SPARTAN STORES INC
Form 10-K
May 19, 2006

# UNITED STATES <br> SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 

FORM 10-K

## OR

o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ .
Commission File Number: 000-31127
SPARTAN STORES, INC.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Michigan
(State or Other Jurisdiction) of Incorporation or Organization)

850 76th Street, S.W.
P.O. Box 8700

Grand Rapids, Michigan
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (616) 878-2000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, no par value
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

$$
\text { Yes__ No } \quad \text { X }
$$

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.

$$
\text { Yes__ No } \quad \text { X }
$$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Yes } \overline{\mathrm{X}} & \text { No } \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{K}$ is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act).

Large accelerated filer Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes $\qquad$ No $\underline{X}$

The aggregate market value of the registrant's voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates based on the last sales price of such stock on The NASDAQ Stock Market on September 9, 2005 (which was the last trading day of the registrant's second quarter in the fiscal year ended March 25 , 2006) was $\$ 218,043,959$.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Common Stock, no par value, outstanding as of May 12, 2006: 21,024,184 shares.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

## Forward-Looking Statements

The matters discussed in this Annual Report on Form 10-K include "forward-looking statements" about the plans, strategies, objectives, goals or expectations of Spartan Stores, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Spartan Stores"). These forward-looking statements are identifiable by words or phrases indicating that Spartan Stores or management "expects," "anticipates," "projects," "plans," "believes," "estimates," "intends," is "optimistic" or "confident" that a particular occurrence "will," "may," "could," "should" or "will likely" result or that a particular event "will," "may," "could," "should", or "will likely" occur or "continue" in the future, that the "outlook" or "trend" is toward a particular result or occurrence, that a development is a "priority" or similarly stated expectations. Accounting estimates, such as those described under the heading "Critical Accounting Policies" in Item 7 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, are inherently forward-looking. Our asset impairment and exit cost provisions are estimates and actual costs may be more or less than these estimates. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Annual Report.

In addition to other risks and uncertainties described in connection with the forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and other periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, there are many important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially. Our ability to strengthen our retail-store performance; maintain or grow sales; respond successfully to competitors, maintain or increase gross margin; maintain and improve customer and supplier relationships; reduce operating costs; sell on favorable terms assets classified as held for sale; generate cash; continue to meet the terms of our debt covenants; and implement the other programs, plans, priorities, strategies, objectives, goals or expectations described in this Annual Report, our press releases and our public comments will be affected by changes in economic conditions generally or in the markets and geographic areas that we serve, adverse effects of the changing food and distribution industries and other factors including, but not limited to, those discussed in the "Risk Factors" discussion in Item 1A of this Annual Report.

This section and the discussion contained in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of this report, which is incorporated here by reference, are intended to provide meaningful cautionary statements for purposes of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This should not be construed as a complete list of all of the economic, competitive, governmental, technological and other factors that could adversely affect our expected consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity. We undertake no obligation to update or revise our forward-looking statements to reflect developments that occur or information that we obtain after the date of this Annual Report.

## PART I

## Item 1. Business

## Overview

Spartan Stores is a leading regional grocery distributor and grocery retailer, operating in Michigan, Ohio and Indiana. We operate two primary business segments: Distribution and Retail. We are the tenth largest wholesale distributor to supermarkets in the United States and the largest wholesale distributor to supermarkets in Michigan. Our distribution and retail operations hold a combined \#1 or \#2 market share in many of the key Michigan markets we serve. For the fiscal year ended March 25, 2006 ("fiscal 2006"), we generated net sales of $\$ 2.0$ billion.

Established in 1917 as a cooperative grocery distributor, Spartan Stores converted to a for-profit business corporation in 1973. In January 1999, we began to acquire retail supermarkets in our focused geographic regions. In August 2000, our common stock became listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market under the symbol "SPTN." Today, with approximately 7,500 employees, Spartan Stores distributes a wide variety of products to over 350 independent supermarkets and operates 70 conventional supermarkets and 19 deep-discount food and drug stores.

In fiscal 2005, Spartan Stores established four key management priorities that focused on the longer-term strategy of the Company, including establishing a well-differentiated market offering for our Distribution and Retail segments, and additional strategies designed to create value for our shareholders, retailers and customers. These priorities were:

> Distribution sales growth: Focus on penetration of existing customers, attract new customers due to competitive activities, continue to refine our specialty goods offering, and share "best retail practices" with customers to drive growth.
> Retail sales growth: Leverage investments in fuel centers and pharmacy operations to drive adjacent supermarket comparable sales, continue the rollout of category management initiatives, specifically focusing on perishables offerings, and continue with our capital plan focusing on remodels, adjacent acquisitions, expansions and new stores to fill in existing markets when available.
> Margin enhancement: Continue focus on retail shrink improvement, increase penetration of private label programs, improved offerings in our perishables department, and continue to focus on improving the cost of merchandise through vendor partnerships. SG\&A expense cost containment: Continue to focus on cost reductions and efficiencies to help offset inflationary pressures on SG\&A expenses.

We believe significant progress has been made towards achieving these long-term priorities in fiscal 2005 and 2006 and we will continue to focus on these items as we move forward.

## Distribution Segment

Our Distribution segment provides a selection of approximately 42,000 stock-keeping units (SKU's), including dry groceries, produce, dairy products, meat, deli, bakery, frozen food, seafood, floral products, general merchandise, pharmacy, and health and beauty care items to over 350 independent grocery stores and our 89 corporate-owned stores. In addition, we offer approximately 2,800 private label grocery and general merchandise items. Total revenues from our Distribution segment, including shipments to our corporate-owned stores, were \$1.6 billion for fiscal 2006.

Customers. Our Distribution segment supplies a diverse group of independent grocery store operators that range from a single store to supermarket chains with as many as 21 stores and our corporate-owned stores. Pricing to our customers is generally based upon a "cost plus" model for grocery, frozen, dairy, pharmacy and health and beauty care items and a "variable mark-up" model for meat, deli, bakery, produce, seafood, floral and general merchandise products.

Our Distribution customer base is very diverse, with no single customer exceeding $12 \%$ of Distribution net sales, excluding corporate-owned stores. Our five largest Distribution customers (excluding corporate-owned stores) accounted for approximately $32 \%$ of our fiscal 2006 Distribution net sales. In addition, approximately $58 \%$ of

Distribution net sales, including corporate-owned stores, are covered under supply agreements with our Distribution customers.

Distribution Functions. Our Distribution business utilizes approximately 1.9 million square feet of warehouse, distribution and office space. We supply our independent Distribution customers and our corporate-owned stores from our distribution centers located in Grand Rapids and Plymouth, Michigan. We believe that our distribution facilities are strategically located to efficiently serve our customers. We are continually evaluating our inventory movement and assigning SKU's to appropriate facilities within our distribution centers to reduce the time required to pick products. During fiscal 2006, we implemented voice-activated selection technology in three of our warehouse facilities and expect to add this capability to the last warehouse facility in fiscal 2007. This technology will significantly improve inventory selection accuracy and will enable better management of warehouse inventory by allowing for "real time" tracking.

Also in fiscal 2006, we reconfigured and reallocated existing facility space in our perishables warehouse, which gives us the ability to accommodate additional volume and variety of produce business. One of the key changes is the replacement of older banana ripening equipment with new equipment that utilizes the latest technology. These changes will enhance the quality of the produce we offer the consumer and will enable our distribution customers and corporate-owned stores the opportunity to offer increased variety, especially in the organics, value-added salads and pre-cut fruits and vegetables categories.

To supply our Distribution customers, we operate a fleet of approximately 100 tractors, 200 conventional trailers and 175 refrigerated trailers, substantially all of which are leased. In fiscal 2006, as part of a three-year effort to upgrade the fleet, we replaced 32 tractors. We expect to continue investing capital into developing the fleet as our wholesale distribution business expands. The new units have more logo visibility and should allow us to reduce vehicle maintenance costs. Also in fiscal 2006, we implemented a new in-bound scheduling system that centralizes the scheduling function, and should allow us to further reduce costs.

Additional Services. We also offer and provide many of our independent Distribution customers with value-added services, including:

| Site identification and market analyses | Coupon redemption |
| :--- | :--- |
| Store planning and development | Product reclamation |
| Marketing, promotion and advertising | Printing |
| Technology and information services | Merchandising |
| Accounting and tax preparation | Real estate services |
| Human resource services | Construction management services |

## Retail Segment

On March 27, 2006, we acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities related to 20 stores of D\&W Food Centers, Inc. and D\&W Associate Resources, LLC (together "D\&W"). We continue to operate 16 of the 20 locations. This acquisition positions us as the leading conventional supermarket operator in the metro Grand Rapids, Michigan market and is expected to provide significant synergies to our operations. Our Retail segment now operates 70 retail supermarkets and 19 deep-discount food and drug stores predominantly in midsize metropolitan, tourist and lakeshore communities of Michigan and Ohio. Our retail supermarkets are operated under the banners Family Fare Supermarkets, Glen's Markets and D\&W Fresh Markets and our 19 deep-discount food and drug stores operate under the banner The Pharm.

Our retail supermarkets maintain a \#1 or \#2 market share position in many of the Michigan markets they serve. We believe that our strong market share positions result from our distinct "neighborhood market" focus and the favorable name recognition of our banners. Our neighborhood market strategy distinguishes our stores from

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supercenters and limited assortment stores by emphasizing convenient locations, demographically targeted merchandise selections, strong perishables offerings, customer service, value pricing and community involvement.

Our 70 retail supermarkets typically offer dry groceries, produce, dairy products, meat, frozen food, seafood, floral products, general merchandise, beverages, tobacco products, health and beauty care products, delicatessen items and bakery goods. Forty of our supermarkets also offer pharmacy services. In addition to
nationally advertised products, the stores carry private label items, including our Spartan brand, President's Choice, Aroma Street Bakery and three private label brands that result from our strategic relationship with Topco Associates LLC: Top Care, a health and beauty care brand label, Valu Time, a value brand label, and Full Circle, a natural and organic brand label. These private label items provide above-average retail margins and we believe they help generate increased customer loyalty. See "Marketing and Merchandising-Corporate Brands." Our retail supermarkets range in size from approximately 20,000 to 62,000 total square feet and average approximately 40,000 total square feet per store.

Our 19 deep-discount food and drug stores, which operate under the banner The Pharm, offer a unique combination of a full-service pharmacy, general merchandise products and basic food offerings. These stores operate under a deep discount format that emphasizes everyday low prices that are very competitive with supercenter offerings and are less than those of a traditional supermarket or drug store. The Pharm stores range in size from approximately 17,000 to 37,000 total square feet and average approximately 28,000 total square feet per store.

During fiscal 2006, we opened 3 fuel centers in Michigan operating under the banners Family Fare Quick Stop and Glen's Quick Stop. We now operate a total of 6 fuel centers. These fuel centers offer refueling facilities and in the adjacent convenience store, a limited variety of immediately consumable products. Our prototypical Quick Stop stores are approximately 900 square feet in size and are located adjacent to our supermarkets. We expect that the location of the fuel center, along with cross-merchandising initiatives, will attract customers to the adjacent supermarket, resulting in increased supermarket sales. We are planning to open several additional fuel centers over the next two years. We also plan to include fuel centers with certain acquired stores and any newly constructed stores, where possible.

We acquired our stores as a result of seven acquisitions from January 1999 to March 2006. The following chart details the changes in the number of our retail stores over the last five fiscal years:

| Fiscal Year | Number of <br> Stores at <br> Beginning of <br> Fiscal Year | Number of <br> Stores <br> Acquired or <br> Added During <br> Fiscal Year | Number of <br> Slosed or Sold <br> During <br> Fiscal Year | Number of <br> Stores at <br> End of Fiscal <br> Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 127 | - | - | 127 |
| 2004 | 127 | 3 | $28^{*}$ | 102 |
| 2005 | 102 | - | $27^{*}$ | 75 |
| 2006 | 75 | - | - | 75 |

* Represents closure/sale of Foodtown stores. See "Discontinued Operations" in Item 7.

On March 27, 2006, we acquired 16 operating stores from D\&W Food Centers, Inc. bringing our total number of stores to 89. See further discussion in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in Note 2 to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8.

During fiscal 2006, we reset and/or performed limited remodels on nine of our stores, which brings the total number of stores that have been reset and/or remodeled in the last three years to 59, and began remodels/resets on six of our newly-acquired D\&W stores. During fiscal 2007, we plan to reset and/or perform remodels on 10 to 20 additional stores, including the six D\&W stores, and begin construction on one to two new stores and four new fuel centers. Capital expenditures, including remodeling, but excluding new stores and fuel centers, are expected to approximate $\$ 15$ million to $\$ 20$ million per year as we continually maintain and update our store base. We evaluate proposed retail projects based on demographics and competition within each market, and prioritize projects based on

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their expected returns on investment. Approval of proposed capital projects requires a projected internal rate of return that meets or exceeds our policy; however, we may undertake projects that do not meet this standard to the extent they represent required maintenance or necessary infrastructure improvements. We believe that focusing on such measures provides us with an appropriate level of discipline in our capital expenditures process.

## Operating Segment Financial Data

More detailed information about our operating segments may be found in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements included in Item 8, which is herein incorporated by reference. All of our sales and substantially all of our assets are in the United States of America.

## Discontinued Operations

Our former convenience distribution operations, insurance operations and certain of our retail, Distribution and real estate operations have been recorded as discontinued operations in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." Accordingly, for all years presented all information in this Annual Report on Form 10-K have been adjusted and the discontinued operations information is excluded, unless otherwise noted.

## Convenience Distribution Operations

Discontinued convenience distribution operations consists of the former operations of our subsidiaries: United Wholesale Grocery Company, L\&L/Jiroch Distributing Company and J.F. Walker Company.

## Insurance Operations

At March 25, 2006, we had approximately $\$ 1.7$ million in insurance reserves for open claims liabilities related to policies that were not ceded (transferred) to an unrelated third party. We will remain obligated under these policies until all claims are closed. We have retained an independent third party administrator to manage these claims.

## Retail Operations

Discontinued retail operations consist of 59 stores, including all former Food Town stores.

## Distribution Operations

Discontinued Distribution operations consist of our Toledo, Ohio distribution centers that were consolidated into our Michigan facilities during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003. Spartan Stores continues to distribute to its The Pharm stores in Ohio from its distribution facilities in Michigan.

## Real Estate Operations

Discontinued real estate operations include properties either held for sale or previously sold.

## Marketing and Merchandising

General. Our Distribution and Retail segments use combined marketing and merchandising departments to effectively leverage the use of category management principles. Our Distribution segment pursues incremental sales to existing and prospective customers by partnering with them to satisfy their consumers' needs. Our Retail segment's marketing and merchandising strategies are consumer driven programs in keeping with the implementation of improved category management practices.

With the efficiencies created from combining these functions and by partnering with our vendors to develop more robust category management, we have been able to more effectively develop and roll out our merchandising

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programs, which has aided our ability to increase our sales and earnings. We have and will look to expand these offerings and partner with our independent customers over time to continue to realize incremental benefits.

As we expand our service offerings, we believe that we differentiate ourselves from our competitors by offering a full set of services, from our specialty warehouse in our Distribution segment to the addition of fuel centers in our "neighborhood market" retail stores. In addition, during fiscal 2006 we began a fresh food initiative in
our Distribution segment, with a focus on produce, that will allow us to accommodate current and forecasted new produce customers, enhance the quality of the fruit we offer the consumer, and enable our distribution customers and corporate-owned stores to offer increased variety in certain product categories. We expect to leverage this investment going forward in anticipation of higher incremental produce sales volumes from new customers and expanded contracts with existing customers.

Corporate Brands. We currently market and distribute approximately 2,800 private label brand items including our Spartan brand, President's Choice, Aroma Street Bakery and three private label brands that result from our strategic relationship with Topco Associates LLC: Top Care, a health and beauty care brand label, Valu Time, a value brand label, and Full Circle, a natural and organic brand label.

During fiscal 2004, we began the process of reenergizing our Spartan brand and rolled out an award-winning redesigned label and many new product categories. Conversion to the redesigned label continued throughout fiscal 2005 and 2006 and is now being used on all of our private label products. We believe the new label has been well received by consumers and that this brand is one of the most valuable strategic assets of the Company. We expect the brand repositioning to lead to increased penetration with corporate-owned stores and distribution customers.

## Competition

Our Distribution and Retail segments operate in highly competitive markets, which typically result in low profit margins for the industry as a whole. Our Distribution and Retail segments compete with, among others, regional and national grocery distributors, independently owned retail grocery stores, large chain stores that have integrated wholesale and retail operations, mass merchandisers, limited assortment stores and wholesale membership clubs, some of whom have greater resources than we do. The principal competitive factors in the retail grocery business include the location and image of the store; the price, quality and variety of the products; and the quality and consistency of service.

We believe we have developed and implemented strategies and processes that allow us to remain competitive in our Retail segment. We monitor planned store openings by our competitors and have established proactive strategies to respond to new competition both before and after the competitive store opening. Strategies to combat competition vary based on many factors, such as the competitor's format, strengths, weaknesses, pricing and sales focus. During the past three fiscal years, twelve competitor supercenters opened in markets in which we operate corporate-owned stores. No additional openings are expected to occur during fiscal 2007 against our corporate-owned stores. As a result of these openings we believe the majority of our supermarkets compete with at least one supercenter.

The primary competitive factors in the distribution business include price, product quality, variety and service. We believe our overall service level, defined as actual units shipped divided by actual units ordered, is among industry leading performance.

## Seasonality

Our sales and operating performance vary with seasonality. Our first and fourth quarters are typically our lowest sales quarters and therefore operating results are generally lower during these two quarters. Additionally, these two quarters can be affected based on the timing of the Easter holiday, which results in a strong sales week. All quarters are 12 weeks, except for our third quarter, which is 16 weeks and includes the Thanksgiving and Christmas holidays. Many northern Michigan stores are dependent on tourism and therefore, most affected by seasons and weather patterns, including, but not limited to, the amount and timing of snowfall during the winter months and the range of temperature during the summer months.

## Suppliers

We purchase products from a large number of national, regional and local suppliers of name brand and private label merchandise. We have not encountered any material difficulty in procuring or maintaining an adequate level of products to serve our customers. No single supplier accounts for more than $14 \%$ of our purchases. We
continue to develop strategic relationships with key suppliers. We believe this will prove valuable in the development of enhanced promotional programs and consumer value perceptions.

## Intellectual Property

We own valuable intellectual property, including trademarks and other proprietary information, some of which, including "Spartan," "Family Fare," "Glen's," "D\&W", "The Pharm" and other related marks, are of material importance to our business.

## Technology

We invest in technology as a means of maximizing the efficiency of our operations and improving service to our customers. Our focus has been to refine our reporting, business processes and data integrity to provide a base for continuous improvement and seemless information flow.

Supply Chain. During fiscal 2006, we deployed voice selection technology in $75 \%$ of our warehouses and plan to complete the rollout in fiscal 2007. We also deployed a network-based inbound transportation and appointment scheduling system for our distribution centers. Our customer website was enhanced with a new ordering system for use when ordering seasonal product. A new plan-o-gram management application was added for corporate stores and our independent retailers.

Retail Systems. During fiscal 2006, a new online ordering system was deployed in all corporate-owned stores in preparation for the implementation of perpetual inventory system and computer-assisted ordering. We installed six additional "self-checkout" systems in our retail supermarkets, with 10 additional installations planned for fiscal 2007. Our Electronic Payment and Point of Sale systems were further enhanced during fiscal 2006 with support for third-party gift cards. We also improved our inventory and markdown management systems by deploying additional automation tools for tracking transfers and returned product. We also began implementation of an improved front-end auditing system for our retail locations to further enhance our cash and shrink controls.

