Collateral pledged to repurchase agreements by remaining maturity are as follows:

	Julic 50, 2015				
Repurchase Agreements and Repurchase to Maturity Transactions	Remaining	Contractua	l Maturity	of the Agre	ements
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Overnight and continuous	Up to 30 days	30 - 90 days	Greater than 90 days	Total
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	\$8,434	\$150	\$146	\$12,025	\$20,755
	December 3	31, 2014			
Repurchase Agreements and Repurchase to Maturity Transactions	Remaining	Contractua	l Maturity	of the Agre	ements
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Overnight and	Up to 30		Greater than 90	Total

#### 6. Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Mortgage Obligations

Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential and Collateralized

	Three Mo (000's)	onths Ende	d June 30,		Six Mont (000's)	hs Ended J	une 30,	
	Pension I	Benefits	Post-Reti Health B		Pension E	Benefits	Post-Retine Health Be	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Service cost	\$538	\$510	\$16	\$13	\$1,076	\$1,020	\$32	\$26
Interest cost	879	939	43	44	1,758	1,878	87	88
Expected return on plan assets	(863)	(948)			(1,726)	(1,896)		
Amortization of transition obligation	_	_			_			_
Net amortization of prior service cost	_	(2)	_	_	_	(4)	_	_
Net amortization of net (gain) loss	1,185	190	_	_	2,370	380	_	_
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$1,739	\$689	\$59	\$57	\$3,478	\$1,378	\$119	\$114

#### **Employer Contributions**

First Financial Corporation previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 that it expected to contribute \$1.8 million and \$1.1 million respectively to its Pension Plan and ESOP and \$247 thousand to the Post Retirement Health Benefits Plan in 2015. Contributions of \$554 thousand have been made to the Pension Plan thus far in 2015. Contributions of \$110 thousand have been made through the first six months of 2015 for the Post Retirement Health Benefits plan. No contributions have been made in 2015 for the ESOP. The Pension plan was frozen for most employees at the end of 2012 and for those employees there will be discretionary contributions to the ESOP plan and a 401K plan in place of the former Pension benefit. In the first six months of 2015 and 2014 there has been \$719 thousand and \$719 thousand of expense accrued for potential contributions to these alternative retirement

benefit options.

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#### 7. New accounting standards

In May 2014, the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") jointly issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard that will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Previous revenue recognition guidance in GAAP comprised broad revenue recognition concepts together with numerous revenue requirements for particular industries or transactions, which sometimes resulted in different accounting for economically similar transactions. In contrast, IFRS provided limited revenue recognition guidance and, consequently, could be difficult to apply to complex transactions. Accordingly, the FASB and the IASB initiated a joint project to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue and to develop a common revenue standard for U.S. GAAP and IFRS that would: (1) Remove inconsistencies and weaknesses in revenue requirements; (2) Provide a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues; (3) Improve comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions, and capital markets; (4) Provide more useful information to users of financial statements through improved disclosure requirements; and (5) Simplify the preparation of financial statements by reducing the number of requirements to which an entity must refer. To meet those objectives, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." The standard's core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In doing so, companies generally will be required to use more judgment and make more estimates than under current guidance. These may include identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. The standard is effective for public entities for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. For financial reporting purposes, the standard allows for either full retrospective adoption, meaning the standard is applied to all of the periods presented, or modified retrospective adoption, meaning the standard is applied only to the most current period presented in the financial statements with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized at the date of initial application. The Corporation is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU No. 2014-09 and will be closely monitoring developments and additional guidance to determine the potential impact the new standard will have on the Corporation's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-14, Classification of Certain Government-Guaranteed Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure. This ASU requires that a mortgage loan be derecognized and that a separate other receivable be recognized if certain conditions are met in the case of government guarantees. The amendments are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2014. The adoption of this ASU has not had a significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-11, "Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures." The new guidance aligns the accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions and repurchase agreements executed as repurchase financings with the accounting for other typical repurchase agreements. Going forward, these transactions would all be accounted for as secured borrowings. The guidance eliminates sale accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions and supersedes the guidance under which a transfer of a financial asset and a contemporaneous repurchase financing could be accounted for on a combined basis as a forward agreement, which has resulted in outcomes referred to as off-balance-sheet accounting. The amendments in the ASU require a new disclosure for transactions economically similar to repurchase agreements in which the transferor retains substantially all of the exposure to the economic return on the transferred financial assets throughout the term of the transaction. The amendments in the ASU also require expanded disclosures, effective for the current reporting period of June 30, 2015, about the nature of collateral pledged in repurchase agreements and similar transactions accounted for as secured borrowings (see Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The Corporation adopted the amendments in this ASU effective January 1, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, all of the Company's repurchase agreements