Financial Systems. We completed the consolidation of all retail financial functions into our standard financial software. With the completion of this project, all financial system functions are supported in a single software environment.

Information Technology. We continued to reduce infrastructure costs through consolidation of our computing and storage platforms.

## Subsidiaries

Our Distribution segment consists primarily of our wholly owned subsidiary, Spartan Stores Distribution, LLC. We operate our Retail segment primarily through two wholly owned subsidiaries, Family Fare, LLC and Seaway Food Town, Inc. and their respective subsidiaries.

## Associates

We currently employ approximately 7,500 associates, 4,100 of which are full-time and 3,400 of which are part-time.

Unions represent approximately $16 \%$ of our associates. Contracts covering approximately 600 distribution center and transportation associates expire in October 2006. A contract covering an additional 160 distribution center and transportation associates will expire in April 2010. Contracts covering approximately 450 retail associates will
expire between June 2006 and February 2009.
We consider our relations with our union and non-union associates to be very good and have not had any material work stoppages in the last twenty years.

## Regulation

We are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations covering the purchase, handling, sale and transportation of our products. Several of our products are subject to federal Food and Drug Administration regulation. We believe that we are in substantial compliance with all Food and Drug Administration and other federal, state and local laws and regulations governing our businesses.

## Forward-Looking Statements

The matters discussed in this Item 1 include forward-looking statements. See "Forward-Looking Statements" at the beginning of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Available Information

The address of our web site is www.spartanstores.com. We make our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and other reports (and amendments to those reports) filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act available on our web site as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file or furnish such materials with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Interested persons can view such materials without charge by clicking on "Investor Information" and then "SEC Filings" on our web site. Spartan Stores is an "accelerated filer" within the meaning of Rule 12b-2 under the Securities Exchange Act.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company's business faces many risks. These risks include those described below and may include additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Company or risks that the Company currently deems immaterial or unlikely. If any of the events or circumstances described in the following risk factors occurs, the Company's financial condition or results of operations may suffer, and the trading price of the Company's common stock could decline. This discussion of risk factors should be read in conjunction with the other information in this Form 10-K Annual Report. All of our forward-looking statements are effected by the risk factors discussed in this item and this discussion of risk factors should be read in conjunction with the discussion of forward-looking statements which appears at the beginning of this report. This discussion of risk factors is not exhaustive, and we do not undertake to revise any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date the statement is made.

## We operate in an extremely competitive industry. Many of our competitors are much larger than we are and may be able to compete more effectively.

Our Distribution and Retail segments compete with, among others, regional and national grocery distributors, independently owned retail grocery stores, large chain stores that have integrated wholesale and retail operations, mass merchandisers, limited assortment stores and wholesale membership clubs, some of whom have greater resources than we do.

This competition may result in reduced profit margins and other harmful effects on us and the independent retail grocery stores that we supply. Ongoing industry consolidation could result in our loss of customers that we currently supply and could confront our retail operations with competition from larger and better-capitalized chains in existing or new markets. We cannot assure you that we will be able to compete successfully in this environment.

## Unfavorable changes in government regulation could harm our business.

Like other companies that sell food, our stores are subject to various federal, state, local, and foreign laws, regulations, and administrative practices affecting our business. We must comply with numerous provisions regulating health and sanitation standards, facilities inspection, food labeling, equal employment opportunity, minimum wage, and licensing for the sale of food, drugs, and alcoholic beverages.

We cannot predict the nature of future laws, regulations, interpretations, or applications, or determine what effect either additional government regulations or administrative orders, when and if promulgated, or disparate federal, state, local, and foreign regulatory requirements would have on our future business. They could, however, require that we recall or discontinue sale of certain products, make substantial changes to our facilities or operations, or otherwise result in substantial increases in operating expense. Any or all of such requirements could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

## Safety concerns regarding our products could harm our business.

Concerns regarding the safety of food products sold by us could cause shoppers to avoid purchasing certain products from us, or to seek alternative sources of supply for some or all of their food needs, even if the basis for concern is outside of our control. Any loss of confidence on the part of our customers would be difficult and costly to re-establish. Any real or perceived issue regarding the safety of any food items sold by us, regardless of the cause, could have a substantial and adverse effect on our business.

## We may not be able to implement our strategy of growth through acquisitions.

Part of our growth strategy involves selected acquisitions of additional retail grocery stores or grocery store chains. We cannot assure you that we will be able to implement this part of our growth strategy or that it will be ultimately successful. We may not be able to identify suitable acquisition candidates in the future, complete acquisitions or obtain the necessary financing.

Because we operate in the Distribution business, future acquisitions of retail grocery stores could result in us competing with our independent grocery store customers and could have adverse effects on existing business relationships with our distribution customers.

The success of our retail store acquisitions will depend, in part, on whether we obtain the business synergies and related cost savings that we anticipated in connection with these transactions and any future acquisitions.

## Our business is subject to risks from regional economic conditions and other factors in our markets.

Our business is dependent upon the sale of groceries and related products to our customers. Most of our sales are to customers located in Michigan and Ohio. Adverse economic conditions or reduction in the populations of or the loss of purchasing power by residents in those areas could reduce the amount of groceries purchased, which could adversely affect our revenues and profitability. Further adverse developments in the automotive and auto supply industries in Michigan could have an additional adverse affect on purchasing power of our customers and prospective customers in some markets served by our retail stores and those of our distribution customers.

Many of our retail grocery stores, as well as stores operated by our independent grocery store customers, are located in areas of northern Michigan that are heavily dependent upon tourism. Unseasonable weather conditions and higher fuel costs in these areas could result in decreased sales by our retail grocery stores and decreased sales to our distribution customers, adversely affecting our business.

## A substantial number of our associates are covered by collective bargaining agreements.

Certain of our associates, particularly those in our Distribution segment, are covered by collective bargaining agreements, most of which expire at various times over the course of the next four years. In future negotiations with labor unions, we expect that rising health care, pension and employee benefit costs, among other issues, will continue to be important topics of negotiation. Upon the expiration of our collective bargaining agreements, work stoppages by
the affected workers could occur if we are unable to negotiate acceptable contracts with labor unions. This could significantly disrupt our operations. Further, if we are unable to control health care and pension costs provided for in the collective bargaining agreements, we may experience increased operating costs and an adverse impact on future results of operations.

## Post-retirement obligations could increase future expenses.

We contribute to several multi-employer pension plans based on obligations arising under collective bargaining agreements. These plans are not administered by or in any way controlled by us and we have relatively little control over the level of contributions we are required to make to these plans. We believe a number of these multi-employer plans are underfunded. As a result, we expect that contributions to these plans may increase. Additionally, the benefit levels and related issues will continue to create collective bargaining challenges. Under current law, an employer that withdraws or partially withdraws from a multi-employer pension plan may incur a withdrawal liability to the plan, which represents the portion of the plan's underfunding that is allocable to the withdrawing employer under very complex actuarial and allocation rules. The amount of any increase or decrease in our required contributions to these multi-employer pension plans will depend upon the outcome of collective bargaining, actions taken by trustees who manage the plans, governmental regulations, the actual return on assets held in the plan, and the potential payment of a withdrawal liability if we choose to exit a market, among other factors.

We maintain defined benefit retirement plans for substantially all of our employees that do not participate in multi-employer pension plans. Expenses associated with the defined benefit plans may significantly increase with changes to actuarial assumptions or investment returns on plan assets that are less favorable than projected.

## Risks associated with insurance plan claims.

We use a combination of insurance and self-insurance to provide for potential liabilities for workers' compensation, automobile and general liability, property insurance, director and officers' liability insurance, and employee health care benefits. The liabilities that have been recorded for these claims represent our best estimate, using generally accepted actuarial reserving methods, of the ultimate obligations for reported claims plus those incurred but not reported for all claims incurred through March 25, 2006. Any actuarial projection of losses is subject to a high degree of variability. Changes in legal trends and interpretations, variability in inflation rates, changes in the nature and method of claims settlement, benefit level changes due to changes in applicable laws, and changes in discount rates could all affect ultimate settlements of claims.

## Changes in vendor promotions or allowances, including the way vendors target their promotional spending, and our ability to effectively manage these programs could significantly impact our margins and profitability.

We cooperatively engage in a variety of promotional programs with our vendors. As the parties assess the results of specific promotions and plan for future promotions, the nature of these programs and the allocation of dollars among them change over time. We carefully manage these programs in order to maintain or improve margins while at the same time increasing sales for us and for the vendors. A reduction in overall promotional spending, or a shift in promotional spending away from certain types of promotions that we and our distribution customers have historically utilized, could have a significant impact on profitability.

## Unavailability of our data systems could harm our business.

We have large, complex information technology systems that are important to our business operations. Although we have installed security programs and procedures, security could be compromised and systems disruptions could occur. This could result in a loss of sales or profits or cause us to incur significant costs to reimburse third parties for damages.

## Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

## Item 2. Properties

## Distribution Segment Real Estate

The following table lists the location, approximate size and ownership of the facilities used in our Distribution segment.

| Facilities | Location | Total Square <br> Feet | Ownership |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
| Dry grocery | Grand Rapids, MI | 585,492 | Owned |
| Perishables (refrigerated) | Grand Rapids, MI | 306,522 | Owned |
| General merchandise | Grand Rapids, MI | 232,700 | Owned |
| General office (including print shop) | Grand Rapids, MI | 127,323 | Owned |
| General office | Maumee, OH | 29,802 | Owned |
| Transportation and salvage | Grand Rapids, MI | 78,760 | Owned |
| Warehouse and office | Grand Rapids, MI | 89,002 | Leased |
| Dry grocery | Plymouth, MI | 414,700 | Leased |
| Total |  | $1,864,301$ |  |

## Retail Segment Real Estate

The following table lists the retail banner, number of stores, geographic region, approximate total square footage under the banner, average store size (in square feet) and ownership of our retail supermarkets and deep-discount food and drug stores:

| Retail Banner | Number of <br> Stores | Geographic Region | Total Square Feet | Average <br> Store Size | Ownership |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Family Fare Supermarkets | 26* | Western Michigan | 1,093,695 | 42,065 | Leased |
| Glen's Markets | 34 | Northern and Central Michigan | 1,216,716 | 35,786 | Leased |
| D\&W Fresh Markets | 10* | Western Michigan | 476,339 | 47,634 | Leased |
| The Pharm | 16 | Northwestern and Central Ohio | 450,834 | 28,177 | Leased |
| The Pharm | 3 | Northwestern and Central Ohio and Southeastern Michigan | 77,897 | 25,966 | Owned |
| Total | 89 |  | 3,315,481 | 37,253 |  |

[^0]The following table lists the retail banner, number of stores, geographic region, approximate total square footage under the banner, average store size (in square feet) and ownership of our fuel centers:

| Retail Banner | Number <br> of Stores | Geographic Region |  | Average Store Size | Ownership |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Family Fare Quick Stop | 2 | Western Michigan | 1,880 | 940 | Land lease |
| Family Fare Quick Stop | 2 | Western Michigan | 5,093 | 2,547 | Owned |
| Glen's Quick Stop | 2 | Northern Michigan | 3,754 | 1,877 | Land lease |
| Total | 6 |  | 10,727 | 1,788 |  |

## Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Various lawsuits and claims, arising in the ordinary course of business, are pending or have been asserted against Spartan Stores and its subsidiaries. While the ultimate effect of such lawsuits and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes that their outcome will not result in a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, operating results or liquidity of Spartan Stores.

## Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matters were submitted to a vote of Spartan Stores' shareholders during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2006 through the solicitation of proxies or otherwise.

## PART II

## Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Spartan Stores' common stock is traded on the National Market System of The NASDAQ Stock Market under the trading symbol "SPTN."

Stock sale prices are based on transactions reported on The NASDAQ Stock Market. Information on quarterly high and low sales prices for Spartan Stores' common stock appears in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements and is incorporated herein by reference. At May 12, 2006 there were approximately 595 shareholders of record of Spartan Stores' common stock.

During fiscal 2004 and 2005, we did not pay any dividends. During fiscal 2006, the board of directors approved a change to the Company's dividend policy. Under the new policy, the Company paid a quarterly cash dividend of $\$ 0.05$ per common share in the fiscal 2006 fourth quarter. Under its senior revolving credit facility, the Company is generally permitted to pay dividends in any fiscal year up to an amount such that all cash dividends, together with any cash distributions or share repurchases, do not exceed $\$ 15.0$ million. Although we expect to continue to pay a quarterly cash dividend, adoption of a dividend policy does not commit the board of directors to declare future dividends. Each future dividend will be considered and declared by the board of directors at its discretion. The ability of the board of directors to continue to declare dividends will depend on a number of factors, including our future financial condition and profitability and compliance with the terms of our credit facilities.

The information required by Item 201(d) of Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-K is incorporated herein by reference from the table entitled "Equity Compensation Plans" in Spartan Stores' definitive proxy statement relating to its annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2006.

The following table provides information regarding the Company's purchases of its own common stock during the fourth quarter. The Company has no public stock repurchase plans or programs. All transactions reported are with associates under stock compensation plans. These include: (1) shares of Spartan Stores, Inc. stock delivered in satisfaction of the exercise price and/or tax withholding obligations by holders of employee stock options who exercised options, and (2) shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations that occur upon the vesting of the restricted shares. Under the Company's employee stock compensation plans, the value of the shares delivered or withheld is the average of the high and low price of the Company's common stock on the date the relevant transaction occurs.

## Spartan Stores, Inc. Purchases of Equity Securities

|  | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of | Average |
| Shares |  |
| Purchased | Price Paid <br> per Share |

Period 1 (January 1-28, 2006)
Employee Transactions

Period 2 (January 29 - February 25, 2006)
Employee Transactions
63,955
\$ 11.61

Period 3 (February 26 - March 25, 2006)

| Employee Transactions | 6,111 |  | $\$ 12.65$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total for Fourth Quarter ended March 25, 2006 | 70,066 |  | $\$ 11.70$ |

## Item 6.

## Selected Financial Data

The following table provides selected historical consolidated financial information of Spartan Stores. The historical information was derived from our audited consolidated financial statements as of and for each of the five fiscal years ended March 30, 2002 through March 25, 2006. As noted elsewhere in this Form 10-K, for all years presented, all information in this Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ has been adjusted for the reclassification of discontinued operations information, unless otherwise noted. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for additional information on discontinued operations.
(In thousands, except per share data)

| Year Ended |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 26, \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 27, \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 29, \\ 2003 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 30, \\ 2002 \end{gathered}$ |

## Statements of Earnings Data:

| Net sales | \$ | 2,039,926 | \$ | 2,043,187 | \$ | 2,054,977 | \$ | 1,975,677 | \$ | 2,112,599 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of sales |  | 1,657,742 |  | 1,656,516 |  | 1,679,478 |  | 1,612,142 |  | 1,719,257 |
| Gross margin |  | 382,184 |  | 386,671 |  | 375,499 |  | 363,535 |  | 393,342 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 344,095 |  | 349,174 |  | 362,937 |  | 354,182 |  | 361,019 |
| Provision for asset impairments and exit costs (A) |  | 1,057 |  | - |  | - |  | 47,711 |  | 1,030 |
| Operating earnings (loss) |  | 37,032 |  | 37,497 |  | 12,562 |  | $(38,358)$ |  | 31,293 |
| Interest expense |  | 7,669 |  | 9,315 |  | 13,146 |  | 17,322 |  | 17,250 |
| Debt extinguishment (B) |  | - |  | 561 |  | 8,798 |  | - |  | - |
| Other, net |  | $(1,306)$ |  | (924) |  | (275) |  | (730) |  | $(2,934)$ |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes, discontinued operations and cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle |  | 30,669 |  | 28,545 |  | $(9,107)$ |  | $(54,950)$ |  | 16,977 |
| Income taxes |  | 10,307 |  | 8,682 |  | $(3,187)$ |  | $(19,159)$ |  | 5,476 |
| Earnings (loss) from continuing operations |  | 20,362 |  | 19,863 |  | $(5,920)$ |  | $(35,791)$ |  | 11,501 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes (C) |  | $(2,190)$ |  | $(1,037)$ |  | (778) |  | $(51,164)$ |  | $(1,654)$ |
| Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle, net of taxes |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(35,377)$ |  | - |
| Net earnings (loss) | \$ | 18,172 | \$ | 18,826 | \$ | $(6,698)$ | \$ | $(122,332)$ | \$ | 9,847 |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding |  | 20,796 |  | 20,439 |  | 20,016 |  | 19,896 |  | 19,549 |
| Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share | \$ | 0.98 | \$ | 0.97 | \$ | (0.30) | \$ | (1.80) | \$ | 0.59 |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share |  | 0.87 |  | 0.92 |  | (0.33) |  | (6.15) |  | 0.50 |
| Cash dividends per share |  | 0.05 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |

## Balance Sheet Data:

| Total assets | \$ | 378,597 | \$ | 384,457 | \$ | 392,864 | \$ | 556,306 | \$ | 760,591 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property and equipment, net |  | 115,178 |  | 108,879 |  | 108,437 |  | 120,072 |  | 266,423 |
| Working capital |  | 20,736 |  | 30,258 |  | 38,125 |  | 87,164 |  | 115,631 |
| Long-term obligations |  | 64,015 |  | 91,946 |  | 124,616 |  | 183,817 |  | 295,213 |
| Shareholders' equity |  | 145,417 |  | 125,410 |  | 105,667 |  | 109,632 |  | 231,492 |

(A) See Note 5 to Consolidated Financial Statements
(B) See Note 6 to Consolidated Financial Statements
(C) See Note 4 to Consolidated Financial Statements

## Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Executive Overview

Spartan Stores is a leading regional grocery distributor and grocery retailer, operating principally in Michigan, Ohio and Indiana.

We currently operate two reportable business segments: Distribution and Retail. Our Distribution segment provides a full line of grocery, general merchandise, frozen and perishable items to over 350 independently owned grocery stores and 89 corporate-owned stores. Our Retail segment operates 70 retail supermarkets in Michigan under the banners Family Fare Supermarkets, Glen's Markets and D\&W Fresh Markets, 19 deep-discount food and drug stores in Ohio and Michigan under the banner The Pharm, and 6 fuel centers in Michigan under the banners Family Fare Quick Stop and Glen's Quick Stop. Sixteen of our supermarkets were acquired early in Fiscal 2007. Our retail supermarkets have a "neighborhood market" focus to distinguish them from supercenters and limited assortment stores. Our deep-discount food and drug stores offer a unique combination of full-service pharmacy, general merchandise products and basic food offerings.

Our sales and operating performance vary with seasonality. Our first and fourth quarters are typically our lowest sales quarters and therefore operating results are generally lower during these two quarters. Additionally, these two quarters can be affected based on the timing of the Easter holiday, which results in a strong sales week. All quarters are 12 weeks, except for our third quarter, which is 16 weeks and includes the Thanksgiving and Christmas holidays. Many northern Michigan stores are dependent on tourism and, therefore, most affected by seasons and weather patterns, including, but not limited to, the temperature and rainfall during the summer months, and to a lesser extent, snowfall during the winter months.

On March 27, 2006, we acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of sixteen operating and four non-operating supermarkets from D\&W Food Centers, Inc. and D\&W Associate Resources, LLC (together "D\&W"), a privately held Grand Rapids, Michigan-based retail grocery operator with 20 retail stores located in West Michigan. Under the terms of the Purchase Agreement, we assumed leases at 20 stores and acquired leasehold improvements, inventories and certain other operating assets associated with those stores, D\&W trademarks, trade names and intangibles, and certain other property for a purchase price of $\$ 47.9$ million in cash. The acquisition has been financed with borrowings on our senior secured revolving credit facility.