were typical in nature (i.e., not repurchase-to-maturity transactions or repurchase agreements executed as a repurchase financing) and are accounted for as secured borrowings. As such, the adoption of ASU No. 2014-11 did not have a material impact on the Corporation's Consolidated Financial Statements.

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### 8. Acquisitions and FDIC Indemnification Asset

The Bank is party to a loss sharing agreement with the FDIC as a result of a 2009 acquisition. Under the loss-sharing agreement ("LSA"), the Bank will share in the losses on assets covered under the agreement (referred to as covered assets). On losses up to \$29 million, the FDIC has agreed to reimburse the Bank for 80 percent of the losses. On losses exceeding \$29 million, the FDIC has agreed to reimburse the Bank for 95 percent of the losses. The loss-sharing agreement is subject to following servicing procedures as specified in the agreement with the FDIC. Loans acquired that are subject to the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC are referred to as covered loans for disclosure purposes. Since the acquisition date the Bank has been reimbursed \$19.4 million for losses and carrying expenses and currently carries an immaterial balance in the indemnification asset. The balance of loans covered by the loss share agreement at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 totaled \$6.5 million and \$7.3 million, respectively. The only loans still covered by the loss share agreement are the single family loans; however recoveries on non-single family loans are still subject to sharing with the FDIC until 2017.

FASB ASC 310-30, Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality, applies to a loan with evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination, acquired by completion of a transfer for which it is probable, at acquisition, that the investor will be unable to collect all contractually required payments receivable. FASB ASC 310-30 prohibits carrying over or creating an allowance for loan losses upon initial recognition. The carrying amount of loans accounted for in accordance with FASB ASC 310-30 at June 30, 2015 and 2014 are shown in the following table:

(Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance, April 1,	Commercial \$4,701	Consumer \$1,558	2015 Total \$6,259	
Discount accretion	(272			`
Disposals ASC 310-30 Loans, June 30,	(372 \$4,329	) (11 \$1,547	) (383 \$5,876	)
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Consumer	2015 Total	
Beginning balance, January 1,	\$4,803	\$1,571	\$6,374	
Discount accretion	<del>.</del>	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	
Disposals	(474	) (24	) (498	)
ASC 310-30 Loans, June 30,	\$4,329	\$1,547	\$5,876	
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance, April 1, Discount accretion Disposals	Commercial \$7,510 — (173	Consumer \$2,401 — ) (516	2014 Total \$9,911 — ) (689	,
ASC 310-30 Loans, June 30,	\$7,337	\$ 1,885	\$9,222	)
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance, January 1,	Commercial \$7,676	Consumer \$2,409	2014 Total \$ 10,085	
Discount accretion	<u> </u>			_
Disposals	(339	) (524	) (863	)
ASC 310-30 Loans, June 30,	\$7,337	\$1,885	\$9,222	

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# 9. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table summarizes the changes, net of tax within each classification of accumulated other comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

comprehensive income for the three and six months ended sune 50, 2015 and	2017.		
	Unrealized		
	gains and	2015	
	Losses on		
	available-	Retirement	
	for-sale		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Securities	plans	Total
Beginning balance, April 1,	\$15,040	\$(22,343	) \$(7,303 )
Change in other comprehensive income before reclassification		) —	(7,571 )
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	7	819	826
Net Current period other comprehensive other income	(7,564	819	(6,745)
Ending balance, June 30,	\$7,476	\$(21,524	) \$(14,048)
	Unrealized	+ (==,==:	) + (- 1,0 10 )
	gains and	2015	
	Losses on	2010	
	available-	Retirement	
	for-sale		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Securities	plans	Total
Beginning balance, January 1,	\$10,278	\$ (24,807	) \$(14,529)
Change in other comprehensive income before reclassification	•	) —	(2,810 )
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	8	3,283	3,291
Net Current period other comprehensive other income	(2,802	3,283	481
Ending balance, June 30,	\$7,476	\$(21,524	) \$(14,048)
6	Unrealized	7-	, , , , , , ,
	gains and	2014	
	Losses on		
	available-	Retirement	
	for-sale		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Securities	plans	Total
Beginning balance, April 1,	\$1,668	\$(10,219	) \$(8,551 )
Change in other comprehensive income before reclassification	4,115	<del></del>	4,115
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	1	115	116
Net Current period other comprehensive other income	4,116	115	4,231
Ending balance, June 30,	\$5,784	\$(10,104	) \$(4,320 )
	. , -	, \ , -	, , - ,