In fiscal 2005, we established four key management priorities that focused on the longer-term strategy of the Company, including establishing a well-differentiated market offering for our Distribution and Retail segments, and additional strategies designed to create value for our shareholders, retailers and customers. These priorities were:

1. Distribution sales growth: Focus on penetration of existing customers, attract new customers due to competitive activities, continue to refine our specialty goods offering and share "best retail practices" with customers to drive growth.
2. Retail sales growth: Leverage investments in fuel centers and pharmacy operations to drive adjacent supermarket comparable sales, continue the rollout of category management initiatives, specifically focusing on perishables offerings and continue with our capital plan focusing on remodels, expansions, adjacent acquisitions and new stores to fill in existing markets when available.
3. Margin enhancement: Continued focus on retail shrink improvement, increased penetration of private label programs, improved offerings in our perishables department and continue to focus on improving the cost of merchandise through vendor partnerships.
4. SG\&A expense cost containment: Continue to focus on cost reductions and efficiencies to help offset inflationary pressures on SG\&A expenses.
Significant progress has been made towards achieving these longer-term priorities in fiscal 2006 and we continue to remain focused on these priorities, as well as integrating our recent retail acquisition.

The matters discussed in this Item 7 include forward-looking statements. See "Forward-Looking Statements" at the beginning and "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth items from our Consolidated Statements of Operations as a percentage of net sales and the year-to-year percentage change in dollar amounts:

|  | Percentage of Net Sales |  |  | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 27, \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ | 2006/2005 | 2005/2004 |
| Net sales | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | (0.2) | (0.6) |
| Gross margin | 18.7 | 18.9 | 18.3 | (1.2) | 3.0 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 16.8 | 17.1 | 17.7 | (1.5) | (3.8) |
| Provision for asset impairments and exit Costs | 0.1 | - | - | * | - |
| Operating earnings | 1.8 | 1.8 | 0.6 | (1.2) | 198.5 |
| Other income and expenses | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1.0 | (28.9) | (58.7) |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes and discontinued operations | 1.5 | 1.3 | (0.4) | 7.4 | * |
| Income taxes | 0.5 | 0.4 | (0.1) | 18.7 | * |
| Earnings (loss) from continuing operations | 1.0 | 0.9 | (0.3) | 2.5 | * |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes | (0.1) | (0.0) | (0.0) | 111.2 | 33.3 |
| Net earnings (loss) | 0.9 | 0.9 | (0.3) | (3.5) | * |

* Percentage change is not meaningful

Results of Continuing Operations for the Fiscal Year Ended March 25, 2006 Compared to the Fiscal Year Ended March 26, 2005

Net Sales. Net sales decreased $\$ 3.3$ million, or $0.2 \%$, from $\$ 2,043.2$ million in fiscal 2005 to $\$ 2,039.9$ million in fiscal 2006. Higher sales in the Distribution segment to new and existing customers and increased fuel center sales were offset by lower retail segment sales due to closed stores, the sale of a retail-store joint venture, the shift in the Easter holiday sales to fiscal 2007 and an increase in competitive store openings during fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005.

Net sales in our Distribution segment, after intercompany eliminations, increased $\$ 35.2$ million, or $3.1 \%$, from $\$ 1,120.6$ million to $\$ 1,155.9$ million primarily due to new customer sales of $\$ 21.9$ million and increased sales to existing customers of $\$ 17.7$ million, net of a shift in the timing of the Easter holiday, partially offset by the transition of a distribution customer to a new supplier of $\$ 4.4$ million.

Net sales in our Retail segment decreased $\$ 38.5$ million, or $4.2 \%$, from $\$ 922.6$ million to $\$ 884.0$ million. The sales decline included reductions of $\$ 15.2$ million from the sale of a retail-store joint venture, $\$ 11.4$ million from two closed stores, and $\$ 3.0$ million from the shift in the Easter holiday. The influence of higher energy costs on consumer spending and the 6 competitor retail store openings during fiscal 2006, coupled with the four competitive openings in fiscal 2005, also contributed to the sales decline. Partially offsetting these items were higher fuel sales of $\$ 18.0$

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million and new in-store pharmacy sales. Comparable store sales decreased by $1.8 \%$, including the positive contribution of $1.5 \%$ by fuel center sales, partially offset by $0.7 \%$ for the shift in the Easter holiday.

During the past three fiscal years, twelve competitor supercenters opened in markets where we operate corporate-owned stores. We do not expect any additional openings in our corporate-owned store markets during fiscal 2007. We believe that the new competitor supercenter openings which are expansions of existing discount stores or in markets already served by a supercenter, our improved marketing and merchandising practices and the continued weakening of conventional food competitors will allow us to sustain our growth, but at rates closer to industry averages.

Gross Margin. Gross margin represents sales less cost of sales, which include purchase costs and promotional allowances. Vendor allowances that relate to our buying and merchandising activities consist primarily of promotional allowances, which are generally allowances on purchased quantities and, to a lesser extent, slotting allowances, which are billed to vendors for our merchandising costs, such as setting up warehouse infrastructure. Vendor allowances are recognized as a reduction in cost of sales when the product is sold. Lump sum payments received for multi-year contracts are amortized over the life of the contracts based on contractual terms.

Gross margin decreased by $\$ 4.5$ million, or $1.2 \%$, from $\$ 386.7$ million to $\$ 382.2$ million. As a percent of net sales, gross margin decreased from $18.9 \%$ to $18.7 \%$. The gross margin rate decline was primarily due to a higher concentration of distribution and fuel sales in fiscal 2006. We expect to continue to add supermarket fuel centers, which generate lower profit margins but significant sales.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative ("SG\&A") expenses consist primarily of salaries and wages, employee benefits, warehousing costs, store occupancy costs, advertising, utilities, equipment rental, depreciation and other administrative costs.

SG\&A expenses decreased $\$ 4.0$ million, or $1.2 \%$, from $\$ 349.2$ million to $\$ 345.2$ million, and were $16.9 \%$ of net sales compared to $17.1 \%$ last year. The decrease in SG\&A is due primarily to the following:

The sale of a single-store joint venture which had SG\&A expenses of \$4.2 million
Reduced store labor costs of $\$ 2.5$ million due to productivity improvements and $\$ 1.2$ million due to lower sales
Lower advertising expenses of $\$ 1.0$ million
The closure of two The Pharm stores which decreased SG\&A by $\$ 0.8$ million
Reduced Michigan Single Business Tax of $\$ 0.9$ million at the Distribution segment primarily due to the favorable conclusion of an audit
Reduced depreciation and amortization of $\$ 0.7$ million primarily due to the completion of depreciable lives on a large number of acquisition-related store assets purchased more than five years ago
A contract termination payment received of $\$ 0.6$ million
These decreases are largely offset by the following:
Increased utilities expense of $\$ 1.9$ million
Legal and professional fees associated with the conclusion of the review of strategic alternatives and a contract dispute resolution of \$1.4 million
The termination and penalty payments received in the prior year from a former Distribution customer of $\$ 1.3$ million
Increases in compensation and benefits of $\$ 1.0$ million due to increases in sales volume at the Distribution segment
The costs of operating additional fuel centers of $\$ 1.0$ million
Increased transportation fuel costs of $\$ 1.0$ million
Increased credit card fees of $\$ 0.7$ million
Provision for Asset Impairments and Exit Costs. Asset impairments and exit costs, included in SG\&A expenses above, were $\$ 1.1$ million for fiscal 2006. An asset impairment charge of $\$ 0.3$ million was incurred related to banana ripening equipment that was replaced. We upgraded this equipment to the latest technology and expanded our produce storage facility in anticipation of higher incremental produce sales volumes from new customers and expanded contracts with existing customers. We also increased the exit cost reserve $\$ 0.5$ million due to changes in real estate market conditions and recorded a $\$ 0.3$ million charge for the closure of two The Pharm stores.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased $\$ 1.6$ million, or $17.7 \%$, from $\$ 9.3$ million to $\$ 7.7$ million, and was $0.4 \%$ of net sales compared to $0.5 \%$ last year due to lower total average borrowings partially offset with market driven rate increases. Total average borrowings decreased $\$ 31.6$ million from $\$ 111.8$ million to $\$ 80.2$ million as a result of debt repayments resulting primarily from cash flow from operations and the use of our net operating loss tax carryforward.

The weighted average interest rate, including financing fee amortization, increased to $9.56 \%$ for fiscal 2006 from $8.33 \%$ for fiscal 2005.

Debt Extinguishment. We recorded a $\$ 0.6$ million non-cash charge for the write-off of unamortized financing fees during the third quarter of fiscal 2005 as result of refinancing activities.

Other, net. Other, net increased $\$ 0.4$ million, from $\$ 0.9$ million to $\$ 1.3$ million. Fiscal 2006 included a gain on the sale of land of $\$ 1.4$ million and fiscal 2005 included a gain of $\$ 0.8$ million on the sale of a single store joint venture.

Income Taxes. The effective tax rate is $33.6 \%$ and $30.4 \%$ for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, respectively. Companies are regularly audited by federal and state tax authorities, which may result in proposed assessments or adjustments. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005, the Internal Revenue Service concluded its audit of the fiscal 2001 through 2003 tax returns. As a result of the audit, we released $\$ 2.0$ million in tax reserves that were no longer required with respect to those years, of which $\$ 1.3$ million is reflected in continuing operations and reduced our effective tax rate to $30.4 \%$ for fiscal 2005. The remaining $\$ 0.7$ million is included in the Loss from discontinued operations on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

## Results of Continuing Operations for the Fiscal Year Ended March 26, 2005 Compared to the Fiscal Year Ended March 27, 2004

Net Sales. Net sales decreased $\$ 11.8$ million, or $0.6 \%$, from $\$ 2,055.0$ million in fiscal 2004 to $\$ 2,043.2$ million in fiscal 2005.

Net sales in our Distribution segment, after intercompany eliminations, decreased $\$ 11.8$ million, or $1.0 \%$, from $\$ 1,132.4$ million to $\$ 1,120.6$ million primarily due to the transition of two distribution customers to new suppliers of $\$ 15.4$ million, a lower than anticipated conversion rate from the change in our deli and bakery program from a jointly managed program to a warehouse supported program of $\$ 21.5$ million and lower other direct sales to customers of $\$ 8.3$ million. These decreases were partially offset by new customer sales of $\$ 22.8$ million, a shift in timing of the Easter holiday and increased prescription drug program sales.

Net sales in our Retail segment were essentially flat at $\$ 922.6$ million in fiscal 2004 and fiscal 2005. Comparable store sales increased by $0.7 \%$. Sales increases at our supermarkets were offset by sales declines at our deep-discount food and drug stores and the sale of our joint venture in a retail store, which resulted in a sales decline of approximately $\$ 4.9$ million.

Comparable store sales at our supermarkets increased $2.4 \%$ despite four new supercenter store competitive openings that impacted sales for most of fiscal 2005. The increase includes $0.8 \%$ due to a change in the recording of bottle deposits as a liability when sold and an asset when returned, rather than a net reduction in sales as was done in previous fiscal years, as supermarkets typically receive more returns of bottles than originally sold. This change has no impact on reported gross margin dollars. We believe this revised reporting method better reflects the true sales performance of our stores. The remaining sales increases were due primarily to continued improvements in marketing, merchandising and operations, the shift in timing of the Easter holiday and contributions from new in-store

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pharmacies and fuel centers of $0.7 \%$. These increases were partially offset by lower prescription sales at certain in-store pharmacies due to the United Auto Workers ("UAW") mail-order mandate.

Comparable store sales at our The Pharm deep-discount food and drug stores decreased 5.7\% in fiscal 2005. The sales decreases were primarily due to lower prescription sales as a result of the UAW mail-order mandate and the resulting effect on front-end sales. Also contributing to the decrease were the strong sales gains recorded in the prior year due to aggressive promotions and the cycling of customers from the previous year's Food Town store closings. On a two-year basis, which we believe more appropriately reflects the long-term effect of our retailing strategies, comparable store sales at our deep-discount food and drug stores increased $2.8 \%$.

Gross Margin. Gross margin increased by $\$ 11.2$ million, or $3.0 \%$, from $\$ 375.5$ million in fiscal 2004 to $\$ 386.7$ million in fiscal 2005. As a percent of net sales, gross margin increased from $18.3 \%$ to $18.9 \%$. The gross margin improvement was primarily due to improved buying practices resulting from our category management improvements at both segments, a $\$ 3.7$ million non-cash inventory charge in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2004 related to the implementation of a stock ledger and margin management system and a $\$ 2.3$ million favorable supply contract settlement in the third quarter of fiscal 2005 related to pricing on purchases during the previous three years, including $\$ 0.6$ million attributable to fiscal 2005.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. SG\&A expenses decreased $\$ 13.8$ million, or $3.8 \%$, from $\$ 362.9$ million in fiscal 2004 to $\$ 349.2$ million in fiscal 2005, and were $17.1 \%$ of net sales compared to $17.7 \%$ in the previous year. The decrease in SG\&A is due to the following:

> Reduced depreciation and amortization of $\$ 5.2$ million, primarily at the Retail segment due to the completion of depreciable lives on a large number of acquisition-related store assets purchased more than five years ago
> Reduced labor costs of $\$ 5.0$ million at the Retail segment driven primarily by operating efficiencies
> Reduced bad debt expense due to improved collection systems and procedures and recoveries of $\$ 0.8$ million
> Receipt of termination and penalty payments from a former Distribution customer of $\$ 1.3$ million
> A non-recurring $\$ 1.4$ million charge in the fiscal 2004's first quarter related to the retirement distribution to the former Chief Executive Officer
> Severance costs of $\$ 1.4$ million associated with corporate staff reductions in fiscal 2004

These decreases are partially offset by increases in employee benefit and transportation costs, including the reinstatement of service credits for the cash balance pension plan during fiscal 2005 and increased fuel costs in our Distribution segment.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased $\$ 3.8$ million, or $29.1 \%$, from $\$ 13.1$ million in fiscal 2004 to $\$ 9.3$ million in fiscal 2005, and was $0.5 \%$ of net sales in fiscal 2005 compared to $0.6 \%$ in fiscal 2004 due to lower interest rates resulting from the amendment of our senior secured revolving credit facility ("credit facility") and the resulting repayment of the supplemental secured credit facility. See additional discussion in "Liquidity and Capital Resources," below. Total average borrowings decreased to $\$ 111.8$ million from $\$ 174.6$ million as a result of debt repayments primarily generated from the divestiture of non-core business activities and cash flow from operations.

In accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 87-24, "Allocation of Interest to Discontinued Operations," interest was allocated to discontinued operations based on the interest on debt that was required to be repaid as a result of disposal transactions. Interest expense of $\$ 1.9$ million was allocated to, and is included in, loss on discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for fiscal 2004. Interest expense is no longer allocated to discontinued operations as all related debt has been repaid as a result of the disposal of these operations.

The weighted average interest rate decreased to $8.33 \%$ for fiscal 2005 from $8.77 \%$ for fiscal 2004.
Debt Extinguishment. We recorded a non-cash pre-tax charge of $\$ 0.6$ million and $\$ 8.8$ million during the third quarters of fiscal 2005 and 2004, respectively, for unamortized bank fees associated with previous financing activities.

Other, net. Other, net includes gains on sale of assets and interest income. Fiscal 2005 includes a $\$ 0.8$ million gain recorded on the sale of our $65 \%$ ownership interest in a retail store to its former joint venture partner in the third quarter of fiscal 2005. We received total consideration of $\$ 4.5$ million from the transaction that was used to reduce outstanding debt.

Income Taxes. Companies are regularly audited by federal and state tax authorities, which may result in proposed assessments or adjustments. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005, the Internal Revenue Service
concluded its audit of the fiscal 2001 through 2003 tax returns. As a result of the audit, we released $\$ 2.0$ million in tax reserves that are no longer required with respect to these years, of which $\$ 1.3$ million is reflected in continuing
operations and reduced our effective tax rate to $30.4 \%$. The remaining $\$ 0.7$ million is included in the Loss from discontinued operations on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

## Discontinued Operations

## Convenience Distribution Operations

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2004, we completed the sale of the operating assets of United Wholesale Grocery Company ("United"). Proceeds received on the sale of these assets were $\$ 16.9$ million. The asset sale included a continuing supply agreement between Spartan Stores and the new owner; however, this supply agreement does not constitute a significant continuing involvement, as defined by SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." As such, the operations and discontinued cash flows of United have been eliminated from the ongoing operations of Spartan Stores.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2004 we completed the sale of substantially all the assets of L\&L/Jiroch Distributing Company and J.F. Walker Company to The H.T. Hackney Co. for approximately $\$ 40.8$ million in cash and the assumption of certain liabilities.

## Insurance Operations

At March 25, 2006, we had approximately $\$ 1.7$ million remaining in insurance reserves for open claim liabilities related to policies that were not ceded (transferred) to an unrelated third party. We will remain obligated under these policies until all claims are closed and we have retained an independent third party administrator to manage these claims. We have not issued policies since December 31, 2001 and retain liability only for those policies issued prior to September 1, 2000. In fiscal 2005, a $\$ 1.2$ million credit was recorded based upon better than anticipated claims results, which resulted in lower actuarial determined liabilities. Net loss from the insurance operations from the measurement date, January 2001, to March 25,2006 totaled $\$ 1.8$ million.

## Retail Operations

During fiscal 2003, we closed 15 retail stores and announced the closing of 13 of its Food Town retail stores principally located in Toledo, Ohio and outlying areas with the remaining 26 Food Town stores to be sold or closed. During fiscal 2004, we completed the sale of 24 Food Town stores for net proceeds of $\$ 42.1$ million. Stores not sold were closed.

We anticipate that we will be subject to a partial withdrawal liability from a multi-employer pension plan related to the 2003 closures of certain of our discontinued Food Town stores when a final determination is made after June 30, 2006. Recent estimates provided by the trustees of the multi-employer pension plan indicate that there will be an underfunded liability which we believe to have resulted from a change in actuarial assumptions, investment performance, other employers' withdrawals, or a combination of these factors, occurring subsequent to the closure of these stores. We intend to challenge such a determination prior to settling the partial withdrawal liability when assessed after June 2006. We have estimated our liability based on available preliminary information and recorded an after-tax charge of approximately $\$ 1.1$ million in Discontinued Operations in the third quarter of fiscal 2006.

## Distribution Operations

We consolidated our Toledo, Ohio distribution operations into our Michigan facilities during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003. As a result of the decision to exit the Food Town stores, the operations related to these facilities were classified as discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements because the operations and cash flows of these facilities were substantially eliminated from ongoing operations. We continue to distribute to our The Pharm
stores in Ohio from our distribution facilities in Michigan.

## Real Estate Operations

In fiscal 2004 and 2003, we sold properties representing substantially all of the remaining assets and operations of our former Real Estate segment; accordingly, we have reported the results of operations of the discontinued components of the Real Estate segment and the net gain (loss) on disposal as discontinued operations.

Discontinued operations generated sales of $\$ 320.0$ million in fiscal 2004. There were no sales in fiscal 2006 or fiscal 2005. Total assets of discontinued operations were $\$ 6.1$ million at March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005.

For all years presented, the Consolidated Statements of Operations, Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and all related financial and nonfinancial disclosures in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Annual Report on Form 10-K have been adjusted and the discontinued operations information is excluded, unless otherwise noted.

## Critical Accounting Policies

This discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, which are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions and factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. We have discussed the development, selection and disclosure of these estimates with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. Based on our ongoing review, we will make adjustments as we consider appropriate under the current facts and circumstances.

We believe that the following represent the more critical estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Goodwill. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," goodwill is reviewed for impairment on an annual basis. Fair value is determined based on the discounted cash flows and comparable market values of the segment. Determining market values using a discounted cash flow method requires that we make significant estimates and assumptions, including long-term projections of cash flows, market conditions and appropriate discount rates. Our judgments are based on historical experience, current market trends and other information. While we believe that the estimates and assumptions underlying the valuation methodology are reasonable, different assumptions could result in different outcomes. In estimating future cash flows, we rely on internally generated five-year forecasts for sales and operating profits, including capital expenditures and a $3 \%$ long-term assumed growth rate of cash flows for periods after the five-year forecast. We generally develop these forecasts based on recent sales data for existing operations and other factors. Based on our annual review during fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004, no goodwill impairment charge was required to be recorded. No goodwill impairment charge would be required even if the current estimate of future discounted cash flows was $10 \%$ lower.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets Other Than Goodwill. Long-lived assets to be held and used are evaluated for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. When the undiscounted future cash flows are not sufficient to recover an asset's carrying amount, the fair value is compared to the carrying value to determine the impairment loss to be recorded. No material impairments for long-lived assets to be held and used were determined to exist for fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004.

Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value, less costs to sell. During fiscal 2006, the Distribution segment recorded an asset impairment charge of $\$ 0.3$ million related to banana ripening equipment that was replaced by upgraded equipment with the latest technology. During fiscal 2004, asset
impairment charges of $\$ 0.9$ million were recorded in discontinued operations, prior to provision for tax benefit of $\$ 0.3$ million. Fair values are determined by independent appraisals, quotes or expected sales prices developed by internal licensed real estate professionals. Estimates of expected sales prices are judgments based upon our experience, knowledge of market conditions and current offers received. Changes in market conditions, the economic environment and other factors can significantly impact these estimates. While we believe that the
estimates and assumptions underlying the valuation methodology are reasonable, different assumptions could result in a different outcome.

Exit Costs. We record exit costs for closed stores that are subject to long-term lease commitments based upon the future minimum lease payments and related ancillary costs from the date of closure to the end of the remaining lease term, net of estimated sublease rentals that could be reasonably obtained for the property. Future cash flows are based on contractual lease terms and knowledge of the market in which the closed store is located. These estimates are subject to multiple factors, including inflation, ability to sublease the property and other economic conditions. Internally developed estimates of sublease rentals are based upon the market in which the property is located, the results of previous efforts to sublease similar property and the current economic environment. Reserves may be adjusted in the future based upon the actual resolution of each of these factors. At March 25, 2006 exit costs of $\$ 15.3$ million are recorded net of approximately $\$ 2.5$ million of estimated sublease rentals. The following table provides the activity of exit costs for fiscal years 2006, 2005 and 2004:

| (In thousands) | Lease and <br> Ancillary Costs |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
| Balance at March 29, 2003 | $\$$ |
| Provision for lease and related ancillary costs, net of estimated sublease recoveries | 18,973 |
| Assumption of leases | 2,578 |
| Payments, net of interest accretion | 3,347 |
| Balance at March 27, 2004 | $(6,560)$ |
| Provision for lease and related ancillary costs, net of estimated sublease recoveries | 18,338 |
| Provision for pension withdrawal liability | 1,400 |
| Payments, net of interest accretion | 1,700 |
| Balance at March 26, 2005 | $(5,918)$ |
| Provision for lease and related ancillary costs, net of estimated sublease recoveries | 15,520 |
| Provision for pension withdrawal liability | 2,719 |
| Payments, net of interest accretion | 1,654 |
| Balance at March 25, 2006 | $(4,576)$ |

On March 27, 2006, Spartan Stores assumed lease obligations for 20 stores in conjunction with the D\&W acquisition. The leases assumed included obligations for four closed stores, as well as, costs for expected future restructuring based upon anticipated events. The present value of future minimum lease payments and related ancillary costs from the date of closure to the end of the remaining lease terms of $\$ 19.2$ million were recorded on the date of acquisition.

Pension. Accounting for defined benefit cash balance pension plans involves estimating the cost of benefits to be provided in the future, based on vested years of service, and attributing those costs over the time period each employee works. The significant factors affecting our pension costs are the fair value of plan assets and the selection of key assumptions, including the expected return on plan assets, rate of compensation increases and discount rate used by our actuary to calculate our liability. We consider current market conditions, including changes in interest rates and investment returns, in selecting these assumptions. Our discount rate is based on current investment yields on high quality fixed-income investments. The discount rate used to determine fiscal 2006 pension expense was $5.50 \%$. A lower discount rate increases the present value of benefit obligations and increases pension expense. Expected return on plan assets is based on historical experience of the plan's portfolio and the review of projected
returns by asset class on broad, publicly traded equity and fixed-income indices, as well as target asset allocation. Our target allocation mix is designed to meet our long-term pension requirements. For fiscal 2006, our assumed rate of return was $8.50 \%$. Over the ten-year period ended March 25, 2006, the average return was approximately $9.50 \%$. We maintained our rate of increases in compensation at $4.00 \%$. While we believe the assumptions selected are reasonable, significant differences in our actual experience, plan amendments or significant changes in the fair value of our plan assets may materially affect our pension obligations and our future expense. A 1.0 point increase/decrease in the discount rate would have decreased/increased fiscal 2006 pension expense by $\$ 0.4$ million. A 1.0 point increase/decrease in the expected return on plan assets would have decreased/increased fiscal 2006 pension expense by $\$ 0.3$ million.

The unfunded portion of our defined benefit plans was $\$ 5.5$ million and $\$ 4.8$ million for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, respectively. The increase in the unfunded balance during fiscal 2006 is a result of an actuarial loss resulting from unfavorable plan experience compared to actuarial assumptions. Actual return on plan assets of $9.6 \%$ and company contributions approximated service and interest costs. Plan assets increased by $6.6 \%$ primarily due to market gains on assets and company contributions of $\$ 2.9$ million partially offset by benefit payments during the year of $\$ 4.0$ million. Pension expense was $\$ 2.1$ million in fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table summarizes our consolidated statements of cash flows for fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004:
(In thousands)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 25, } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 27, } \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 54,746 | \$ | 60,630 | \$ | 28,139 |
| Net cash used in investing activities |  | $(27,983)$ |  | $(21,784)$ |  | $(10,283)$ |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | $(29,437)$ |  | $(33,814)$ |  | $(6,922)$ |
| Net cash used in discontinued operations |  | $(4,551)$ |  | $(3,404)$ |  | $(20,988)$ |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents |  | $(7,225)$ |  | 1,628 |  | $(10,054)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year |  | 14,880 |  | 13,252 |  | 23,306 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ | 7,655 | \$ | 14,880 | \$ | 13,252 |

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased during fiscal 2006 primarily due to unfavorable changes in working capital related to certain operating assets and the timing of benefit accruals. The increase during fiscal 2005 was primarily due to increased earnings and favorable changes in working capital related to the timing of accounts payable and benefit accruals.

As of March 25, 2006, we have available a Federal income tax net operating loss carryforward of approximately $\$ 27.9$ million. As a result, no regular Federal income taxes have been paid in fiscal 2006, however, we did pay approximately $\$ 0.2$ million in Alternative Minimum Tax in Fiscal 2006. No Federal income taxes were paid in Fiscal 2005.

Net cash used in investing activities increased in fiscal 2006 due to increased capital expenditure activity as our improved financial performance allowed us to reinvest in the business. Our Distribution and Retail segments utilized $40.0 \%$ and $60.0 \%$, respectively, of our capital expenditure dollars. Expenditures were used for new equipment, software and store remodels and refurbishments. Under the terms of our credit facility, should our available borrowings fall below certain levels, our capital expenditures would be restricted each fiscal year. We are not currently governed by these restrictions, as discussed below.

Net cash used in financing activities includes cash paid and received from our long-term borrowings, payment of financing fees associated with our new credit facilities and dividends paid. We continued to pay down long-term debt during fiscal 2006. Our current maturities of long-term debt at March 25, 2006 are $\$ 1.7$ million. Our ability to borrow additional funds is governed by the terms of our credit facilities.

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Net cash used in discontinued operations contains the net cash flows of our discontinued operations and consists primarily of the payment of store exit cost reserves, insurance run-off claims and other liabilities. We expect the cash usage of our discontinued operations will be approximately $\$ 7.0$ million to $\$ 8.0$ million in fiscal 2007.

Our principal sources of liquidity are cash flows generated from operations and our amended $\$ 225.0$ million senior secured revolving credit facility. The credit facility matures December 2010, and is secured by substantially all of our assets. As of March 25, 2006, we had outstanding borrowings of $\$ 55.5$ million on our credit facility. We had available borrowings of $\$ 112.9$ million and maximum availability of $\$ 122.9$ million at March 25, 2006, which exceeds the minimum excess availability levels, as defined in the credit agreement. On March 27, 2006, proceeds from our senior secured revolving credit facility of $\$ 47.9$ million were used to acquire certain assets of $\mathrm{D} \& \mathrm{~W}$.

Prior to amending our credit facility in the third quarter of fiscal 2006, we had a $\$ 215.0$ million senior secured revolving credit facility. The amended credit facility increased to $\$ 225.0$ million from its original $\$ 215.0$ million, extended the maturity by two years, and includes a $\$ 15.0$ million Term B loan as part of the total $\$ 225.0$ million credit facility, which may be drawn at Spartan Stores' option through June 1, 2006, and thereafter with bank approval of the specific need for the draw.

Also in fiscal 2006, as permitted by the amendment to our credit facility, our board of directors approved a change to our dividend policy and we paid a cash dividend of $\$ 0.05$ per common share in the fourth quarter. Although we expect to continue to pay a quarterly cash dividend, adoption of a dividend policy does not commit the board of directors to declare future dividends. Each future dividend will be considered and declared by the board of directors in its discretion. The ability of the board of directors to continue to declare dividends will depend on a number of factors, including our future financial condition and profitability and compliance with the terms of our credit facilities.

Available borrowings under the credit facility are based on stipulated advance rates on eligible assets, as defined in the credit agreement. The credit facility contains covenants that include the maintenance of minimum EBITDA and maximum capital expenditures, as defined in the credit agreement. These covenants will not be effective as long as we maintain a minimum excess availability level, as defined in the credit agreement. The credit facility provides for the issuance of letters of credit of which $\$ 10.5$ million were outstanding and unused as of March 25, 2006. Borrowings under the revolving credit portion of the facility bear interest at the London InterBank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus $1.50 \%$, adjusted based upon availability levels, or the prime rate (weighted average interest rate of $6.28 \%$ at March 25, 2006), and borrowings under the Term B loan bear interest at LIBOR plus $3.50 \%$.

Our current ratio decreased from 1.21:1.00 at March 26, 2005 to 1.14:1.00 at March 25, 2006 and our investment in working capital was $\$ 20.7$ million at March 25, 2006 versus $\$ 30.3$ million at March 26, 2005. Our debt to total capital ratio at March 25, 2006 was $.31: 1.00$ versus $.43: 1.00$ at March 26, 2005, primarily due to reducing debt by $\$ 29.1$ million and the current year net earnings of $\$ 18.2$ million.

Our total capital structure includes borrowings under our credit facility, various other debt instruments, leases and shareholders' equity. Management believes that cash generated from operating activities and available borrowings under the credit facility are sufficient to support current operations, payment of cash dividends and the D\&W acquisition.

The table below presents our significant contractual obligations as of March 25, 2006:

| (In thousands) | Payment Due by Period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Less than 1 year |  | 1-3 years |  | 3-5 years |  | More than 5 years |  |
| Long-term debt | \$ | 65,690 | \$ | 1,675 | \$ | 5,269 | \$ | 56,894 | \$ | 1,852 |
| Operating leases |  | 109,847 |  | 20,096 |  | 34,440 |  | 26,321 |  | 28,990 |
| Lease and ancillary costs of closed stores |  | 15,317 |  | 6,078 |  | 6,064 |  | 3,075 |  | 100 |
| Purchase obligations (merchandise) (1) |  | 107,193 |  | 52,693 |  | 38,248 |  | 6,979 |  | 9,273 |
| Purchase obligations (building, equipment, services and other) |  | 1,933 |  | 1,933 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Self-insurance liability |  | 8,782 |  | 5,024 |  | 2,486 |  | 764 |  | 508 |

(1) The majority of our purchases involve supply orders to purchase products for resale in the ordinary course of business. These contracts are typically cancelable and therefore no amounts have been included in the table above. The purchase obligations shown in this table represent the amount of product we are contractually obligated to purchase to earn $\$ 3.4$ million in advanced contract monies received where recognition has been deferred on the

Consolidated Balance Sheet. If we do not fulfill these purchase obligations, we would only be obligated to repay the unearned upfront contract monies.

In addition to the above, we expect to contribute $\$ 2.2$ million to our defined benefit plans in fiscal 2007 to meet the minimum funding requirements.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Letters of Credit. We had letters of credit of $\$ 10.5$ million outstanding and unused at March 25, 2006. The letters of credit are maintained primarily to support payment or deposit obligations. We pay a commission of $3 \%$ on the face amount of the letters of credit.

## New Accounting Standards

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment," that will require compensation costs related to share-based payment transactions to be recognized in the consolidated financial statements. With limited exceptions, the amount of compensation cost will be measured based on the grant date fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. In addition, liability awards will be remeasured each reporting period. Compensation cost will be recognized over the period that an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award. SFAS No. $123(\mathrm{R})$ replaces SFAS No. 123, and supercedes APB Opinion No. 25 and related implementation guidance. This Statement became effective as of the beginning of fiscal 2007.

We have adopted SFAS No. 123(R) using the "modified prospective" transition method beginning with the first quarter of fiscal 2007. Under this method, awards that are modified, granted, or settled on or after March 26, 2006 will be measured and accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R). In addition, in our first quarter of fiscal 2007, expense must be recognized for unvested awards that were granted prior to our adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), and the expense will be based on the fair value determined at the grant date under SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." As permitted by SFAS No. 123, we formerly accounted for share-based payments to employees using APB Opinion No. 25 's intrinsic value method and, as such, recognized no compensation cost for employee stock options. We believe the impact on net earnings as a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) will be approximately $\$ 0.3$ million to $\$ 0.4$ million in fiscal 2007. Had we adopted SFAS No. 123(R) in prior periods, the impact of that standard would have approximated the impact of SFAS No. 123 as described in the disclosure of pro forma net income and earnings per share in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143" ("FIN 47"). FIN 47 clarifies that the term "conditional asset retirement obligation," as used in FASB Statement No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," refers to a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and (or) method of settlement are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity. Accordingly, an entity is required to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation if the fair value of the liability can be reasonably estimated. FIN 47 became effective for the Company on March 25, 2006 and did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2005, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 05-6, "Determining the Amortization Period for Leasehold Improvements Purchased after Lease Inception or Acquired in a Business Combination" ("EITF 05-6"). EITF 05-6 requires that leasehold improvements acquired in a business combination be amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the assets or a term that includes required lease periods and renewals that are deemed to be reasonably assured at the date of acquisition. EITF 05-6 also requires that leasehold improvements that are placed in service significantly after and not contemplated at or near the beginning of

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the lease term be amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the assets or a term that includes required lease periods and renewals that are deemed to be reasonably assured at the date the leasehold improvements are purchased. EITF 05-6 was adopted starting with our fiscal 2006 second quarter beginning September 11, 2005. Our historical accounting policies comply with these provisions and, consequently, the impact of EITF 05-6 did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In October 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position FAS 13-1, "Accounting for Rental Costs Incurred During a Construction Period" ("FSP FAS 13-1"). FSP FAS 13-1 requires rental costs associated with building or ground leases incurred during a construction period to be recognized as rental expense. FSP FAS 13-1 was effective for the first reporting period beginning after December 15, 2005, and we adopted FSP FAS 13-1 starting with our fiscal fourth quarter beginning January 1, 2006. The impact of FSP FAS 13-1 did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

## Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

We are exposed to industry related price changes on several commodities, such as dairy, meat and produce, that we buy and sell in both our Distribution and Retail segments, and fuel costs. These products, except fuel, are purchased for and sold from inventory in the ordinary course of business.

We are currently exposed to interest rate risk on our outstanding debt. The senior secured revolving credit facility currently bears interest at the LIBOR plus $1.50 \%$ or the prime rate (weighted average interest rate of $6.28 \%$ at March 25, 2006) on the revolving credit portion of the facility. An additional $\$ 0.6$ million of our long-term debt is subject to fluctuations in the prime rate. The weighted average interest rates including loan fee amortization for fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004 were $9.56 \%, 8.33 \%$ and $8.77 \%$, respectively.

The estimated carrying value of long-term debt approximates its fair value at March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005, due to variable interest rates that cover a majority of the long-term debt and a comparison of fixed rate debt to estimated rates that would currently be available for debt with similar terms and maturities. The following table sets forth the maturities of our debt outstanding as of March 25, 2006:
(In thousands)

| Fiscal Year |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2007 | $\$$ | 1,675 |
| 2008 |  | 4,676 |
| 2009 | 593 |  |
| 2010 |  | 648 |
| 2011 | 56,246 |  |
| Thereafter | 1,852 |  |
|  | $\$$ | 65,690 |

As discussed previously, on March 27, 2006, proceeds of $\$ 47.9$ million from the revolving credit facility were used to acquire $\mathrm{D} \& \mathrm{~W}$. The balance outstanding on the revolving credit facility is due in fiscal 2011.

## Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data <br> REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Shareholders
Spartan Stores, Inc.
Grand Rapids, Michigan
We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting, that Spartan Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 25, 2006, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the company's board of directors, management, and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as "generally accepted accounting principles"). A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company, (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company, and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 25, 2006, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 25, 2006, based on the criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

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We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule as of and for the year ended March 25, 2006 of the Company, and our report dated May 5, 2006, expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule.
/s/ Deloitte \& Touche LLP
Grand Rapids, Michigan
May 5, 2006

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM 

Board of Directors and Shareholders
Spartan Stores, Inc.
Grand Rapids, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Spartan Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 25, 2006. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States of America). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Spartan Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries as of March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 25, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, such financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States of America), the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of March 25, 2006, based on the criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated May 5, 2006, expressed an unqualified opinion on management's assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.
/s/ Deloitte \& Touche LLP
Grand Rapids, Michigan
May 5, 2006

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## Spartan Stores, Inc. and Subsidiaries

(In thousands)

| $\underline{\text { Assets }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current assets |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 7,655 | \$ | 14,880 |
| Accounts receivable, net |  | 45,280 |  | 43,445 |
| Inventories, net |  | 95,892 |  | 95,988 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets |  | 5,433 |  | 7,884 |
| Deferred taxes on income |  | 6,801 |  | 5,396 |
| Property and equipment held for sale |  | 6,634 |  | 3,855 |
| Total current assets |  | 167,695 |  | 171,448 |
| Other assets |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | 72,555 |  | 72,315 |
| Deferred taxes on income |  | 9,061 |  | 18,680 |
| Other, net |  | 14,108 |  | 13,135 |
| Total other assets |  | 95,724 |  | 104,130 |
| Property and equipment |  |  |  |  |
| Land and improvements |  | 13,513 |  | 13,674 |
| Buildings and improvements |  | 120,851 |  | 117,797 |
| Equipment |  | 216,082 |  | 209,239 |
| Total property and equipment |  | 350,446 |  | 340,710 |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization |  | 235,268 |  | 231,831 |
| Property and equipment, net |  | 115,178 |  | 108,879 |
| Total assets | \$ | 378,597 | \$ | 384,457 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued)

## Spartan Stores, Inc. and Subsidiaries

(In thousands)

| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 25, } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 26, \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 90,992 | \$ | 82,391 |
| Accrued payroll and benefits |  | 29,826 |  | 30,775 |
| Other accrued expenses |  | 24,466 |  | 25,176 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt |  | 1,675 |  | 2,848 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 146,959 |  | 141,190 |
| Other long-term liabilities |  | 13,504 |  | 16,814 |
| Postretirement benefits |  | 8,702 |  | 9,097 |
| Long-term debt |  | 64,015 |  | 91,946 |
| Shareholders' equity |  |  |  |  |
| Common stock, voting, no par value; 50,000 shares authorized; 21,023 and 20,524 shares outstanding |  | 123,256 |  | 118,144 |
| Preferred stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares outstanding |  | , |  | - |
| Deferred stock-based compensation |  | $(2,873)$ |  | (719) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss |  | (276) |  | (203) |
| Retained earnings |  | 25,310 |  | 8,188 |
| Total shareholders' equity |  | 145,417 |  | 125,410 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ | 378,597 | \$ | 384,457 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Spartan Stores, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(In thousands, except per share data)


| Diluted earnings (loss) per share: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earnings (loss) from continuing operations | \$ | 0.96 | \$ | 0.96 | \$ | (0.30) |
| Loss from discontinued operations |  | (0.10) |  | (0.05) |  | (0.03) |
| Net earnings (loss) | \$ | 0.86 | \$ | 0.91 | \$ | (0.33) |
| Weighted average shares: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic |  | 20,796 |  | 20,439 |  | 20,016 |
| Diluted |  | 21,174 |  | 20,743 |  | 20,016 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

## Spartan Stores, Inc. and Subsidiaries

(In thousands)


| Total comprehensive income | - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 18,099 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dividends - \$. 05 per share | - | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(1,050)$ |  | $(1,050)$ |
| Issuances of common stock and related tax benefit on stock option exercises | 294 | 1,703 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,703 |
| Issuances of restricted stock and related income tax benefits | 252 | 3,616 |  | $(3,121)$ |  | - |  | - |  | 495 |
| Cancellations of restricted stock | (47) | (207) |  | 126 |  | - |  | - |  | (81) |
| Amortization of restricted stock | - | - |  | 841 |  | - |  | - |  | 841 |
| Balance - March 25, 2006 | 21,023 | \$ 123,256 | \$ | $(2,873)$ | \$ | (276) | \$ | 25,310 | \$ | 145,417 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Spartan Stores, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(In thousands)


## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - (Continued)

Spartan Stores, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(In thousands)

|  | Year Ended |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 27, } \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Cash flows from financing activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net (payments) proceeds from revolving credit facility | \$ | $(26,498)$ | \$ | $(15,187)$ | \$ | 108,801 |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings |  | - |  | - |  | 15,000 |
| Repayment of long-term debt |  | $(2,324)$ |  | $(18,883)$ |  | $(121,637)$ |
| Financing fees paid |  | (447) |  | (492) |  | $(9,086)$ |
| Proceeds from sale of common stock |  | 882 |  | 748 |  | - |
| Dividends paid |  | $(1,050)$ |  | - |  | - |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | $(29,437)$ |  | $(33,814)$ |  | $(6,922)$ |
| Cash flows from discontinued operations (Revised - See note 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities |  | $(4,042)$ |  | $(3,895)$ |  | 24,213 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities |  | - |  | 565 |  | 49,032 |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | (509) |  | (74) |  | $(94,233)$ |
| Net cash used in discontinued operations |  | $(4,551)$ |  | $(3,404)$ |  | $(20,988)$ |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents |  | $(7,225)$ |  | 1,628 |  | $(10,054)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year |  | 14,880 |  | 13,252 |  | 23,306 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ | 7,655 | \$ | 14,880 | \$ | 13,252 |
| Supplemental Cash Flow Information: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ | 7,740 | \$ | 8,859 | \$ | 15,146 |
| Cash paid for income taxes | \$ | 215 | \$ | 17 | \$ | 99 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

# SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 

## Note 1 <br> Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presentation

Principles of Consolidation: The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Spartan Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Spartan Stores"). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods might differ from those estimates.

Risks and Uncertainties: Unions represent approximately $16 \%$ of our associates. Contracts covering approximately 600 distribution center and transportation associates will expire in October 2006. A contract covering an additional 160 distribution center and transportation associates will expire in April 2010. Contracts covering approximately 450 retail associates will expire between June 2006 and February 2009.

Fiscal Year: Spartan Stores' fiscal year ends on the last Saturday of March. The fiscal years ended March 25, 2006, March 26, 2005 and March 27, 2004 each consisted of 52 weeks.

Revenue Recognition: The Retail segment recognizes revenues from the sale of products at the point of sale. The Distribution segment recognizes revenues when products are shipped or ancillary services are provided.

Cost of Sales: Cost of sales includes purchase costs, freight, physical inventory adjustments, markdowns and promotional allowances. Vendor allowances that relate to our buying and merchandising activities consist primarily of promotional allowances, which are generally allowances on purchased quantities and, to a lesser extent, slotting allowances, which are billed to vendors for our merchandising costs such as setting up warehouse infrastructure. Vendor allowances are recognized as a reduction in cost of sales when the related product is sold. Lump sum payments received for multi-year contracts are amortized over the life of the contracts based on contractual terms.

Fair Value Disclosures of Financial Instruments: Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable and long-term debt. The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, and accounts and notes payable approximate fair value at March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005 because of the short-term nature of these financial instruments. The estimated carrying value of long-term debt approximates its fair value at March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005 due to variable interest rates that cover a majority of the long-term debt and a comparison of fixed rate debt to estimated rates that would currently be available for debt with similar terms and maturities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase.

Accounts Receivable: Accounts receivable are shown net of allowances for credit losses of $\$ 2.6$ million in fiscal 2006 and $\$ 3.4$ million in fiscal 2005. Spartan Stores evaluates the adequacy of its allowances by analyzing the aging of receivables, customer financial condition, historical collection experience, the value of collateral and other economic and industry factors.

Inventory Valuation: Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market using the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method. If replacement cost had been used, inventories would have been $\$ 42.1$ million and $\$ 41.3$ million higher at March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005, respectively. During fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, certain inventory quantities were reduced. The reductions resulted in liquidation of LIFO inventory carried at lower costs prevailing in prior years, the effect of which decreased the LIFO provision in fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 by $\$ 0.9$ million and $\$ 0.6$ million, respectively.

Spartan Stores utilizes the retail inventory method to value inventory for the Retail segment. Under the retail inventory method, inventory is stated at cost with cost of goods sold and gross margin calculated by applying a cost ratio to the retail value of inventories. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2004, Spartan Stores implemented a stock

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

ledger inventory and margin management system that significantly enhanced its ability to calculate and track gross margin and inventory balances on a weekly basis. The stock ledger automatically captures purchase costs, retail prices and markdowns at the transaction level, making our inventory valuation estimates more precise. Spartan Stores recorded a pretax non-cash charge of $\$ 3.7$ million ( $\$ 2.4$ million after tax) in Cost of sales in fiscal 2004 as a result of the implementation of this system.

Long-Lived Assets Other than Goodwill: Spartan Stores reviews and evaluates long-lived assets for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. When the undiscounted future cash flows are not sufficient to recover an asset's carrying amount, the fair value is compared to the carrying value to determine the impairment loss to be recorded. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value, less the cost to sell. Fair values are determined by independent appraisals or expected sales prices developed by internal licensed real estate professionals. Estimates of future cash flows and expected sales prices are judgments based upon Spartan Stores' experience and knowledge of operations. These estimates project cash flows several years into the future and are affected by changes in the economy, real estate market conditions and inflation.

Property and Equipment Held for Sale: Property and equipment held for sale consists of land, buildings and equipment that Spartan Stores expects to sell within 12 months. The assets are included in the following segments:
(in thousands)

|  | 2006 |  | 2005 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Distribution | \$ | 1,567 | \$ | 2,483 |
| Retail |  | 3,278 |  | - |
| Discontinued operations |  | 1,789 |  | 1,372 |
| Total | \$ | 6,634 | \$ | 3,855 |

Goodwill: Goodwill represents the excess purchase price over the fair value of tangible net assets acquired in business combinations after amounts have been allocated to intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortized, but is reviewed at least annually for impairment using a discounted cash flow model.

Other Assets: Included in Other assets are intangibles and debt issuance costs. Intangible assets primarily consist of favorable lease agreements and non-compete agreements, which are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease terms of 8 to 20 years, or the non-compete agreement length of 3 to 15 years. Debt issuance costs are amortized over the term of the related financing agreement.

Property and Equipment: Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful lives or lease periods of the assets. Expenditures for normal repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method as follows:

Land improvements
Buildings and improvements
Equipment

$$
\begin{array}{r}
15 \text { years } \\
15 \text { to } 40 \text { years } \\
3 \text { to } 10 \text { years }
\end{array}
$$

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Software development costs are generally capitalized and amortized between 3 and 7 year periods commencing as each system is implemented.

Gains on the sales of property and equipment totaled $\$ 1.4$ million, $\$ .8$ million and $\$ 0$ in fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004, respectively. Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment is included in Other, net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Accounts Payable: Accounts payable also include checks that have been issued and have not cleared Spartan Stores' controlled disbursement bank accounts.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Insurance Reserves: Insurance reserves include provisions for workers' compensation, health and property insurance for which Spartan Stores is self-insured. Losses are recorded when reported and consist of individual case estimates. Incurred but not reported losses are actuarially estimated based on available historical information. Also included is a provision for losses related to reinsurance policies that insure the run-off of retained risk associated with the discontinued Insurance segment.

Income Taxes: Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future. Such deferred income tax asset and liability computations are based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Derivative Financial Instruments: Spartan Stores previously used interest rate swap agreements that expired on June 30, 2003. The agreements effectively converted a portion of variable rate debt to a fixed rate basis. These agreements were considered to be a hedge against changes in future cash flows. Accordingly, the related gain or loss on these contracts was deferred in shareholders' equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Stock-Based Compensation: Spartan Stores has stock incentive plans, which are more fully described in Note 11. Spartan Stores accounts for stock option grants in accordance with SFAS No. 123, and as allowed by this statement recognizes expense using the intrinsic value method prescribed by APB Opinion No. 25 and related Interpretations. No stock-based compensation cost for stock options is reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, as all options granted under the plan had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. The following table illustrates the effect on net earnings (loss) and earnings (loss) per share as if Spartan Stores had applied the fair value recognition principles of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to stock options granted to employees:
(In thousands, except per share data)

|  | 2006 |  | 2005 |  | 2004 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net earnings (loss), as reported | \$ | 18,172 | \$ | 18,826 | \$ | $(6,698)$ |
| Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects |  | (328) |  | (307) |  | (442) |
| Pro forma net earnings (loss) | \$ | 17,844 | \$ | 18,519 | \$ | $(7,140)$ |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share - as reported | \$ | 0.87 | \$ | 0.92 | \$ | (0.33) |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share - pro forma | \$ | 0.86 | \$ | 0.91 | \$ | (0.36) |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share - as reported | \$ | 0.86 | \$ | 0.91 | \$ | (0.33) |

Diluted earnings (loss) per share - pro forma
\$ 0.84
\$
0.89
\$
(0.36)

Under SFAS No. 123, the fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

|  | 2006 |  | 2005 | 2004 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend yield | $0.00 \%$ |  | $0.00 \%$ | $39.00 \%$ |
| Expected volatility | $57.73 \%$ |  | $57.73 \%$ | $3.00 \%$ |
| Risk-free interest rate | $3.86 \%$ |  | $3.89 \%-4.41 \%$ | $3.19 \%-3.81 \%$ |
| Expected life of option | 7 years |  | 7 years | 8 years |

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Earnings (loss) per share: Basic earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net earnings (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is computed by increasing the weighted average number of common shares outstanding by the dilutive effect of the issuance of common stock for options outstanding under Spartan Stores' stock option plans.

Weighted average shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options that were not included in the earnings (loss) per share calculations because they were antidilutive were 618,593 in fiscal 2006, 1,018,889 in fiscal 2005 and 1,364,725 in fiscal 2004.

Advertising Costs: Spartan Stores' advertising costs are expensed as incurred and are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Advertising expenses were $\$ 8.6$ million in fiscal 2006, $\$ 9.9$ million in fiscal 2005 and $\$ 9.2$ million in fiscal 2004.

Comprehensive Income: Comprehensive income (loss) is net earnings (loss) adjusted for the net gain or loss on interest rate swap agreements, unrealized gains and losses on securities and minimum pension liability, net of applicable income taxes. The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) are as follows:

| (In thousands) | Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Securities |  | Interest Rate Swap Liability |  | Minimum <br> Pension <br> Liability |  | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balances at March 30, 2003 | \$ | 121 | \$ | (372) | \$ | $(2,565)$ | \$ | $(2,816)$ |
| Other comprehensive (loss) gain for 2004, net of tax of \$1,418 |  | (121) |  | 372 |  | 2,383 |  | 2,634 |
| Balances at March 27, 2004 |  | - |  | - |  | (182) |  | (182) |
| Other comprehensive loss for 2005, net of tax of \$11 |  | - |  | - |  | (21) |  | (21) |
| Balances at March 26, 2005 |  | - |  | - |  | (203) |  | (203) |
| Other comprehensive loss for 2006, net of tax of $\$ 39$ |  | - |  | - |  | (73) |  | (73) |
| Balances at March 25, 2006 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (276) | \$ | (276) |

Recently Issued Accounting Standards: In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment" that will require compensation costs related to share-based payment transactions to be recognized in the consolidated financial statements. With limited exceptions, the amount of compensation cost will be measured based on the grant date fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. In addition, liability awards will be remeasured each reporting period. Compensation cost will be recognized over the period that an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award. SFAS No. 123(R) will require the immediate recognition at the date of grant of the full share-based compensation expense for grants to retirement eligible employees, as the explicit vesting period is non-substantive. SFAS No. 123(R) replaces SFAS No. 123, and supercedes APB Opinion No. 25 and related implementation guidance. This Statement became effective for Spartan Stores as of the beginning of fiscal 2007.

Spartan Stores adopted SFAS No. 123(R) using the "modified prospective" transition method beginning with the first quarter of fiscal 2007. Under this method, awards that are modified, granted, or settled on or after March 26, 2006 will be measured and accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R). In addition, in Spartan Stores' first quarter of fiscal 2007, expense must be recognized for unvested awards that were granted prior to Spartan Stores' adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), and the expense will be based on the fair value determined at the grant date under SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." As permitted by SFAS No. 123, Spartan Stores formerly accounted for share-based payments to employees using APB Opinion No. 25's intrinsic value method and, as such, recognized no compensation cost for employee stock options. Spartan Stores believes the impact on net earnings as a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) will be approximately $\$ 0.3$ million to $\$ 0.4$ million in fiscal 2007. Had Spartan Stores adopted SFAS No. 123(R) in prior periods, the impact of that standard would have approximated the impact of SFAS No. 123 as described in the disclosure of pro forma net income and earnings per share in Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143" ("FIN 47"). FIN 47 clarifies that the term "conditional asset retirement obligation" as used in FASB Statement No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," refers to a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and (or) method of settlement are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity. Accordingly, an entity is required to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation if the fair value of the liability can be reasonably estimated. FIN 47 became effective for Spartan Stores on March 25, 2006 and did not have a material effect on Spartan Stores' consolidated financial statements.

In June 2005, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 05-6, "Determining the Amortization Period for Leasehold Improvements Purchased after Lease Inception or Acquired in a Business Combination" ("EITF 05-6"). EITF 05-6 requires that leasehold improvements acquired in a business combination be amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the assets or a term that includes required lease periods and renewals that are deemed to be reasonably assured at the date of acquisition. EITF 05-6 also requires that leasehold improvements that are placed in service significantly after and not contemplated at or near the beginning of the lease term be amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the assets or a term that includes required lease periods and renewals that are deemed to be reasonably assured at the date the leasehold improvements are purchased. EITF 05-6 was adopted starting with Spartan Stores' fiscal 2006 second quarter beginning September 11, 2005. Spartan Stores' historical accounting policies comply with these provisions and, consequently, the adoption of EITF 05-6 did not have a material effect on Spartan Stores' consolidated financial statements.

In October 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position FAS 13-1, "Accounting for Rental Costs Incurred During a Construction Period" ("FSP FAS 13-1"). FSP FAS 13-1 requires rental costs associated with building or ground leases incurred during a construction period to be recognized as rental expense. FSP FAS 13-1 was effective for the first reporting period beginning after December 15, 2005, and Spartan Stores adopted FSP FAS 13-1 starting with the fiscal fourth quarter beginning January 1, 2006. The impact of FSP FAS 13-1 did not have a material effect on Spartan Stores' consolidated financial statements.

Revision: In fiscal 2006 the operating, investing and financing portions of the cash flows attributable to discontinued operations have been separately disclosed, which in prior periods were reported on a combined basis as a single amount.

Reclassifications: Certain reclassifications have been made to the fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004 financial statements to conform to the fiscal 2006 presentation.

Note 2

## Acquisition of Assets

On March 27, 2006, Spartan Stores acquired certain operating assets of D\&W Food Centers, Inc. and D\&W Associate Resources, LLC (together "D\&W"), a privately-held Grand Rapids, Michigan-based retail grocery operator with 20 retail stores located in West Michigan. The acquisition was made to obtain the store locations and operations of D\&W, to diversify our retail offering with a more perishable oriented operation, to solidify and grow market share and to realize numerous synergies. The purchased assets included leasehold improvements, fixtures, tangible personal property, equipment, trademarks, trade names, intangible property and inventories. Spartan Stores paid a total cash purchase price of $\$ 47.9$ million for these operations. Spartan Stores assumed D\&W's lease obligations for the 20 stores and the central commissary as well as specified contracts. Spartan Stores continues to operate 16 of the former

D\&W stores and the commissary. The funds used for the transaction were drawn under Spartan Stores' existing bank credit facilities.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition.

| (In thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 27, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current assets | \$ | 5,035 |
| Goodwill |  | 68,111 |
| Favorable leases |  | 1,365 |
| Other intangible assets |  | 1,211 |
| Property and equipment, net |  | 21,083 |
| Total assets acquired |  | 96,805 |
| Current liabilities |  | 2,744 |
| Capital lease obligations, less current portion |  | 21,377 |
| Exit cost reserves, less current portion |  | 17,488 |
| Unfavorable leases |  | 7,274 |
| Total liabilities assumed |  | 48,883 |
| Net assets acquired | \$ | 47,922 |

Goodwill of $\$ 45.2$ million and $\$ 22.9$ million was assigned to the Retail and Distribution segments, respectively, based upon the expected benefits to be derived from the business combination. Goodwill of $\$ 68.1$ million is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Amortizable intangible assets acquired consisted of favorable leases and amounted to $\$ 1.4$ million. The weighted average amortization period is 10.9 years. Other intangible assets acquired include $\$ 1.2$ million of licenses for the sale of alcoholic beverages. The licenses have an indefinite life and therefore are not amortized.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Future lease commitments under the assumed capital and operating leases are as follows:
(In thousands)


Capital lease assets resulting from the D\&W acquisition had a value of $\$ 14.2$ million on March 27, 2006.

## Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

The following tables provide unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information for Spartan Stores after giving effect to the acquisition described above and the assumptions and adjustments described in the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements. This information is based on adjustments to the historical consolidated financial statements of Spartan Stores and D\&W using the purchase method of accounting for business combinations. The pro forma adjustments do not include any of the cost savings and other synergies anticipated to result from the acquisition. These pro forma results are based on assumptions considered appropriate by management and include all material adjustments as considered necessary. These pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of results that would have actually been reported as of the date or for the year presented had the acquisition taken place on such date or at the beginning of the year indicated, or to project Spartan Stores' financial position or results of operations which may be reported in the future.

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of March 25, 2006 is based upon the historical consolidated financial statements of Spartan Stores and D\&W as of that period. The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of earnings for the year ended March 25, 2006 is based upon the historical consolidated financial statements of Spartan Stores and D\&W for that period. The pro forma adjustments are
described in the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements.
The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited historical financial statements of Spartan Stores included in this report and the audited historical financial statements of D\&W found in Exhibit 99 of this Annual Report.

# SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) 

## Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet <br> March 25, 2006

| (In thousands) | Spartan Stores ${ }^{1}$ |  | D\& ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  | Pro Forma Adjustments ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | Pro Forma Combined |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 7,655 | \$ | 2,225 | \$ | $(2,221)$ | (a) | \$ | 7,659 |
| Accounts receivable, net |  | 45,280 |  | 3,730 |  | $(4,212)$ | (a)(b) |  | 44,798 |
| Inventories |  | 95,892 |  | 7,984 |  | $(3,459)$ | (a)(c) |  | 100,417 |
| Other current assets |  | 18,868 |  | 425 |  | 1,437 | (a)(d)(f) |  | 20,730 |
| Total current assets |  | 167,695 |  | 14,364 |  | $(8,455)$ |  |  | 173,604 |
| Other assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill, net |  | 72,555 |  | 852 |  | 68,261 | (a)(g) |  | 141,668 |
| Other, net |  | 23,169 |  | 751 |  | (419) | (a)(d)(e)(f) |  | 23,501 |
| Total other assets |  | 95,724 |  | 1,603 |  | 67,842 |  |  | 165,169 |
| Property and equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land, buildings and improvements |  | 134,364 |  | 35,160 |  | $(18,856)$ | (a)(h) |  | 150,668 |
| Equipment |  | 216,082 |  | 62,216 |  | $(57,437)$ | (a)(h) |  | 220,861 |
| Total property and equipment |  | 350,446 |  | 97,376 |  | $(76,293)$ |  |  | 371,529 |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization |  | 235,268 |  | 75,691 |  | $(75,691)$ | (a)(h) |  | 235,268 |
| Net property and equipment |  | 115,178 |  | 21,685 |  | (602) |  |  | 136,261 |
| Total assets | \$ | 378,597 | \$ | 37,652 | \$ | 58,785 |  | \$ | 475,034 |

## LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

## Current liabilities

| Accounts payable | \$ | 90,992 | \$ | 15,072 | \$ | $(15,042)$ | (a)(b)(j) | \$ | 91,022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accrued payroll and benefits |  | 29,826 |  | 2,887 |  | $(2,548)$ | (a)(j) |  | 30,165 |
| Other accrued expenses |  | 24,466 |  | 5,129 |  | $(2,548)$ | (a)(i) |  | 27,047 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt and capital lease obligations |  | 1,675 |  | 10,464 |  | $(9,803)$ | (k) |  | 2,336 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 146,959 |  | 33,552 |  | $(29,941)$ |  |  | 150,570 |

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| Other long-term liabilities |  | 22,206 |  | 5,122 |  | 19,641 | (a)(e)(i) |  | 46,969 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Long-term debt and capital lease obligations |  | 64,015 |  | 18,170 |  | 49,893 | (k) |  | 132,078 |
| Shareholders' equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common stock |  | 123,256 |  | 5 |  | (5) | (1) |  | 123,256 |
| Other |  | $(3,149)$ |  | 186 |  | (186) | (1) |  | $(3,149)$ |
| Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) |  | 25,310 |  | $(19,383)$ |  | 19,383 | (1) |  | 25,310 |
| Total shareholders' equity (deficiency) |  | 145,417 |  | $(19,192)$ |  | 19,192 |  |  | 145,417 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ | 378,597 | \$ | 37,652 | \$ | 58,785 |  | \$ | 475,034 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

# SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) 

## Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Earnings <br> Year ended March 25, 2006

| (In thousands, except per share amounts) | Spartan Stores ${ }^{4}$ |  | D\& ${ }^{5}$ |  | Pro Forma Adjustments ${ }^{6}$ |  | Pro Forma Combined |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | \$ | 2,039,926 | \$ | 244,773 | \$ | $(40,865)(\mathrm{m})(\mathrm{n})$ | \$ | 2,243,834 |
| Cost of goods sold |  | 1,657,742 |  | 172,581 |  | $(39,899)(\mathrm{m})(\mathrm{n})(\mathrm{r})$ |  | 1,790,424 |
| Gross margin |  | 382,184 |  | 72,192 |  | (966) |  | 453,410 |
| Operating expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative |  | 344,095 |  | 72,371 |  | $(12,786)(\mathrm{m})(\mathrm{o})(\mathrm{p})(\mathrm{r})$ |  | 403,680 |
| Provision for asset impairment and exit costs |  | 1,057 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,057 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 345,152 |  | 72,371 |  | $(12,786)$ |  | 404,737 |
| Operating earnings (loss) |  | 37,032 |  | (179) |  | 11,820 |  | 48,673 |
| Other income and expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense |  | 7,669 |  | 3,579 |  | 2,009 (q) |  | 13,257 |
| Other, net |  | $(1,306)$ |  | (204) |  | 204 |  | $(1,306)$ |
| Other income and expenses, net |  | 6,363 |  | 3,375 |  | 2,213 |  | 11,951 |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes and discontinued operations |  | 30,669 |  | $(3,554)$ |  | 9,607 |  | 36,722 |
| Income taxes |  | 10,307 |  |  |  | 3,732 (s)(t) |  | 14,039 |
| Earnings (loss) from continuing operations | \$ | 20,362 | \$ | $(3,554)$ | \$ | 5,875 | \$ | 22,683 |

Basic earnings per share from continuing operations: \$ 0.98
\$
1.09

Diluted earnings per share from continuing
\$ 0.96 operations:

Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

## Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements

1. Represents the historical audited balance sheet of Spartan Stores as of March 25, 2006.
2. Represents the historical audited balance sheet of $D \& W$ as of December 25, 2005.
3. Represents the pro forma adjustments required to account for the acquisition as a purchase as of March 25,2006 , including the following:
(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
(g)
(h)
(j)
(k)
(1)

To eliminate $\mathrm{D} \& \mathrm{~W}$ assets and liabilities not acquired or assumed.
To eliminate receivable and payable between Spartan Stores and D\&W.
To record inventories at fair market value, including the elimination of the LIFO reserve.
To record deferred taxes on assets acquired and liabilities assumed.
To record favorable and unfavorable leases assumed.
To adjust other assets acquired to fair value.
To record goodwill in connection with the acquisition including legal and professional directly related to the acquisition.
To adjust property and equipment acquired to fair value and eliminate historical accumulated depreciation.
To record exit costs related to acquired closed store locations and estimated future restructurings.
To record other liabilities assumed.
To reflect the financing transactions related to the acquisition. Such financing was presented assuming borrowings under Spartan Stores' revolving credit facility.
To eliminate D\&W's historical shareholders' equity.
4. Represents the historical audited statement of earnings of Spartan Stores for the year ended March 25, 2006.
5. Represents the historical audited statement of operations of D\&W for the year ended December 25, 2005. Certain reclassifications have been made to the historical Statement of Operations of D\&W to conform to the classifications used by Spartan Stores.
6. Represents the pro forma adjustments required to account for the acquisition as a purchase as of March 27, 2005, including the following:

| (m) | To eliminate certain business operations of D\&W not acquired. |
| :---: | :---: |
| (n) | To eliminate sales and purchases transactions between Spartan Stores and D\&W. |
| (o) | To adjust rent expense for changes resulting from the fair valuation of leases assumed. |
| (p) | To adjust depreciation expense for changes resulting from the fair valuation of property and equipment acquired. |
| (q) | To record interest expense associated with borrowings incurred in connection with the acquisition and to eliminate interest expense related to $\mathrm{D} \& \mathrm{~W}$ debt not assumed. |
| (r) | To record incremental gross profit and selling, general and administrative expenses to the Distribution segment due to increased volume resulting from the acquisition. |
| (s) | To record provision for federal income taxes as a " C " corporation based on D\&W's historical results as D\&W was a Subchapter S corporation. |
| (t) | To record provision for federal income taxes on the pro forma adjustments. |

Spartan Stores expects to incur approximately $\$ 1.0$ million, $\$ .6$ million after-tax, of start up costs during fiscal 2007 related to training, cleaning the stores and restocking shelves. These costs were not considered in the preceding pro forma condensed combined statement of operations.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 3

## Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," provides that intangible assets with finite useful lives be amortized and that goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives not be amortized, but tested at least annually for impairment. Any impairment loss incurred subsequent to initial adoption of SFAS No. 142 is recorded as a charge to current period earnings. SFAS No. 142 also requires that goodwill be assigned to reporting units based upon the expected benefits to be derived from synergies resulting from the business combination.

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill were as follows:

| (In thousands) | Retail |  | Grocery |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at March 28, 2004 | \$ | 41,759 | \$ | 30,346 | \$ | 72,105 |
| Other |  | 210 |  | - |  | 210 |
| Balance at March 26, 2005 |  | 41,969 |  | 30,346 |  | 72,315 |
| Other |  | 240 |  | - |  | 240 |
| Balance at March 25, 2006 | \$ | 42,209 | \$ | 30,346 | \$ | 72,555 |

The following table reflects the components of amortized intangible assets, included in Other, net on the Consolidated Balance Sheets:

| (In thousands) | March 25, 2006 |  |  |  | March 26, 2005 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross <br> Carrying <br> Amount |  | Accumulated Amortization |  | Gross <br> Carrying <br> Amount |  | Accumulated Amortization |  |
| Non-compete agreements | \$ | 4,682 | \$ | 2,106 | \$ | 4,332 | \$ | 1,619 |
| Favorable leases |  | 2,506 |  | 1,290 |  | 2,506 |  | 1,104 |
| Total | \$ | 7,188 | \$ | 3,396 | \$ | 6,838 | \$ | 2,723 |

The weighted average amortization period of non-compete agreements, favorable leases, and intangible assets in total is 9.4 years, 13.2 years and 10.4 years, respectively. Amortization expense for intangible assets was $\$ 0.7$ million for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. Estimated amortization expense for each of the five succeeding fiscal years is as follows:

| (In thousands) | Amortization <br> Expense |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | $\$$ |
| 2008 |  | 592 |  |
| 2009 |  |  | 542 |
| 500 |  |  |  |

## Note 4 <br> Discontinued Operations

Spartan Stores' former convenience distribution operations, insurance operations and certain of its retail, Distribution and real estate operations have been recorded as discontinued operations. Results of the discontinued operations are excluded from the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements for all periods presented, unless otherwise noted.

# SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) 

## Convenience Distribution Operations

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2004, Spartan Stores completed the sale of the operating assets of United Wholesale Grocery Company ("United"). Proceeds received on the sale of these assets were $\$ 16.9$ million. The asset sale included a continuing supply agreement between Spartan Stores and the new owner; however, this supply agreement does not constitute a significant continuing involvement, as defined by SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." As such, the operations and discontinued cash flows of United have been eliminated from the ongoing operations of Spartan Stores.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2004 Spartan Stores completed the sale of substantially all the assets of L\&L/Jiroch Distributing Company and J.F. Walker Company to The H.T. Hackney Co. for approximately $\$ 40.8$ million in cash and the assumption of certain liabilities. In fiscal 2006, a pre-tax gain of $\$ 1.5$ million was recognized in anticipation of liquidation of the convenience distribution entities.

## Insurance Operations

At March 25, 2006, Spartan Stores had approximately $\$ 1.7$ million remaining in insurance reserves for open claim liabilities related to policies that were not ceded (transferred) to an unrelated third party. Spartan Stores will remain obligated under these policies until all claims are closed and has retained an independent third party administrator to manage these claims. Spartan Stores has not issued policies since December 31, 2001, and retains liability only for those policies issued prior to September 1, 2000. In fiscal 2005, a $\$ 1.2$ million credit was recorded based upon better than anticipated claims results, which resulted in lower actuarial determined liabilities. Net loss from the insurance operations from the measurement date, January 2001, to March 25, 2006 totaled $\$ 1.8$ million.

## Retail Operations

During fiscal 2003, Spartan Stores closed 15 retail stores and announced the closing of 13 of its Food Town retail stores principally located in Toledo, Ohio and outlying areas, with the remaining 26 Food Town stores to be sold or closed. During fiscal 2004, Spartan Stores completed the sale of 24 Food Town stores for net proceeds of $\$ 42.1$ million. Stores not sold were closed.

Spartan Stores anticipates that it will be subject to a partial withdrawal liability from a multi-employer pension plan related to the 2003 closures of certain of its discontinued Food Town stores when a final determination is made after June 30, 2006. Recent estimates provided by the trustees of the multi-employer pension plan indicate that there will be an underfunded liability which Spartan Stores believes to have resulted from a change in actuarial assumptions, investment performance, other employers' withdrawals, or a combination of these factors, occurring subsequent to the closure of these stores. Spartan Stores intends to challenge such a determination prior to settling the partial withdrawal liability when assessed after June 2006. Spartan Stores has estimated its liability based on available preliminary information and recorded an after-tax charge of approximately $\$ 1.1$ million in Discontinued Operations in the third quarter of fiscal 2006.

Spartan Stores continually monitors specific market conditions for its discontinued operations real estate. During fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004 Spartan Stores recorded an additional liability of $\$ 2.2$ million, $\$ 1.4$ million and $\$ 2.6$ million, respectively, for changes in its estimated sublease income due to revised estimates of such offsets to its closed store lease liabilities.

## Distribution Operations

Spartan Stores consolidated its Toledo, Ohio distribution operations into its Michigan facilities during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003. As a result of the decision to exit the Food Town stores, the operations related to these facilities were classified as discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements because the operations and cash flows of these facilities were substantially eliminated from ongoing operations. Spartan Stores continues to distribute to its The Pharm stores in Ohio from its distribution facilities in Michigan.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

## Real Estate Operations

In fiscal 2004 and 2003, Spartan Stores sold properties representing substantially all of the remaining assets and operations of its former Real Estate segment; accordingly, the results of operations of the discontinued components of the Real Estate segment and the net gain (loss) on disposal have been reported as discontinued operations.

A summary of the results of discontinued operations reported in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and significant assets and liabilities of discontinued operations reported in the Consolidated Balance Sheets are included below:
(In thousands, except per share data)


In accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 87-24, "Allocation of Interest to Discontinued Operations," interest was allocated to discontinued operations based on the debt that was required to be repaid as a result of asset dispositions. Interest expense of $\$ 1.9$ million was allocated to, and is included in, Loss from discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for fiscal 2004. Interest expense was not allocated to discontinued
operations in fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2006, as all related debt has been paid as a result of the disposal of these operations.

## Note 5

## Asset Impairments and Exit Costs

The Distribution segment recognized an asset impairment charge of $\$ 0.3$ million in fiscal 2006 related to banana ripening equipment that has been replaced. This equipment has been upgraded to the latest technology and the produce storage facility has been upgraded to accomodate increased produce sales volumes from new customers and expanded contracts with existing customers.

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## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The Retail segment recognized charges of $\$ 0.7$ million in fiscal 2006 for asset impairment and store and office facility exit costs, which include the present value of future minimum lease payments, calculated using a risk-free interest rate, and related ancillary costs from the date of closure to the end of the remaining lease term, net of estimated sublease recoveries, as well as severance benefits.

The following table provides the activity of exit costs for fiscal years 2006, 2005 and 2004. Exit costs recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets are included in Other accrued expenses in Current liabilities and Other long-term liabilities based on when the costs are expected to be paid.

| (In thousands) | Lease and Ancillary Costs |  | Severance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at March 30, 2003 | \$ | 18,973 | \$ | 3,866 |
| Provision for lease and related ancillary costs, net of estimated sublease recoveries |  | 2,578(a) |  | - |
| Assumption of leases |  | 3,347 |  | - |
| Provision for severance |  | - |  | 3,299(a) |
| Payments, net of interest accretion |  | $(6,560)$ |  | $(6,542)$ |
| Balance at March 27, 2004 |  | 18,338 |  | 623 |
| Provision for lease and related ancillary costs, net of estimated sublease recoveries |  | 1,400(a) |  | - |
| Provision for pension withdrawal liability |  | 1,700(b) |  | - |
| Payments, net of interest accretion |  | $(5,918)$ |  | (456) |
| Balance at March 26, 2005 |  | 15,520 |  | 167 |
| Provision for lease and related ancillary costs, net of estimated sublease recoveries |  | 2,719(c) |  | - |
| Provision for pension withdrawal liability |  | 1,654(b) |  | - |
| Provision for severance |  | - |  | 46 |
| Payments, net of interest accretion |  | $(4,576)$ |  | (213) |
| Balance at March 25, 2006 | \$ | 15,317 | \$ | - |

(a) Recorded in discontinued operations.
(b) Represents pension withdrawal liabilities from multi-employer pension plans affiliated with the former discontinued Food Town supermarkets. The $\$ 1.7$ million charge in fiscal 2005 is being paid over seven years. The $\$ 1.7$ million charge in fiscal 2006 is discussed in Note 4. Both charges were recorded in discontinued operations.
(c) Includes $\$ 2.2$ million of charges recorded in discontinued operations.

# SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) 

Note 6

## Long-Term Debt

Spartan Stores' long-term debt consists of the following:

| (In thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Senior secured revolving credit facility, due December 2010 | \$ | 55,538 | \$ | 82,036 |
| Notes payable, due June 2007, monthly principal payments of variable amounts |  | 3,835 |  | 4,223 |
| Other |  | 6,317 |  | 8,535 |
|  |  | 65,690 |  | 94,794 |
| Less current portion |  | 1,675 |  | 2,848 |
| Total long-term debt | \$ | 64,015 | \$ | 91,946 |

Effective December 9, 2005, Spartan Stores amended its existing senior secured revolving credit facility. The amendment increased the senior secured revolving credit facility ("credit facility") to $\$ 225.0$ million from its original $\$ 215.0$ million and now matures in December 2010 rather than December 2008. In addition, a $\$ 15.0$ million Term B loan is included as part of the total $\$ 225.0$ million credit facility, which may be drawn upon at Spartan's option through June 1, 2006, and thereafter with bank approval of the specific need for the draw. The amended agreement provides increased flexibility for engaging in acquisitions and paying cash dividends. In addition, the amended agreement increases availability of credit on fixed assets, and increases the advance rates on certain categories of assets, resulting in additional availability. Interest rates under the amended agreement may be up to 50 basis points lower for London InterBank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") borrowings, depending on levels of excess availability under the agreement. The credit facility is secured by substantially all of Spartan Stores' assets.