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(Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance, January 1, Change in other comprehensive income before reclassification Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income Net Current period other comprehensive other income Ending balance, June 30,	Unrealized gains and Losses on available-for-sale Securities \$ (3,635 ) 9,418 1 9,419 \$ 5,784	2014  Retirement  plans \$ (10,334  230 230 \$ (10,104	Total ) \$(13,969 ) 9,418 231 9,649 ) \$(4,320 )
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale without other than temporary impairment Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale with other than temporary impairment Total unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale Unrealized loss on retirement plans TOTAL		Current Period Change \$ (7,019 (545 \$ (7,564 819 \$ (6,745	Balance at 6/30/2015 ) \$4,429 ) 3,047 ) \$7,476 (21,524 ) ) \$(14,048 )
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale without other than temporary impairment Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale with other than temporary impairment Total unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale Unrealized loss on retirement plans TOTAL	\$(14,529)	Current Period Change \$ (2,735) (67) \$ (2,802) 3,283 \$ 481	Balance at 6/30/2015 ) \$4,429 ) 3,047 ) \$7,476 (21,524 ) \$(14,048 )
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale without other than temporary impairment Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale with other than temporary impairment Total unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale Unrealized loss on retirement plans TOTAL	, ,	Current Period Change \$2,785  1,331 \$4,116 115 \$4,231	Balance at 6/30/2014 \$3,296 2,488 \$5,784 (10,104 ) \$(4,320 )

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(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Balance at 12/31/2013	Current Period Change	Balance at 6/30/2014
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale	12/31/2013	Change	0/30/2014
without other than temporary impairment	\$(2,499	\$5,795	\$3,296
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale	Ψ( <del>=</del> , . > > )	, 40,750	Ф <b>С,=</b> > 0
with other than temporary impairment	(1,136	3,624	2,488
Total unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale	\$(3,635	\$9,419	\$5,784
Unrealized loss on retirement plans	(10,334	230	(10,104)
TOTAL	\$(13,969)	\$9,649	\$(4,320)

Details about accumulated other comprehensive income components	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (in thousands)	Affected line item in the statement where net income is presented
Unrealized gains and losses	\$10	Net securities gains (losses)
on available-for-sale	(3	) Income tax expense
securities	\$7	Net of tax
Amortization of	\$1,365	(a) Salary and benefits
retirement plan items	(546	) Income tax expense
-	\$819	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	\$826	Net of tax

(a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. (see Footnote 7 for additional details). Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

Details about accumulated other comprehensive income components	Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	Affected line item in the statement where net income is presented
Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities	(in thousands) \$14 (6 \$8	Net securities gains (losses) ) Income tax expense Net of tax
Amortization of retirement plan items  Total reclassifications for the period	\$5,472 (2,189 \$3,283 \$3,291	<ul><li>(a) Salary and benefits</li><li>) Income tax expense</li><li>Net of tax</li><li>Net of tax</li></ul>

<sup>(</sup>a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. (see Footnote 7 for additional details).

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Details about accumulated other comprehensive income components	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (in thousands)	Affected line item in the statement where net income is presented
Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale	\$(1 —	Net securities gains (losses) Income tax expense
securities  Amortization of	\$(1 \$(237	Net of tax  (a) Salary and benefits
retirement plan items	122 \$(115	Income tax expense Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	\$(116 \$(116	 Net of tax

(a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. (see Footnote 7 for additional details).

Details about accumulated other comprehensive income components	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (in thousands)	Affected line item in the statement where net income is presented
Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities	\$(1 <del>-</del> \$(1	<ul><li>) Net securities gains (losses)</li><li>Income tax expense</li><li>) Net of tax</li></ul>
Amortization of retirement plan items  Total reclassifications for the period	\$ (474 244 \$ (230 \$ (231	<ul><li>) (a) Salary and benefits Income tax expense</li><li>) Net of tax</li><li>) Net of tax</li></ul>

<sup>(</sup>a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. (see Footnote 7 for additional details).

ITEMS 2. and 3. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The purpose of this discussion is to point out key factors in the Corporation's recent performance compared with earlier periods. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements beginning on page three of this report. All figures are for the consolidated entities. It is presumed the readers of these financial statements and of the following narrative have previously read the Corporation's financial statements for 2014 in the 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements provide current expectations or forecasts of future events and are not guarantees of future performance, nor should they be relied upon as representing management's views as of any subsequent date. The forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Although management believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ

materially include, without limitation, the Corporation's ability to effectively execute its business plans; changes in general economic and financial market conditions; changes in interest rates; changes in the competitive environment; continuing consolidation in the financial services industry; new litigation or changes in existing litigation; losses, customer bankruptcy, claims and assessments; changes in banking regulations or other regulatory or

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legislative requirements affecting the Corporation's business; and changes in accounting policies or procedures as may be required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other regulatory agencies. Additional information concerning factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements is available in the Corporation's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, and subsequent filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Copies of these filings are available at no cost on the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov or on the Corporation's Web site at www.first-online.com. Management may elect to update forward-looking statements at some future point; however, it specifically disclaims any obligation to do so.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Certain of the Corporation's accounting policies are important to the portrayal of the Corporation's financial condition and results of operations, since they require management to make difficult, complex or subjective judgments, some of which may relate to matters that are inherently uncertain. Estimates associated with these policies are susceptible to material changes as a result of changes in facts and circumstances. Facts and circumstances which could affect these judgments include, without limitation, changes in interest rates, in the performance of the economy or in the financial condition of borrowers. Management believes that its critical accounting policies include determining the allowance for loan losses and the valuation of goodwill and valuing investment securities. See further discussion of these critical accounting policies in the 2014 Form 10-K.

## **Summary of Operating Results**

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$6.9 million, compared to \$8.5 million for the same period of 2014. Basic earnings per share decreased to \$0.54 for the second quarter of 2015 compared to \$0.63 for same period of 2014. Return on Assets and Return on Equity were 0.93% and 6.8% respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 1.13% and 8.39% for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$14.7 million, compared to 16.3 million for the same period of 2014. Basic earnings per share decreased to \$1.14 for the six months ended June, 30, 2015 compared to \$1.22 for same period of 2014. Return on Assets and Return on Equity were 0.98% and 7.26% respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 1.08% and 8.15% for the three months ended June 30, 2014.

The primary components of income and expense affecting net income are discussed in the following analysis.

## Net Interest Income

The Corporation's primary source of earnings is net interest income, which is the difference between the interest earned on loans and other investments and the interest paid for deposits and other sources of funds. Net interest income decreased \$0.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015 to \$25.9 million from \$26.6 million in the same period in 2014. The net interest margin for the three months ended June 30, 2015 is 3.99% compared to 4.08% for the same period of 2014, a .09% decrease, driven by a greater decline in the income realized on earning assets than the decline in costs of funding. Net interest income decreased \$2.8 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015 to \$51.9 million from \$53.7 million in the same period in 2014. The net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2015 is 4.08% compared to 4.09% for the same period of 2014, a .09% decrease, driven by a greater decline in the income realized on earning assets than the decline in costs of funding.

## Non-Interest Income

Non-interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$9.8 million compared to \$9.6 million for the same period of 2014. Gain on the sale of mortgages increased \$85 thousand. Service charges and fees on deposit accounts decreased by \$218 thousand and other service fees decreased by \$11 thousand. Insurance commission income increased by \$104 thousand for the 3 months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same period of 2014. Non-interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$19.8 million compared to 19.7 million for the same period of 2014.