Available borrowings under the credit facilities are based on stipulated advance rates on eligible assets, as defined in the credit agreements. The credit facility contains covenants that include the maintenance of minimum EBITDA and maximum capital expenditures, as defined in the credit agreement. These covenants will not be effective as long as Spartan Stores maintains a minimum excess availability level of $\$ 20.0$ million. Spartan Stores had available borrowings of $\$ 112.9$ million at March 25, 2006 and maximum availability of $\$ 122.9$ million. Payment of dividends and repurchases of outstanding shares are permitted up to a total of $\$ 15.0$ million per year, provided that excess availability of $\$ 20.0$ million is maintained. The credit facility provides for the issuance of letters of credit of which $\$ 10.5$ million were outstanding and unused as of March 25,2006 . Borrowings under the revolving credit portion of the facility bear interest at LIBOR plus $1.50 \%$ or the prime rate (weighted average interest rate of $6.28 \%$ at March 25, 2006), and borrowings under the Term B loan bear interest at LIBOR plus $3.50 \%$.

The weighted average interest rates including loan fee amortization for fiscal 2006, 2005 and fiscal 2004 were $9.56 \%$, $8.33 \%$ and $8.77 \%$, respectively.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

At March 25, 2006, long-term debt was due as follows:
(In thousands)

| Fiscal Year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 2007 | $\$$ | 1,675 |
| 2008 |  | 4,676 |
| 2009 | 593 |  |
| 2010 |  | 648 |
| 2011 | 56,246 |  |
| Thereafter | 1,852 |  |
|  | $\$$ | 65,690 |
|  |  |  |

## Note 7 <br> Commitments and Contingencies

Spartan Stores subleases property at six locations to customers and received rental income of $\$ 1.5$ million in fiscal 2006. In the event of the customer's default, Spartan Stores would be responsible for fulfilling these lease obligations. The future payment obligations under these leases are disclosed in Note 8.

Various other lawsuits and claims, arising in the ordinary course of business, are pending or have been asserted against Spartan Stores. While the ultimate effect of such actions cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes that their outcome will not result in a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, operating results or liquidity of Spartan Stores.

## Note 8

## Leases

Rental expense was $\$ 25.3$ million, $\$ 25.8$ million and $\$ 25.5$ million in fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004, respectively.

Future minimum obligations under operating leases in effect at March 25, 2006 (including with respect to properties that have been subleased) are as follows:
(In thousands)

Used in
Operations

Subleased to Others Total

| 2007 | \$ | 20,096 | \$ | 913 | \$ | 21,009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2008 |  | 18,237 |  | 727 |  | 18,964 |
| 2009 |  | 16,203 |  | 644 |  | 16,847 |
| 2010 |  | 14,415 |  | 553 |  | 14,968 |
| 2011 |  | 11,906 |  | 387 |  | 12,293 |
| Thereafter |  | 28,990 |  | 1,390 |  | 30,380 |
| Total | \$ | 109,847 | \$ | 4,614 | \$ | 114,461 |

One of Spartan Stores' subsidiaries leases retail store facilities to non-related entities. Of the stores leased, several are owned and others were obtained through leasing arrangements and are accounted for as operating leases. A majority of our leases provide for minimum and contingent rentals based upon stipulated sales volumes and contain renewal options. Certain of our leases contain escalation clauses.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Owned assets, included in property and equipment, which are leased to others are as follows:

| (In thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 26, \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land and improvements | \$ | 4,686 | \$ | 4,686 |
| Buildings |  | 2,480 |  | 2,480 |
|  |  | 7,166 |  | 7,166 |
| Less accumulated depreciation |  | 2,800 |  | 2,593 |
| Net property | \$ | 4,366 | \$ | 4,573 |

Future minimum rentals to be received under operating leases in effect at March 25, 2006 are as follows:
(In thousands)

| Fiscal Year | Owned <br> Property |  | Leased Property |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | \$ | 1,059 | \$ | 1,438 | \$ | 2,497 |
| 2008 |  | 970 |  | 1,122 |  | 2,092 |
| 2009 |  | 258 |  | 813 |  | 1,071 |
| 2010 |  | - |  | 703 |  | 703 |
| 2011 |  | - |  | 527 |  | 527 |
| Thereafter |  | - |  | 1,548 |  | 1,548 |
| Total | \$ | 2,287 | \$ | 6,151 | \$ | 8,438 |

## Note 9 <br> Associate Retirement Plans

Spartan Stores' retirement programs include pension plans providing non-contributory benefits and salary reduction defined contribution plans providing contributory benefits. Substantially all of Spartan Stores' associates not covered by collective bargaining agreements are covered by either a non-contributory cash balance pension plan ("Company Plan"), a defined contribution plan, or both. Associates covered by collective bargaining agreements are included in multi-employer pension plans.

Spartan Stores' Company Plan benefit formula utilizes a cash balance approach. Under the cash balance formula, credits are added annually to a participant's "account" based on a percent of the participant's compensation and years of vested service at the beginning of each calendar year. Transition credits are also added at Spartan Stores' discretion to certain participants' accounts until the year 2007 if certain age and years-of-service requirements are met. Spartan Stores suspended the accrual of service and transition credits to the Company Plan for fiscal 2004, while interest credits continued to accrue. The accrual of service and transition credits to the Company Plan were reinstated for
fiscal 2005; however, effective January 1, 2004, an amendment was made to the Company Plan, reducing service credits for certain participants and placing all participants on the same service credit schedule. At Spartan Stores' discretion, interest credits are also added annually to a participant's account based upon the participant's account balance as of the last day of the immediately preceding calendar year. Annual payments to the pension trust fund are determined in compliance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1976 ("ERISA"). Company Plan assets consist principally of common stocks and U.S. government and corporate obligations. At March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005 Company Plan assets included shares of Spartan Stores' common stock valued at $\$ 2.4$ million and $\$ 2.0$ million, respectively.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Spartan Stores also maintains a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP"), which provides nonqualified deferred compensation benefits to Spartan Stores' officers. Benefits under the SERP are paid from Spartan Stores' general assets, as there is no separate trust established to fund benefits. In fiscal 2004, $\$ 1.4$ million of a fiscal 2003 distribution was recognized as expense under settlement accounting, as described by SFAS No. 88, "Employers' Accounting for Settlements and Curtailments of Defined Benefit Pension Plans and for Termination Benefits."

Matching contributions made by Spartan Stores to salary reduction defined contribution plans totaled $\$ 2.0$ million, $\$ 2.0$ million and $\$ 2.6$ million in fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004, respectively.

In addition to the plans described above, Spartan Stores participates in several multi-employer and other defined contribution plans for substantially all associates covered by collective bargaining agreements. The expense for these plans totaled approximately $\$ 6.5$ million in fiscal 2006, $\$ 6.5$ million in fiscal 2005 and $\$ 6.4$ million in fiscal 2004.

The Multi-Employer Pension Plan Amendments Act of 1980 amended ERISA to establish funding requirements and obligations for employers participating in multi-employer plans, principally related to employer withdrawal from or termination of such plans. Separate actuarial calculations of Spartan Stores' position with respect to the multi-employer plans are not available.

Spartan Stores and certain subsidiaries provide health care benefits to retired associates who have at least 30 years of service or 10 years of service and have attained age 55 , and who were not covered by collective bargaining arrangements during their employment ("covered associates"). Qualified covered associates that retired prior to March 31, 1992 receive major medical insurance with deductible and coinsurance provisions until age 65 and Medicare supplemental benefits thereafter. Covered associates retiring after April 1, 1992 are eligible for monthly postretirement health care benefits of $\$ 5$ multiplied by the associate's years of service. This benefit is in the form of a credit against the monthly insurance premium. The balance of the premium is paid by the retiree.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The following tables set forth the change in benefit obligation, change in plan assets, weighted average assumptions used in actuarial calculations and components of net periodic benefit costs for Spartan Stores' pension and postretirement benefit plans. The accrued benefit costs are reported in Postretirement benefits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The measurement date was December 31 of each year.

| (In thousands, except percentages) | Pension Benefits |  |  |  | SERP Benefits |  |  |  | Postretirement Benefits |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | March 26,$2005$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 26, \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 26, \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Change in benefit obligation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefit obligation at beginning of year | \$ | 43,807 | \$ | 44,241 | \$ | 578 | \$ | 561 | \$ | 6,821 | \$ | 6,375 |
| Service cost |  | 3,011 |  | 3,438 |  | 16 |  | 20 |  | 214 |  | 227 |
| Interest cost |  | 2,307 |  | 2,605 |  | 31 |  | 33 |  | 383 |  | 389 |
| Actuarial loss |  | 1,763 |  | 825 |  | 135 |  | 52 |  | 518 |  | 136 |
| Benefits paid |  | $(3,944)$ |  | $(7,302)$ |  | (90) |  | (88) |  | (327) |  | (306) |
| Benefit obligation at measurement | \$ | 46,944 | \$ | 43,807 | \$ | 670 | \$ | 578 | \$ | 7,609 | \$ | 6,821 |
| Change in plan assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plan assets at fair value at beginning of year | \$ | 39,548 | \$ | 41,650 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Actual return on plan assets |  | 3,777 |  | 4,423 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Company contributions |  | 2,783 |  | 777 |  | 90 |  | 88 |  | 327 |  | 306 |
| Benefits paid |  | $(3,944)$ |  | $(7,302)$ |  | (90) |  | (88) |  | (327) |  | (306) |


| Plan assets at fair value at measurement date | \$ | 42,164 | \$ | 39,548 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Funded status | \$ | $(4,780)$ | \$ | $(4,259)$ | \$ | (670) | \$ | (578) | \$ | $(7,609)$ | \$ | $(6,821)$ |
| Unrecognized net gain |  | 8,147 |  | 7,564 |  | 453 |  | 335 |  | 1,889 |  | 1,414 |
| Unrecognized prior service cost |  | $(7,902)$ |  | $(8,592)$ |  | (16 ) |  | (17) |  | (840) |  | (903) |
| Unrecognized net transition obligation |  | - |  | 5 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Accrued benefit cost at measurement date |  | $(4,535)$ |  | $(5,282)$ |  | (233) |  | (260) |  | $(6,560)$ |  | $(6,310)$ |
| Contributions during fourth quarter |  | 463 |  | - |  | 15 |  | 15 |  | - |  | - |
| Accrued benefit cost at end of year | \$ | $(4,072)$ | \$ | $(5,282)$ | \$ | (218) | \$ | (245) | \$ | $(6,560)$ | \$ | $(6,310)$ |

Amounts recognized in the consolidated
balance sheets consist of: Accrued benefit liability Accumulated other comprehensive income


Weighted average assumptions at

## Measurement date

| Discount rate | $5.50 \%$ | $5.75 \%$ | $5.50 \%$ | $5.75 \%$ | $5.50 \%$ | $5.75 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expected return on plan assets | $8.50 \%$ | $8.50 \%$ | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Rate of compensation increase | $4.00 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ | N/A | N/A |

The accumulated benefit obligation for both of the defined benefit plans was $\$ 46.9$ million and $\$ 43.8$ million at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Components of net periodic benefit cost

| (In thousands) | Pension Benefits |  |  |  |  |  | SERP |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 26, \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 27, \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 27, \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 3,011 | \$ | 3,438 | \$ | 263 | \$ | 16 | \$ | 20 | \$ | - |
| Interest cost |  | 2,307 |  | 2,605 |  | 3,417 |  | 31 |  | 33 |  | 44 |
| Expected return on plan assets |  | $(2,892)$ |  | $(3,438)$ |  | $(3,860)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net amortization and deferral |  | (390) |  | (547) |  | (356) |  | 16 |  | 15 |  | 21 |
| Curtailment income |  | - |  | - |  | (172) |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Settlement expense |  | - |  | - |  | 726 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,444 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ | 2,036 | \$ | 2,058 | \$ | 18 | \$ | 63 | \$ | 68 | \$ | 1,509 |


|  | Postretirement Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Marc |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 26, \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 27, \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 214 | \$ | 227 | \$ | 232 |
| Interest cost |  | 383 |  | 389 |  | 398 |
| Net amortization and deferral |  | (20) |  | (26) |  | (16) |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ | 577 | \$ | 590 | \$ | 614 |

Spartan Stores has assumed an average long-term expected return on pension plan assets of $8.5 \%$ as of March 25, 2006. The expected return is based upon the assumption that future returns will approximate the historical long-term rates of return for each asset class.

Spartan Stores has an investment policy for the pension plan with a long-term asset allocation mix designed to meet the long-term retirement obligations. The asset allocation mix is reviewed annually and, on a regular basis, actual allocations are rebalanced to approximate the prevailing targets. The following table summarizes actual allocations as of December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004:

| Plan Assets |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Target | December 31, | December 31, |
| Range | 2005 | 2004 |
|  |  |  |

## Asset Category

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| Equity securities | $60.0-75.0 \%$ | $69.6 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income | $25.0-40.0$ |  |  |
|  |  | $100.0 \%$ | 30.4 |

The investment policy emphasizes the following key objectives: (1) maintain the purchasing power of the current assets and all future contributions by producing positive real rates of return on plan assets; (2) maximize return within reasonable and prudent levels of risk in order to minimize contributions; and (3) control costs of administering the plan and managing the investments.

Spartan Stores expects to contribute $\$ 2.2$ million to its defined benefit plans in fiscal 2007 to meet the minimum funding requirements.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The following estimated benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid in the following fiscal years:

| (In thousands) | Pension <br> Benefits | Other <br> Benefits |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 2007 | $\$$ | 2,776 | $\$$ |
| 2008 | 3,888 | 343 |  |
| 2009 | 3,073 | 357 |  |
| 2010 | 3,516 | 350 |  |
| 2011 | 3,787 | 362 |  |
| 2012 to 2016 | 23,042 | 373 |  |
|  |  | 1,960 |  |

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the postretirement plan. The assumed health care cost trend rate used in measuring the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation was $11.00 \%$ (decreasing . $50 \%$ per year to $5.00 \%$ ) for fiscal 2006 and $5.00 \%$ for fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004. A $1 \%$ increase in the assumed health care cost trend rate would increase the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation by $0.99 \%$ and the periodic postretirement benefit cost by $0.68 \%$. A $1 \%$ decrease in the assumed health care cost trend rate would decrease the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation by $0.90 \%$ and periodic postretirement benefit cost by $0.70 \%$.

Note 10

## Taxes on Income

The income tax provision for continuing operations is summarized as follows:

| (In thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 25, \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 27, \\ 2004 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Currently refundable | \$ | (136) | \$ | (84) | \$ | (79) |
| Deferred |  | 10,443 |  | 8,766 |  | $(3,108)$ |
| Total | \$ | 10,307 | \$ | 8,682 | \$ | $(3,187)$ |

The effective income tax rates are different from the statutory federal income tax rates for the following reasons:

|  | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Statutory income tax rate | $35.0 \%$ | $35.0 \%$ | $35.0 \%$ |
| Tax credits | $(0.3)$ | $(0.2)$ | 0.8 |
| Tax reserve adjustment | $(0.4)$ | $(4.6)$ | - |
| Other | $(0.7)$ | 0.2 | $(0.8)$ |

$33.6 \%$
Companies are regularly audited by federal and state tax authorities, which may result in proposed assessments and adjustments. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005, the Internal Revenue Service concluded its audit of the fiscal tax returns for 2001 through 2003. As a result of the audit, Spartan Stores released $\$ 2.0$ million in tax reserves that are no longer required with respect to these years, of which $\$ 1.3$ million and $\$ 0.7$ million, respectively, is reflected

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

in Income taxes and Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes, on the Consolidated Statements of Operations, respectively, for fiscal 2005.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities resulting from temporary differences as of March 25, 2006 and March 26, 2005 are as follows:

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2006 |  | 2005 |  |
| Deferred tax assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Employee benefits | \$ | 8,058 | \$ | 8,018 |
| Accounts receivable |  | 911 |  | 1,190 |
| Goodwill |  | 1,609 |  | 4,626 |
| Net operating loss carryforward |  | 9,755 |  | 11,983 |
| Asset impairment and closed store reserves |  | 5,209 |  | 5,476 |
| All other |  | 3,315 |  | 3,980 |
| Total deferred tax assets |  | 28,857 |  | 35,273 |
| Deferred tax liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation |  | 10,187 |  | 8,799 |
| Inventory |  | 2,079 |  | 1,901 |
| All other |  | 729 |  | 497 |
| Total deferred tax liabilities |  | 12,995 |  | 11,197 |
| Net deferred tax asset | \$ | 15,862 | \$ | 24,076 |

Spartan Stores has a net operating loss carryforward of $\$ 27.9$ million, of which $\$ 6.0$ million expires in fiscal year 2023 and $\$ 21.9$ million expires in fiscal 2024.

## Note 11 <br> Shareholders' Equity

Spartan Stores has two shareholder-approved stock incentive plans covering 3,200,000 shares of Spartan Stores' common stock, the Spartan Stores, Inc. 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2001 Plan") and the Spartan Stores, Inc. Stock Incentive Plan of 2005 (the "2005 Plan"). The plans provide for the granting of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock awards, and other stock-based awards to directors, officers and other key associates. As of March 25, 2006, no options or restricted stock were issued under the 2005 Plan.

Spartan Stores accounts for stock option grants in accordance with SFAS No. 123 and, as allowed by this statement, recognizes expense using the intrinsic value method prescribed by APB Opinion No. 25 and related Interpretations. Accordingly, no compensation cost has been recognized for stock option grants since the options have exercise prices

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equal to the fair market value at the date of grant. Options must be exercised within ten years of the date of grant.
Spartan Stores awarded 252,173 shares, 248,253 shares and 38,399 shares of restricted stock during fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004, respectively. The weighted average prices per share of the restricted shares when issued were $\$ 11.50, \$ 3.26$ and $\$ 4.93$ in fiscal 2006, fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004, respectively. These shares vest over a three to five year period and are subject to certain transfer restrictions and forfeiture prior to vesting. Deferred stock-based compensation, representing the fair value of the stock at the measurement date of the award, is amortized to compensation expense over the vesting period.

The authorization to grant options and restricted stock under the 2001 Plan terminates on May 8, 2011. The authorization to grant options and restricted stock under the 2005 Plan terminates on May 10, 2015. As of

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

March 25, 2006, 335,258 shares remained unissued under the 2001 Plan, and 1,200,000 shares remained unissued under the 2005 Plan. The following table also includes outstanding options granted under the 1991 Stock Option Plan.

|  | Shares Under Options |  |  | Weighted Average Fair Value of Options Granted |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Options outstanding at March 29, 2003 | 1,419,239 | \$ | 9.08 |  |  |
| Granted | 381,500 |  | 2.44 | \$ | 1.20 |
| Cancelled | $(370,399)$ |  | 8.81 |  |  |
| Options outstanding at March 27, 2004 | 1,430,340 | \$ | 7.38 |  |  |
| Granted | 121,278 |  | 3.26 | \$ | 2.03 |
| Exercised | $(20,646)$ |  | 3.33 |  |  |
| Cancelled | $(190,212)$ |  | 7.92 |  |  |
| Options outstanding at March 26, 2005 | 1,340,760 | \$ | 6.99 |  |  |
| Granted | 83,250 |  | 11.50 | \$ | 7.05 |
| Exercised | $(341,455)$ |  | 4.79 |  |  |
| Cancelled | $(73,612)$ |  | 8.15 |  |  |
| Options outstanding at March 25, 2006 | 1,008,943 | \$ | 8.03 |  |  |
| Options exercisable at March 25, 2006 | 696,340 | \$ | 8.98 |  |  |
| Options exercisable at March 26, 2005 | 669,779 | \$ | 8.70 |  |  |
| Options exercisable at March 27, 2004 | 482,295 | \$ | 9.58 |  |  |

The following tables summarize information concerning options outstanding and options exercisable at March 25, 2006:

Options Outstanding

| Exercise Prices | Options <br> Outstanding | Weighted Average <br> Remaining <br> Contractual Life <br> Years | Weighted Average <br> Exercise Price <br>  <br> $\$ 9.21-9.96$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |

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| $2.68-16.57$ |
| :---: |
| $1.75-5.65$ |
| $3.25-11.50$ |
| $\$ 1.75-16.57$ |


| 570,920 | 4.5-6.5 |  | 10.87 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 263,707 | 6.6-7.7 |  | 2.48 |
| 168,972 | 8.1-9.1 |  | 7.06 |
| 1,008,943 | 6.41 | \$ | 8.03 |

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

| Options Exercisable |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exercise Prices | Options Exercisable | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
| \$ 9.21-9.96 | 5,344 | \$ 9.77 |
| 2.68-16.57 | 514,611 | 11.17 |
| 1.75-5.65 | 153,612 | 2.47 |
| 3.25-11.50 | 22,774 | 3.26 |
| \$ 1.75-16.57 | 696,340 | \$ 8.98 |

Spartan Stores has a stock bonus plan covering 300,000 shares of Spartan Stores' common stock. Under the provisions of this plan, certain officers and key associates of Spartan Stores may elect to receive a portion of their annual bonus in common stock rather than cash and will be granted additional shares of common stock worth $30 \%$ of the portion of the bonus they elect to receive in stock. Stock issued under the stock bonus plan is accounted for in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25. Compensation expense is recorded based upon the market price of the stock as of the measurement date. At March 25, 2006, 185,320 shares remained unissued under the plan.

Spartan Stores had an associate stock purchase plan covering 700,000 shares of Spartan Stores' common stock. The plan provided that associates of Spartan Stores and its subsidiaries may purchase shares at $85 \%$ of the fair market value. At March 25, 2006, 282,321 shares had been issued under the plan. The plan was terminated on April 1, 2005.

Spartan Stores' restated articles of incorporation provide that the board of directors may at any time, and from time to time, provide for the issuance of up to 10 million shares of preferred stock in one or more series, each with such designations as determined by the board of directors. At March 25, 2006, there were no shares of preferred stock outstanding.

## Note 12

## Operating Segment Information

Using the management approach as required by SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information," Spartan Stores' operating segments are identified by products sold and customer profile and include the Distribution and Retail segments.

The operations of the Insurance, Real Estate and Convenience Distribution segments and a portion of the Retail and Distribution segments are classified as discontinued operations. Residual real estate business operations are considered to be immaterial under the criteria in SFAS No. 131 and have not been separately classified. Those operations have been recorded in the Distribution segment. See Note 4 for further discussion. Segment information for earlier periods has been restated to reflect changes in the composition of the reportable segments.

Spartan Stores' Distribution segment supplies independent retail customers and its own retail stores with dry grocery, produce, dairy products, meat, deli, bakery, beverages, frozen food, seafood, floral, general merchandise, pharmacy

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and health and beauty care items. Sales to independent retail customers and inter-segment sales are recorded based upon a "cost plus" model for grocery, frozen, dairy, pharmacy and health and beauty care items and a "variable mark-up" model for meat, deli, bakery, produce, seafood, floral and general merchandise products. To supply its wholesale customers, Spartan Stores operates a fleet of tractors, conventional trailers and refrigerated trailers, substantially all of which are leased by Spartan Stores.

The Retail segment operates supermarkets and deep-discount food and drug stores in Michigan and Ohio that typically offer dry grocery, produce, dairy products, meat, floral, seafood, health and beauty care, cosmetics, delicatessen and bakery goods, and over half of the stores offer pharmacy services.

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Identifiable assets represent total assets directly associated with the various operating segments. Eliminations in assets identified to segments include intercompany receivables, payables and investments.

The following tables set forth information by operating segment:

| (In thousands) | Grocery Distribution |  | Retail |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Ended March 25, 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 1,155,880 | \$ | 884,046 | \$ | 2,039,926 |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 8,281 |  | 11,741 |  | 20,022 |
| Operating earnings |  | 24,761 |  | 12,271 |  | 37,032 |
| Capital expenditures |  | 11,730 |  | 17,768 |  | 29,498 |
| Year Ended March 26, 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 1,120,637 | \$ | 922,550 | \$ | 2,043,187 |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 8,146 |  | 12,578 |  | 20,724 |
| Operating earnings |  | 24,528 |  | 12,969 |  | 37,497 |
| Capital expenditures |  | 6,377 |  | 18,977 |  | 25,354 |
| Year Ended March 27, 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 1,132,338 | \$ | 922,639 | \$ | 2,054,977 |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 8,681 |  | 17,196 |  | 25,877 |
| Operating earnings (loss) |  | 18,364 |  | $(5,802)$ |  | 12,562 |
| Capital expenditures |  | 3,972 |  | 7,567 |  | 11,539 |
|  | 2006 |  | 2005 |  | 2004 |  |
| Total assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distribution | \$ | 184,098 | \$ | 191,086 |  | 203,398 |
| Retail |  | 188,443 |  | 187,301 |  | 181,125 |
| Discontinued operations |  | 6,056 |  | 6,070 |  | 8,341 |
| Total | \$ | 378,597 | \$ | 384,457 | \$ | 392,864 |

## SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Note 13
Quarterly Financial Information (unaudited)
Earnings per share amounts for each quarter are required to be computed independently and may not equal the amount computed for the total year. Stock sales prices are based on transactions reported on The NASDAQ Stock Market.

| (In thousands, except per share data) | Fiscal 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Year (52 weeks) |  | $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter <br> (12 weeks) |  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter (16 weeks) |  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter <br> (12 weeks) |  | $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter <br> (12 weeks) |  |
| Net sales | \$ | 2,039,926 | \$ | 452,791 | \$ | 642,274 | \$ | 485,541 | \$ | 459,320 |
| Gross margin |  | 382,184 |  | 87,087 |  | 115,744 |  | 93,546 |  | 85,807 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes |  | 30,669 |  | 8,784 |  | 7,121 |  | 10,483 |  | 4,281 |
| Earnings from continuing operations |  | 20,362 |  | 5,709 |  | 4,770 |  | 7,068 |  | 2,815 |
| Discontinued operations, net of taxes |  | $(2,190)$ |  | (399) |  | $(1,413)$ |  | (215) |  | (163) |
| Net earnings |  | 18,172 |  | 5,310 |  | 3,357 |  | 6,853 |  | 2,652 |
| Earnings from continuing operations per share: Basic | \$ | 0.98 | \$ | 0.27 | \$ | 0.23 | \$ | 0.34 | \$ | 0.14 |
| Diluted |  | 0.96 |  | 0.27 |  | 0.22 |  | 0.33 |  | 0.13 |
| Net earnings per share: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.87 | \$ | 0.25 | \$ | 0.16 | \$ | 0.33 | \$ | 0.13 |
| Diluted |  | 0.86 |  | 0.25 |  | 0.16 |  | 0.32 |  | 0.12 |
| Common stock sale price - High | \$ | 15.50 | \$ | 13.43 | \$ | 11.45 | \$ | 15.50 | \$ | 14.80 |
| Common stock sale price - Low |  | 8.42 |  | 10.46 |  | 8.42 |  | 9.68 |  | 9.82 |

## Fiscal 2005

| (In thousands, except per share data) | Full Year (52 weeks) |  | $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter <br> (12 weeks) |  | 3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter (16 weeks) |  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter <br> (12 weeks) |  | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ Quarter (12 weeks) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | \$ | 2,043,187 | \$ | 457,644 | \$ | 624,517 | \$ | 486,701 | \$ | 474,325 |
| Gross margin |  | 386,671 |  | 88,328 |  | 117,352 |  | 95,091 |  | 85,900 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes |  | 28,545 |  | 6,099 |  | 8,921 |  | 10,911 |  | 2,614 |
| Earnings from continuing operations |  | 19,863 |  | 5,272 |  | 5,798 |  | 7,094 |  | 1,699 |
| Discontinued operations, net of taxes |  | $(1,037)$ |  | 525 |  | $(1,273)$ |  | (143) |  | (146) |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net earnings | 18,826 |  | 5,797 |  | 4,525 |  | 6,951 |  | 1,553 |  |
| Earnings from continuing operations per share: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.97 | \$ | 0.25 | \$ | 0.28 | \$ | 0.35 | \$ | 0.08 |
| Diluted |  | 0.96 |  | 0.25 |  | 0.28 |  | 0.35 |  | 0.08 |
| Net earnings per share: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.92 | \$ | 0.28 | \$ | 0.22 | \$ | 0.34 | \$ | 0.08 |
| Diluted |  | 0.91 |  | 0.28 |  | 0.22 |  | 0.34 |  | 0.08 |
| Common stock sale price - High | \$ | 11.40 | \$ | 11.40 | \$ | 6.70 | \$ | 4.45 | \$ | 4.96 |
| Common stock sale price - Low |  | 2.99 |  | 6.01 |  | 3.87 |  | 3.13 |  | 2.99 |

## Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

## Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

## Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of Spartan Stores' disclosure controls and procedures (as currently defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) was performed as of March 25, 2006 (the "Evaluation Date"). This evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of Spartan Stores' management, including its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"). As of the Evaluation Date, Spartan Stores' management, including the CEO and CFO, concluded that Spartan Stores' disclosure controls and procedures were effectively designed and operated to cause material information relating to Spartan Stores (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in Spartan Stores' periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission to be accumulated and communicated to management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

## Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of Spartan Stores, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Spartan Stores' internal controls were designed by, or under the supervision of, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and effected by the Company's Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of its financial reporting and the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of Spartan Stores; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of Spartan Stores are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of Spartan Stores; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of Spartan Stores' assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Management of Spartan Stores conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of its internal controls over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. This evaluation included review of the documentation of controls, evaluation of the design effectiveness of controls, testing of the operating effectiveness of controls and a conclusion on this evaluation. Through this evaluation, management did not identify any material weakness in the Company's internal control. There are inherent limitations in the effectiveness of any system of internal controls over financial reporting. Based on the evaluation, management has concluded that Spartan Stores' internal control over financial reporting was effective as of March 25, 2006.

## Attestation Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The registered public accounting firm that audited the financial statements included in this Form 10-K Annual Report has issued an attestation report on management's assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. The Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on its audit of management's assessment of
internal controls over financial reporting appearing in Item 8 of this Form 10-K Annual Report is here incorporated by reference.

## Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

During the last fiscal quarter, there was no significant change in Spartan Stores' internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, Spartan Stores' internal control over financial reporting.

## Item 9B. Other Information

This Item 9B amends the Form 8-K current report filed by Spartan Stores to report events on March 27, 2006 (the "Form 8-K"). As permitted by Form 8-K Item 9.01(a)(5), the company delayed filing of the financial statements required by Item 9.01(a)(4) and pro forma financial information required by Item 9.01(b)(2) and is filing those financial statements and pro forma financial information under Item 9B of this Annual Report. The Form 8-K is amended by this filing. As required by Item 9.01 of the Form 8-K, the financial statements of the business acquired, filed as Exhibit 99 to this Form 10-K Annual Report and the pro forma financial information contained in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K Annual Report are here incorporated by reference.

## PART III

## Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference from the sections entitled "The Board of Directors," "Spartan Stores' Executive Officers," "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" and "Code of Conduct and Business Ethics" in Spartan Stores' definitive proxy statement relating to its annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2006.

## Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference from the sections entitled "Executive Compensation" and "Compensation of Directors" in Spartan Stores' definitive proxy statement relating to its annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2006.

## Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference from the sections entitled "Ownership of Spartan Stores Stock" and the table captioned "Equity Compensation Plans" in Spartan Stores' definitive proxy statement relating to its annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2006.

## Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference from the section entitled "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions" in Spartan Stores' definitive proxy statement relating to its annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2006.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services
The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference from the section entitled "Independent Auditors" in Spartan Stores' definitive proxy statement relating to its annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2006.

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## PART IV

## Item 15.

## Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this Report:
1.
2.

Document

II
Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

Other schedules are omitted because the required information is either inapplicable or presented in the consolidated financial statements or related notes.

## 3. Exhibits.

## Exhibit

Number Document
2.1

Asset Purchase Agreement dated December 17, 2005, by and among Family Fare LLC, Prevo's Family Markets, Inc., D\&W Food Centers, Inc., and D\&W Associate Resources, LLC. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 22, 2005. Here incorporated by reference.
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\begin{array}{l}\text { Exhibit } \\
\text { Number }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Document }\end{array} \\
\hline 10.6 & \begin{array}{l}\text { First Amendment to Asset Purchase Agreement dated March 24, 2006 by and among Family Fare LLC, Prevo's Family } \\
\text { Markets, Inc., D\&W Food Centers, Inc., and D\&W Associate Resources, LLC. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan } \\
\text { Stores' Current Report on Form 8-K, filed March 30, 2006. Here incorporated by reference. }\end{array} \\
\text { 10.7* } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Spartan Stores, Inc. Annual Executive Incentive Plan of 2005. Previously filed as Appendix A to Spartan Stores' 2005 Proxy } \\
\text { Statement filed on June 24, 2005. Here incorporated by reference. }\end{array} \\
\text { 10.8* } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Spartan Stores, Inc. Stock Incentive Plan of 2005. Previously filed as Appendix B to Spartan Stores' 2005 Proxy Statement } \\
\text { filed on June 24, 2005. Here incorporated by reference. }\end{array}
$$ <br>

Form of Stock Option Grant to Officers. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Current Report on Form 8-K, filed\end{array}\right\}\)| June 14, 2005. Here incorporated by reference. |
| :--- |
| Form of Restricted Stock Award to Officers. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Current Report on Form 8-K, |
| filed June 14, 2005. Here incorporated by reference. |
| $10.10^{*}$ | | Form of Restricted Stock Award to Outside Directors. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Current Report on |
| :--- |
| Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005. Here incorporated by reference. |

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Exhibit
Number
Document
10.20 Amended and Restated Lease, dated as of January 26, 2000, between Plymouth Investors Limited Liability Company and Spartan Stores Distribution, LLC. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2001. Here incorporated by reference.

21 Subsidiaries of Spartan Stores, Inc.

23
Consents of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350. This exhibit is furnished, not filed, in accordance with SEC Release Number 33-8212.

99
Financial Statements of Business Acquired.

* These documents are management contracts or compensation plans or arrangements required to be filed as exhibits to this Form 10-K.


## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Spartan Stores, Inc. (the Registrant) has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SPARTAN STORES, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: May 19, 2006 By
/s/ Craig C. Sturken

Craig C. Sturken
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of Spartan Stores, Inc. and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

| May 19, 2006 | By | /s/ M. Shân Atkins |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | M. Shân Atkins Director |
| May 19, 2006 | By | /s/ Frank M. Gambino |
|  |  | Dr. Frank M. Gambino Director |
| May 19, 2006 | By | /s/ Frederick S. Morganthall, II, |
|  |  | Frederick S. Morganthall, II, Director |
| May 19, 2006 | By | /s/ Elizabeth A. Nickels |
|  |  | Elizabeth A. Nickels Director |
| May 19, 2006 | By | /s/ Timothy J. O'Donovan |
|  |  | Timothy J. O'Donovan Director |
| May 19, 2006 | By | /s/ Kenneth T. Stevens |
|  |  | Kenneth T. Stevens Director |
| May 19, 2006 | By | /s/ Craig C. Sturken |
|  |  | Craig C. Sturken Chairman, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer) |
| May 19, 2006 | By | /s/ James F. Wright |
|  |  | James F. Wright Director |

May 19, 2006
By
/s/ David M. Staples
David M. Staples
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and Accounting Officer)

## SCHEDULE II

SPARTAN STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS
(In thousands)

| COLUMN A | COLUMN B | COLUMN C | COLUMN D | COLUMNE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BALANCE AT | $\begin{gathered} \text { CHARGED } \\ \text { TO } \end{gathered}$ |  | BALANCE <br> AT |
|  | BEGINNING | COSTS AND |  | END OF |
| DESCRIPTION | OF YEAR | EXPENSES ${ }^{(A)}$ | DEDUCTIONS ${ }^{(8)}$ | YEAR |

ALLOWANCE FOR
CREDIT LOSSES:

| Year ended 3/27/04 | $\$$ | 6,349 | $\$$ | 2,090 | $\$$ | 3,671 | $\$$ | 4,768 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year ended 3/26/05 | $\$$ | 4,768 | $\$$ | 376 | $\$$ | 1,743 | $\$$ | 3,401 |
| Year ended 3/25/06 | $\$$ | 3,401 | $\$$ | 216 | $\$$ | 1,013 | $\$$ | 2,604 |

INSURANCE RESERVES:

| Year ended 3/27/04 | $\$$ | 14,783 | $\$$ | 5,062 | $\$$ | 7,007 | $\$$ | 12,838 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year ended 3/26/05 | $\$$ | 12,838 | $\$$ | 3,565 | $\$$ | 5,151 | $\$$ | 11,252 |
| Year ended 3/25/06 | $\$$ | 11,252 | $\$$ | 2,450 | $\$$ | 4,920 | $\$$ | 8,782 |

(A) Bad debt expense of $\$ 0, \$ 27$ and $\$ 919$ and insurance expense of $\$ 0, \$ 0$ and $\$ 0$ is recorded in discontinued operations in fiscal 2006, 2005 and fiscal 2004, respectively.
(B) Represents the write-off of uncollectible accounts as it relates to the allowance for doubtful accounts and payments made as it relates to insurance reserves.

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## EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit

Number
2.1
3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Spartan Stores, Inc. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 10, 2005. Here incorporated by reference.

Amended and Restated Bylaws of Spartan Stores, Inc. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 13, 2003. Here incorporated by reference.

Loan and Security Agreement dated December 23, 2003, by and among Spartan Stores, Inc. and certain subsidiaries as borrowers, Congress Financial Corporation (Central) as agent, the lenders named therein as lenders, and joined in by certain subsidiaries of Spartan Stores, Inc. as guarantors. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Quarterly Report on Form $10-\mathrm{Q}$ for the quarter ended January 3, 2004. Here incorporated by reference.
10.2 Amendment No. 2 to Loan and Security Agreement dated December 22, 2004, between Spartan Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries and Congress Financial Corporation, Key Bank National Association, Fleet Capital Corporation, National City Business Credit, General Electric Capital Corporation, and Fifth Third Bank. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended January 3, 2004. Here incorporated by reference.

Amendment No. 3 to Loan and Security Agreement dated December 9, 2005 between Spartan Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries and Wachovia Capital Finance Corporation (Central), Key Bank National Association, Bank of America Leasing \& Capital, LLC, National City Business Credit, General Electric Capital Corporation, and Fifth Third Bank. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 12, 2005. Here incorporated by reference.

Amendment No. 4 to Loan and Security Agreement dated March 17, 2006 between Spartan Stores, Inc. and its subsidiaries and Wachovia Capital Finance Corporation (Central), Key Bank National Association, Bank of America Leasing \& Capital, LLC, National City Business Credit, General Electric Capital Corporation, and Fifth Third Bank. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Current Report on Form 8-K, filed March 23, 2006. Here incorporated by reference.

Asset Purchase Agreement dated December 17, 2005, by and among Family Fare LLC, Prevo's Family Markets, Inc., D\&W Food Centers, Inc., and D\&W Associate Resources, LLC. Previously filed as an exhibit to Spartan Stores' Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 22, 2005. Here incorporated by reference.
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99
Financial Statements of Business Acquired.

* These documents are management contracts or compensation plans or arrangements required to be filed as exhibits to this Form 10-K.


[^0]:    * Six of the Family Fare Supermarkets and all of the D\&W Fresh Markets were acquired in Fiscal 2007. Total square footage of the acquired stores is 718,426 and the average store size is 44,902 square feet.