#### Non-Interest Expenses

The Corporation's non-interest expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 increased by \$1.3 million to \$25.3 million compared to the same period in 2014. Salaries and employee benefits increased \$1.2 million driven by normal merit increases and increased pension expense due in part to lower discount rates used in determining the liability as well as the use of the new RP-2014 Mortality Table. The pension plan was frozen for the majority of employees as of December 31, 2013. The Corporation's efficiency ratio was 67.91% for the quarter ending June 30, 2015 versus 63.76% for the same period in 2014. The Corporation's non-interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 increased by \$1.5 million to \$49.3 million compared to the same period in 2014.

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#### Allowance for Loan Losses

The Corporation's provision for loan losses increased \$1.5 million to \$1.15 million for second quarter of 2015 compared to (\$356) thousand for the same period of 2014. Net charge offs for the second quarter of 2015 were \$640 thousand compared to a \$1.3 million for the same period of 2014. During 2015, the specific allocations for impaired loans decreased as compared to the same period of 2014. The Corporation's provision for loan losses increased \$1.0 million to \$2.6 million for six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$1.6 million for the same period of 2014. The allowance for loan losses has increased to \$19.9 million at June 30, 2015 compared to \$18.8 million at December 31, 2014. The increase in the allowance was based on loan growth as well as trends in non-performing loans as discussed further below. Based on management's analysis of the current portfolio, an evaluation that includes consideration of historical loss experience, non-performing loans trends, and probable incurred losses on identified problem loans, management believes the allowance is adequate.

Non-performing Loans

Non-performing loans consist of (1) non-accrual loans on which the ultimate collectability of the full amount of interest is uncertain, (2) loans which have been renegotiated to provide for a reduction or deferral of interest or principal because of a deterioration in the financial position of the borrower, and (3) loans past due ninety days or more as to principal or interest. Non-performing loans increased to \$32.2 million at June 30, 2015 compared to \$30.6 million at December 31, 2014. Nonperforming loans decreased 5.2% to \$32.2 million as of June 30, 2015 versus \$34.0 million as of June 30, 2014. A summary of non-performing loans at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 follows:

	(000's)	
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Non-accrual loans	\$16,553	\$15,034
Accruing restructured loans	4,824	4,616
Nonaccrual restructured loans	10,127	10,142
Accruing loans past due over 90 days	690	780
	\$32,194	\$30,572
Ratio of the allowance for loan losses		
as a percentage of non-performing loans	61.7	% 61.6 %

The following loan categories comprise significant components of the nonperforming non-restructured loans:

	(000's)	
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Non-accrual loans		
Commercial loans	\$10,520	\$9,212
Residential loans	4,837	4,651
Consumer loans	1,196	1,171
	\$16,553	\$15,034
Past due 90 days or more		
Commercial loans	<b>\$</b> —	\$—
Residential loans	649	624
Consumer loans	41	156
	\$690	\$780

## Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity

First Financial Corporation has established risk measures, limits and policy guidelines for managing interest rate risk and liquidity. Responsibility for management of these functions resides with the Asset Liability Committee. The primary goal of the Asset Liability Committee is to maximize net interest income within the interest rate risk limits approved by the Board of Directors.

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#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Management considers interest rate risk to be the Corporation's most significant market risk. Interest rate risk is the exposure to changes in net interest income as a result of changes in interest rates. Consistency in the Corporation's net interest income is largely dependent on the effective management of this risk.

The Asset Liability position is measured using sophisticated risk management tools, including earning simulation and market value of equity sensitivity analysis. These tools allow management to quantify and monitor both short-term and long-term exposure to interest rate risk. Simulation modeling measures the effects of changes in interest rates, changes in the shape of the yield curve and the effects of embedded options on net interest income. This measure projects earnings in the various environments over the next three years. It is important to note that measures of interest rate risk have limitations and are dependent on various assumptions. These assumptions are inherently uncertain and, as a result, the model cannot precisely predict the impact of interest rate fluctuations on net interest income. Actual results will differ from simulated results due to timing, frequency and amount of interest rate changes as well as overall market conditions. The Committee has performed a thorough analysis of these assumptions and believes them to be valid and theoretically sound. These assumptions are continuously monitored for behavioral changes.

The Corporation from time to time utilizes derivatives to manage interest rate risk. Management continuously evaluates the merits of such interest rate risk products but does not anticipate the use of such products to become a major part of the Corporation's risk management strategy.

The table below shows the Corporation's estimated sensitivity profile as of June 30, 2015. The change in interest rates assumes a parallel shift in interest rates of 100 and 200 basis points. Given a 100 basis point increase in rates, net interest income would increase 2.32% over the next 12 months and increase 5.70% over the following 12 months. Given a 100 basis point decrease in rates, net interest income would decrease 0.71% over the next 12 months and decrease 2.00% over the following 12 months. These estimates assume all rate changes occur overnight and management takes no action as a result of this change.

Basis Point	Percentage Change in Net Interest Income			
Interest Rate Change	12 months	24 months	36 months	
Down 200	-0.71	<i>‰</i> −2.86	% -4.81	%
Down 100	-0.71	-2.00	-3.14	
Up 100	2.32	5.70	9.45	
Up 200	1.71	8.00	15.30	

Typical rate shock analysis does not reflect management's ability to react and thereby reduce the effect of rate changes, and represents a worst-case scenario.

## Liquidity Risk

Liquidity represents an institution's ability to provide funds to satisfy demands from depositors, borrowers, and other creditors by either converting assets into cash or accessing new or existing sources of incremental funds. Generally the Corporation relies on deposits, loan repayments and repayments of investment securities as its primary sources of funds. The Corporation has \$3.9 million of investments that mature throughout the next 12 months. The Corporation also anticipates \$117.1 million of principal payments from mortgage-backed securities. Given the current rate environment, the Corporation anticipates \$21.9 million in securities to be called within the next 12 months. The Corporation also has unused borrowing capacity available with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis and several correspondent banks. With these many sources of funds, the Corporation currently anticipates adequate liquidity to meet the expected obligations of its customers.

### **Financial Condition**

Comparing the first three months of 2015 to the same period in 2014, loans, net of deferred loan costs, have decreased to \$1.78 billion from \$1.79 billion. Deposits remained stable at \$2.4 billion at June 30, 2015, substantially the same as at June 30, 2014. Shareholders' equity decreased 1.7% or \$6.7 million. This financial performance increased book value per share 2.4% to \$31.09 at June 30, 2015 from \$30.38 at June 30, 2014. Book value per share is calculated by dividing the total shareholders' equity by the number of shares outstanding.

Capital Adequacy

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The Federal Reserve, OCC and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (collectively, joint agencies) establish regulatory capital guidelines for U.S. banking organizations. Regulatory capital guidelines require that capital be measured in relation to the credit and market risks of both on- and off-balance sheet items using various risk weights. On January 1, 2015, the Basel 3 rules became effective and include transition provisions through January 1, 2019. Under Basel 3, Total capital consists of two tiers of capital, Tier 1 and Tier 2. Tier 1 capital is further composed of Common equity tier 1 capital and additional tier 1 capital.

Common equity tier 1 capital primarily includes qualifying common shareholders' equity, retained earnings, accumulated other comprehensive income and certain minority interests. Goodwill, disallowed intangible assets and certain disallowed deferred tax assets are excluded from Common equity tier 1 capital.

Additional tier 1 capital primarily includes qualifying non-cumulative preferred stock, trust preferred securities (Trust Securities) subject to phase-out and certain minority interests. Certain deferred tax assets are also excluded.

Tier 2 capital primarily consists of qualifying subordinated debt, a limited portion of the allowance for loan and lease losses, Trust Securities subject to phase-out and reserves for unfunded lending commitments. The Corporation's Total capital is the sum of Tier 1 capital plus Tier 2 capital.

To meet adequately capitalized regulatory requirements, an institution must maintain a Tier 1 capital ratio of 6.0 percent and a Total capital ratio of 8.0 percent. A "well-capitalized" institution must generally maintain capital ratios 200 bps higher than the minimum guidelines. The risk-based capital rules have been further supplemented by a Tier 1 leverage ratio, defined as Tier 1 capital divided by quarterly average total assets, after certain adjustments. BHCs must have a minimum Tier 1 leverage ratio of at least 4.0 percent. National banks must maintain a Tier 1 leverage ratio of at least 5.0 percent to be classified as "well capitalized." Failure to meet the capital requirements established by the joint agencies can lead to certain mandatory and discretionary actions by regulators that could have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's financial position. Below are the capital ratios for the Corporation and lead bank.

1	June 30, 2015	December 31, 20	O14 To Be Well Ca	pitalized
Common equity tier 1 capital				
Corporation	17.30	% 16.99	% N/A	
First Financial Bank	16.58	% 16.36	% 6.50	%
Total risk-based capital				
Corporation	18.22	% 17.86	% N/A	
First Financial Bank	17.41	% 17.13	% 10.00	%
Tier I risk-based capital				
Corporation	17.30	% 16.99	% N/A	
First Financial Bank	16.58	% 16.36	% 8.00	%
Tier I leverage capital				
Corporation	12.62	% 12.33	% N/A	
First Financial Bank	12.02	% 11.83	% 5.00	%

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#### ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

First Financial Corporation's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective disclosure controls and procedures, as defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As of June 30, 2015, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, concluded that the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2015 were effective in ensuring material information required to be disclosed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was recorded, processed, summarized, and reported on a timely basis. Additionally, there was no change in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

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#### PART II - Other Information

## ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

There are no material pending legal proceedings, other than routine litigation incidental to the business of the Corporation or its subsidiaries, to which the Corporation or any of the subsidiaries is a party to or of which any of their respective property is subject. Further, there is no material legal proceeding in which any director, officer, principal shareholder, or affiliate of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries, or any associate of such director, officer, principal shareholder or affiliate is a party, or has a material interest, adverse to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries.

#### ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the risk factors from those disclosed in the Corporation's 2014 financial statements in the Form 10-K filed for December 31, 2014.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

- (a) None.
- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Purchases of Equity Securities

The Corporation periodically acquires shares of its common stock directly from shareholders in individually negotiated transactions. On August 25, 2014 First Financial Corporation issued a press release announcing that its Board of Directors has authorized a stock repurchase program pursuant to which up to 5% of the Corporations outstanding shares of common stock, or approximately 667,700 shares may be repurchases. Following is certain information regarding shares of common stock purchased by the Corporation during the quarter covered by this report.

(-)

			(c)	
			Total Number	•
			Of Shares	
			Purchased As	(c)
			Part Of	Maximum
	(a) Taka1	(b) A	Publicly	Number of
	(a) Total	(b) Average	Announced	Shares That
	Number Of	Price	Plans	May Yet
	Shares	Paid Per	Or Programs	Be Purchased
	Purchased	Share	*	*
April 1-30, 2015		_	N/A	N/A
May 1-31, 2015	75,973	33.86	75,973	132,573
June 1-30, 2015	42,080	34.56	42,080	90,493
Total	118,053	34.11	118,053	208,546

ITEM 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	
Not applicable.	
ITEM 5. Other Information.	
Not applicable.	
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#### ITEM 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	: Description of Exhibit:
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by
3.1	reference to Exhibit 3(i) of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.

- Code of By-Laws of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on August 24, 2012.
- Employment Agreement for Norman L. Lowery, dated and effective July 1, 2015, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.01 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on June 24, 2015.
- 10.2\* 2001 Long-Term Incentive Plan of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
- 2015 Schedule of Director Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.
- 2015 Schedule of Named Executive Officer Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.
- 10.5\* 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on September 4, 2007.
- 10.6\* 2005 Executives Deferred Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on September 4, 2007.
- 10.7\* 2005 Executives Supplemental Retirement Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on September 4, 2007.
- First Financial Corporation 2010 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 9 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed March 15, 2011.
- First Financial Corporation 2011 Short-Term Incentive Compensation Plan incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed March 15, 2011.
- First Financial Corporation 2011 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of the Corporation's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 filed on May 9, 2011.
- 10.12\* Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the First Financial Corporation 2011 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan
- Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 by Principal Executive Officer, dated August 5, 2015.
- Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 by Principal Financial Officer, dated August 5, 2015.
- Certification, dated August 5, 2015, of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer 32.1 pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2005 on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30,
- 2015.
  Financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Corporation for the quarter ended
- June 30, 2015, formatted in XBRL pursuant to Rule 405: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii)

  101.1 Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, as blocks of text and in detail\*\*.

<sup>\*</sup>Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Furnished, not filed, for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: August 5, 2015 By /s/ Norman L. Lowery

Norman L. Lowery, Vice Chairman, President and CEO

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 5, 2015 By /s/ Rodger A. McHargue

Rodger A. McHargue, Treasurer and CFO

(Principal Financial Officer)